
Formerly Utilized Sites
Remedial Action Program
(FUSRAP)

Maywood Chemical Company Superfund Site

ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD

Operable Unit 2 - Groundwater

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**US Army Corps
of Engineers®**
New York District

Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report Addendum

Volume I Report Text and Appendices

New York District
Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program
Maywood Superfund Site

Prepared by:

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for:

US Army Corps of Engineers - Kansas City District
Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program
Contract No. DACW41-99-D-9001



US Army Corps
of Engineers®

March 2004, Revision 3

DRAFT
GROUNDWATER REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION REPORT ADDENDUM

FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE
MAYWOOD, NEW JERSEY

SITE-SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION
CONTRACT No. DACW41-99-D-9001
TASK ORDER 00001
WAD 05, WBS 15

Submitted to:

Department of the Army
U.S. Army Engineer District, New York
Corps of Engineers
FUSRAP Project Office
26 Federal Plaza
New York, New York 10278

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Revision 3

Volume 1
Report Text and Appendices

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Volume 1
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RECORD OF REVISIONS

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ABBREVIATIONS, ACRONYMS, FORMULAS AND SYMBOLS

$\mu\text{g/L}$	microgram per liter
$\mu\text{g/kg}$	microgram per kilogram
ALT	Advanced Logic Technologies
ATP	Adenine Triphosphate
ATV	acoustic televiewer
B	blank contamination data qualifier
BOD ₅	biological oxygen demand
BRA	Baseline Risk Assessment
BTEX	benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes
CAD	computer aided drafting
CDQMP	Chemical Data Quality Management Plan
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act
CFU	colony forming units
CH ₄	methane
COD	chemical oxygen demand
D	dilution data qualifier
DO	dissolved oxygen
DOE	U.S. Department of Energy
EDSA	Electronic Data Submittal Application
EE/CA	Engineering Analysis / Cost Evaluation
Eh	redox potential
EMP	Environmental Monitoring Program
EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Fe ⁺²	divalent iron
Fe _{solid}	trivalent iron (mineral form)
FFA	Federal Facilities Agreement
FMSS	FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site
FRes	field resistivity
FTemp	field temperature as related to borehole geophysics
FS	Feasibility Study
FUSRAP	Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program
gpm	gallons per minute
GWQC	New Jersey Groundwater Quality Criteria
GWRI	Groundwater Remedial Investigation
ICP	Inductively Coupled Plasma
J	estimated data qualifier
Kd	Batch Sorption Soil Distribution test
km	kilometer
LCS	Laboratory Control Sample
LCSD	Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate
MCA	Methods for Chemical Analysis
MCL	Maximum Contaminant Level
MCW	Maywood Chemical Works
mi	miles
MISS	Maywood Interim Storage Site
mL	milliliters
mL/min	milliliters per minute
Mn ⁺²	divalent manganese
Mn ⁺³	trivalent manganese
Mn ⁺⁴	Manganese (solid)
Mn _{solid}	Manganese (solid)

MNA	monitored natural attenuation
MS	Matrix Spike
MSD	Matrix Spike Duplicate
NAD	North American Datum
NGVD	National Geodetic Vertical Datum
NH ₄ ⁺	ammonia
NO ₃ ⁻	nitrate
NJ	New Jersey
NJDEP	New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection
NJ	GWQC New Jersey Groundwater Quality Criteria
NE	northeast azimuthal bearing
NNE	north-northeast azimuthal bearing
NPL	National Priorities List
NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Units
NW	Northwest Azimuthal Bearing
ORP	Oxidation Reduction Potential
PCE	Tetrachloroethene
PID	photoionization detector
POTW	Publicly Owned Treatment Works
PVC	polyvinyl chloride
Q	Flow Rate, ft ³ /day
QA/QC	quality assurance / quality control
R	rejected data qualifier
RA	Risk Assessment
RAGS	Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund
RI	Remedial Investigation
s	Drawdown, ft
SAIC	Science Applications International Corporation
Shaw	Shaw Environmental, Inc.
SM	Standard Methods
S ⁻²	sulfide
SO ₄ ⁼	sulfate
S&W	Stone & Webster, Inc.
SP	spontaneous potential
SPR	single point resistance
SSW	south-southwest azimuthal bearing
STL	Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc.
SW	southwest azimuthal bearing
T	transmissivity, ft ² /day
TCE	trichloroethene
TCL	target compound list
TIC	top of inner casing
TOC	total organic carbon
TP	total phosphorous
U	non-detect data qualifier
UJ	estimated non-detect data qualifier
USACE	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
VOC	volatile organic chemical

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 OVERVIEW

1 Shaw Environmental, Inc. (Shaw) is under contract to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) for
2 the environmental restoration of the Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program (FUSRAP)
3 Maywood Superfund Site (FMSS). The FMSS consists of property owned by the Federal Government,
4 the Maywood Interim Storage Site (MISS), the Stepan Company, and other government, commercial, and
5 private properties in Maywood, Lodi, and Rochelle Park, New Jersey (NJ) (**Figure 1-1**). The
6 *Groundwater Remedial Investigation* (GWRI) was conducted on the FMSS during 2000, 2001, and 2002,
7 which culminated in the submittal of the Draft GWRI Report to the U.S. Environmental Protection
8 Agency (EPA) and the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP) in June 2003
9 (USACE 2003a).

10 Preliminary results of the GWRI were presented to the EPA on February 19, 2002. In that meeting, the
11 USACE was directed to further investigate the source and downgradient extent of a bedrock benzene
12 plume that was partially delineated on the MISS. An RI Addendum Work Plan was prepared by the
13 USACE, and approved by the EPA and NJDEP in May 2002 (Appendix A). The scope of work included
14 installation of source area and downgradient bedrock monitoring wells, permeability testing, and borehole
15 geophysical logging of newly installed wells, water level measurements, and a new round of groundwater
16 sampling for volatile organic constituents (VOCs) and biogeochemical parameters.

17 Fieldwork commenced in August 2002, and the final elements were completed in June 2003. This report
18 provides the results of the RI Addendum fieldwork, and provides recommendations for future action.

1.2 SCOPE OF THE RI ADDENDUM

19 The scope of work was defined in the RI Addendum Work Plan, and includes the following tasks or
20 elements:

- 21 1. Install four bedrock monitoring wells on the MISS to delineate the benzene source area.
- 22 2. Install two offsite bedrock monitoring wells to determine the downgradient extent of the benzene
23 plume.
- 24 3. Develop six newly installed wells, and calculate well hydraulic conductivity using a short-term
25 specific capacity test.
- 26 4. Collect and analyze groundwater samples from 38 bedrock monitoring wells for TCL VOCs.
- 27 5. Collect and analyze biogeochemical (bioremediation) samples at nine wells.
- 28 6. Conduct borehole geophysics at six new wells to measure the distribution and orientation of
29 borehole fractures.
- 30 7. Survey newly installed wells.
- 31 8. Measure water level elevations at 54 shallow and deep bedrock wells.
- 32 9. Prepare the RI Addendum Report, which includes evaluation of the data, conclusions, and
33 recommendations.

1.3 BACKGROUND

34 Elevated benzene concentrations on the MISS were first identified in May 2001, and have been partially
35 delineated by sampling of former bedrock test wells and other monitoring wells as part of the GWRI.
36 Benzene sampling results from the GWRI (USACE 2003b) are presented on **Figure 1-2**. This figure
37 depicts a benzene isopleth map superimposed over the December 2001 bedrock groundwater flow lines.
38 As depicted, a contiguous benzene plume is plotted on site, extending northeast (NE) to southwest (SW)
39 from the area of upgradient well MW-26D to MISS-5B, which is located at the downgradient property
40 boundary. Maximum detected benzene concentrations within the plume were recorded at wells BRPZ-5
41 (5000 µg/L) and MISS-5B (3500 µg/L). Benzene was also detected in deep packer zone samples
42 collected at bedrock wells BRPZ-5 (480 µg/L) and BRPZ-7 (270 µg/L duplicate sample). The sampling
43 results indicate that the highest benzene concentrations are found in shallow bedrock and, that benzene
44 concentrations decrease approximately an order of magnitude between shallow (35 to 60 feet bgs open
45 interval) wells and deep (90 to 115 feet bgs open interval) wells.

46 The upper portion of the plume appears to be aligned with local groundwater flow, however, this changes
47 further downgradient as bedrock groundwater flow turns west, as noted in the GWRI. Benzene transport
48 in bedrock may be impacted (or controlled) by aquifer anisotropy in the Passaic Formation. Aquifer
49 permeability is typically higher along bedrock strike or bedding plane fractures, which locally trends
50 north-northeast (NNE).

51 GWRI benzene sampling data was presented in a February 19, 2002 meeting with the EPA. The USACE
52 was directed to prepare an RI Addendum Work Plan to further delineate the benzene source area and
53 downgradient extent of the plume. An RI Addendum Work Plan was submitted to the EPA and NJDEP
54 on May 8, 2002, and was approved without modification by the regulators on May 31, 2002. The
55 approved RI Addendum Work Plan is presented in Appendix A (USACE 2002a).

1.4 SUMMARY OF EXISTING SOIL AND OVERBURDEN GROUNDWATER SAMPLING DATA

1.4.1 Evaluation of Existing Soil Sampling Data

56 Soil sample data was reviewed from previous MISS and Stepan investigations to identify potential
57 benzene source areas for the plotted bedrock benzene plume. This includes Geoprobe®, boring and test pit
58 sampling data collected as part of the Remedial Investigation Report (DOE 1992), Pilot Study Report
59 (USACE 2000a), and Draft Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report (USACE 2003a) for the FMSS.
60 Soil sampling data collected as part of the Stepan Remedial Investigation Report (CH2M Hill 1994) was
61 also reviewed in the evaluation.

62 A total of 137 soil borings, well test borings, and test pit soil samples were obtained from the MISS and
63 adjacent areas of the Stepan Chemical property. From these 137 sample locations, 202 soil samples were
64 submitted for benzene analysis. A majority of these samples were collected from the MISS. Soil sample
65 locations, identification, and benzene sampling results are shown on **Figure 1-3**. Additional sampling
66 data (sample type, date, and investigation) is summarized in **Table 1-1**. As shown on **Figure 1-3**, a large
67 number of soil samples were collected in the probable source area, which is located upgradient and in
68 proximity to monitoring well MW-26D (refer to **Figure 1-2**). Soils were also sampled along the slab of
69 former MCW Building 62, which is located within the plotted probable benzene source area. Historical
70 MCW maps show two above ground chemical storage tanks located on the east side of former
71 Building 62. The location of former MCW Building 62 is shown in Figures 1-2 and 1-3.

72 Soil sampling results show benzene soil exceedances of the 1000 µg/kg NJDEP standard in 4 of 202
73 samples. Benzene soil exceedances are highlighted on **Figure 1-3**, and as shown, exceedances were
74 detected at USACE Test Pit 3 (4300 µg/kg), Test Pit 4 (3600 µg/kg), Test Pit 5 (380,000 µg/kg), and in
75 Stepan soil boring C-44 located along the southern boundary of the Stepan property. Test Pits 3 and 4 are
76 located at the edge of former Retention Ponds C and E', and Test Pit 5 is located at the southern edge of
77 Building 76. As shown in Figure 1-3, benzene soil exceedances were not detected in test pits along the
78 slab at former MCW Building 62.

79 Test Pits 3, 4, and 5 are located within the mapped extent of the overburden aquifer (USACE 2003a). As
80 discussed in Section 3.1.2 "Water Level Measurements", slightly elevated benzene concentrations were
81 detected in overburden groundwater downgradient of Building 76 on the MISS, refer to **Figure 1-4**. Site
82 areas with shallow bedrock (without an overburden aquifer) were also evaluated, since those areas could
83 potentially leach benzene directly into the bedrock aquifer.

84 Site areas without an overburden aquifer were mapped as part of the GWRI and are shown on **Figure 1-5**
85 (**GWRI Figure 3-19b**). Shallow bedrock was mapped on the Stepan Chemical Site, and is located
86 approximately 275 feet east of the plotted bedrock benzene plume.

1.4.2 Evaluation of Existing Overburden Groundwater Sampling Data

87 Historical benzene overburden groundwater sampling data was evaluated on the MISS and Stepan as a
88 potential source to the bedrock aquifer. This included a review of overburden groundwater benzene data
89 collected from the Remedial Investigation Report (DOE 1992), Groundwater Remedial Investigation
90 Report (USACE 2003a), and 2002 Annual Monitoring Report (USACE 2003d) prepared for the MISS,
91 and Stepan's Remedial Investigation Report (CH2M Hill 1994).

92 Volatile organic constituent (VOC) overburden groundwater sampling was conducted on the MISS and
93 adjacent Stepan property during the GWRI (USACE 2003a). Overburden groundwater benzene sampling
94 results are presented on **Figure 1-4 (GWRI Figure 5-6)**. Low-level benzene exceedances were detected
95 in MISS Geoprobe® locations 12b017 (71 µg/L), 12b017 (4 µg/L), 12b028 (2 µg/L), 12b020 (9 µg/L), and
96 12b011 (36 µg/L). The reported GWRI overburden groundwater benzene concentrations on the MISS are
97 considered too low to constitute a source of benzene to the bedrock aquifer. As shown on **Figure 1-4**,
98 overburden wells located adjacent and downgradient to the bedrock benzene plume (B38W25S,
99 MISS-6A, MISS-7A, PW-1S, OVPZ-17, B38W19S, and MISS-1AA) report very low or non-detect
100 concentrations of benzene.

101 Historical sampling data (except recently installed wells PW-1S and OVPZ-17) for these wells goes back
102 to 1987, and likewise do not report exceedances of benzene in groundwater (USACEb). Evaluation of the
103 current and historical overburden groundwater benzene data does not show any evidence of a former
104 overburden groundwater source to the bedrock aquifer. Historical groundwater benzene data for the
105 bedrock aquifer is presented and discussed in Section 3.4.

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2.0 INVESTIGATION SCOPE OF WORK & METHODOLOGY

106 As outlined in the RI Addendum Work Plan, Appendix A, six additional bedrock wells were advanced as
107 depicted on **Figure 2-1**. Four of the bedrock monitoring wells were advanced on the MISS, and two
108 wells were advanced in Rochelle Park, along Grove Avenue. The purpose of the additional monitoring
109 wells was to further attempt to define the source and extent of the bedrock benzene contamination
110 presented and discussed in the GWRI report (USACE, 2003a). The four bedrock monitoring wells were
111 installed within the MISS in an attempt to identify potential overburden sources of benzene, whereas the
112 wells in Rochelle Park were installed to define the extent of the benzene plume.

113 The RI Addendum also consisted of the sampling and analysis of 38 bedrock monitoring wells for TCL
114 VOCs. Additionally, nine bedrock wells were analyzed for geochemical parameters (alternate electron
115 acceptors, and nutrients) and biological activity - refer to specific analyses discussed in Section 2.7
116 “Groundwater Sampling”.

117 A synoptic round of water levels was conducted and included the measurement of shallow and deep
118 bedrock wells. A total of 54 wells were gauged. Additionally, borehole geophysical activities were
119 conducted on five of six bedrock wells. All wells but MW-33D were included in the borehole
120 geophysical program.

121 The specific capacity of the newly installed bedrock monitoring wells was determined by pumping the
122 wells at a constant rate. The pumping rate and depth to water were recorded until water level stabilization
123 occurred. This information was used to determine the aquifer transmissivity and hydraulic conductivity
124 of the bedrock aquifer.

2.1 MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION

125 Six bedrock monitoring wells were installed as part of the RI Addendum (**Figure 2-1**), and included
126 bedrock monitoring wells MW-27D, MW-28D, MW-31D, MW-32D, MW-33D, and MW-34D. During
127 installation, a 10-inch diameter temporary casing was driven to the top of bedrock to prevent running
128 sands and potential hole collapse. A nominal 10-inch air hammer was used to clean out the casing and
129 advance the borehole 10 to 15 feet into bedrock until competent rock was encountered. At this point, all
130 source area monitoring wells (MW-27D, MW-28D, MW-33D, and MW-34D) were left overnight to
131 recharge (groundwater), and each well was inspected the next morning for product using a clear bailer.
132 No product or product sheen was detected in any source area wells. A 6-inch diameter steel casing was
133 subsequently seated and grouted into bedrock and allowed to set for a minimum of 48 hours. After
134 curing, all boreholes were advanced an additional 25 feet into bedrock using a nominal 6-inch diameter
135 air hammer. All wells, except MW-33D, were completed with an open borehole.

136 Well MW-33D encountered soft / fractured bedrock zones in the open borehole below the casing, so the
137 well was screened to prevent borehole collapse. The well was completed with 20-foot length of 2-inch
138 diameter (ID) PVC screen (10 slot), riser, and Morie No. 1 filter sand. The annular space was tremie
139 grouted from the top of the filter pack to the surface with a bentonite-cement grout. Due to the
140 overburden depth (>20 feet) at MISS wells, the driller could not pull the 10-inch ID temporary drive
141 casings at wells MW-27D, MW-28D, and MW-34D, and they were left in place. Wells MW-31D and
142 MW32D were installed in residential driveways, where drive casings were left in place to avoid potential
143 damage to concrete. The retention of 10-inch ID drive casings has resulted in “double cased” bedrock
144 wells, where the overburden aquifer is cased off from bedrock by both the drive casing and 6-inch ID
145 riser pipe. This should enhance the seal between the overburden and bedrock aquifers. MISS wells
146 MW-27D, MW-28D, MW-33D, and MW-34D were completed as stickups whereas offsite wells

147 MW-31D and MW-32D were completed in the flush mount configuration. Well construction data is
148 summarized in **Table 2-1**. Monitoring Well permits and Monitoring Well Records, the latter prepared by
149 the Driller, B&B Drilling, Inc., Netcong, NJ, is presented in Appendix B. The boring logs and as-built
150 well construction diagrams for the bedrock monitoring wells are provided in Appendix C.

2.2 WELL DEVELOPMENT AND SPECIFIC CAPACITY TESTING

151 All newly installed wells with the exception of MW-33D were developed by air and surge / pumping to
152 remove sediment, and ensure well communication with the aquifer. Bedrock wells were air developed by
153 the drill rig after completion of the hole to remove sediment from the well. The air was pumped under
154 pressure to the well bottom through drill rods, which displaced water and sediment from the well.
155 Development water was collected in a mud tub, and subsequently pumped off into drums. Once the wells
156 recharged, they were developed by surging and pumping.

157 Prior to well pumping development, the well headspace was field screened for VOCs with a PID. The
158 depth to water and depth to bottom were measured with a water level indicator to calculate the volume of
159 water in the well. A YSI 650MDS and flow through cell was used to monitor pH, temperature,
160 conductivity, dissolved oxygen (DO), oxidation-reduction potential (ORP), and turbidity parameters
161 during development. Development was continued until a minimum three well volumes were purged and
162 turbidity measurements of 50 Nephelometric Turbidity Units (NTUs) or less was achieved.

163 Bedrock wells were pumped using either a 2-inch submersible pump or a 1.5-inch disposable submersible
164 (whale) pump in sequence to produce the required flow. The pump was also used as a surge device to
165 suspend and pump off sediment that settled on the bottom of the well. During the initial phase of
166 development, the wells were pumped at a relatively high flow rate to evacuate coarse sediment at the
167 bottom of the well, and to draw down the water level. The pump was shut off, and the water level in the
168 well was allowed to recover. The well was then pumped at a sustainable rate to remove the required
169 volume and to achieve a turbidity reading below 50 NTU.

170 Following well development, all bedrock wells were pumped at a constant rate to determine the wells
171 specific capacity. The specific capacity results are discussed further in Section 3.0 “Results of the Field
172 Investigation”. Bedrock wells were pumped at rates ranging from 0.15 gpm to approximately 5gpm.
173 During the specific capacity test, the depth to water was typically recorded every 10 to 15 minutes.
174 Knowing the pumping rate and associated drawdown, the transmissivity (“T”) of the aquifer may be
175 determined. The Method by Razack and Huntley, 1991, as presented in Fetter (1994) was used to
176 determine an approximate value of transmissivity. The equation cited was derived for a granular
177 (alluvial) aquifer, and assumes homogenous and isotropic conditions, in an aquifer of infinite areal extent.
178 The well is assumed to be fully penetrating, with minimal well loss. The tested wells are installed into the
179 bedrock aquifer, which has principle secondary (fracture) porosity, and may not meet all assumptions of
180 the Razack and Huntley (and Theis) equation.

181 A similar specific capacity testing method employed by Bradbury and Rothschild (1985) reported less
182 than an order of magnitude difference in calculated hydraulic conductivity (K) values at pump test and
183 specific capacity tested wells in an alluvial aquifer, and “just over an order of magnitude” in a fractured
184 dolomite (bedrock) aquifer. Accordingly, the calculated transmissivity values should be considered
185 estimated values. The equation used to determine “T” as presented in Fetter (i.e., Section 7.6, page
186 256-257, eq., 7-90b, 1994). is as follows:

187
$$T=33.6(Q/s)^{0.67}$$

188 Where:

189 $T = \text{ft}^2/\text{day}$

190 $Q = \text{ft}^3/\text{day}$

191 $s = \text{ft}$

192 Transcribed Specific Capacity forms are contained in Appendix E, and the results are discussed in
193 Section 3.0 “Results of the Field Investigation”.

194 Water generated from well development and specific capacity testing was placed in drums or truck
195 mounted tanks and brought back to the MISS. After treatment and batch testing, the water was
196 discharged to the Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW).

2.3 WELL ABANDONMENT

197 Three USACE monitoring wells, including MW-1S, MW-1D and B38W06B, were abandoned during the
198 RI Addendum field program. Although well abandonment was not proposed in the Work Plan, the details
199 are provided in this report. USACE monitoring wells MW-1S/1D were located on the Bristol Manor
200 property and well B38W06B was located on the Stepan property. Abandonment of well MW-1S/D was
201 approved by the EPA pursuant to a USACE and property owner request. The USACE noted that MW-1S
202 was historically dry, and that the cluster wells were of limited further technical value to the FUSRAP RI.

203 Bedrock monitoring well B38W06B was damaged by a truck, and the stickup was sheared off. At this
204 location on the Stepan site, the overburden aquifer is heavily impacted by benzene, and there was a
205 USACE concern about cross contamination if the well riser was broken or displaced. Well B38W06B
206 was abandoned and not reinstalled due to the close proximity of Stepan wells PT-1DA/B (60 feet) and
207 PT-2DA/B (100 feet), which could be used for water level measurements.

208 All monitoring wells were abandoned by B&B Drilling in accordance with the NJDEP requirements and
209 procedures for the decommissioning of wells in N.J.A.C. 7:9D-3 and the site-specific Chemical Data
210 Quality Management Plan (USACE 2002b). Monitoring Well Abandonment forms are included in
211 Appendix F.

212 Abandonment activities included tremie grouting bentonite-cement grout into the well. Displaced water
213 was containerized and the grout was allowed to flow to the surface in order to ensure an adequate seal.
214 Well casing / risers were cut approximately 1.5 feet below grade and backfilled with a Quikcrete cement
215 to approximately 6 inches below grade. The well pads were broken up and taken to the MISS for
216 disposal. Topsoil was placed on top of the cement at all locations, and grass was planted at the Bristol
217 Manor residence.

2.4 BOREHOLE GEOPHYSICS

218 Geophysical Applications, Inc. performed borehole geophysical logging as part of the RI Addendum
219 activities. All newly installed bedrock monitoring wells were logged with the exception of MW-33D.
220 This well was completed with 2-inch PVC and would not accommodate the borehole geophysical
221 equipment.

222 The logging suite included conventional measurements (caliper, fluid temperature [FTemp], fluid
223 resistivity [FRes], single-point resistance [SPR], spontaneous potential [SP], and natural gamma),
224 acoustic televiewer [ATV], and heat-pulse flowmeter logging. All borehole logs were referenced to
225 depths below the top of the outer steel casing. The geophysical logging winches contain optical depth

226 encoders that maintain depth measurements accurate within approximately ± 0.2 feet throughout each
227 borehole.

228 A Mount Sopris Model 4MXB digital logging winch was used with a Mount Sopris heat-pulse flowmeter,
229 polygamma, and caliper probes to obtain conventional geophysical logging data. The caliper probe
230 included a fluid resistivity / fluid temperature subassembly at the probe's bottom. Caliper, fluid
231 temperature, fluid resistivity, SP, SPR, and natural gamma data were recorded at 0.1-foot depth
232 increments, as determined by the logging winch's digital depth encoder. The fluid logs were recorded
233 using a relatively slow speed of 3 to 4 feet per minute to allow the thermistor to measure subtle
234 temperature variations. The remaining conventional logs were recorded at higher logging speeds
235 (typically 5 to 10 feet per minute).

236 ATV data were recorded using Advanced Logic Technologies (ALT) Model ABI40 acoustic televiewer
237 probe with the Mount Sopris logging winch. This televiewer can adapt to a wide range of borehole
238 diameters (up to 16-inch diameter) and is not hindered by suspended sediments in the water column.
239 ATV data were recorded at 0.01-foot intervals throughout each borehole at a speed of approximately
240 1.3 feet per minute. The ABI40 contains a high-frequency sonic transducer aimed upwards at a rotating
241 mirror. This mirror is tilted approximately 45 degrees from the probe's vertical axis to direct the sonic
242 pulses at the borehole wall. The transducer divides each sweep around a borehole's circumference into
243 288 arc segments, and records two-way sonic travel time and reflected signal amplitude for each segment.
244 The ABI40 chooses the largest-amplitude reflected signal within the measurement time window as
245 representing the borehole wall.

246 Flowmeter data were recorded at specific depth ranges approximately 5 feet apart, above and below
247 possible bedrock fractures indicated by the caliper and fluid temperature / resistivity logs. Flow data were
248 recorded in ambient conditions on the downward run to measure natural groundwater flow between
249 fracture zones encountered by each boring. Flowmeter data were subsequently repeated under low-flow
250 (approximately 0.15 to 0.5 gallon per minute [gpm]) pumping conditions to help determine which fracture
251 zones were providing significant recharge into the wells.

252 All geophysical logs were recorded on a laptop computer's hard drive and transferred to a CD-ROM as a
253 backup precaution. Post-survey plot scales were adjusted to display as much detail as possible. All
254 conventional logs from the same borehole were merged onto one log plot to aid data correlation.
255 Acoustic televiewer logs are presented on a separate page for clarity. All geophysical log data are
256 presented in this report using ALT's WellCad software package, with a special image-processing module
257 for the acoustic televiewer data.

258 The borehole geophysical survey report is presented in Appendix G.

2.5 WATER LEVEL MEASUREMENTS

259 A synoptic round of groundwater level measurements was obtained from 54 bedrock monitoring wells on
260 June 23 and 24, 2003. Forty-nine (49) of the water level measurements were obtained on June 23, with
261 the remaining measurements obtained the next morning. Groundwater levels were obtained using
262 electronic water level devices, and measurements were referenced to the inside casings of the monitoring
263 wells, where applicable. All groundwater measurement data was converted to elevations relative to the
264 1929 National Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD). A bedrock groundwater isopleth map was prepared,
265 and is discussed in Section 3.0 "Results of the Field Investigation".

2.6 MONITORING WELL SURVEY

266 All newly installed wells were surveyed on June 25, 2003 by Garden State Surveyors, Inc., a licensed
267 New Jersey Surveyor (NJ License 37586). Horizontal controls were based on the North American Datum
268 (NAD), 1927. Vertical elevations were based on the NGVD, 1929. **Table 2-2** presents the Northing,
269 Easting, Ground Surface, Top of Inner Casing, where applicable, and Top of Outer Casing for each well.
270 Monitoring Well Certifications (NJDEP Form B) are provided in Appendix H.

2.7 GROUNDWATER SAMPLING

271 As part of the RI Addendum, groundwater samples were collected from 38 bedrock monitoring wells.
272 The low flow sampling method (EPA, 1998a) was used to collect the groundwater samples at each of the
273 wells. Each well was purged at a pumping rate varying between 200 and 500 milliliters / minute
274 (mL/min), and groundwater samples were collected at a pumping rate of approximately 250 mL/min. A
275 decontaminated (non-dedicated), 2-inch diameter stainless steel submersible pump was used for purging
276 and sample collection. Prior to reuse of the pump, the pump was decontaminated in accordance with the
277 procedures outlined in the CDQMP (USACE 2002b).

278 Dedicated polyethylene tubing was connected through a two-way valve to a flow through cell. Initially,
279 the water was allowed to drain out of an out flow tube near the top of the flow through cell and into a
280 bucket until the parameters stabilized and the water sample could be collected. A YSI 650MDS and flow
281 through cell was used to measure pH, dissolved oxygen, temperature, conductivity, oxidation / reduction
282 potential (ORP) and turbidity (**Table 2-3**). Once the parameters stabilized, a groundwater sample was
283 collected. Field measurements were typically recorded at 5-minute intervals.

284 Groundwater samples were obtained by shutting off the valve to the flow through cell and opening the
285 valve to the sample collection tube. Sample glassware and preservative were in accordance with the
286 analytical method. Upon collection of the sample, the flow through cell, field instruments, and pumps
287 were decontaminated following the procedures outlined in the CDQMP (USACE 2002b). Well purging
288 and sampling records are provided in Appendix I.

2.7.1 Total Volatile Organic Compound Sampling

289 Thirty-eight bedrock groundwater samples were collected as part of this supplemental investigation,
290 including six newly installed wells. As outlined in the RI Addendum Work Plan, the RI Addendum, and
291 Environmental Monitoring Program (EMP), field sampling efforts were combined to avoid duplication of
292 effort and reduce costs. TCL VOC data was utilized from 11 bedrock wells sampled as part of the EMP.
293 All VOC samples were analyzed by Severn Trent Laboratory, STL Connecticut, Shelton, CT using
294 SW-846 Method 8260B.

2.7.2 Biogeochemical Sampling

295 Biogeochemical sampling was performed to further characterize the bedrock aquifer, and provide specific
296 information about the utilization and availability of electron acceptors, oxygen demand, nutrients and
297 bacteria in groundwater. Dissolved oxygen and oxidation–reduction potential were measured in the field
298 during sampling using a calibrated YSI MS 650 meter and flow through cell. Monitored natural
299 attenuation (MNA) is currently being evaluated for remediation of the benzene plume, and collection of
300 biogeochemical samples / parameters is the first step in the evaluation process. Biogeochemical samples
301 were collected from nine wells, including MISS wells MISS-5B, BRPZ-4, BRPZ-9, MW-26D, and offsite
302 wells B38W17D, MW-31D, MW-32D, B38W15D, and MW-2D.

303 The wells were sampled for the following alternate electron acceptors and reduced species: nitrate /
304 ammonia ($\text{NO}_3^-/\text{NH}_4^+$), total and dissolved manganese ($\text{Mn}_{\text{Tot}}/\text{Mn}_{\text{dis}}$), total and dissolved iron ($\text{Fe}_{\text{Tot}}/\text{Fe}_{\text{dis}}$),
305 sulfate / sulfide ($\text{SO}_4^{2-}/\text{S}^{2-}$), and methane (CH_4). Although nitrogen gas (N_2) is the thermodynamically
306 favored reaction and product of denitrification, measurement of nitrogen gas is not feasible in the field.
307 Therefore, ammonia, is measured in groundwater to show that nitrate reduction is occurring as part of in-
308 situ biodegradation. Iron ($\text{Fe}_{\text{Tot}}/\text{Fe}_{\text{dis}}$) and manganese ($\text{Mn}_{\text{Tot}}/\text{Mn}_{\text{dis}}$) samples were collected in field
309 filtered (0.45 micrometer) and unfiltered samples, and were analyzed using the total iron / manganese
310 (EPA) method 6010B. In the normal groundwater environment, stability field diagrams indicate iron and
311 manganese exist in the oxidized Fe^{+3} and Mn^{+4} form and reduced Fe^{+2} and Mn^{+2} form. Fe^{+3} and Mn^{+4} exist
312 as insoluble oxyhydroxides in groundwater, and are referred to as Fe_{solid} and Mn_{solid} in the text. Reduced
313 Fe^{+2} and Mn^{+2} are relatively soluble and found in the dissolved groundwater fraction, and are referenced
314 as Mn_{dis} and Fe_{dis} in the text. It is noted that some $\text{Fe}_{\text{solid}}/\text{Mn}_{\text{solid}}$ may be present in fine particulate or
315 colloidal form in groundwater (less than 0.45 micrometer), and would pass through the filter and be
316 analyzed as part of the dissolved fraction. This would result in the overestimation of the $\text{Mn}_{\text{dis}}/\text{Fe}_{\text{dis}}$
317 fraction in groundwater. For this reason, $\text{Mn}_{\text{dis}}/\text{Fe}_{\text{dis}}$ concentrations are only considered an estimate of the
318 reduced $\text{Fe}^{+2}/\text{Mn}^{+2}$ fraction in groundwater.

319 Groundwater oxygen demand was measured by sampling and analysis for biological oxygen demand
320 (BOD_5) and chemical oxygen demand (COD). Sampled nutrients include nitrate / ammonia, total
321 phosphorous, and total organic carbon (TOC). Microbiologic samples were collected to measure bacteria
322 concentrations in groundwater, and include analysis for total heterotrophs and benzene, toluene,
323 ethylbenzene, and xylenes (BTEX) degraders. All samples were analyzed by STL Connecticut with the
324 exception of methane and BTEX Degrader Heterotrophs / Total Heterotrophs. Methane analyses were
325 performed by STL's Burlington laboratory, Burlington, Vermont. BTEX Degraders / Total Heterotroph
326 analysis was performed by New Jersey Analytical Laboratory, Pennington, NJ. Analytical methods used
327 during the RI Addendum are summarized as follows:

- 328 • EPA's Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste Physical / Chemical Methods (SW-846) 6010B:
329 Iron and manganese, total and dissolved.
- 330 • SW-846 8015A modified: Methane.
- 331 • EPA's Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes (MCA) 300: Nitrate.
- 332 • MCA 300: Sulfate.
- 333 • MCA 365.2: Phosphorous (total).
- 334 • MCA 350.1: Ammonia.
- 335 • MCA 376.1: Sulfide.
- 336 • MCA 415.1: Total organic carbon.
- 337 • MCA 405.1: BOD.
- 338 • MCA 410.4: COD.
- 339 • Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater (SM) 9215M: BTEX Degrader
340 Heterotrophs.
- 341 • SM9215B: Total Heterotrophs.

2.7.3 Sample Management / Data Validation

342 Sample management includes laboratory Quality Assurance / Quality Control (QA/QC) and data package
343 review by the project chemist. Shipped samples were logged in by laboratory staff and temperature
344 blanks and/or the temperature of the cooler(s) were measured. The sample containers were checked for
345 breakage / leakage, and in the case of the VOC samples, the sample containers were inverted to check for
346 the presence of air bubbles. The laboratory then verified that the samples identified on the
347 chain-of-custody were received and that the sample containers / methods of analysis match the
348 information on the chain-of-custody. If there were discrepancies, they were noted on the sample login
349 form, and Shaw was contacted if clarification was required.

350 A laboratory chain-of-custody was prepared which identifies the methods of analysis required for each
351 sample aliquot. The pH of the sample was verified, if applicable, and the laboratory then recorded this
352 information. After analysis, the data package was assembled and internally reviewed by the laboratory
353 QA Staff. Discrepancies were addressed in the case narrative, which may include sample holding time
354 exceedances, temperature issues, poor matrix spike / matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD) or laboratory
355 control standards (LCS) recoveries, etc.

356 Upon receipt of the data package from the laboratory, the Project Chemist reviewed all packages for
357 completeness and the case narrative to identify major issues. All data packages were submitted to a
358 certified validator for validation in accordance with the U.S. Army Corp Guidance CENWK-EC-EF Data
359 Quality Evaluation Guidance (USACE 1999). RI Addendum Data Packages were validated by Kestrel
360 Environmental, Inc., Freeport, Maine, or Validata, Duluth, Georgia. The following components of the
361 data packages were reviewed by the validation contractor:

- 362 • Holding times
- 363 • Laboratory blank data
- 364 • LCSs
- 365 • Surrogate recovery (organic methods)
- 366 • MS/MSD and MS/MD percent recoveries and relative percent differences
- 367 • Internal standards (primarily organic methods)
- 368 • Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) or atomic absorption QC (inorganic methods only)
- 369 • Calibration
- 370 • Sample reanalysis
- 371 • Secondary dilutions
- 372 • Laboratory case narrative

373 Data qualifiers were assigned to samples by the validator, and include the following:

- 374 • U - denotes the analyte was non-detect
- 375 • UJ - denotes that the analyte was non-detect and that the detection limits were estimated
- 376 • J - denotes that the concentration presented, was estimated
- 377 • R - denotes that the analyte was rejected

378 A data validation memorandum was prepared by the validation contractor for each data package. The
379 data validation memo was reviewed by the project chemist, and entered into the project database. Copies
380 of the laboratory data packages and data validation memorandums are presented as attachments to the RI
381 Addendum's Quality Control Summary Report (QCSR), Appendix J.

382 As required by the NJDEP Site Remediation Program, and as identified in NJAC 7:26E or the Tech Regs,
383 an electronic data submission is required for samples obtained as part of a Site Investigation, Remedial
384 Investigation, or Remedial Action. The HazSite deliverable was formatted in an ASCII Tab Delimited
385 format. Appendix J contains the electronic deliverable on CD. Both chemical and geochemical data
386 obtained as part of the RI Addendum is contained on the CD. As recommended by NJDEP, USACE
387 utilized the Electronic Data Submittal Application (EDSA) routine to verify that the files would be
388 acceptable for importing into the NJ DEP database. The database files were accepted by the EDSA
389 routine.

3.0 RESULTS OF THE FIELD INVESTIGATION

390 Results of the RI Addendum Field Investigation are presented in Section 3.0. Results of well logging and
391 installation, water level monitoring, specific capacity (permeability) testing, and borehole geophysics are
392 discussed in Section 3.1. Groundwater TCL VOC and biogeochemical sampling results are presented in
393 Sections 3.2 and 3.3, respectively.

3.1 HYDROGEOLOGY

3.1.1 Overburden and Bedrock Geology

394 Four bedrock monitoring wells were installed on the MISS as part of the source area investigation, and
395 two were installed on Grove Avenue, in order to define the downgradient extent of the benzene plume.
396 Bedrock was encountered at 18 to 20 feet depth in wells installed on the MISS, and 9 to 10 feet depth at
397 wells MW-31D and MW-32D on Grove Avenue. Overburden deposits encountered at MISS wells
398 MW-27D, MW-28D and MW-33D are generally described as tan to black sand from the surface to 15 to
399 20 feet depth, bgs. This sand unit also contains wood fragments and clumps of clay material that may
400 have been ash, and likely represents fill and stained soils in and around Former Retention Pond A. The
401 fill unit is underlain by native red-brown sand at well MW-28D, and is presumably present at other
402 locations below fill. Overburden deposits at MISS well MW-34D are described as gravel, sand, and silt
403 fill to approximately five feet bgs, and is underlain by native red-brown sand and gravel above bedrock.

404 Overburden deposits at wells MW-31D and MW-32D on Grove Ave are described as a thin concrete and
405 sub-base fill at the surface, and overlies red brown sand to bedrock. The shallow (overburden)
406 groundwater table was encountered at approximately 12 feet bgs on the MISS, and at 5 feet bgs along
407 Grove Avenue in Rochelle Park. All bedrock wells were cased through the overburden aquifer, and
408 casings were set and grouted a minimum of 10 feet into bedrock.

409 Bedrock cuttings were sampled and logged every 5 feet during drilling, and fractures were logged as
410 encountered. Bedrock is described as a red-brown, interbedded fine to medium grained sandstone and
411 coarse grained siltstone. Large discrete fractures were mapped in wells MW-31D and MW-32D, and
412 readily produced water during development and testing. Several feet of soft, weathered bedrock was
413 typically encountered at the bedrock surface, and five of six well casings were set at 10 feet (below
414 bedrock surface) in competent rock. Shallow bedrock at well MW-33D was extensively fractured, and
415 was described as “soft” during drilling. Casing was installed 18 feet to competent rock in order to
416 minimize the potential for leakage / communication from the overlying overburden aquifer. Fractured
417 and “soft” rock zones were also logged at depth, so the borehole was screened (with a 2-inch PVC screen)
418 to avoid collapse.

3.1.2 Water Level Measurements

419 Water levels were obtained from 54 bedrock monitoring wells on June 23 and 24, 2003. Groundwater
420 level measurements, well elevations ((top of inner casing (TIC)), groundwater elevations and other well
421 data are summarized in **Table 3-1**. Plotted and contoured shallow bedrock groundwater well elevations
422 are shown on **Figure 3-1**. As depicted in this figure, the direction of groundwater flow is predominantly
423 west-southwest, with a component of flow towards the south. The slope of the water table ranges from
424 approximately 0.035 ft/ft on the MISS and Stepan property, to 0.01 ft/ft further west and downgradient
425 from the site in Rochelle Park (west of Route 17). Groundwater elevations were also measured at five
426 shallow / deep bedrock well clusters, including wells MW-19D/DD, MW-23D/DD, MW-24D/DD,
427 BRPZ-4/BRPW-1DRE, and PT-1DA/1DB. All bedrock well clusters showed slightly higher groundwater

428 heads in the shallow well, which indicates an overall downward vertical gradient within bedrock. It is
429 noted that the site had received approximately 8.33 inches of rain for the month of June 2003, which
430 significantly exceeds the 20 year monthly June average of 3.51 inches (recorded at Teterboro Airport,
431 NJ). Overburden / bedrock cluster wells also measured during this period (as part of the Environmental
432 Monitoring Program or EMP) also recorded higher (shallow depth to water) heads, and may reflect
433 aquifer recharge following a period of very heavy rainfall.

434 Historical groundwater levels for overburden/shallow bedrock and shallow bedrock/deep bedrock clusters
435 on the FMSS and Stepan Company Property were evaluated in the Draft RI Report (Section 3.5.3) to
436 identify vertical gradients. Water levels were measured in July and December 2003 for the 21 newly
437 installed overburden/bedrock well clusters, and 13 quarterly measurements were evaluated for the 14
438 existing overburden/bedrock well clusters. A number of cluster locations showed consistent vertical
439 gradients over time. Most overburden/shallow bedrock cluster wells on the MISS showed a net downward
440 gradient from the overburden to bedrock aquifer; whereas most overburden/shallow bedrock clusters
441 located downgradient (Rochelle Park and Lodi, NJ) showed a net upward gradient from the bedrock to
442 overburden aquifer.

443 Shallow and deep bedrock cluster well elevation monitoring was started in 2003 as part of the GWRI, and
444 was conducted in June and December 2003. As noted in the Draft RI Report, all bedrock clusters except
445 PT-1DA/PT-1DB show weak (<0.1 feet difference) or inconsistent (reversed) vertical gradients. Stepan
446 Company well cluster PT-1DA/PT-1DB has shown a consistent downward gradient.”

3.1.3 Permeability Testing

447 As discussed in Section 2.2, specific capacity tests were conducted on all newly installed wells following
448 completion of well development or concurrent with the last development event. During the test,
449 groundwater discharge (Q) was stabilized at a constant rate, and well drawdown was monitored. The well
450 specific capacity (Q/s) was computed once the discharge and water levels stabilized for three or more
451 readings. The specific capacity tests were typically conducted over a 70-minute (MW-31D) to
452 130-minute (MW-33D and MW-34D) period. The method of Razack and Huntley (Fetter 1994) was used
453 to determine the transmissivity “T” of the bedrock aquifer. The hydraulic conductivity of the bedrock
454 aquifer was then determined by dividing the transmissivity of the aquifer by the saturated thickness of the
455 aquifer, which was determined to be the wells “open hole” interval.

456 A summary of the specific capacity test parameters (Q, s), computed specific capacity, transmissivity, and
457 hydraulic conductivity for each well is given in **Table 3-2**. The calculated well hydraulic conductivities
458 ranged from 2.79×10^{-3} (MW-27D) to 3.01×10^{-2} cm/sec (MW-31D), with a geometric mean of $7.05 \times$
459 10^{-3} cm/sec. Pumping rate and water level data for each test is provided in Appendix E. The computed
460 hydraulic conductivity is higher than the median (1.63×10^{-3} cm/s) and mean (1.48×10^{-3} cm/s) values
461 cited in the RI. This may be attributed to the effect of two high yielding wells (MW-31D and MW-32D)
462 on the small data set.

3.1.4 Borehole Geophysics

463 Borehole geophysics was conducted at five of the six newly installed bedrock wells. The logging suite
464 included caliper, SPR, SP, natural gamma, fluid temperature, fluid resistivity, ATV, and heat pulse
465 flowmeter logging (ambient and pumping conditions). Borehole fractures were identified using the ATV
466 and Well CAD software, which was used to determine fracture dip angles and down-dip azimuths.
467 Tadpole plots indicate measured fracture orientations, where the filled circles indicate dip angles (0 to
468 90 degrees). Each tadpole “tail” points in the measured down dip direction, which is perpendicular to the
469 fracture strike. Borehole geophysical logs are presented in Appendix G.

470 Open fractures were identified (visible) using both the ATV travel time and ATV amplitude plots,
471 whereas less open fractures were only visible on the ATV amplitude plots. Water conducting fractures
472 were identified using the heat - pulse flow meter, fluid temperature and fluid resistivity data. The heat
473 pulse flow meter identified fractures that exhibited either an upward or downward flow of water within
474 the borehole within the instrument operation range of 0.3 to 1.0 gpm. Conductive fractures were also
475 identified using the fluid temperature and fluid resistivity log (down to the minimum instrument detection
476 level), where local inflections or changes in slope of the log(s) typically represent water movement
477 entering or exiting a fracture.

478 Well fracture orientations for each well are presented on **Figure 3-2**, using Rose diagrams and Stereonet
479 plots. A Rose diagram is a circular plot used to represent fracture dip directions. The circular diagram
480 represents points of a compass, and is divided into 15 degree sectors. Fracture dip data are input into the
481 appropriate sectors, where the population of the fracture data determines the sector size or magnitude.
482 Overall, the Rose diagrams show a dominant NW fracture dip direction, with a lesser number of fractures
483 dipping west, southeast, and east.

484 A stereonet plot was used to represent the individual fracture dip direction and angle data on the same
485 diagram. Individual fractures are displayed as a point on the stereonet. The dip direction is determined
486 by measuring the compass direction of a line from the fracture point through the origin or axis of the
487 stereo plot. The dip angle of the fracture point is measured relative to the concentric dip angles plotted on
488 the stereo plot. The origin represents zero dip angle, and increases 10 degrees at each line toward the
489 edge of the stereo plot, which depicts vertical fractures. In total, the stereo plots show a dominant NW
490 dip azimuth, with those fractures mostly dipping between 10 and 20 degrees. Water bearing fractures are
491 labeled blue on the stereonet, and also show a dominant NW dip direction and 10 to 20 degree dip angle.
492 Some steeply dipping water bearing fractures were noted in MW-31D, with fractures dipping 50 degrees
493 towards the northwest, while conductive fractures in MW-32D measured between 70 to 80 degrees
494 towards the southeast.

495 A comparison of the well drilling and geophysical logs in the GWRI and this study show a substantially
496 greater number of features using borehole geophysics. Although all fractures or water bearing zones
497 observed by the driller and/or geologist were entered into the field logs, only large fractures with
498 significant open or soft areas, and/or water bearing zones can be identified during drilling. Borehole
499 geophysics is considered more accurate than field logging, and for that reason, was selected to
500 definitively characterize the fracture distribution and orientation in bedrock using multiple logs. The
501 larger fractures and/or water bearing zones logged in the field in both the GWRI and RI Addendum were
502 also corroborated by borehole geophysics.

503 Borehole geophysics fracture dip azimuth and angle data are similar to those reported in the GWRI and
504 likewise correspond with the measured NNE bedrock strike and NW dip (8 to 14 degrees) in area
505 outcrops. A summary Rose diagram and stereonet plot of water bearing fractures from the GWRI is
506 provided for comparison in Appendix G, which also contains the Borehole Geophysics report.

3.2 TCL VOC SAMPLING RESULTS

507 A total of 38 bedrock wells were sampled for TCL VOCs. Thirty four (34) groundwater samples were
508 collected in July and August 2002, with later installed wells sampled in October 2002 (MW-33D/
509 MW-34D), March 2003 (MW-31D) and May 2003 (MW-32D). The later sampling dates are noted for
510 these wells shown on **Figure 3-3**. Benzene sampling results are discussed in Section 3.2.1, and other
511 TCL VOC exceedances are summarized in Section 3.2.2. Results of the Biogeochemical Sampling is
512 discussed in Section 3.2.3.

3.2.1 Benzene Sampling Results

513 Benzene was detected in 19 of 38 bedrock groundwater samples, with 14 samples exceeding the New
514 Jersey Groundwater Quality Criteria (GWQC) of 1 µg/L. The maximum concentration of 9500 µg/L was
515 detected at bedrock well BRPZ-5, which is located on the MISS within Former Retention Pond C.
516 Benzene sampling results are summarized in **Table 3-3**, and exceedances are presented in **Table 3-4**.

517 Benzene sample concentrations were plotted and contoured using 1, 10, 100 and 1000 µg/L concentration
518 contours. As depicted on **Figure 3-3**, the extent of the plume has been delineated by the 1.0 µg/L
519 benzene standard. The benzene plume extends approximately 1075 feet, and is oriented NNE to SSW
520 along the plume axis. As noted in the GWRI, the apparent SSW plume direction does not follow the
521 predicted site bedrock groundwater flow, and may reflect local flow conditions not captured by site wells.

Source Area Delineation

522 Low concentrations of benzene are detected at upgradient well MW-3D (15 µg/L), and the upgradient
523 edge of the benzene plume is projected offsite onto the New York Susquehanna & Western Railroad
524 property. An active upgradient source of benzene is considered unlikely, due to the low concentrations of
525 benzene detected in wells MW-3D, MW-27D (5 µg/L) and MW-33D (10 µg/L). A potential active
526 benzene source located in soils adjacent Building 76 is also considered unlikely, due to the low detected
527 concentrations of benzene in downgradient bedrock monitoring wells MW-28D (6 µg/L), MW-34D
528 (16 µg/L) and B38W25D (ND). A slug or intermittent benzene source, however, cannot be precluded at
529 these locations.

530 A potential benzene bedrock source area was delineated based upon benzene sampling data, and is shown
531 on **Figure 3-3**. Noting that there is no detected product in bedrock, the plotted potential source area
532 represents the predicted upgradient extent of elevated (>100 µg/L) benzene concentrations in bedrock.
533 The plotted potential source area is located sidegradient to well MW-26D (180 µg/L), and is upgradient
534 relative to plume monitoring wells BRPZ-9 (1800 µg/L) and BRPZ-5 (9500 µg/L). The plotted potential
535 source area is located on a local bedrock groundwater high (see **Figure 3-1**), and may account for the
536 distribution of benzene in MW-33D, MW-27D, MW-3D and other site wells. A potential benzene source
537 located in soils adjacent Building 76 is also considered unlikely, due to the low detected concentrations of
538 benzene in downgradient bedrock monitoring wells MW-28D (6 µg/L), MW-34D (16 µg/L) and
539 B38W25D (ND).

540 The source of benzene in bedrock is not known, or no longer exists. As noted in Section 1.4.1, former
541 MCW Building 62 is located in the plotted potential bedrock source area (50 feet northwest of MW-26D).
542 The soils along the east side of the Former MCW Building 62 slab were investigated by the USACE in
543 August 1999 as part of the Pilot Demonstration Work Plan (USACE 2000a). Benzene was not detected in
544 the test pit soil samples or shallow groundwater. Benzene was also not detected in other soil boring and
545 Geoprobe® samples collected within or adjacent to the plotted source area. It is noted that Former MCW
546 Building 62 and the plotted potential bedrock source area lie within the mapped extent of the overburden
547 aquifer. As shown on **Figure 1-4**, benzene was not detected in downgradient overburden wells MISS-6A,
548 MISS-7A and PW-1, and Geoprobe® samples 12b-029 and 12b-009. A low concentration of benzene was
549 detected in Geoprobe® boring 12b020 (9 µg/L).

550 Soils within the plotted bedrock source area, Building 76 and surrounding MISS areas are scheduled for
551 excavation as part of the Operating Unit (OU) 1 soil remediation for radiological constituents. All
552 potential benzene sources on the MISS such as buried tanks, drums, pipes, and impacted soils would be
553 removed during the remediation.

Downgradient Plume Delineation

554 The downgradient edge of the benzene plume is extrapolated between MISS well MW-24D (29 µg/L) and
555 downgradient offsite wells B38W17B (ND), MW-31D (ND), and MW-32D (ND). Wells B38W17B and
556 MW-32D are located approximately 150 feet downgradient from the plotted 1 µg/L benzene isopleth, and
557 along the projected centerline of the plume. These wells should be effective compliance / sentry wells for
558 monitoring of the benzene plume.

3.2.2 Other VOCs

559 Additional VOC exceedances were detected in groundwater samples. Eight VOCs were detected at
560 concentrations exceeding the lower of the NJDEP GWQC, NJDEP MCL, or Federal MCL, including
561 1,1-dichloroethene, 1,2-dichloroethene (cis), 1,2-dichloroethene (total), bromodichloromethane,
562 chloroform, tetrachloroethene, trichloroethene, and vinyl chloride. VOC sampling results are summarized
563 in **Table 3-5**, and exceedances are presented in **Table 3-6**. As depicted in **Table 3-6**, tetrachloroethene
564 and trichloroethene are the most commonly reported VOC exceedances. Tetrachloroethene and
565 trichloroethene sampling results are briefly discussed in the following section. High concentrations of
566 chlorinated solvent (and degradation products) was detected in overburden and bedrock wells on the
567 158 West Central Avenue Property, and is the likely source of these COCs on the MISS and in
568 overburden and bedrock monitoring wells in Rochelle Park. A summary of the 158 West Central Avenue
569 investigation results is provided in Section 1.8.3 of the Draft RI Report USACE (2003a).

Trichloroethene

570 Trichloroethene was detected in 15 samples with concentrations ranging from 0.3 to 300 µg/L. The
571 maximum detected concentration was present in well MW-7D, located on the 141 West Central Avenue
572 property, Rochelle Park. Eight of the samples had concentrations that were at or exceeded the NJ GWQC
573 / State MCL of 1 µg/L.

Tetrachloroethene

574 Tetrachloroethene was detected in 14 samples with concentrations ranging from 0.1 to 1300 µg/L. The
575 maximum detected concentration was present in well MW-7D, located on the 141 West Central Avenue
576 property, Rochelle Park. Eleven of the samples had concentrations that exceeded the NJ GWQC / State
577 MCL of 1 µg/L.

3.3 BIOGEOCHEMICAL SAMPLING RESULTS

578 As part of the RI Addendum, field parameters were analyzed for dissolved oxygen, redox potential (Eh),
579 pH, temperature, and turbidity. Of these parameters, dissolved oxygen and redox potential are important
580 parameters in assessing in-situ bioremediation potential. Additionally, alternate electron acceptors
581 consisting of manganese reduction, nitrate reduction, iron reduction, sulfate reduction, and
582 methanogenesis are indicators of in-situ bioremediation. Biological community data was also collected in
583 the form of BOD₅, COD, and BTEX Degradation Heterotrophs and Total Heterotroph analysis.
584 Furthermore, nutrient data in the form of phosphate, nitrate, and total organic carbon (TOC) data were
585 collected. These data are presented in the following sections.

3.3.1 Dissolved Oxygen and Oxidation-Reduction Potential

Dissolved Oxygen

586 Dissolved oxygen (DO) is the most thermodynamically favored electron acceptor used by microbes for
587 the degradation of organic carbon. Aerobic biodegradation of benzene typically occurs with DO
588 concentrations greater than 1.0 mg/L, but has been reported as low as 0.5 mg/L (EPA 1998b, 1998c).
589 Dissolved oxygen was measured at all wells in the field during sampling, using a YSI 650 multimeter and
590 flow through cell. Measured dissolved oxygen values are presented in **Table 2-3**.

591 Dissolved oxygen was measured at 38 bedrock monitoring wells, and is shown on **Figure 3-4**. Dissolved
592 oxygen values recorded at wells MISS-2B, B38W25D and MW-26D were rejected since they exceeded
593 the maximum theoretical D.O. value of 9.9 mg/L at sea level (North Carolina State University, College
594 of Agriculture and Life Sciences, April 2002). The field measured DO values at wells BRPZ-5
595 (1.58 mg/L), MISS-5B (1.16 mg/L), and MW-26D (1.67 mg/L) are inconsistent with other sampling data
596 showing deeply reduced groundwater conditions at these wells, and may reflect DO meter / sensor error
597 during purging.

598 Twenty-nine (29) wells have DO concentrations less than 1.0 mg/L, with 20 wells below 0.5 mg/L. This
599 data indicates anaerobic groundwater conditions at a majority of site wells. Low DO concentrations
600 (0.5 to 1.0 mg/L) were detected at eight wells located upgradient and sidegradient to the plotted benzene
601 plume. Elevated DO levels were detected at wells MISS-1B (2.24 mg/L) and MW-5D (4.02 mg/L). The
602 DO data indicates anaerobic groundwater conditions at a majority of site wells, and in all wells located
603 downgradient from the projected benzene source area.

Oxidation – Reduction Potential

604 The oxidation-reduction potential (ORP) of groundwater is a measure of electron activity and is an
605 indicator of the relative tendency of a solution to accept or transfer electrons. The ORP of groundwater
606 generally ranges from -500 millivolts (mV) to +800 mV. Under aerobic (or oxidizing) conditions, the
607 ORP of groundwater is positive and typically above +800 mV, whereas anaerobic (reducing) conditions
608 are characterized by ORP readings below +800 mV. The ORP of groundwater can be used as an indicator
609 since certain biodegradation processes (i.e., sulfate reduction, methanogenesis) only operate within a
610 prescribed range of ORP conditions. The oxidation-reduction potential for various oxidation-reduction
611 reactions is shown on **Figure 3-5**.

612 ORP was measured in 38 wells during sampling, and is presented in **Table 2-3**, and depicted spatially on
613 **Figure 3-4**. Groundwater ORP ranged from -626.3 to +332.6 mV, with 31 of 38 values below +0.0 mV.
614 The lowest Eh values are reported at wells located within the benzene plume including MW-26D
615 (-626 mV), BRPZ-9 (-72.8 mV), BRPZ-5 (-332 mV), MISS-5B (-88.9 mV), BRPZ-4 (-55.4 mV) and
616 BRPZ-3 (-578 mV). The range of Eh values in the plume area indicate that Fe_{solid}/Fe_{dis} , SO_4 /hydrogen
617 sulfide (HS^-) and CO_2 /methane reduction reactions may be occurring in groundwater as part of the
618 anaerobic benzene biodegradation process (see **Figure 3-5**). Projected downgradient compliance wells
619 (B38W17B, MW-31D, MW-32D, B38W15D, and MW-2D) are less reduced, and indicate potential
620 Mn_{solid}/Mn_{dis} and Fe_{solid}/Fe_{dis} reduction reactions.

pH Data

621 The pH is defined as the negative logarithm of the hydrogen ion activity and describes whether a solution
622 is acidic (pH<7), neutral (pH=7), or basic (pH>7). Microbes capable of degrading petroleum
623 hydrocarbon compounds generally prefer pH values ranging from 6 to 8 standard units (SU).

624 The pH of the groundwater was measured during sample purging, and is presented in **Table 2-3**. The pH
625 values ranged from 5.54 to 7.49 SU, with three samples (B38W18D, B38W24D, and BRPZ-5) slightly
626 outside the prescribed range.

3.3.2 Alternate Electron Acceptors

627 Microorganisms obtain energy by transferring electrons from donors, such as organic carbon compounds
628 (BTX), to compounds that accept electrons. For biodegradation to occur, electron acceptors must be
629 present. In respiration, electrons are transferred directly to inorganic compounds that are relatively
630 oxidized, and include molecular oxygen, nitrate, manganese (Mn_{solid}), iron (Fe_{solid}), sulfate, or carbon
631 dioxide. In fermentation (methanogenesis), organic compounds act as both the electron donor (BTX) and
632 acceptor (CO_2), and generate incompletely oxidized by-products such as methane.

633 The alternate electron acceptors (other than oxygen) were sampled to identify available acceptors, and
634 provide data for the Feasibility Study. Reduced electron acceptor species / compounds (NH_4^+ , Mn^{+2} ,
635 Mn_{dis}), Fe^{+2} (Fe_{dis}), HS^- , and CH_4 were also sampled to provide evidence of specific acceptor utilization
636 and biologic activity. Although nitrogen gas (N_2) is the thermodynamically favored reaction and product
637 of denitrification, measurement of nitrogen gas is not feasible in the field. Therefore, ammonia was
638 measured in order to show that nitrate reduction is occurring as part of in-situ biodegradation. As
639 illustrated on **Figure 3-5**, biochemical reactions will preferentially reduce electron acceptors in the order
640 of nitrate / ammonia (NO_3^-/NH_4^+), manganese (Mn_{Tot}/Mn_{dis}), iron (Fe_{Tot}/Fe_{dis}), sulfate (SO_4^{2-}/S^{2-}), and
641 carbon dioxide / methane (CO_2/CH_4). Alternate electron acceptors were sampled and analyzed in nine
642 monitoring well samples. The electron acceptor data is given in **Table 3-7**, and depicted graphically on
643 **Figure 3-6**. Sampling results for each electron acceptor and reduced compound are presented in the
644 following section.

Nitrate / Ammonia Reduction

645 Low concentrations of nitrate (0.04 to 0.14 mg/L) were detected in four of nine samples. Three of four
646 wells with detected nitrate are located downgradient of the plotted benzene plume. Ammonia, the
647 reduced form of nitrate, was detected in all wells at concentrations ranging from 0.88 to 19 mg/L
648 (MISS-5B). The highest ammonia concentration was detected at wells located within the mapped
649 benzene plume, indicating more reduced conditions. The absence / trace detected concentrations of
650 nitrate, and high concentrations of ammonia in groundwater indicate the utilization of nitrate as an
651 electron acceptor, and ongoing degradation of organic carbon in the aquifer.

Manganese Reduction

652 Manganese occurs as a solid in the form of the minerals rhodochrosite, manganite, and pyrolusite. Under
653 anaerobic conditions, bacteria can use these minerals as electron acceptors. In the presence of benzene,
654 manganite (MnO_2) will be reduced from Mn_{solid} to Mn_{dis} . Under anaerobic conditions ($DO < 0.5$ mg/L),
655 manganese (Mn_{solid}) is reduced to Mn_{dis} . As noted in Section 2.7.2, the Mn_{solid} concentration was
656 estimated by subtracting the filtered or dissolved (Mn_{dis}) sample results from the total manganese
657 concentration.

658 As indicated in **Table 3-7**, low / trace concentrations of Mn_{solid} were detected in all but one sample
659 (BRPZ-9), with detected concentrations ranging from 0.02 to 3.82 mg/L (BRPZ-4). Dissolved Mn_{dis}
660 concentrations substantially exceeded Mn_{solid} at all locations, and ranged from 0.328 to 5.26 mg/L
661 (BRPZ-4). Overall, approximately 95% of the total manganese was in the dissolved (reduced) form. As
662 depicted on **Figure 3-6**, the highest dissolved (Mn_{dis}) manganese concentrations are detected at wells
663 located within the plotted benzene plume, and downgradient well B38W17B.

664 The low concentrations / absence of Mn_{solid} , and relatively high concentrations of dissolved manganese
665 (Mn_{dis}), indicate that the Mn_{solid} is substantially diminished as an electron acceptor in the bedrock aquifer.
666 The higher concentrations of dissolved manganese in plume areas appear to indicate that reduced
667 conditions have occurred due to degradation of organics in groundwater. However, it should be noted
668 that site-specific analysis for Biologically Extractable $Mn_{(solid)}$ has not been conducted, therefore, it is
669 difficult to determine the amount of Biologically Extractable $Mn_{(solid)}$ that has been reduced in the aquifer.

Iron Reduction

670 Ferric Iron (Fe_{solid}) was detected in seven of eight groundwater samples, with concentrations ranging from
671 0.02 to 5.85 mg/L (BRPZ-4). Dissolved (ferrous or Fe_{dis}) iron was detected in five of seven wells, with
672 detected concentrations ranging from 0.44 to 62.7 mg/L (MW-26D). As shown on **Figure 3-6**, the
673 highest dissolved iron concentrations are detected in wells within the plotted benzene plume and at
674 downgradient well B38W17B. Downgradient wells show decreasing ferrous (dissolved) iron
675 concentrations (to non-detect) with distance from the site.

676 Iron sampling data indicates that ferric iron (as an electron acceptor) is substantially diminished at
677 monitoring wells MW-26D and B38W17B, and is significantly (>50%) diminished at benzene plume
678 monitoring wells BRPZ-9 and BRPZ-4. Downgradient (offsite) wells, except B38W17B, show little if
679 any iron reduction activity. This data appears to indicate that microbes are utilizing iron (Fe_{solid}) as an
680 electron acceptor in much of the benzene plume, and plume fringe areas. Other plume areas are more
681 heavily reduced, and biodegradation may proceed using sulfate or CO_2 as alternate electron acceptors.
682 However, it should be noted that site-specific analysis for Biologically Extractable $Fe_{(solid)}$ has not been
683 determined for this site, therefore, it is difficult to determine the amount of Biologically Extractable
684 $Fe_{(solid)}$ that has been reduced in the aquifer.

Sulfate Reduction

685 Sulfate can be used as an electron acceptor during biodegradation, where sulfate (S^{+6}) is reduced to
686 sulfide (S^{-2}), and HS^- is generated as an end product. Sulfate was detected in eight of the nine samples
687 collected, with concentrations ranging from 350 to 3000 mg/L (MW-26D). Sulfate / sulfide
688 concentrations are given in **Table 3-7** and shown on **Figure 3-6**.

689 Sulfide was detected in 3 of 9 samples, including benzene plume monitoring wells BRPZ-9 (1.0 mg/L)
690 and BRPZ-4 (0.2 mg/L), and downgradient well MW-32D (0.5 mg/L). Sulfate reduction at wells BRPZ-9
691 and BRPZ-4 is consistent with the high ferrous iron concentrations at those wells, and is likewise
692 predicted at wells MW-26D and B38W17B.

Methanogenesis

693 Carbon dioxide can act as an electron acceptor during anaerobic biodegradation, and is ultimately reduced
694 to methane (CH_4) under strongly reducing (-240 mV) conditions. Methane groundwater concentrations in
695 excess 0.5 mg/L are an indicator of methanogenesis (EPA 1998b). As presented in **Table 3-7**, methane
696 was detected in all nine groundwater samples at concentrations ranging from 0.002 to 3.1 mg/L. High
697 methane concentrations (>1.0 mg/L) were detected in benzene plume monitoring wells BRPZ-4
698 (3.1 mg/L), BRPZ-9 (2.9 mg/L), and MW-26D (1.8 mg/L). As shown on **Figure 3-6**, methane
699 concentrations generally decrease with distance from the mapped benzene plume.

700 Methane groundwater data indicates that methanogenesis is an ongoing process in the plotted benzene
701 plume and monitoring wells MW-26D, BRPZ-9, and BRPZ-4. Reduction of sulfate is also predicted in
702 these wells and plume area wells.

3.3.3 Nutrients

703 The essential microbial nutrients, nitrogen, phosphorous, and carbon, were sampled as part of the RI
704 Addendum. Nine samples were collected and analyzed for ammonia and nitrate, total phosphorous, and
705 total organic carbon (TOC). Nutrient sampling results are summarized in **Table 3-8**, and sample
706 locations are shown on **Figure 3-7**, along with plotted results. The sampling results for each nutrient are
707 briefly discussed in the following sections.

Nitrogen

708 Nitrogen is needed by microorganisms for protein and nucleic acid synthesis. The most common
709 inorganic source is ammonia, but nitrate can also be reduced by microbes to obtain ammonia. As
710 indicated in **Table 3-8**, ammonia was detected in all samples, and nitrate was detected in three of nine
711 samples.

Phosphorous

712 Phosphate is utilized by microorganisms for synthesizing phospholipids and nucleic acids, and is also
713 essential for energy transfer reactions involving adenine triphosphate (ATP). As indicated in **Table 3-8**,
714 phosphorous (as total phosphorous or TP) was detected in 8 of 9 groundwater samples, with detected
715 concentrations ranging from 0.0579 to 1.37 mg/L. Phosphorous was not detected in groundwater at well
716 BRPZ-9, and may be a limiting factor to biodegradation at that location (see **Figure 3-7**). It is noted,
717 however, that high total phosphorous concentrations were detected in nearby benzene plume monitoring
718 wells BRPZ-4 (1.37 mg/L), MISS-5B (0.604 mg/L), and MW-26D (0.201 mg/L). However, it should be
719 noted that phosphorous may also be sorbed to the aquifer matrix, and that nutrient cycling will occur
720 among dying and growing populations of microorganisms.

Total Organic Carbon

721 Microorganisms require carbon sources for cell growth, and are capable of using a wide variety of carbon
722 bearing compounds. They also obtain energy by transferring electrons from donors such as carbon, to
723 compounds that accept electrons. As indicated in **Table 3-8**, and depicted on **Figure 3-7**, TOC was
724 detected in 5 of 9 samples at concentrations ranging from 0.38 to 34 mg/L. Total organic carbon was
725 detected in all benzene impacted wells, with the highest concentrations reported at wells BRPZ-9
726 (25 mg/L) and MW-26D (34 mg/L). Total organic carbon was not detected in downgradient monitoring
727 wells B38W17B, MW-2D, and MW-31D, which lie outside the plotted extent of the benzene plume.

3.3.4 Oxygen Demand

728 Biological oxygen demand (BOD₅) was evaluated in groundwater as an indicator of biologic activity.
729 Chemical oxygen demand (COD) measures the non-biologic oxygen demand from reduced compounds,
730 and is used to gauge the degree of aquifer reduction. BOD and COD data will also be used in the
731 Feasibility Study to estimate aquifer oxygen demand for remedial design purposes. BOD and COD
732 sample results are summarized in **Table 3-8**, and spatially depicted on **Figure 3-8**.

BOD₅

733 BOD₅ is the amount of dissolved oxygen consumed in 5 days by biological processes breaking down
734 organic matter. The sample is initially spiked with bacteria, and incubated over a 5-day period under
735 aerobic conditions. Typically, BOD₅ represents 45-55% of the Theoretical Oxygen Demand (THOD),
736 with COD comprising the balance of the oxygen demand (Corbitt, 1990). BOD₅ was measured in 8 of 9
737 samples at concentrations ranging from 0.42 to 20 mg/L. As shown on **Figure 3-8**, the highest BOD₅

738 values were measured in benzene plume monitoring wells MW-26D (20 mg/L), BRPZ-9 (9.4 mg/L),
739 MISS-5B (9.1 mg/L), and BRPZ-4 (4.8 mg/L). Noting that the mass ratio of benzene is 0.326:1, benzene
740 present within the center of the plume could only account for 1.5 to 6.4 mg/L of the BOD. This may be
741 attributed to the presence of other organics (e.g. chlorotoluene, surfactants, amines) at these locations.
742 The high BOD₅ values are attributed to the presence of benzene (and potentially other organics) and other
743 partially oxidized organic substrates, and nutrients in strongly reduced groundwater samples.

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)

744 COD is a measure of the oxygen required to oxidize all compounds, both organic and inorganic, in water
745 to carbon dioxide. COD is also used to assess the ORP of groundwater, where increasing COD values
746 correspond to reduced redox conditions. COD was detected in 6 of 9 samples at concentrations ranging
747 from 9.82 to 125 mg/L. As shown on Figure 3-8, the highest COD values were detected at benzene
748 plume monitoring wells (BRPZ-9), MW-26D (105 mg/L), BRPZ-4 (40.3 mg/L), MISS-5B (19.7 mg/L),
749 and offsite well B38W17B (33.6 mg/L). Downgradient COD concentrations generally decrease to
750 non-detect with distance from the MISS.

751 Monitoring well COD concentrations correspond well with the measured ORP and electron acceptors, and
752 supports the distribution of redox and electron acceptor (reduction) zones in the study area.

3.3.5 Microbiologic Activity

753 Direct biologic activity is measured by bacterial plate counts on non-selective (total heterotroph) and/or
754 selective (BTEX) media. Noting that groundwater is moderately to strongly reduced in the site aquifer,
755 replication of the aquifer environment would require incubation on an electron acceptor specific growth
756 media, under anaerobic conditions. Unfortunately, anaerobic bacteria are difficult to grow, and the results
757 are often inconsistent. Total heterotroph bacteria counts (THC) are the most commonly used indicator of
758 microbiologic activity in groundwater. Groundwater samples were also evaluated for BTEX degraders,
759 which utilized a selective media with BTEX as the sole carbon source. However, according to the
760 American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM), microbial counts are often unreliable indicators of
761 biodegradation. The results of the THC and BTEX Degradator counts are summarized in **Table 3-9**, and
762 are spatially shown on **Figure 3-8**. Plate count results for each method are discussed in the following
763 sections.

Total Heterotroph Bacteria

764 Nine groundwater samples were collected and evaluated for THC as a general indicator of bacterial
765 activity. Heterotrophic bacteria were detected in seven of nine samples, with a reported range of 160 to
766 75,000 colony forming units (CFU) per milliliter (CFU/mL). Heterotroph bacteria counts are highest in
767 downgradient areas, and probably reflect the relative abundance of facultative (oxygen tolerant) bacteria
768 in less reduced aquifer areas. Heterotrophic bacteria were not reported in samples from benzene plume
769 area wells MW-26D and BRPZ-4, and probably indicate the dominance of obligate anaerobic sulfur
770 reducing and methanogenic bacteria at those locations. Redox potential (Eh), electron acceptor, and COD
771 data all indicate strongly reduced conditions at wells MW-26D and BRPZ-4. As noted, obligate
772 anaerobic bacteria will not grow in aerobic (THC and BTEX degrader) test environments. Metals toxicity
773 at wells MW-26D and BRPZ-4 is unlikely, noting the growth of spiked bacteria and high BOD₅
774 measurements at those wells.

BTEX Degradation Bacteria

775 Nine groundwater samples were evaluated for BTEX degrader bacteria. As noted, groundwater samples
776 are incubated in a selective media, where BTEX is the only available carbon source. The BTEX degrader
777 test should give a more realistic count of organisms that can degrade BTEX compounds than the THC.
778 The BTEX degrader test also incubates samples under aerobic conditions, and will have limited utility
779 with respect to evaluation of anaerobic biodegradation.

780 BTEX Degradation bacteria were detected in seven of nine wells, with counts ranging from 270 CFU/mL
781 (B38W15D) to 1,700 CFU/mL (MW-32D). Like the THC data, the highest BTEX degrader counts were
782 obtained in downgradient well locations. The relative abundance of BTEX degraders mirror the THC, but
783 actual counts were lower than THC in four of seven detected samples, and the same (at the detection limit
784 of 300 CFU/mL) in two samples. The BTEX degrader counts should be lower due to the more selective
785 growth media. BTEX degraders were also not detected at benzene plume wells MW-26D and BRPZ-4,
786 and may indicate the prevalence of methanogenic (anaerobic) bacteria at these locations.

3.4 DISCUSSION

787 Historical bedrock benzene sampling results were evaluated with current data to further characterize the
788 benzene plume. Historical benzene sampling data is presented in **Table 3-10**, and shows intermittent
789 bedrock benzene exceedances from the start of sampling in 1985 at downgradient (MISS) wells MISS-5B
790 and MISS-7B. Downgradient MISS well B38W19D also shows intermittent low level exceedances from
791 the onset of sampling in 1994. This data suggests the existence of a MISS benzene plume from at least
792 1985, including intermittent exceedances at wells B38W19D and MISS-7B, which are currently mapped
793 at the margin or outside the bedrock plume. The fluctuation of benzene concentrations at well MISS-5B
794 and other wells with time is likely influenced by a number of factors, including: (1) the change in
795 sampling methods from dedicated bladder pumps in 1999 to low flow sampling in 2000; (2) groundwater
796 level at the time of sampling; (3) variable benzene concentrations within a residual / stable plume over
797 time; and/or (4) variable benzene source loading or intermittent source of benzene.

798 As noted in Section 3.2.1, a potential bedrock benzene source area was plotted using sampling data, and
799 represents the probable upgradient extent of elevated benzene plume concentrations. It is not known
800 whether the detected benzene in bedrock is derived from an active source, or is part of a residual bedrock
801 plume. The relatively low benzene plume concentrations, and lack of apparent benzene sources to
802 bedrock in the plotted “source area” favor the latter interpretation. A comparison of MISS bedrock
803 benzene data from the Phase II GWRI sampling event (**Figure 1-2**) and RI Addendum sampling event
804 (**Figure 3-3**) show decreasing benzene concentrations in 10 of 12 wells, including well MISS-5B (3500 to
805 680 µg/L). Benzene concentrations increased in bedrock well BRPZ-5 (5000 to 9500 µg/L) and MW-3D
806 (5 to 15 µg/L). The overall decrease in MISS benzene groundwater concentrations may be attributed to
807 attenuation.

808 As noted in Sections 1.4.1 and 1.4.2, benzene is not detected in the plotted potential bedrock source area
809 soils and overburden groundwater. While this data does not indicate a current soil and/overburden
810 groundwater source to bedrock, past benzene releases may have occurred and since been attenuated in the
811 soil and shallow groundwater environment. Alternatively, benzene may have been introduced directly
812 into bedrock by piping or well, or from spills in (offsite) areas with shallow bedrock.

813 Downgradient offsite well B38W17B shows intermittent low level exceedances from the start of sampling
814 in 1991, with no exceedances detected at well B38W15D (from 1989). As noted in Section 3.2.1, well
815 B38W17B is located along the projected downgradient axis of the plotted benzene plume. The limited
816 downgradient extent of benzene over time suggests a stable (or degrading) plume, and ongoing

817 attenuation of benzene in groundwater. Biogeochemical sampling (Section 3.3) data show strongly
818 reduced groundwater conditions, high COD / BOD, and utilization of alternate electron acceptors in
819 benzene impacted wells. This data suggests an ongoing anaerobic degradation in plume areas, and
820 probable aerobic degradation along the plume fringe

4.0 SUMMARY / CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

4.1 SUMMARY / CONCLUSIONS

- 821 1. Bedrock groundwater flow is predominantly west-southwest, with a component of flow towards the
822 south. The slope of the water table ranges from 0.035 ft/ft on the MISS and Stepan Property, to
823 0.01 ft/ft further west and downgradient from the site in Rochelle Park. All shallow / deep bedrock
824 clusters showed slightly higher groundwater heads in shallow wells, indicating a downward vertical
825 gradient within bedrock. This may be attributed to aquifer recharge following an extended wet month
826 (8.33 inches) in June 2003.
- 827 2. Specific capacity tests were conducted on all newly installed wells following development. The
828 calculated mean well hydraulic conductivity ranges from 2.79×10^{-3} to 3.01×10^{-2} cm/sec, with a
829 geometric mean of 7.05×10^{-3} cm/sec. This is higher than the computed median (1.63×10^{-3} cm/sec)
830 and mean (1.48×10^{-3} cm/sec) hydraulic conductivity values reported in the GWRI (USACE 2003a),
831 and may be attributed to the effect of two high yielding wells.
- 832 3. Borehole geophysics was conducted at five of the six newly installed wells. Borehole fractures show
833 a dominant NW dip direction, with a lesser number of fractures dipping west, southeast, and east.
834 Most fractures dip at 10 to 20 degrees, however, steeply dipping water bearing fractures were noted in
835 wells MW-31D and MW-32D. The overall fracture dip direction and angle data are similar to those
836 reported in the GWRI, and likewise correspond with the GWRI bedrock strike and dip data.
- 837 4. Bedrock groundwater samples were collected from 38 wells, and analyzed for TCL VOCs and
838 biogeochemical (bioremediation) parameters. Benzene was detected in 19 of 38 samples, with
839 14 samples exceeding the New Jersey Groundwater Quality Criteria (GWQC) of $1.0 \mu\text{g/L}$. The
840 maximum concentration of benzene ($9,500 \mu\text{g/L}$) was detected at MISS well BRPZ-5. The plotted
841 benzene plume extends approximately 1,075 feet, and is oriented NNE–SSW along the plume axis.
842 As noted in the GWRI, the apparent SSW plume flow direction does not follow the predicted
843 groundwater flow, and may reflect local flow conditions.
- 844 5. A potential benzene bedrock source area was delineated based upon benzene sampling data. Noting
845 that there is no detected product in bedrock, the potential source area represents the predicted
846 upgradient extent of elevated benzene concentrations in bedrock. The source of the benzene in
847 bedrock was not confirmed by previous and/or current soil and groundwater investigations within the
848 MISS.
- 849 6. Benzene (15 ppb) was detected at upgradient, offsite well MW-3D. The plotted benzene isopleth map
850 (Figure 3-3) shows an open 10 ppb. contour at the head of the benzene plume. Although unlikely,
851 this data suggests a potential upgradient (inactive or intermittent) benzene source to the MISS.
- 852 7. The downgradient extent of the plume is extrapolated between MISS well MW-24D, and
853 downgradient offsite wells B38W17B, MW-31D, and MW-32D. Wells B38W17B and MW-31D are
854 located approximately 150 feet downgradient from the plotted $1.0 \mu\text{g/L}$ benzene isopleth, and along
855 the projected path of the plume. These wells should be effective compliance / sentry wells for
856 downgradient monitoring of the benzene plume.
- 857 8. Eight other VOC compounds were detected in groundwater at concentrations exceeding the
858 NJDEP/EPA water quality standards. Tetrachloroethene (PCE) and trichloroethene (TCE)
859 exceedances were detected in eleven and eight wells, respectively. Very low concentrations of PCE

- 860 and TCE were detected in a number of MISS wells. A potential offsite, upgradient source was
861 identified in the GWRI.
- 862 9. Geochemical sampling was conducted at nine bedrock wells, and included dissolved oxygen and ORP
863 (field parameters), total and dissolved manganese, total and dissolved iron, nitrate, ammonia, sulfate,
864 sulfide, methane, total phosphorous, BOD, COD, total heterotrophic bacteria, and BTEX degraders.
- 865 10. Twenty-nine (29) wells measured DO concentrations less than 1.0 mg/L, with 20 wells below
866 0.5 mg/L. ORP values ranged from -626.3 to +332.6 mV, with 31 of 38 values below +0.0 mV. The
867 lowest ORP values were measured in wells located within the plotted benzene plume. The DO and
868 ORP data indicate anaerobic groundwater conditions at a majority of tested wells.
- 869 11. Alternate electron acceptor compounds, and reduced acceptors, were sampled to identify available
870 receptors and provide evidence of specific acceptor utilization and biologic activity. The electron
871 acceptor / reduced compounds include nitrate / ammonia, Mn_{solid}/Mn_{dis} , Fe_{solid}/Fe_{dis} , sulfate/sulfide,
872 and carbon dioxide/methane.
- 873 12. The absence / low concentrations of nitrate and Mn_{solid} in wells, and accumulation of reduced
874 ammonia and Mn_{dis} , indicate that nitrate and manganese acceptors concentrations are substantially
875 diminished in the aquifer. Iron sampling data indicates that Fe_{solid} concentrations are substantially
876 diminished in two wells in the benzene plume, however, Fe_{solid} is being used as an electron acceptor
877 in other plume and plume fringe areas. Sulfide was detected in three of nine samples, and may be
878 indicative of limited sulfate reduction in benzene plume wells. Elevated methane concentrations were
879 also detected in three benzene plume wells, indicating probable methanogenesis and reduction of
880 carbon dioxide in the bedrock aquifer.
- 881 13. The essential microbial nutrients include ammonia, phosphorous (TP), and carbon (TOC). Ammonia
882 was detected in all wells, and total phosphorous was detected in eight of nine wells. High TOC
883 concentrations were detected in all wells within the mapped benzene plume, but were absent from
884 downgradient wells.
- 885 14. BOD was analyzed in order to determine the biologic oxygen demand, and is an indicator of potential
886 biologic activity. COD, also analyzed as part of the program, measures non-biologic oxygen demand
887 from reduced compounds and is used to gauge the degree of aquifer reduction. BOD was detected in
888 eight of nine wells, with the highest values measured in the benzene plume wells. The high BOD_5
889 values are attributed to the relative abundance of benzene and other partially oxidized organic
890 substrates, and nutrients in strongly reduced groundwater samples. COD was detected in six of nine
891 wells, with the highest values measured in the benzene plume monitoring wells. Monitoring well
892 COD concentrations correspond well with the measured ORP and electron acceptors, and supports the
893 distribution of redox and electron acceptor reduction zones.
- 894 15. Microbiologic activity was measured by sampling / enumeration of total heterotroph and BTEX
895 degrader bacteria in groundwater. Both tests incubate samples under aerobic conditions, and have
896 limited utility with respect to evaluation of anaerobic biodegradation. Bacteria counts were highest in
897 downgradient areas, and probably reflect the relative abundance of facultative (oxygen tolerant)
898 bacteria in less reduced aquifer areas. Total heterotrophic and BTEX degrader bacteria were not
899 detected in two benzene impacted wells, and probably indicates the dominance of obligate anaerobic
900 sulfur reducing and methanogenic bacteria at those locations. Metals toxicity at these wells is
901 unlikely, since the elevated BOD_5 concentrations indicate rapid growth of spiked bacteria.

- 902 16. Historic MISS benzene sampling data indicates a long-term source of benzene in the bedrock aquifer.
903 It is unclear whether benzene in bedrock is currently derived from an active source, or is part of a
904 residual bedrock plume. While soil and overburden groundwater data do not indicate a recent
905 benzene source to bedrock, a past source may have attenuated in soil and/or shallow groundwater.
906 Alternatively, benzene may have been introduced directly to bedrock by piping or well, or from spills
907 in (offsite) areas with shallow bedrock.
- 908 17. The low detected (and non-detect) concentration of benzene at downgradient wells over time indicate
909 a stable or degrading plume. Biogeochemical sampling indicates ongoing anaerobic degradation in
910 plume areas, and probable aerobic degradation along the plume fringe.

4.2 RECOMMENDATIONS

- 911 • Low concentrations of benzene are detected at well MW-3D, which is located upgradient from
912 the MISS on the New York Susquehanna & Western Railroad property. Annual groundwater
913 sampling for VOCs is recommended at well MW-3D, and upgradient MISS bedrock well
914 MW-27D, to monitor for any potential upgradient contribution and/or source of benzene to the
915 MISS.
- 916 • A benzene plume well monitoring program shall be developed as part of the Monitored Natural
917 Attenuation (MNA) alternative in the Feasibility Study, and will be proposed in the Long-Term
918 Monitoring Plan (LTMP). The MNA sampling program shall include the sampling of VOCs and
919 bioremedial parameters (i.e., D.O., and nitrate, iron, manganese, sulfate, and methane species) at
920 selected benzene plume monitoring wells.

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TABLES

TABLE 1-1

SUMMARY OF HISTORICAL BENZENE SOIL RESULTS
FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE, MAYWOOD, NJ

No. of Samples	No. of Sample Location	Boring Name	Sample Depth	Unsaturated/ Saturated Sample	Benzene (µg/kg)	Sample Type	Investigative Program
1	1	CP2	6'-8'	Unsaturated	ND	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
2	2	CP3	0'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
3	2	CP3	2'-4'	Unsaturated	ND	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
4	3	CP4	2'-4'	Unsaturated	ND	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
5	4	CP8	0'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
6	5	CP9	6'-8'	Unsaturated	ND	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
7	6	CP10	0'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
8	6	CP10	2'-4'	Unsaturated	2	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
9	6	CP10	6'-8'	Unsaturated	ND	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
10	7	CP11	2'-6'	Unsaturated	ND	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
11	7	CP11	6'-8'	Unsaturated	ND	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
12	8	CP12	4'-8'	Unsaturated	2	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
13	8	CP12	8'-9.6'	Unsaturated	ND	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
14	9	CP14	8'-12'	Unsaturated	ND	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
15	10	CP15	0'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
16	11	CP16	4'-6'	Unsaturated	ND	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
17	12	CP18	6'-8'	Unsaturated	ND	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
18	13	CP20	0'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
19	13	CP20	2'-6'	Unsaturated	ND	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
20	13	CP20	6'-8'	Unsaturated	ND	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
21	14	CP22	6'-8'	Unsaturated	ND	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
22	14	CP22	12'-14.5'	Unsaturated	ND	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
23	15	CP28	2'-4'	Unsaturated	ND	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
24	15	CP28	4'-6'	Unsaturated	ND	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
25	15	CP28	8'-11'	Unsaturated	ND	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
26	16	CP32	0'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
27	17	CP35	0'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
28	18	CP37	8'-12'	Unsaturated	ND	Grab Sample	DOE, 1992
29	19	C001	0'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
30	19	C001	4'-6'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
31	19	C001	6'-8'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
32	19	C001	10'-12'	Saturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
33	20	C002	4'-6'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
34	20	C002	10'-12'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
35	21	C003	0'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
36	21	C003	2'-4'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
37	21	C003	4'-6'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
38	21	C003	10'-12'	Saturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
39	22	C004	16'-17.5'	Saturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
40	22	C004	17.5'-19.5'	Saturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
41	22	C004	19.5'-21.5'	Saturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
42	23	C005		Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
43	24	C006	4'-6'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
44	24	C006	6'-8'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
45	25	C008	0'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
46	25	C008	14'-16'	Saturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
47	26	C009	8'-10'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
48	27	C010	0'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
49	27	C010	4'-8'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
50	27	C010	6'-8'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
51	28	C011	12'-14'	Saturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
52	29	C012	10'-12'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
53	29	C012	14'-16'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
54	30	C013	12'-14'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
55	31	C014	12'-14'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
56	32	C015	12'-14'	Saturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992

TABLE 1-1

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FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE, MAYWOOD, NJ

No. of Samples	No. of Sample Location	Boring Name	Sample Depth	Unsaturated/ Saturated Sample	Benzene (µg/kg)	Sample Type	Investigative Program
57	33	C016	14'-16'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
58	34	C017	12'-14'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
59	35	C018	4'-6'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
60	36	C019	6'-8'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
61	37	C020	0'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
62	37	C020	8'-10'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
63	38	C021	6'-8'	Unsaturated	21	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
64	39	C022	4'-6'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
65	40	C022	8'-10'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
66	40	C022	12'-12.8'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
67	40	C022	13'-13.9'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
68	40	C022	14'-16'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
69	41	C023	2'-4'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
70	42	C024	0'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
71	42	C024	6'-8'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
72	42	C024	10'-12'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
73	43	C025	10'-12'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
74	44	C026	0'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
75	44	C026	12'-14'	Saturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
76	45	C027	5'-7'	Saturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
77	45	C027	8'-10'	Saturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
78	46	C028	6'-8'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
79	46	C028	8'-11'	Unsaturated	2	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
80	47	C029	12'-14'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
81	48	C030	4'-6'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
82	48	C030	10'-14'	Saturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
83	49	C031	10'-12'	Saturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
84	50	C032	4'-6'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
85	51	C033	5'-7'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
86	52	C034	6'-8'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
87	53	10a001	5'-8'	Saturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
88	54	10a002	6'-9'	Saturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
89	55	10a003	5-8	NR	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
90	56	10a004	10'-13'	Saturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
91	57	10a005	5'-9'	Unsaturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
92	58	10a006	5'-9'	Unsaturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
93	59	10a007	2'-5'	Saturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
94	60	10a008	10'-15'	Saturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
95	61	12b001	16'-20'	Saturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
96	62	12b002	7'-10'	Saturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
97	63	12b003	8'-12'	Saturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
98	64	12b004	8'-12'	Unsaturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
99	65	12b005	8'-12'	Saturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
100	66	12b006	4'-8'	Saturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
101	67	12b007	1-3.5	Unsaturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
102	68	12b009	7'-9'	Unsaturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
103	68	12b009	9 - 11	Saturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
104	69	12b010	4 - 6	Unsaturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
105	69	12b010	10 - 12	Unsaturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
106	70	12b011	0 - 4	Unsaturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
107	70	12b011	6 - 8	Unsaturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
108	71	12b012	2 - 4	Unsaturated	120	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
109	71	12b012	6 - 8	Unsaturated	330	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
110	72	12b013	3 - 5	Unsaturated	200	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
111	72	12b013	6 - 8	Unsaturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
112	73	12b014	2 - 4	Unsaturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003

TABLE 1-1

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No. of Samples	No. of Sample Location	Boring Name	Sample Depth	Unsaturated/ Saturated Sample	Benzene (µg/kg)	Sample Type	Investigative Program
113	73	12b014	4'-6'	Unsaturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
114	74	12b015	0'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
115	74	12b015	2 - 4	Unsaturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
116	75	12b016	1-3	Unsaturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
117	75	12b016	5'-7'	Unsaturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
118	76	12b018	0'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
119	77	12b018	2'-4'	Unsaturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
120	77	12b019	0'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
121	77	12b019	2'-4'	Saturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
122	78	12b020	13'-14'	Saturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
123	79	12b026	8'-9'	Unsaturated	ND	Geoprobe	USACE, 2003
124	80	MW-20S	6'-8'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	USACE, 2003
125	81	MW-3S	6'-8'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	USACE, 2003
126	82	TP1RELO	6'-9'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
127	83	TP1REOV	0'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
128	84	TP1REUP	2'-6'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
129	85	TP1SULO	6'-9'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
130	86	TP1SUOV	0'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
131	87	TP1SUUP	2'-6'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
132	88	TP1TRLO	6'-9'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
133	89	TP1TROV	0'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
134	90	TP1TRUP	2'-5'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
135	91	TP2RELO	8'-10'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
136	92	TP2REOV	0'-1'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
137	93	TP2REUP	1'-8'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
138	94	TP2SULO	7'-10'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
139	95	TP2SUOV	0'-1'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
140	96	TP2SUUP	1'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
141	97	TP2TRLO	8'-10'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
142	98	TP2TROV	0'-1'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
143	99	TP2TRUP	1'-8'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
144	100	TP3RELO	7'-9'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
145	101	TP3REOV	0'-1'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
146	102	TP3REUP	0'-8'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
147	103	TP3REUP	0'-8'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
148	104	TP3SULO	7'-9'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
149	105	TP3SUOV	0'-1'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
150	106	TP3SUUP	1'-8'	Unsaturated	4300	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
151	107	TP3TRLO	7'-9'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
152	108	TP3TROV	0'-1'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
153	109	TP3TRUP	1'-3'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
154	110	TP4RELO	6'-8'	Unsaturated	640	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
155	111	TP4REOV	0'-1'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
156	112	TP4REUP	1'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
157	113	TP4SULO	3'-4'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
158	114	TP4SUOV	0'-1'	Unsaturated	850	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
159	115	TP4SUUP	1'-3'	Unsaturated	3600	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
160	116	TP4TRLO	3'-4'	Unsaturated	730	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
161	117	TP4TROV	0'-1'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
162	118	TP4TRUP	2'-3'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
163	119	TP5LWER	6'-8'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
164	120	TP5OVER	0'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
165	121	TP5UPER	2'-6'	Unsaturated	380000	Test Pit	USACE, 2000
166	122	C207	0'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
167	123	C296	0'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
168	124	C299	0'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992

TABLE 1-1

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FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE, MAYWOOD, NJ

No. of Samples	No. of Sample Location	Boring Name	Sample Depth	Unsaturated/ Saturated Sample	Benzene (µg/kg)	Sample Type	Investigative Program
169	124	C299	2'-4'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
170	124	C299	6'-8'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
171	125	C701	0'-2'	Unsaturated	87	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
172	125	C701	2'-4'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
173	125	C701	6'-8'	Saturated	ND	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
174	125	C701	8'-10'	Saturated	87	Soil Boring	DOE, 1992
175	126	TP-22	2'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	Stepan, 1994
176	127	TP-23	3.5	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	Stepan, 1994
177	128	TP-25	0.6	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	Stepan, 1994
178	129	TP-32	3'	Unsaturated	ND	Test Pit	Stepan, 1994
179	130	C-20	2.5'-4.5'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	Stepan, 1994
180	130	C-20	4.5'-6.5'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	Stepan, 1994
181	130	C-20	6.5'-8.5'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	Stepan, 1994
182	131	C-38	8'-10'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	Stepan, 1994
183	131	C-38	10'-12'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	Stepan, 1994
184	131	C-38	12'-14'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	Stepan, 1994
185	132	C-39	0'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	Stepan, 1994
186	132	C-39	4'-6'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	Stepan, 1994
187	132	C-39	6'-8'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	Stepan, 1994
188	133	C-40	2'-4'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	Stepan, 1994
189	133	C-40	4'-6'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	Stepan, 1994
190	133	C-40	6'-8'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	Stepan, 1994
191	134	C-41	0'-2'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	Stepan, 1994
192	134	C-41	4'-6'	Unsaturated	2	Soil Boring	Stepan, 1994
193	134	C-41	6'-8'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	Stepan, 1994
194	135	C-42	4'-6'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	Stepan, 1994
195	135	C-42	6'-8'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	Stepan, 1994
196	135	C-42	10'-12'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	Stepan, 1994
197	136	C-43	3'-5'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	Stepan, 1994
198	136	C-43	7'-9'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	Stepan, 1994
199	136	C-43	11'-13'	Unsaturated	ND	Soil Boring	Stepan, 1994
200	137	C-44	4'-6'	Unsaturated	4700	Soil Boring	Stepan, 1994
201	137	C-44	6'-8'	Unsaturated	8	Soil Boring	Stepan, 1994
202	137	C-44	10'-12'	Unsaturated	890	Soil Boring	Stepan, 1994

Legend

µg/kg = micrograms per kilogram

ND = Non-Detect

DOE 1992. Remedial Investigation Report Prepared for the U.S. Department of Energy by Bechtel National, Inc., October 1992.

Stepan 1994. Final Remedial Investigation Report. Prepared by CH2M Hill, November 1994

USACE 2000. Final Pilot Demonstration Work Plan, Volume 5, Results of Engineering Test Pits Program At MISS. Prepared by Stone & Webster Engineering Technology & Services, June 2000

USACE 2003. Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report. Prepared by Shaw Environmental, Inc., June 2003.

Table 2-1
Well Construction Data Table

FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site, Maywood, NJ

Well Name	Installation Date	Permit No.	Driller	Aquifer Type	Depth to Bedrock(ft bgs)	Drilling Method	Riser Type (Steel/PVC)	Riser I.D. (inch)	Screen Type	Screen Length (ft)	Top of Screen, ft BGS	Bottom of Screen, ft BGS	Well Depth (ft BGS)	Surface Construction
MW-27D	8/6-8/9/02	26-65219	B&B Drilling	Bedrock	20	Air Rotary	Steel	6	Open	25	33.5	58.5	58.5	Stick-up
MW-28D	8/7-8/12/02	26-65220	B&B Drilling	Bedrock	20	Air Rotary	Steel	6	Open	25	32.0	57.0	57	Stick-up
MW-31D	2/12-2/14/03	26-66774	B&B Drilling	Bedrock	10	Air Rotary	Steel	6	Open	25	20.0	45.0	45	Flush-Mount
MW-32D	5/2-5/5/03	26-67268	B&B Drilling	Bedrock	18	Air Rotary	Steel	6	Open	25	32.0	57.0	57	Flush-Mount
MW-33D	9/10-9/12/02	26-65221	B&B Drilling	Bedrock	20	Air Rotary	PVC	2	10-slot PVC	20	45.5	65.5	68	Stick-up
MW-34D	9/12-9/16/02	26-65218	B&B Drilling	Bedrock	18	Air Rotary	Steel	6	Open	25	28.0	53.0	53	Stick-up

Legend
BGS = Below Ground Surface

Table 2-2

Well Survey Data Table

FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site, Maywood, NJ

Site Name	Surveyor	Northing	Easting	Ground Surface Elv. (NGVD)	Top of Inner Casing, where Applicable (NGVD)	Top of Outer Protective Casing (NGVD)	Survey Date
MW-27D	Garden State Surveyors	752837.122	2164483.608	62.68	N/A	65.16	06/25/2003
MW-28D	Garden State Surveyors	752687.422	2164516.466	61.90	N/A	64.50	06/25/2003
MW-31D	Garden State Surveyors	752208.120	2163533.829	49.08	48.62	49.08	06/25/2003
MW-32D	Garden State Surveyors	752117.873	2163781.760	49.18	48.83	49.18	06/25/2003
MW-33D	Garden State Surveyors	752771.805	2164339.602	59.44	62.00	62.24	06/25/2003
MW-34D	Garden State Surveyors	752623.464	2164426.546	58.35	N/A	60.63	06/25/2003

NGVD = National Geodetic Vertical Datum, 1929

N/A = Not Applicable

Table 2-3
Field Parameters Measured Prior to Groundwater Sampling
FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site, Maywood, NJ

No. of Groundwater Samples	Well	Sample Date	Sample Time	pH (S.U.)	Temp (deg. C)	Specific Conductivity (uS/cm)	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Field Qualifier	Turbidity (NTU)
1	B38W02D	7/17/2002	9:55	6.70	15.40	534.00	113.90	0.30		2.60
2	B38W07B	7/25/2002	13:35	6.59	15.57	427.00	133.40	0.32		2.20
3	B38W14D	7/24/2002	14:00	6.90	18.01	1228.00	-19.40	0.31		4.90
4	B38W15D	3/18/2003	12:55	7.43	13.95	2050.00	218.30	0.04		0.00
5	B38W17B	7/2/2002	10:35	6.87	17.24	2796.00	-82.80	0.22		0.00
6	B38W18D	7/18/2002	9:15	5.54	19.39	724.00	332.60	0.50		10.90
7	B38W19D	7/9/2002	13:35	6.30	17.02	3749.00	1.30	12.90	R	0.00
8	B38W24D	7/15/2002	10:45	5.96	19.64	717.00	-15.40	0.28		2.20
9	B38W25D	7/10/2002	11:20	6.33	16.91	1160.00	-15.80	15.50	R	0.00
10	BRPW-1DRE	8/13/2002	15:05	6.68	16.16	3027.00	-254.70	0.64		25.20
11	BRPZ-3RE	8/13/2002	10:55	6.14	18.05	6685.00	-578.00	0.48		43.20
12	BRPZ-4	8/6/2002	11:05	6.01	15.64	14309.00	-55.40	0.04		NR
13	BRPZ-5RE	8/7/2002	17:30	5.69	18.63	21948.00	-332.60	1.58		21.00
14	BRPZ-9	8/7/2002	10:25	6.26	15.84	10839.00	-72.80	0.07		NR
15	MISS-02B	7/8/2002	14:10	6.64	16.10	4889.00	-20.10	11.67	R	8.80
16	MISS03B	7/29/2002	9:45	6.25	16.46	1364.00	-3.80	0.30		11.80
17	MISS04B	7/29/2002	11:05	6.58	16.73	1553.00	-70.80	0.31		37.00
18	MISS05B	7/31/2002	11:45	6.18	16.57	13128.00	-88.90	1.16		31.60
19	MISS07B	7/11/2002	14:00	6.91	17.70	7785.00	-40.90	0.26		29.10
20	MISS01B	7/18/2002	14:55	7.28	20.68	682.00	136.00	2.24		87.70
21	MW-20D	8/5/2002	14:45	6.81	15.89	4184.00	-72.30	0.11		NR
22	MW-23D	7/26/2002	13:00	6.58	17.02	2230.00	-10.30	0.46		24.90
23	MW-24D	7/25/2002	9:35	6.47	15.74	4835.00	-39.70	0.34		1.20
24	MW-24DD	7/25/2002	10:25	6.94	15.77	3685.00	-103.80	0.77		17.60
25	MW-25D	7/26/2002	10:35	7.49	15.48	2305.00	-212.80	0.18		35.20
26	MW-26D	8/15/2002	13:25	6.90	19.60	8858.00	-626.30	1.67		3.20
27	MW-27D	10/14/2002	16:15	6.84	16.38	3870.00	-64.40	0.92		7.30
28	MW-28D	10/15/2002	10:55	6.75	15.70	2980.00	-71.10	0.73		7.70
29	MW-2D	7/30/2002	15:00	7.33	20.37	1831.00	-74.20	0.20		31.10
30	MW-31D	3/13/2003	12:15	6.75	13.97	2940.00	-71.40	0.02		38.40
31	MW-32D	5/28/2003	12:00	7.37	14.60	3460.00	-68.30	0.05		14.20
32	MW-33D	10/15/2002	14:10	6.49	14.76	8110.00	-47.20	0.80		1.00
33	MW-34D	10/15/2002	16:30	6.66	16.20	4110.00	-71.30	0.59		1.70
34	MW-3D	8/8/2002	15:30	6.37	14.86	8458.00	-31.70	0.52		9.90
35	MW-4D	8/1/2002	15:25	6.99	18.34	587.00	-40.10	0.66		55.10
36	MW-5D	8/2/2002	13:30	7.30	20.49	572.00	149.30	4.02		12.60
37	MW-6D	8/14/2002	14:30	7.21	20.59	819.00	-164.70	0.56		660.90
38	MW-7D	8/5/2002	10:45	6.72	16.69	1422.00	-85.80	0.08		NR

Legend
 S.U. = Standard Units
 Temp = Temperature
 deg. C = Degrees Centigrade
 uS/cm = Microsiemens per centimeter
 Eh = Oxidation-Reduction Potential
 mv = Millivolts
 DO = Dissolved Oxygen
 mg/L = Milligrams per Liter
 NTU = Nephelometric Turbidity Unit
 R = Data was rejected since reported result exceeded theoretical limit of dissolved oxygen in groundwater
 NR = Not Recorded

Table 3-1
Synoptic Water Level Measurements for Bedrock Monitoring Wells
FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site, Maywood, NJ

GWRI Site Name	Well Type	Top of Measuring Point, ft NGVD	Water Level, ft BTOMP	GW Elv. NGVD	Top of Screen, ft NGVD	Bottom of Screen, ft. NGVD	Top of Screen, ft BGS	Bottom of Screen, ft BGS	Well Depth (ft BGS)	MeasurementDate
B38W02D	Bedrock	78.04	13.01	65.03	37.94	32.94	37.00	42.00	43	6/23/2003
B38W03B	Bedrock	58.27	7.4	50.87	27.13	17.43	29.80	39.50	40.5	6/23/2003
B38W04B	Bedrock	65.64	8.02	57.62	40.01	35.01	22.70	27.70	36.3	6/23/2003
B38W05B	Bedrock	70.98	7.6	63.38	45.56	35.26	22.70	33.00	44.5	6/23/2003
B38W07B	Bedrock	54.98	6.04	48.94	34.09	23.79	18.50	28.80	39.2	6/23/2003
B38W14D	Bedrock	43.79	0	43.79	-1.84	-7.34	46.00	51.50	51.5	6/23/2003
B38W15D	Bedrock	47.04	3.12	43.92	6.47	1.47	41.00	46.00	46	6/24/2003
B38W17B	Bedrock	53.28	6.43	46.85	31.98	21.68	18.70	29.00	44.4	6/23/2003
B38W18D	Bedrock	57.85	2.46	55.39	23.02	18.02	35.00	40.00	41	6/23/2003
B38W19D	Bedrock	59.98	13.4	46.58	35.79	25.59	21.70	31.90	47.9	6/23/2003
B38W24D	Bedrock	54.91	6.05	48.86	33.29	28.29	22.00	27.00	28	6/23/2003
B38W25D	Bedrock	57.66	4.65	53.01	34.05	29.05	21.60	26.60	27.6	6/23/2003
BRMW1	Bedrock	49.06	4.31	44.75	12.35	4.35	37.00	47.00	47	6/24/2003
BRMW10	Bedrock	59.33	7.82	51.51	29.78	19.78	30.00	40.00	40	6/23/2003
BRMW14	Bedrock	46.20	3.14	43.06	19.50	9.50	27.00	37.00	37	6/24/2003
BRMW15	Bedrock	71.63	7.4	64.23	50.31	40.31	20.00	30.00	30	6/23/2003
BRMW16	Bedrock	67.94	6.82	61.12	47.60	37.60	20.00	30.00	30	6/23/2003
BRMW17	Bedrock	62.02	3.6	58.42	35.49	25.49	25.00	35.00	35	6/23/2003
BRPW-1DRE	Bedrock	56.30	8.4	47.90	-33.58	-53.58	90.00	110.00	110	6/23/2003
BRPZ-2RE	Bedrock	55.74	7.02	48.72	13.89	-6.11	42.00	62.00	62	6/23/2003
BRPZ-3RE	Bedrock	56.90	7.8	49.10	19.92	-0.08	37.00	57.00	57	6/23/2003
BRPZ-4	Bedrock	55.58	7.55	48.03	15.30	-5.70	40.00	61.00	61	6/23/2003
BRPZ-5RE	Bedrock	55.37	7.1	48.27	13.25	-6.75	42.00	62.00	62	6/23/2003
BRPZ-9	Bedrock	55.97	8.02	47.95	24.07	0.07	32.00	56.00	56	6/23/2003
MISS01B	Bedrock	61.98	13.93	48.05	37.42	6.92	23.00	53.50	53.5	6/23/2003
MISS02B	Bedrock	61.38	9.85	51.53	32.70	2.70	28.50	58.50	58.5	6/23/2003
MISS03B	Bedrock	57.66	7.28	50.38	36.78	6.78	20.00	50.00	50	6/23/2003
MISS04B	Bedrock	56.42	8.6	47.82	38.38	8.38	17.00	47.00	47	6/23/2003
MISS05B	Bedrock	59.76	12.97	46.79	33.09	3.09	25.00	55.00	55	6/23/2003
MISS07B	Bedrock	55.77	8.58	47.19	34.99	4.99	19.00	49.00	49	6/23/2003
MW-13D	Bedrock	46.12	3.99	42.13	21.30	-3.70	25.00	50.00	50	6/23/2003
MW-19D	Bedrock	55.96	5.82	50.14	39.17	14.17	17.00	42.00	42	6/23/2003
MW-19DD	Bedrock	55.81	6.36	49.45	4.64	-19.86	51.50	76.00	76	6/23/2003
MW-20D	Bedrock	58.88	7.7	51.18	28.46	3.46	30.00	55.00	55	6/23/2003
MW-23D	Bedrock	56.19	9	47.19	5.11	-14.89	51.00	71.00	71	6/23/2003
MW-23DD	Bedrock	56.98	10.17	46.81	-25.15	-45.15	82.00	102.00	102	6/23/2003
MW-24D	Bedrock	57.28	9.93	47.35	7.33	-12.67	47.70	67.70	67.7	6/23/2003
MW-24DD	Bedrock	57.08	9.82	47.26	-24.93	-49.93	80.00	105.00	105	6/23/2003
MW-25D	Bedrock	58.13	9.84	48.29	23.11	-1.89	33.00	58.00	59	6/23/2003
MW-26D	Bedrock	60.12	8.07	52.05	23.33	-1.67	33.50	58.50	59	6/23/2003
MW-27D	Bedrock	65.16	14.3	50.86	29.18	4.18	33.50	58.50	58.5	6/23/2003
MW-28D	Bedrock	64.50	14.29	50.21	29.90	4.90	32.00	57.00	57	6/23/2003
MW-2D	Bedrock	46.91	3.2	43.71	25.66	-1.34	21.50	48.50	48.5	6/23/2003
MW-31D	Bedrock	48.62	4.41	44.21	29.08	4.08	20.00	45.00	45	6/23/2003
MW-32D	Bedrock	48.83	2.45	46.38	17.18	-7.82	32.00	57.00	57	6/23/2003
MW-33D	Bedrock	62.00	13.27	48.73	13.94	-6.06	45.50	65.50	68	6/23/2003
MW-34D	Bedrock	60.63	6.76	53.87	30.35	5.35	28.00	53.00	53	6/23/2003
MW-3D	Bedrock	54.77	5.25	49.52	25.06	0.06	30.00	55.00	55	6/23/2003
MW-5D	Bedrock	45.15	5.1	40.05	13.43	-6.57	32.00	52.00	52	6/23/2003
MW-6D	Bedrock	42.34	3.66	38.68	13.84	-11.16	29.00	54.00	54	6/23/2003
MW-7D	Bedrock	53.73	5.21	48.52	32.99	7.99	21.00	46.00	46	6/23/2003
MW-8D	Bedrock	54.15	5	49.15	27.34	2.34	27.00	52.00	52	6/23/2003
PT-1DA	Bedrock	55.92	8.4	47.52	27.26	17.26	29.00	39.00	13	6/24/2003
PT-1DB	Bedrock	55.79	8.5	47.29	4.26	-5.74	52.00	62.00	13	6/24/2003

Legend
 ft NGVD = Feet relative to the National Geodetic Vertical Datum
 El. = Elevation
 BTOMP = Below Top of Measuring Point
 BGS = Below Ground Surface

Table 3-2
Summary of Hydraulic Conductivity Values Obtained from Specific Capacity Tests
FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site

Well	Specific Capacity, Q/s (gpm/ft)	Transmissivity (ft²/day)	Saturated Thickness (ft)	Hydraulic Conductivity (cm/sec)	Date of Test
MW-27D	0.09	197.37	25.00	2.79E-03	8/15/2002
MW-28D	0.16	307.87	25.00	4.34E-03	8/14/2002
MW-31D	2.55	2133.05	25.00	3.01E-02	2/21/2003
MW-32D	1.24	1312.99	29.00	1.60E-02	5/6/2003
MW-33D	0.16	339.21	22.00	5.44E-03	9/16/2002
MW-34D	0.13	275.12	25.00	3.88E-03	9/17/2002
Minimum	0.09	197.37	22.00	2.79E-03	
Maximum	2.55	2133.05	29.00	3.01E-02	
Geometric Mean	0.31	501.36	N/A	7.05E-03	

Legend

Q/s = Specific Capacity

Q = Flow rate in gallons per minute (gpm)

s = Drawdown in feet (ft)

Table 3-3
Summary of Benzene Results for Bedrock Groundwater Samples - RI Addendum
FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site, Maywood, NJ

Well	Sample ID:	Analysis Name:	Result (µg/L)	Result Qualifier	Detection Limit (µg/L)	Sample Type	Collection Date
B38W17B	20a-024645	Benzene	5	U	5	REG	7/2/2002
MISS02B	12b-024633	Benzene	0.2	J	0.5	REG	7/8/2002
B38W19D	12b-024648	Benzene	0.7		0.5	REG	7/9/2002
B38W25D	12b-024652	Benzene	0.5	U	0.5	REG	7/10/2002
MISS07B	12b-024638	Benzene	0.5	U	0.5	REG	7/11/2002
B38W24D	10a-024650	Benzene	0.5	U	0.5	REG	7/15/2002
B38W02D	12a-024639	Benzene	0.5	U	0.5	REG	7/17/2002
B38W18D	12b-024681	Benzene	0.5	U	0.5	REG	7/18/2002
MISS01B	12b-024631	Benzene	0.5	U	0.5	REG	7/18/2002
B38W14D	19a-024641	Benzene	0.5	U	0.5	REG	7/24/2002
B38W07B	12b-021647	Benzene	0.5	U	0.5	REG	7/25/2002
MW-24D	12b-021645	Benzene	29		0.5	REG	7/25/2002
MW-24DD	12b-021646	Benzene	9		0.5	REG	7/25/2002
MW-23D	12b-021651	Benzene	0.5	U	0.5	REG	7/26/2002
MW-25D	12b-021652	Benzene	0.4	J	0.5	REG	7/26/2002
MISS03B	10a-021655	Benzene	0.5	U	0.5	REG	7/29/2002
MISS04B	10a-021656	Benzene	5		2	DIL	7/29/2002
MW-2D	23b-021661	Benzene	1	U	1	DIL	7/30/2002
MISS05B	12b-024635	Benzene	680		25	DIL	7/31/2002
MW-4D	23b-021666	Benzene	0.5	U	0.5	REG	8/1/2002
MW-5D	23b-021667	Benzene	0.5	U	0.5	REG	8/2/2002
MW-20D	12a-021680	Benzene	0.5	U	0.5	REG	8/5/2002
MW-7D	23b-021669	Benzene	0.4	J	0.5	REG	8/5/2002
BRPZ-4	12b-021684	Benzene	760		20	DIL	8/5/2002
BRPZ-5	12b-021671	Benzene	9500	J	200	DIL	8/7/2002
BRPZ-9	12b-021672	Benzene	1800	J	50	DIL	8/7/2002
MW-3D	12a-021665	Benzene	15		2	DIL	8/8/2002
BRPW-1DRE	12b-021664	Benzene	0.5	U	0.5	REG	8/13/2002
BRPZ-3	12b-021670	Benzene	130		5	DIL	8/13/2002
MW-6D	23b-021668	Benzene	1	U	1	DIL	8/14/2002
MW-26D	12b-021703	Benzene	180		5	DIL	8/15/2002
MW-27D	12b-021721	Benzene	5		0.5	REG	10/14/2002
MW-28D	12b-021722	Benzene	6		0.5	REG	10/15/2002
MW-33D	12b-021725	Benzene	10		0.5	REG	10/15/2002
MW-34D	12b-021726	Benzene	16		0.5	REG	10/15/2002
MW-31D	23b-021734	Benzene	0.5	U	0.5	REG	3/13/2003
B38W15D	20a-021738	Benzene	0.42	J		REG	3/18/2003
MW-32D	23b-021742	Benzene	1	U	1	DIL	5/28/2003

Legend:
 µg/L = Micrograms per Liter
 U = Non-Detect
 J = Estimated Result
 Reg = Regular Sample (Non-Diluted) Result
 Dil = Diluted Sample Result

Table 3-4
Summary of Benzene Results Exceeding Groundwater Standards - RI Addendum
FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site, Maywood, NJ

Well	Sample ID	Analysis Name:	Result (ug/L)	Result Qualifier	Detection Limit (ug/L)	Sample Type:	Greater of NJ GWQC or NJ PQL (ug/L)	NJ MCL (ug/L)	Federal MCL (ug/L)	Collection Date:
BRPZ-3	12b-021670	Benzene	130		5	DIL	1	1	5	8/13/2002
BRPZ-4	12b-021684	Benzene	760		20	DIL	1	1	5	8/6/2002
BRPZ-5	12b-021671	Benzene	9500	J	200	DIL	1	1	5	8/7/2002
BRPZ-9	12b-021672	Benzene	1800	J	50	DIL	1	1	5	8/7/2002
MISS04B	10a-021656	Benzene	5		2	DIL	1	1	5	7/29/2002
MISS05B	12b-024635	Benzene	680		25	DIL	1	1	5	7/31/2002
MW-24D	12b-021645	Benzene	29		0.5	REG	1	1	5	7/25/2002
MW-24DD	12b-021646	Benzene	9		0.5	REG	1	1	5	7/25/2002
MW-26D	12b-021703	Benzene	180		5	DIL	1	1	5	8/15/2002
MW-27D	12b-021721	Benzene	5		0.5	REG	1	1	5	10/14/2002
MW-28D	12b-021722	Benzene	6		0.5	REG	1	1	5	10/15/2002
MW-33D	12b-021725	Benzene	10		0.5	REG	1	1	5	10/15/2002
MW-34D	12b-021726	Benzene	16		0.5	REG	1	1	5	10/15/2002
MW-3D	12a-021665	Benzene	15		2	DIL	1	1	5	8/8/2002

Legend:

µg/L = Micrograms per Liter

J = Estimated Result

Reg = Regular Sample (Non-Diluted) Result

Dil = Diluted Sample Result

NJ GWQC = New Jersey Groundwater Quality Criteria

MCL = Maximum Contaminant Level

Table 3-5
Summary of Detectable TCL VOCs - RI Addendum
FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site, Maywood, NJ

Well	Sample I.D.	Analysis Name	Result (ug/L)	Detection Limit (ug/L)	Result Qualifier	Result Type	Date of Sample Collection
B38W02D	12a-024639	Chloromethane	0.7	0.5		REG	7/17/2002
B38W14D	19a-024641	1,1-Dichloroethane	1	0.5		REG	7/24/2002
B38W14D	19a-024641	1,1-Dichloroethene	3	0.5		REG	7/24/2002
B38W14D	19a-024641	1,2-Dichloroethene (trans)	1	0.5		REG	7/24/2002
B38W14D	19a-024641	1,2-Dichloropropane	0.5	0.5		REG	7/24/2002
B38W14D	19a-024641	Chloromethane	0.4	0.5	J	REG	7/24/2002
B38W14D	19a-024641	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	100	25		DIL	7/24/2002
B38W14D	19a-024641	Tetrachloroethene	640	25		DIL	7/24/2002
B38W14D	19a-024641	Trichloroethene	160	25		DIL	7/24/2002
B38W14D	19a-024641	Vinyl Chloride	0.3	0.5	J	REG	7/24/2002
B38W15D	20a-021738	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.45	0.5	J	REG	3/18/2003
B38W15D	20a-021738	1,1-Dichloroethene	2.1	0.5		REG	3/18/2003
B38W15D	20a-021738	1,2-Dichloroethene (cis)	43	0.5	J	REG	3/18/2003
B38W15D	20a-021738	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	76	0.5	J	REG	3/18/2003
B38W15D	20a-021738	1,2-Dichloroethene (trans)	32	0.5	J	REG	3/18/2003
B38W15D	20a-021738	1,2-Dichloropropane	0.25	0.5	J	REG	3/18/2003
B38W15D	20a-021738	Benzene	0.42	0.5	J	REG	3/18/2003
B38W15D	20a-021738	Chloroform	0.16	0.5	J	REG	3/18/2003
B38W15D	20a-021738	Tetrachloroethene	150	0.5	J	REG	3/18/2003
B38W15D	20a-021738	Toluene	0.68	0.5	J	REG	3/18/2003
B38W15D	20a-021738	Trichloroethene	37	0.5	J	REG	3/18/2003
B38W15D	20a-021738	Vinyl chloride	1.1	0.5		REG	3/18/2003
B38W17B	20a-021659	Acetone	89	250	J	DIL	7/30/2002
B38W17B	20a-024645	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.5	5	J	REG	7/2/2002
B38W18D	12b-024681	Acetone	3	5	J	REG	7/18/2002
B38W19D	12b-024648	Benzene	0.7	0.5		REG	7/9/2002
B38W19D	12b-024648	Chlorobenzene	0.2	0.5	J	REG	7/9/2002
B38W19D	12b-024648	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.2	0.5	J	REG	7/9/2002
B38W24D	10a-024650	Chloromethane	0.3	0.5	J	REG	7/15/2002
B38W25D	12b-024652	Chloromethane	0.2	0.5	J	REG	7/10/2002
BRPW-1DRE	12b-021664	1,1-Dichloroethane	0.2	0.5	J	REG	8/13/2002
BRPW-1DRE	12b-021664	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.5	0.5		REG	8/13/2002
BRPW-1DRE	12b-021664	Tetrachloroethene	4	0.5		REG	8/13/2002
BRPW-1DRE	12b-021664	Trichloroethene	0.8	0.5		REG	8/13/2002
BRPZ-3	12b-021670	Benzene	130	5		DIL	8/13/2002
BRPZ-3	12b-021670	Chlorobenzene	17	5		DIL	8/13/2002
BRPZ-3	12b-021670	Ethylbenzene	1	5	J	DIL	8/13/2002
BRPZ-3	12b-021670	Toluene	5	5	J	DIL	8/13/2002
BRPZ-3	12b-021670	Total Xylene	5	10	J	DIL	8/13/2002
BRPZ-4	12b-021684	Benzene	760	20		DIL	8/6/2002
BRPZ-4	12b-021684	Toluene	10	20	J	DIL	8/6/2002
BRPZ-5	12b-021671	Benzene	9500	200	J	DIL	8/7/2002

Table 3-5
Summary of Detectable TCL VOCs - RI Addendum
FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site, Maywood, NJ

Well	Sample I.D.	Analysis Name	Result (ug/L)	Detection Limit (ug/L)	Result Qualifier	Result Type	Date of Sample Collection
BRPZ-5	12b-021671	Toluene	610	200		DIL	8/7/2002
BRPZ-9	12b-021672	Benzene	1800	50	J	DIL	8/7/2002
MISS01B	12b-024631	Acetone	5	5	J	REG	7/18/2002
MISS01B	12b-024631	Bromodichloromethane	3	0.5		REG	7/18/2002
MISS01B	12b-024631	Chloroform	7	0.5		REG	7/18/2002
MISS01B	12b-024631	Chloromethane	0.6	0.5	J	REG	7/18/2002
MISS01B	12b-024631	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.4	0.5	J	REG	7/18/2002
MISS01B	12b-024631	Dibromochloromethane	0.9	0.5		REG	7/18/2002
MISS01B	12b-024631	Tetrachloroethene	4	0.5		REG	7/18/2002
MISS01B	12b-024631	Total Xylene	0.4	1	J	REG	7/18/2002
MISS01B	12b-024631	Trichloroethene	0.3	0.5	J	REG	7/18/2002
MISS02B	12b-024633	1,1-Dichloroethane	0.1	0.5	J	REG	7/8/2002
MISS02B	12b-024633	Benzene	0.2	0.5	J	REG	7/8/2002
MISS03B	10a-021655	Chloromethane	0.2	0.5	J	REG	7/29/2002
MISS04B	10a-021656	Benzene	5	2		DIL	7/29/2002
MISS04B	10a-021656	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	7	2		DIL	7/29/2002
MISS04B	10a-021656	Vinyl chloride	57	2		DIL	7/29/2002
MISS05B	12b-024635	Benzene	680	25		DIL	7/31/2002
MISS05B	12b-024635	Toluene	6	25	J	DIL	7/31/2002
MISS07B	12b-024638	1,1-Dichloroethane	0.6	0.5		REG	7/11/2002
MISS07B	12b-024638	1,1-Dichloroethene	0.3	0.5	J	REG	7/11/2002
MISS07B	12b-024638	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	2	0.5		REG	7/11/2002
MISS07B	12b-024638	Tetrachloroethene	4	0.5		REG	7/11/2002
MISS07B	12b-024638	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	3	0.5		REG	7/11/2002
MISS07B	12b-024638	Trichloroethene	1	0.5		REG	7/11/2002
MISS07B	12b-024638	Vinyl chloride	0.9	0.5		REG	7/11/2002
MW-24D	12b-021645	1,1-Dichloroethane	0.2	0.5	J	REG	7/25/2002
MW-24D	12b-021645	Acetone	2	5	J	REG	7/25/2002
MW-24D	12b-021645	Benzene	29	0.5		REG	7/25/2002
MW-24D	12b-021645	Chlorobenzene	4	0.5		REG	7/25/2002
MW-24D	12b-021645	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	2	0.5		REG	7/25/2002
MW-24D	12b-021645	Tetrachloroethene	0.1	0.5	J	REG	7/25/2002
MW-24D	12b-021645	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.6	0.5		REG	7/25/2002
MW-24DD	12b-021646	1,1-Dichloroethane	0.2	0.5	J	REG	7/25/2002
MW-24DD	12b-021646	Acetone	12	5	J	REG	7/25/2002
MW-24DD	12b-021646	Benzene	9	0.5		REG	7/25/2002
MW-24DD	12b-021646	Chlorobenzene	0.9	0.5		REG	7/25/2002
MW-24DD	12b-021646	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	2	0.5		REG	7/25/2002
MW-24DD	12b-021646	Tetrachloroethene	0.1	0.5	J	REG	7/25/2002
MW-24DD	12b-021646	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.8	0.5		REG	7/25/2002
MW-24DD	12b-021646	Trichloroethene	0.4	0.5	J	REG	7/25/2002
MW-25D	12b-021652	Benzene	0.4	0.5	J	REG	7/26/2002

Table 3-5
Summary of Detectable TCL VOCs - RI Addendum
FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site, Maywood, NJ

Well	Sample I.D.	Analysis Name	Result (ug/L)	Detection Limit (ug/L)	Result Qualifier	Result Type	Date of Sample Collection
MW-26D	12b-021703	Benzene	180	5		DIL	8/15/2002
MW-26D	12b-021703	Chloroform	1	5	J	DIL	8/15/2002
MW-27D	12b-021721	1,1-Dichloroethane	0.2	0.5	J	REG	10/14/2002
MW-27D	12b-021721	Acetone	1	5	J	REG	10/14/2002
MW-27D	12b-021721	Benzene	5	0.5		REG	10/14/2002
MW-27D	12b-021721	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.8	0.5		REG	10/14/2002
MW-27D	12b-021721	Toluene	0.2	0.5	J	REG	10/14/2002
MW-27D	12b-021721	Trichloroethene	1	0.5		REG	10/14/2002
MW-28D	12b-021722	1,1-Dichloroethane	0.2	0.5	J	REG	10/15/2002
MW-28D	12b-021722	Benzene	6	0.5		REG	10/15/2002
MW-28D	12b-021722	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.3	0.5	J	REG	10/15/2002
MW-28D	12b-021722	Trichloroethene	0.5	0.5		REG	10/15/2002
MW-2D	23b-021661	1,1-Dichloroethane	0.4	1	J	DIL	7/30/2002
MW-2D	23b-021661	1,1-Dichloroethene	0.5	1	J	DIL	7/30/2002
MW-2D	23b-021661	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	11	1		DIL	7/30/2002
MW-2D	23b-021661	Tetrachloroethene	46	1		DIL	7/30/2002
MW-2D	23b-021661	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	6	1		DIL	7/30/2002
MW-2D	23b-021661	Trichloroethene	4	1		DIL	7/30/2002
MW-2D	23b-021661	Vinyl chloride	0.7	1	J	DIL	7/30/2002
MW-31D	23b-021734	1,1-Dichloroethane	0.8	0.5		REG	3/13/2003
MW-31D	23b-021734	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	14	0.5		REG	3/13/2003
MW-31D	23b-021734	Tetrachloroethene	7	0.5		REG	3/13/2003
MW-31D	23b-021734	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	20	0.5		REG	3/13/2003
MW-31D	23b-021734	Trichloroethene	3	0.5		REG	3/13/2003
MW-31D	23b-021734	Vinyl chloride	5	0.5		REG	3/13/2003
MW-32D	23b-021742	1,1-Dichloroethane	0.6	1		REG	5/28/2003
MW-32D	23b-021742	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	2	1		REG	5/28/2003
MW-32D	23b-021742	Tetrachloroethene	2	1		REG	5/28/2003
MW-32D	23b-021742	Toluene	0.4	1	J	REG	5/28/2003
MW-32D	23b-021742	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.7	1		REG	5/28/2003
MW-32D	23b-021742	Trichloroethene	0.3	1	J	REG	5/28/2003
MW-32D	23b-021742	Vinyl chloride	3	1		REG	5/28/2003
MW-33D	12b-021725	Benzene	10	0.5		REG	10/15/2002
MW-33D	12b-021725	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1	0.5		REG	10/15/2002
MW-33D	12b-021725	Ethylbenzene	0.2	0.5	J	REG	10/15/2002
MW-33D	12b-021725	Toluene	0.1	0.5	J	REG	10/15/2002
MW-33D	12b-021725	Total Xylene	0.2	1	J	REG	10/15/2002
MW-34D	12b-021726	Benzene	16	0.5		REG	10/15/2002
MW-34D	12b-021726	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.2	0.5	J	REG	10/15/2002
MW-34D	12b-021726	Ethylbenzene	0.1	0.5	J	REG	10/15/2002
MW-34D	12b-021726	Toluene	3	0.5		REG	10/15/2002
MW-34D	12b-021726	Total Xylene	0.2	1	J	REG	10/15/2002
MW-3D	12a-021665	Benzene	15	2		DIL	8/8/2002

Table 3-5
Summary of Detectable TCL VOCs - RI Addendum
FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site, Maywood, NJ

Well	Sample I.D.	Analysis Name	Result (ug/L)	Detection Limit (ug/L)	Result Qualifier	Result Type	Date of Sample Collection
MW-3D	12a-021665	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.9	2	J	DIL	8/8/2002
MW-3D	12a-021665	Total Xylene	0.6	1	J	REG	8/8/2002
MW-3D	12a-021665	Trichloroethene	0.9	2	J	DIL	8/8/2002
MW-4D	23b-021666	1,1-Dichloroethene	0.7	0.5		REG	8/1/2002
MW-4D	23b-021666	Chloroform	0.3	0.5	J	REG	8/1/2002
MW-4D	23b-021666	Tetrachloroethene	13	0.5		REG	8/1/2002
MW-4D	23b-021666	Trichloroethene	0.4	0.5	J	REG	8/1/2002
MW-5D	23b-021667	Chloroform	1	0.5		REG	8/2/2002
MW-5D	23b-021667	Tetrachloroethene	0.8	0.5		REG	8/2/2002
MW-6D	23b-021668	1,1-Dichloroethane	0.3	1	J	DIL	8/14/2002
MW-6D	23b-021668	1,1-Dichloroethene	1	1		DIL	8/14/2002
MW-6D	23b-021668	Chloroform	2	1		DIL	8/14/2002
MW-6D	23b-021668	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1	1		DIL	8/14/2002
MW-6D	23b-021668	Tetrachloroethene	39	1		DIL	8/14/2002
MW-6D	23b-021668	Trichloroethene	3	1		DIL	8/14/2002
MW-7D	23b-021669	1,1,1-Trichloroethene	4	0.5		REG	8/5/2002
MW-7D	23b-021669	1,1-Dichloroethane	4	0.5		REG	8/5/2002
MW-7D	23b-021669	1,2-Dichloropropane	1	0.5		REG	8/5/2002
MW-7D	23b-021669	1,1-Dichloroethene	3	0.5		REG	8/5/2002
MW-7D	23b-021669	Benzene	0.4	0.5	J	REG	8/5/2002
MW-7D	23b-021669	Chloroform	1	0.5		REG	8/5/2002
MW-7D	23b-021669	Chloromethane	0.2	0.5	J	REG	8/5/2002
MW-7D	23b-021669	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	320	25		DIL	8/5/2002
MW-7D	23b-021669	Tetrachloroethene	1300	25		DIL	8/5/2002
MW-7D	23b-021669	trans-1,2-dichloroethene	2	0.5		REG	8/5/2002
MW-7D	23b-021669	Trichloroethene	300	25		DIL	8/5/2002
MW-7D	23b-021669	Vinyl Chloride	1	0.5		REG	8/5/2002

Legend:

ug/L = Micrograms per Liter

J = Estimated Result

Reg = Regular Sample (Non-Diluted) Result

Dil = Diluted Sample Result

Table 3-6
Summary of TCL VOCs Exceeding Groundwater Standards - RI Addendum
FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site, Maywood, NJ

Well	Sample I.D.	Analysis Name	Result (ug/L)	Detection Limit (ug/L)	Result Qualifier	Sample Type	Greater of NJ GWQC or NJ PQL (ug/L)	NJ MCL (ug/L)	Federal MCL (ug/L)	Collection Date
B38W14D	19a-024641	Tetrachloroethene	640	25		DIL	1	1	5	7/24/2002
B38W14D	19a-024641	Trichloroethene	160	25		DIL	1	1	5	7/24/2002
B38W15D	20a-021738	1,1-Dichloroethene	2.1	0.5		REG	2	2	7	3/18/2003
B38W15D	20a-021738	1,2-Dichloroethene (cis)	43	0.5	J	REG	10	70	70	3/18/2003
B38W15D	20a-021738	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	76	0.5	J	REG	10	70	70	3/18/2003
B38W15D	20a-021738	Tetrachloroethene	150	0.5	J	REG	1	1	5	3/18/2003
B38W15D	20a-021738	Trichloroethene	37	0.5	J	REG	1	1	5	3/18/2003
BRPW-1DRE	12b-021664	Tetrachloroethene	4	0.5		REG	1	1	5	8/13/2002
BRPZ-3	12b-021670	Benzene	130	5		DIL	1	1	5	8/13/2002
BRPZ-4	12b-021684	Benzene	760	20		DIL	1	1	5	8/6/2002
BRPZ-5	12b-021671	Benzene	9500	200	J	DIL	1	1	5	8/7/2002
BRPZ-9	12b-021672	Benzene	1800	50	J	DIL	1	1	5	8/7/2002
MISS01B	12b-024631	Bromodichloromethane	3	0.5		REG	1	NA	NA	7/18/2002
MISS01B	12b-024631	Chloroform	7	0.5		REG	6	NA	NA	7/18/2002
MISS01B	12b-024631	Tetrachloroethene	4	0.5		REG	1	1	5	7/18/2002
MISS04B	10a-021656	Benzene	5	2		DIL	1	1	5	7/29/2002
MISS04B	10a-021656	Vinyl chloride	57	2		DIL	5	2	2	7/29/2002
MISS05B	12b-024635	Benzene	680	25		DIL	1	1	5	7/31/2002
MISS07B	12b-024638	Tetrachloroethene	4	0.5		REG	1	1	5	7/11/2002
MISS07B	12b-024638	Trichloroethene	1	0.5		REG	1	1	5	7/11/2002
MW-24D	12b-021645	Benzene	29	0.5		REG	1	1	5	7/25/2002
MW-24DD	12b-021646	Benzene	9	0.5		REG	1	1	5	7/25/2002
MW-26D	12b-021703	Benzene	180	5		DIL	1	1	5	8/15/2002
MW-27D	12b-021721	Benzene	5	0.5		REG	1	1	5	10/14/2002
MW-27D	12b-021721	Trichloroethene	1	0.5		REG	1	1	5	10/14/2002
MW-28D	12b-021722	Benzene	6	0.5		REG	1	1	5	10/15/2002

Table 3-6
Summary of TCL VOCs Exceeding Groundwater Standards - RI Addendum
FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site, Maywood, NJ

Well	Sample I.D.	Analysis Name	Result (ug/L)	Detection Limit (ug/L)	Result Qualifier	Sample Type	Greater of NJ GWQC or NJ PQL (ug/L)	NJ MCL (ug/L)	Federal MCL (ug/L)	Collection Date
MW-2D	23b-021661	Tetrachloroethene	46	1		DIL	1	1	5	7/30/2002
MW-2D	23b-021661	Trichloroethene	4	1		DIL	1	1	5	7/30/2002
MW-31D	23b-021734	Tetrachloroethene	7	0.5		REG	1	1	5	3/13/2003
MW-31D	23b-021734	Trichloroethene	3	0.5		REG	1	1	5	3/13/2003
MW-31D	23b-021734	Vinyl chloride	5	0.5		REG	5	2	2	3/13/2003
MW-32D	23b-021742	Tetrachloroethene	2	1		DIL	1	1	5	5/28/2003
MW-32D	23b-021742	Vinyl chloride	3	1		DIL	5	2	2	5/28/2003
MW-33D	12b-021725	Benzene	10	0.5		REG	1	1	5	10/15/2002
MW-34D	12b-021726	Benzene	16	0.5		REG	1	1	5	10/15/2002
MW-3D	12a-021665	Benzene	15	2		DIL	1	1	5	8/8/2002
MW-4D	23b-021666	Tetrachloroethene	13	0.5		REG	1	1	5	8/1/2002
MW-6D	23b-021668	Tetrachloroethene	39	1		DIL	1	1	5	8/14/2002
MW-6D	23b-021668	Trichloroethene	3	1		DIL	1	1	5	8/14/2002
MW-7D	23b-021669	Tetrachloroethene	1300	25		DIL	1	1	5	8/5/2002
MW-7D	23b-021669	Trichloroethene	300	25		DIL	1	1	5	8/5/2002
MW-7D	23b-021669	1,1-Dichloroethene	3	0.5		REG	2	2	7	8/5/2002

Legend:
 ug/L = Micrograms per Liter
 J = Estimated Result
 Reg = Regular Sample (Non-Diluted) Result
 Dil = Diluted Sample Result
 NJ GWQC = New Jersey Groundwater Quality Criteria
 NJ PQL = New Jersey Practical Quantitation Limit
 MCL = Maximum Contaminant Level

Table 3-7
Field Parameters Measured Prior to Groundwater Sampling
FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site, Maywood, NJ

No. of Groundwater Samples	Well	Sample Date	Sample Time	pH (S.U.)	Temp (deg. C)	Specific Conductivity (uS/cm)	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
1	B38W02D	7/17/2002	9:55	6.70	15.40	534.00	113.90	0.30	2.60
2	B38W07B	7/25/2002	13:35	6.59	15.57	427.00	133.40	0.32	2.20
3	B38W14D	7/24/2002	14:00	6.90	18.01	1228.00	-19.40	0.31	4.90
4	B38W15D	3/18/2003	12:55	7.43	13.95	2050.00	218.30	0.04	0.00
5	B38W17B	7/2/2002	10:40	6.87	6.78	2322.00	-20.80	31.64	-0.30
6	B38W18D	7/18/2002	9:15	5.54	19.39	724.00	332.60	0.50	10.90
7	B38W19D	7/9/2002	13:35	6.30	17.02	3749.00	1.30	12.90	0.00
8	B38W24D	7/15/2002	10:45	5.96	19.64	717.00	-15.40	0.28	2.20
9	B38W25D	7/10/2002	11:20	6.33	16.91	1160.00	-15.80	15.50	-1.20
10	BRPW-1DRE	8/13/2002	15:05	6.68	16.16	3027.00	-254.70	0.64	25.20
11	BRPZ-3RE	8/13/2002	10:55	6.14	18.05	6685.00	-578.00	0.48	43.20
12	BRPZ-4	8/6/2002	11:05	6.01	15.64	14309.00	-55.40	0.04	NR
13	BRPZ-5RE	8/7/2002	17:30	5.69	18.63	21948.00	-332.60	1.58	21.00
14	BRPZ-9	8/7/2002	10:25	6.26	15.84	10839.00	-72.80	0.07	NR
15	MISS-02B	7/8/2002	14:10	6.64	16.10	4889.00	-20.10	11.67	8.80
16	MISS03B	7/29/2002	9:45	6.25	16.46	1364.00	-3.80	0.30	11.80
17	MISS04B	7/29/2002	11:05	6.58	16.73	1553.00	-70.80	0.31	37.00
18	MISS-05B	7/31/2002	11:45	6.18	16.57	13128.00	-88.90	1.16	31.60
19	MISS07B	7/11/2002	14:00	6.91	17.70	7785.00	-40.90	0.26	29.10
20	MISS-1B	7/18/2002	14:55	7.28	20.68	682.00	136.00	2.24	87.70
21	MW-20D	8/5/2002	14:45	6.81	15.89	4184.00	-72.30	0.11	NR
22	MW-23D	7/26/2002	13:00	6.58	17.02	2230.00	-10.30	0.46	24.90
23	MW-24D	7/25/2002	9:35	6.47	15.74	4835.00	-39.70	0.34	1.20
24	MW-24DD	7/25/2002	10:25	6.94	15.77	3685.00	-103.80	0.77	17.60
25	MW-25D	7/26/2002	10:35	7.49	15.48	2305.00	-212.80	0.18	35.20
26	MW-26D	8/15/2002	13:25	6.90	19.60	8858.00	-626.30	1.67	3.20
27	MW-27D	10/14/2002	16:15	6.84	16.38	3870.00	-64.40	0.92	7.30
28	MW-28D	10/15/2002	10:55	6.75	15.70	2980.00	-71.10	0.73	7.70
29	MW-2D	7/30/2002	15:00	7.33	20.37	1831.00	-74.20	0.20	31.10
30	MW-31D	3/13/2003	12:15	6.75	13.97	2940.00	-71.40	0.02	38.40
31	MW-32D	5/28/2003	12:00	7.37	14.60	3460.00	-68.30	0.05	14.20
32	MW-33D	10/15/2002	14:10	6.49	14.76	8110.00	-47.20	0.80	1.00
33	MW-34D	10/15/2002	16:30	6.66	16.20	4110.00	-71.30	0.59	1.70
34	MW-3D	8/8/2002	15:30	6.37	14.86	8458.00	-31.70	0.52	9.90
35	MW-4D	8/1/2002	15:25	6.99	18.34	587.00	-40.10	0.66	55.10
36	MW-5D	8/2/2002	13:30	7.30	20.49	572.00	149.30	4.02	12.60
37	MW-6D	8/14/2002	14:30	7.21	20.59	819.00	-164.70	0.56	660.90
38	MW-7D	8/5/2002	10:45	6.72	16.69	1422.00	-85.80	0.08	NR

Legend
 S.U. = Standard Units
 Temp = Temperature
 deg. C = Degrees Centigrade
 uS/cm = Microsiemens per centimeter
 Eh = Oxidation-Reduction Potential
 mv = Millivolts
 DO = Dissolved Oxygen
 mg/L = Milligrams per Liter
 NTU = Nephelometric Turbidity Unit

Table 3-8
Electron Acceptor Data - RI Addendum
FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site, Maywood, NJ

Well	Sample I.D.	Analysis Name	Result	Result Qualifier	IDL	Units	Date of Sample Collection
B38W15D	20A-021731	Nitrate, nitrogen	0.11		0.1	mg/L	3/12/2003
B38W17B	20a-021659	Nitrate, nitrogen	0.1	U	0.1	mg/L	7/30/2002
BRPZ-4	12b-021684	Nitrate, nitrogen	0.067	B	0.1	mg/L	8/6/2002
BRPZ-9	12b-021729	Nitrate, nitrogen	0.1	U	0.1	mg/L	10/17/2002
MISS05B	12b-024635	Nitrate, nitrogen	0.1	U	0.1	mg/L	7/31/2002
MW-26D	12b-021703	Nitrate, nitrogen	0.1	U	0.1	mg/L	8/15/2002
MW-2D	23b-021661	Nitrate, nitrogen	0.14		0.1	mg/L	7/30/2002
MW-31D	23b-021734	Nitrate, nitrogen	0.1	U	0.1	mg/L	3/13/2003
MW-32D	23b-021742	Nitrate, nitrogen	0.04		0.1	mg/L	5/28/2003
B38W15D	20A-021731	Ammonia, nitrogen	2		0.04	mg/L	3/12/2003
B38W17B	20a-021659	Ammonia, nitrogen	9.6		0.04	mg/L	7/30/2002
BRPZ-4	12b-021684	Ammonia, nitrogen	2.2		0.04	mg/L	8/6/2002
BRPZ-9	12b-021729	Ammonia, nitrogen	2.9		0.04	mg/L	10/17/2002
MISS05B	12b-024635	Ammonia, nitrogen	19		0.04	mg/L	7/31/2002
MW-26D	12b-021703	Ammonia, nitrogen	5.3		0.04	mg/L	8/15/2002
MW-2D	23b-021661	Ammonia, nitrogen	0.88		0.04	mg/L	7/30/2002
MW-31D	23b-021734	Ammonia, nitrogen	2.5		0.04	mg/L	3/13/2003
MW-32D	23b-021742	Ammonia, nitrogen	2.1		0.04	mg/L	5/28/2003
B38W15D	20A-024737	Manganese, Total	1.06		5.4	mg/L	7/1/2003
B38W17B	20a-021659	Manganese, Total	3.01		15	mg/L	7/30/2002
BRPZ-4	12b-021684	Manganese, Total	9.39		15	mg/L	8/6/2002
BRPZ-9	12b-021729	Manganese, Total	4.73	J	15	mg/L	10/17/2002
MISS05B	12b-024635	Manganese, Total	3.01		15	mg/L	7/31/2002
MW-26D	12b-021703	Manganese, Total	1.42		15	mg/L	8/15/2002
MW-2D	23b-021661	Manganese, Total	0.379		15	mg/L	7/30/2002
MW-31D	23b-024788	Manganese, Total	0.871		5.4	mg/L	7/1/2003
MW-32D	23b-021742	Manganese, Total	0.971		15	mg/L	5/28/2003
B38W15D	20A-024790	Manganese (Filtered)	0.991		5.4	mg/L	7/1/2003
B38W17B	20a-021660	Manganese (Filtered)	2.89		15	mg/L	7/30/2002
BRPZ-4	12b-021686	Manganese (Filtered)	5.26		15	mg/L	8/6/2002
BRPZ-9	12b-021729	Manganese (Filtered)	5.15	J	15	mg/L	10/17/2002
MISS05B	12b-024723	Manganese (Filtered)	2.91		15	mg/L	7/31/2002

Table 3-8
Electron Acceptor Data - RI Addendum
FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site, Maywood, NJ

Well	Sample I.D.	Analysis Name	Result	Result Qualifier	IDL	Units	Date of Sample Collection
MW-26D	12b-021704	Manganese (Filtered)	1.39		15	mg/L	8/15/2002
MW-2D	23b-021662	Manganese (Filtered)	0.358		15	mg/L	7/30/2002
MW-31D	23b-024789	Manganese (Filtered)	0.868		5.4	mg/L	7/1/2003
MW-32D	N/A	Manganese (Filtered)	NA		NA	NA	NA
B38W15D	20A-024737	Iron, Total	ND	U	104	mg/L	7/1/2003
B38W17B	20a-021659	Iron, Total	5.55		200	mg/L	7/30/2002
BRPZ-4	12b-021684	Iron, Total	13.9		200	mg/L	8/6/2002
BRPZ-9	12b-021729	Iron, Total	11.5	J	200	mg/L	10/17/2002
MISS05B	12b-024635	Iron, Total	6.22		200	mg/L	7/31/2002
MW-26D	12b-021703	Iron, Total	63.6		200	mg/L	8/15/2002
MW-2D	23b-021661	Iron, Total	5		200	mg/L	7/30/2002
MW-31D	23b-024788	Iron, Total	0.19		104	mg/L	7/1/2003
MW-32D	23b-021742	Iron, Total	1.42		200	mg/L	5/28/2003
B38W15D	20A-024790	Iron (Filtered)	ND	U	104	mg/L	7/1/2003
B38W17B	20a-021660	Iron (Filtered)	5.14		200	mg/L	7/30/2002
BRPZ-4	12b-021686	Iron (Filtered)	7.07		200	mg/L	8/6/2002
BRPZ-9	12b-021729	Iron (Filtered)	9.07	J	200	mg/L	10/17/2002
MISS05B	12b-024723	Iron (Filtered)	2.82		200	mg/L	7/31/2002
MW-26D	12b-021704	Iron (Filtered)	62.7		200	mg/L	8/15/2002
MW-2D	23b-021662	Iron (Filtered)	0.44		200	mg/L	7/30/2002
MW-31D	23b-024789	Iron (Filtered)	ND		104	mg/L	7/1/2003
MW-32D	N/A	Iron (Filtered)	NA		NA	NA	NA
B38W15D	20A-021731	Sulfate	1	U	1	mg/L	3/12/2003
B38W17B	20a-021659	Sulfate	670		1	mg/L	7/30/2002
BRPZ-4	12b-021684	Sulfate	1500		1	mg/L	8/6/2002
BRPZ-9	12b-021729	Sulfate	1400		1	mg/L	10/17/2002
MISS05B	12b-024635	Sulfate	800		1	mg/L	7/31/2002
MW-26D	12b-021703	Sulfate	3000		1	mg/L	8/15/2002
MW-2D	23b-021661	Sulfate	350		1	mg/L	7/30/2002
MW-31D	23b-021734	Sulfate	890		1	mg/L	3/13/2003
MW-32D	23b-021742	Sulfate	1100		1	mg/L	5/28/2003

Table 3-8
Electron Acceptor Data - RI Addendum
FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site, Maywood, NJ

Well	Sample I.D.	Analysis Name	Result	Result Qualifier	IDL	Units	Date of Sample Collection
B38W15D	20A-021731	Sulfide	1	U	1	mg/L	3/12/2003
B38W17B	20a-021659	Sulfide	1	U	1	mg/L	7/30/2002
BRPZ-4	12b-021684	Sulfide	0.2	J	1	mg/L	8/6/2002
BRPZ-9	12b-021729	Sulfide	1		1	mg/L	10/17/2002
MISS05B	12b-024635	Sulfide	1	U	1	mg/L	7/31/2002
MW-26D	12b-021703	Sulfide	1	U	1	mg/L	8/15/2002
MW-2D	23b-021661	Sulfide	1	U	1	mg/L	7/30/2002
MW-31D	23b-021734	Sulfide	1	U	1	mg/L	3/13/2003
MW-32D	23b-021742	Sulfide	0.5		1	mg/L	5/28/2003
B38W15D	20A-021731	Methane	0.002	NV	2	mg/L	3/12/2003
B38W17B	20a-021659	Methane	0.059	D	10	mg/L	7/30/2002
BRPZ-4	12b-021684	Methane	3.1	D	40	mg/L	8/6/2002
BRPZ-9	12b-021729	Methane	2.9	NV	40	mg/L	10/17/2002
MISS05B	12b-024635	Methane	0.22		2	mg/L	7/31/2002
MW-26D	12b-021703	Methane	1.8	D	40	mg/L	8/15/2002
MW-2D	23b-021661	Methane	0.28		2	mg/L	7/30/2002
MW-31D	23b-021734	Methane	0.0046	NV	2	mg/L	3/13/2003
MW-32D	23b-021742	Methane	0.038	NV	2	mg/L	3/13/2003

Legend

- mg/L = Milligrams per Liter
- U = Non-Detect Result
- D = Diluted Sample Result
- NV = Not Validated
- J = Estimated Result Concentration
- B = Detected in Blank Sample

Table 3-9
Nutrient Results - RI Addendum
FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site, Maywood, NJ

Well	Sample I.D.	Analysis Name	Result (mg/L)	Result Qualifier	Detection Limit (mg/L)	Collection Date
MISS05B	12b-024635	Nitrate, nitrogen	0.1	U	0.1	7/31/2002
MISS05B	12b-024635	Phosphorous, Total	0.604		0.1	7/31/2002
MISS05B	12b-024635	Total Organic Carbon	3.5		1	7/31/2002
B38W15D	20A-021731	Nitrate, nitrogen	0.11		0.1	3/12/2003
B38W15D	20A-021731	Phosphorous, total	0.0579	J	0.1	3/12/2003
B38W15D	20A-021731	Total Organic Carbon	2.2		1	3/12/2003
B38W17B	20a-021659	Nitrate, Nitrogen	0.1	U	0.1	7/30/2002
B38W17B	20a-021659	Phosphorous, total	0.474		0.1	7/30/2002
B38W17B	20a-021659	Total Organic Carbon	2.2	U	1	7/30/2002
BRPZ-4	12b-021684	Nitrate, nitrogen	0.067	J	0.1	8/6/2002
BRPZ-4	12b-021684	Phosphorous, total	1.37		0.5	8/6/2002
BRPZ-4	12b-021684	Total Organic Carbon	0.38	J	1	8/6/2002
BRPZ-9	12b-021729	Nitrate, nitrogen	0.1	U	0.1	10/17/2002
BRPZ-9	12b-021729	Phosphorous, total	0.0059	U	0.1	10/17/2002
BRPZ-9	12b-021729	Total Organic Carbon	25		1	10/17/2002
MW-26D	12b-021703	Nitrate, nitrogen	0.1	U	0.1	8/15/2002
MW-26D	12b-021703	Phosphorous, total	0.201		0.1	8/15/2002
MW-26D	12b-021703	Total Organic Carbon	34		1	8/15/2002
MW-2D	23b-021661	Nitrate, Nitrogen	0.14	U	0.1	7/30/2002
MW-2D	23b-021661	Phosphorous, total	0.0952	J	0.1	7/30/2002
MW-2D	23b-021661	Total Organic Carbon	0.41	U	1	7/30/2002
MW-31D	23b-021734	Nitrate, nitrogen	0.1	U	0.1	3/13/2003
MW-31D	23b-021734	Phosphorous, total	0.125		0.1	3/13/2003
MW-31D	23b-021734	Total Organic Carbon	0.78	U	1	3/13/2003
MW-32D	23b-021742	Nitrate, nitrogen	0.04		0.1	5/28/2003
MW-32D	23b-021742	Phosphorous, total	0.302		0.1	5/28/2003
MW-32D	23b-021742	Total Organic Carbon	3.3	U	1	5/28/2003

Legend
 mg/L = Milligrams per Liter

Table 3-10
Summary of Benzene Groundwater Results for Wells Presented in Figure 3-3
FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site, Maywood, NJ

Well	Benzene Result (ppb)	Result Qualifier	Detection Limit (ppb)	Collection Date
B38W02D	0.7	J	1	11/8/2000
B38W05B	ND	U	1	11/17/2000
B38W06B	ND	UJ	1	11/29/2000
B38W07B	0.1	J	1	11/7/2000
B38W07B	ND	U	0.5	7/25/2002
B38W14D	0.1	J	1	11/16/2000
B38W14D	ND		0.5	7/24/2002
B38W15D	0.7	J	1	11/9/2000
B38W15D	0.42	J	1	3/18/2003
B38W15D	ND	U	1	3/18/2003
B38W17B	ND	U	10	11/1/2000
B38W17B	ND	U	25	7/30/2002
B38W18D	ND	U	1	11/13/2000
B38W19D	1		1	11/7/2000
B38W24D	0.2	J	1	11/15/2000
B38W25D	0.4	J	1	11/27/2000
BRPW-1DRE	8		1	8/15/2001
BRPW-1DRE	ND	U	0.5	8/13/2002
BRPZ-2RE	850	D	50	8/14/2001
BRPZ-3RE	200	D	100	8/14/2001
BRPZ-3RE	130		5	8/13/2002
BRPZ-4	890		25	7/19/2001
BRPZ-4	760		20	8/6/2002
BRPZ-5 (Deep Packer Sample)	290		10	6/19/2001
BRPZ-5 (Middle Packer Zone Sample)	480		25	6/19/2001
BRPZ-5 (Shallow Packer Zone Sample)	5000		200	6/19/2001
BRPZ-5	9500	J	200	8/7/2002
BRPZ-7	210		10	6/4/2001
BRPZ-9	1500		50	7/19/2001

Table 3-10
Summary of Benzene Groundwater Results for Wells Presented in Figure 3-3
FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site, Maywood, NJ

Well	Benzene Result (ppb)	Result Qualifier	Detection Limit (ppb)	Collection Date
BRPZ-9	1800	J	50	8/7/2002
MISS01B	ND	U	0.9	6/20/2000
MISS01B	ND	U	1	12/21/2000
MISS01B	ND	U	1	6/19/2001
MISS01B	ND	U	0.5	7/18/2002
MISS01B	ND	U	0.2	7/9/2003
MISS02B	150		NA	1/1/1985
MISS02B	180		NA	1/1/1986
MISS02B	150		NA	1/1/1987
MISS02B	62		NA	1/1/1988
MISS02B	70		NA	1/1/1989
MISS02B	180		NA	1/1/1990
MISS02B	ND	U	NA	1/1/1991
MISS02B	3	J	5	10/15/1992
MISS02B	7		5	7/20/1993
MISS02B	2	J	5	5/13/1994
MISS02B	1	J	5	5/9/1995
MISS02B	1		1	5/14/1996
MISS02B	1		0.5	6/23/2000
MISS02B	0.6	J	1	11/21/2000
MISS02B	0.7	J	1	11/21/2000
MISS02B	0.3	J	1	7/5/2001
MISS02B	0.2	J	0.5	7/8/2002
MISS02B	0.2		0.08	6/30/2003
MISS03B	ND	U	NA	1/1/1985
MISS03B	47		NA	1/1/1986
MISS03B	ND	U	NA	1/1/1987
MISS03B	ND	U	NA	1/1/1988
MISS03B	ND	U	NA	1/1/1989
MISS03B	ND	U	NA	1/1/1990
MISS03B	ND	U	NA	1/1/1991
MISS03B	ND	U	1	11/13/2000
MISS03B	ND	U	1	7/12/2001
MISS03B	ND	U	0.5	7/29/2002
MISS04B	6	J	1	11/14/2000
MISS04B	5		2	7/29/2002
MISS05B	660		NA	1/1/1985
MISS05B	ND	U	NA	1/1/1986
MISS05B	ND	U	NA	1/1/1987
MISS05B	ND	U	NA	1/1/1988
MISS05B	ND	U	NA	1/1/1990
MISS05B	ND	U	NA	1/1/1991
MISS05B	200		5	10/14/1992

Table 3-10
Summary of Benzene Groundwater Results for Wells Presented in Figure 3-3
FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site, Maywood, NJ

Well	Benzene Result (ppb)	Result Qualifier	Detection Limit (ppb)	Collection Date
MISS05B	83		5	8/12/1993
MISS05B	170		5	5/17/1994
MISS05B	89		5	5/11/1995
MISS05B	97		2	5/16/1996
MISS05B	62		5	5/14/1997
MISS05B	15		5	6/30/1998
MISS05B	6		5	7/11/2000
MISS05B	3500	D	100	11/6/2000
MISS05B	330	D	25	6/18/2001
MISS05B	680		25	7/31/2002
MISS07B	7		NA	1/1/1985
MISS07B	31		NA	1/1/1986
MISS07B	77		NA	1/1/1987
MISS07B	ND	U	NA	1/1/1988
MISS07B	ND	U	NA	1/1/1990
MISS07B	ND	U	NA	1/1/1991
MISS07B	ND	U	5	7/12/2000
MISS07B	0.2	J	1	11/6/2000
MISS07B	0.2	J	1	6/11/2001
MISS07B	ND	U	0.5	7/11/2002
MW-19D	ND	U	1	2/28/2001
MW-19DD	0.1	J	1	3/1/2001
MW-20D	0.4	J	1	3/14/2001
MW-20D	ND	U	0.5	8/5/2002
MW-23D	ND	U	1	7/9/2001
MW-23D	ND	U	0.5	7/26/2002
MW-23DD	ND	U	1	7/9/2001
MW-24D	78		10	9/6/2001
MW-24D	29		0.5	7/25/2002
MW-24DD	33		5	9/6/2001
MW-24DD	9		0.5	7/25/2002
MW-25D	0.3	J	1	1/3/2002
MW-25D	0.4	J	0.5	7/26/2002
MW-26D	520	D	25	1/3/2002
MW-26D	180		5	8/15/2002
MW-27D	5		0.5	10/14/2002
MW-28D	6		0.5	10/15/2002

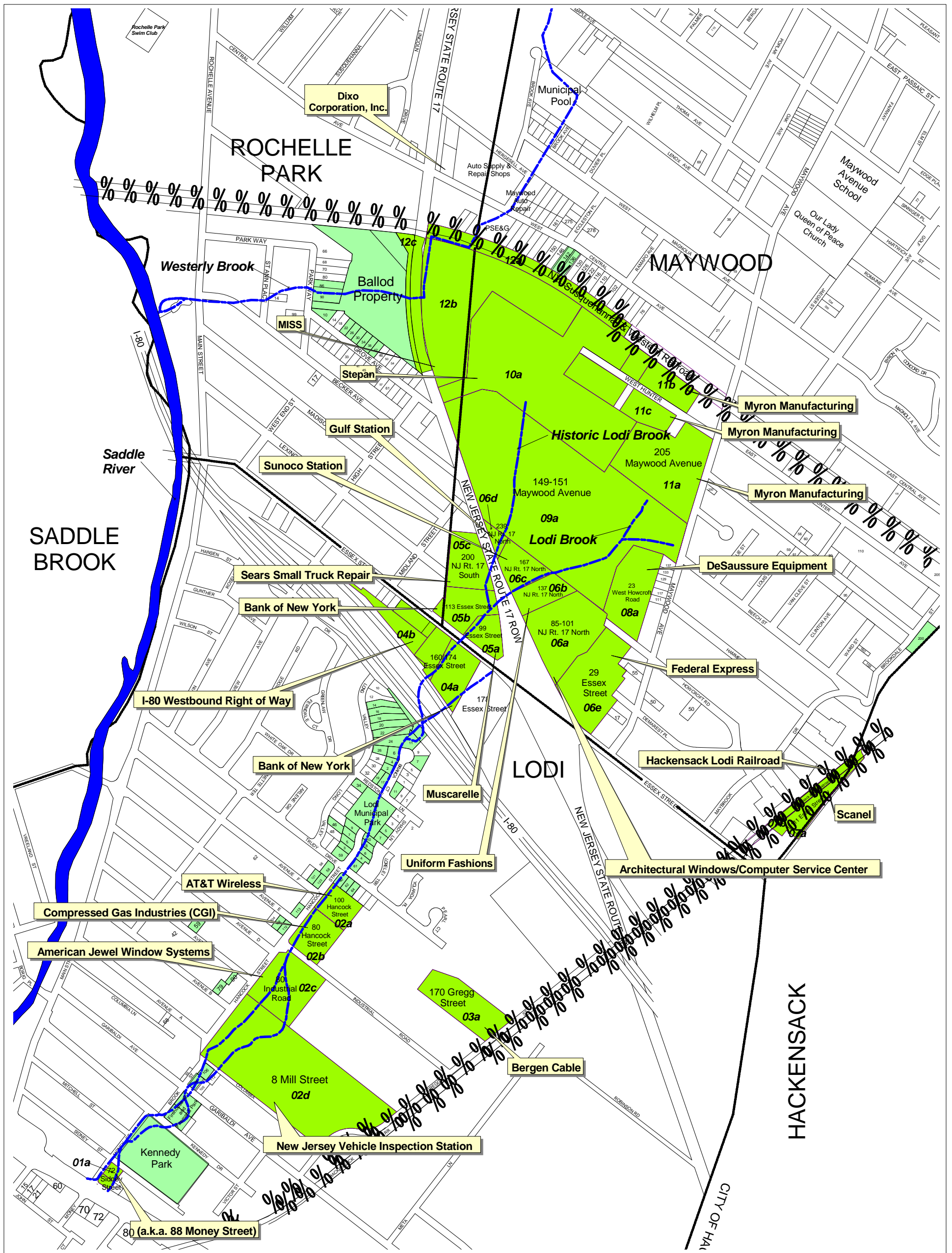
Table 3-10
Summary of Benzene Groundwater Results for Wells Presented in Figure 3-3
FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site, Maywood, NJ

Well	Benzene Result (ppb)	Result Qualifier	Detection Limit (ppb)	Collection Date
MW-2D	ND	U	1	2/14/2001
MW-2D	ND	U	1	7/30/2002
MW-31D	ND	U	0.5	3/13/2003
MW-32D	0.2	J	0.5	5/28/2003
MW-33D	10		0.5	10/15/2002
MW-34D	16		0.5	10/15/2002
MW-3D	5		1	4/19/2001
MW-3D	15		2	8/8/2002
MW-4D	ND	U	1	2/20/2001
MW-4D	ND	U	0.5	8/1/2002
MW-5D	ND	U	1	2/15/2001
MW-5D	ND	U	0.5	8/2/2002
MW-6D	ND	U	1	2/21/2001
MW-6D	ND	U	1	8/14/2002
MW-7D	0.3	J	1	2/28/2001
MW-7D	0.4	J	0.5	8/5/2002

Legend

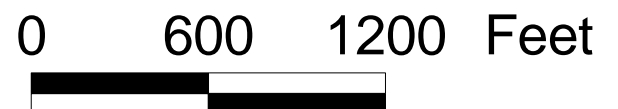
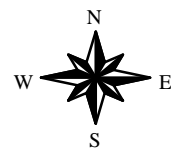
- ppb - parts per billion
- ND - Not Detected
- U - Non-Detect Qualifier, result reported at the detection limit
- NA - Historical Detection Limits not readily available
- D - Diluted Sample Result
- J - Estimated Concentration

FIGURES

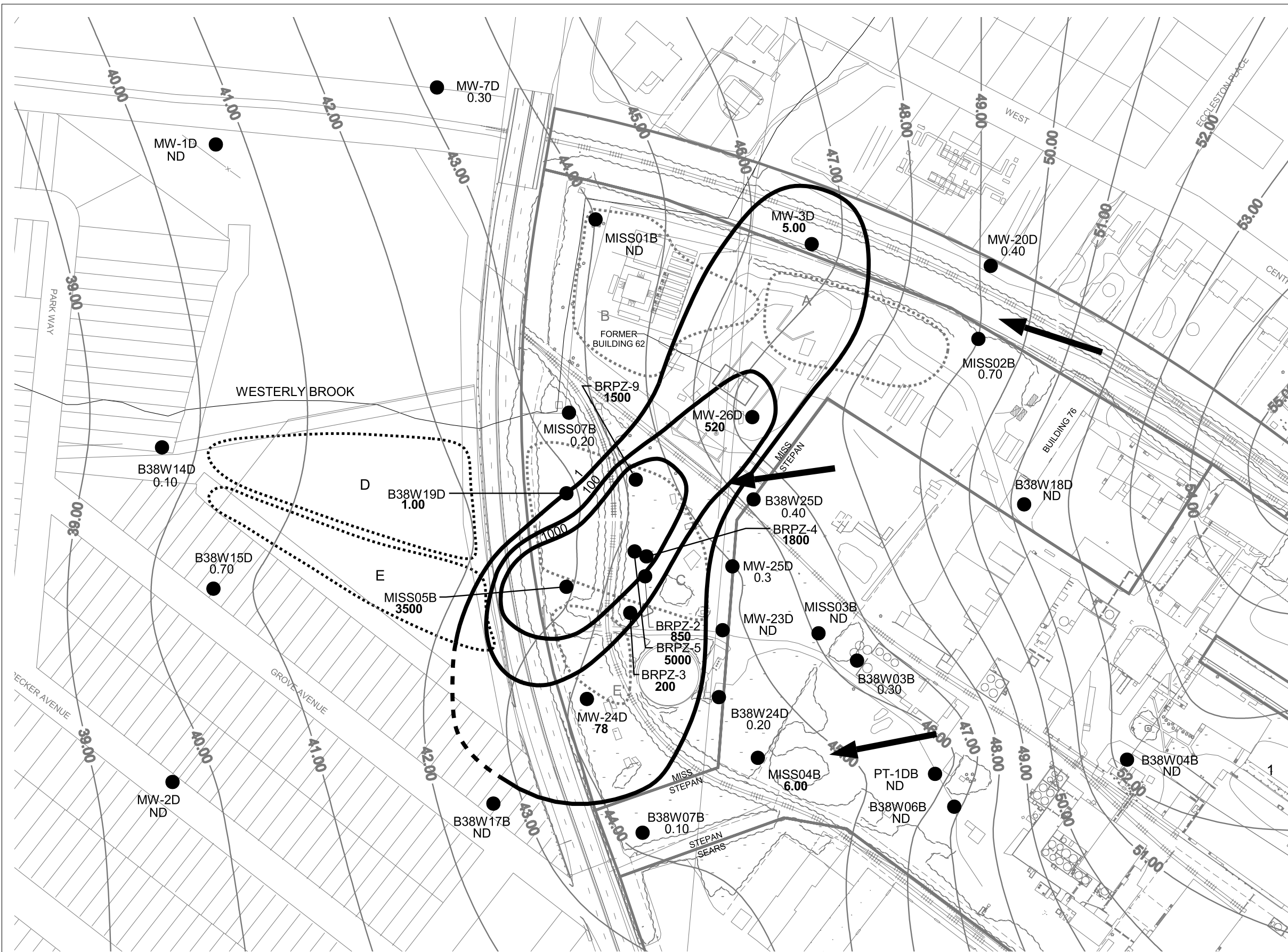


- Phase I Properties**
■ Remediated
Phase II Properties
■ Scheduled for remediation

Figure 1-1
 Location of FMSS Properties



Note: The location and status of the vicinity properties shown on this map are for general reference only. The USACE is reviewing historical archives to confirm the accuracy of the property locations and status depicted on the map. If you have specific questions about a particular property, please contact the USACE Public Information Center at 75A West Pleasant Avenue, Maywood, New Jersey or call 201-843-7466. Or, visit the FUSRAP Maywood Chemical Company Superfund Site website at www.fusrapmaywood.com.



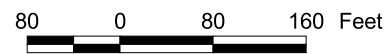
LEGEND:

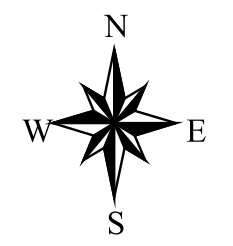
- BRPZ-5 5000 ug/L WELL IDENTIFICATION WITH BENZENE CONCENTRATION
 - 100 — LINE OF EQUAL BENZENE CONCENTRATION
 - - - 100 - - - DASHED WHERE INFERRED
 - 50 — EQUIPOTENTIAL CONTOUR (DECEMBER 2001)
 - ← GROUNDWATER FLOW DIRECTION
 - ⋯ A ⋯ FORMER RETENTION POND
 - ⋯ D ⋯ FORMER RETENTION POND - REMEDIATED
 - ▭ NRC BURIAL PIT
 - ND NON-DETECT
 - NA NOT ANALYZED
- BOLD CONCENTRATION DENOTES EXCEEDANCE OF STATE MCL OF 1 ug/L
- FEDERAL MCL = 5
NJDEP MCL = 1

SOURCE: FIGURE 5-17 FROM GWRI REPORT (USACE 2003)

Note: The location and status of the vicinity properties shown on this map are for general reference only. The USACE is reviewing historical archives to confirm the accuracy of the property locations and status depicted on the map. If you have specific questions about a particular property, please contact the USACE Public Information Center at 75A West Pleasant Avenue, Maywood, New Jersey or call 201-943-7466. Or, visit the FUSRAP Maywood Chemical Company Superfund Site website at www.fusrapmaywood.com.

**FIGURE 1-2
BENZENE RESULTS FOR BEDROCK
MONITORING WELL GROUNDWATER SAMPLES
(2000 - 2002)**





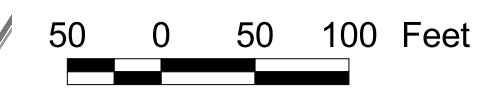
LEGEND:

- CP10 2 ug/kg BORING IDENTIFICATION WITH DETECTED BENZENE CONCENTRATION WHERE:
- CP12 BECHTEL CHEMICAL SOIL PILE SAMPLE
- C023 BECHTEL CHEMICAL SOIL SAMPLE (NON-SOIL PILE)
- 10a007 SWEC PHASE I SOIL SAMPLE
- TP5UPER SWEC PILOT PROGRAM TEST PIT SAMPLE (OR SIMILAR NOMENCLATURE)
- TP-32 STEPAN TEST PIT SAMPLE
- C-20 STEPAN CHEMICAL SOIL BORING REFER TO TABLE A-2 FOR SAMPLE DEPTHS. MAXIMUM CONCENTRATIONS DEPICTED ON FIGURE FOR A PARTICULAR BORING LOCATION.
- ND NON-DETECT

RESULTS IN MICROGRAMS PER KILOGRAM (ug/kg)

NJ SOIL IMPACT TO GROUNDWATER STANDARD FOR BENZENE = 1,000 ug/kg

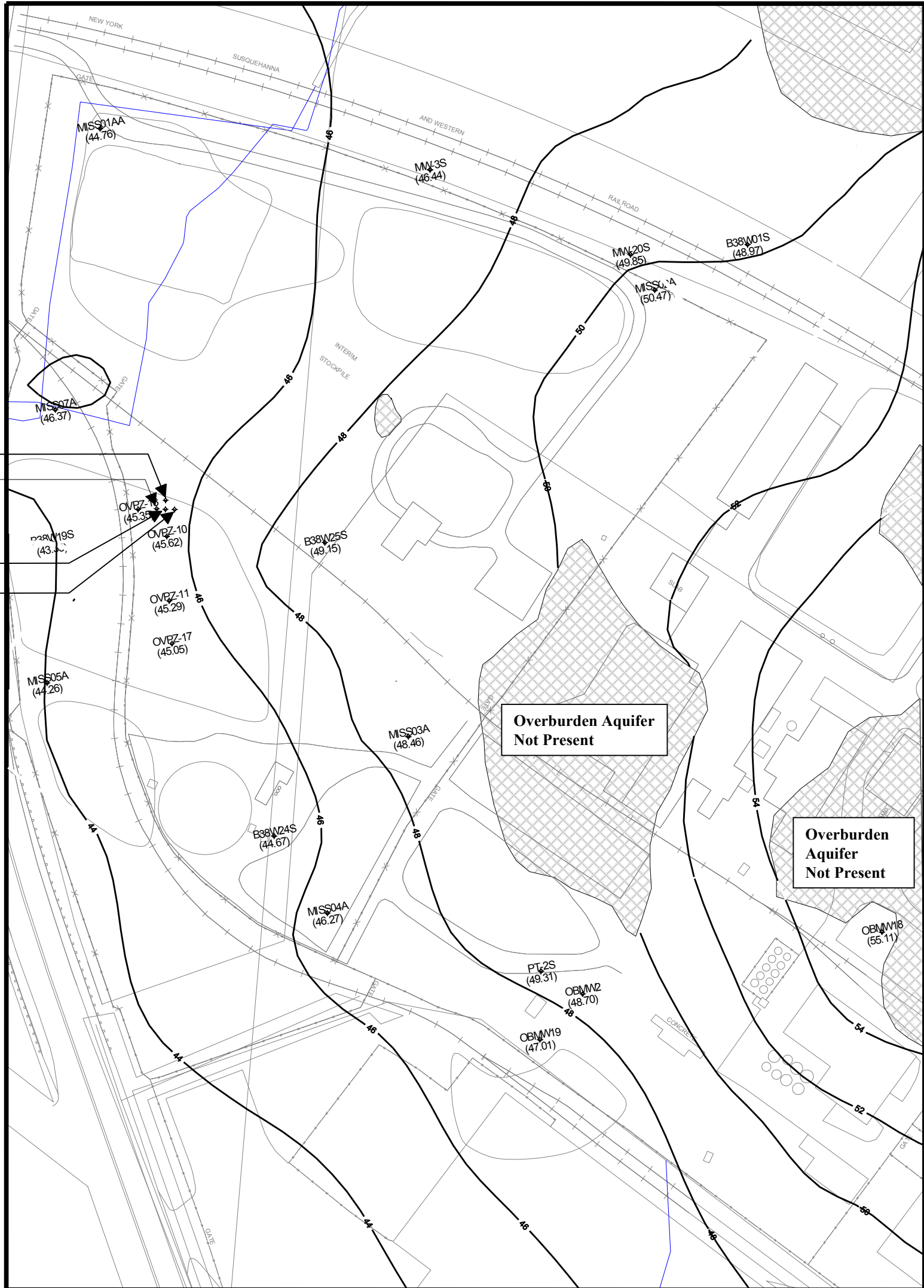
BOLDED CONCENTRATION DENOTES EXCEEDANCE OF NJ SOIL IMPACT TO GROUNDWATER STANDARD



**FIGURE 1-3
BENZENE IN OVERBURDEN SOILS**

Note: The location and status of the vicinity properties shown on this map are for general reference only. The USACE is reviewing historical archives to confirm the accuracy of the property locations and status depicted on the map. If you have specific questions about a particular property, please contact the USACE Public Information Center at 75A West Pleasant Avenue, Maywood, New Jersey or call 201-843-7466. Or, visit the FUSRAP Maywood Chemical Company Superfund Site website at <www.fusrapmaywood.com>.





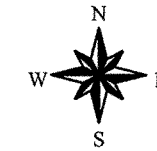
Legend:

- Overburden Monitoring Well
 - Zone of 0 ft. Saturated Thickness (i.e., Overburden Aquifer not Present).
 - Equipotential Contour in feet above Mean Sea Level (MSL). Contour Interval = 2 feet.
- Horizontal Scale in feet
-

Note: The location and status of the vicinity properties shown on this map are for general reference only. The USACE is reviewing historical archives to confirm the accuracy of the property locations and status depicted on the map. If you have specific questions about a particular property, please contact the USACE Public Information Center at 75A West Pleasant Avenue, Maywood, New Jersey or call 201-843-7468. Or, visit the FUSRAP Maywood Chemical Company Superfund Site website at www.fusrapmaywood.com.

Figure 1-5: Overburden Groundwater Surface Elevation Map of MISS based on July 2001 Synoptic Event





LEGEND:

- MW-25D EXISTING BEDROCK WELL IDENTIFICATION
- ⊙ MW-27D RI ADDENDUM BEDROCK MONITORING WELL IDENTIFICATION
- ⊠ B38W06D ABANDONED BEDROCK WELLS (NOT SAMPLED)
- ⬡ A FORMER RETENTION POND
- ⬡ D FORMER RETENTION POND - REMEDIATED
- ND NON-DETECT

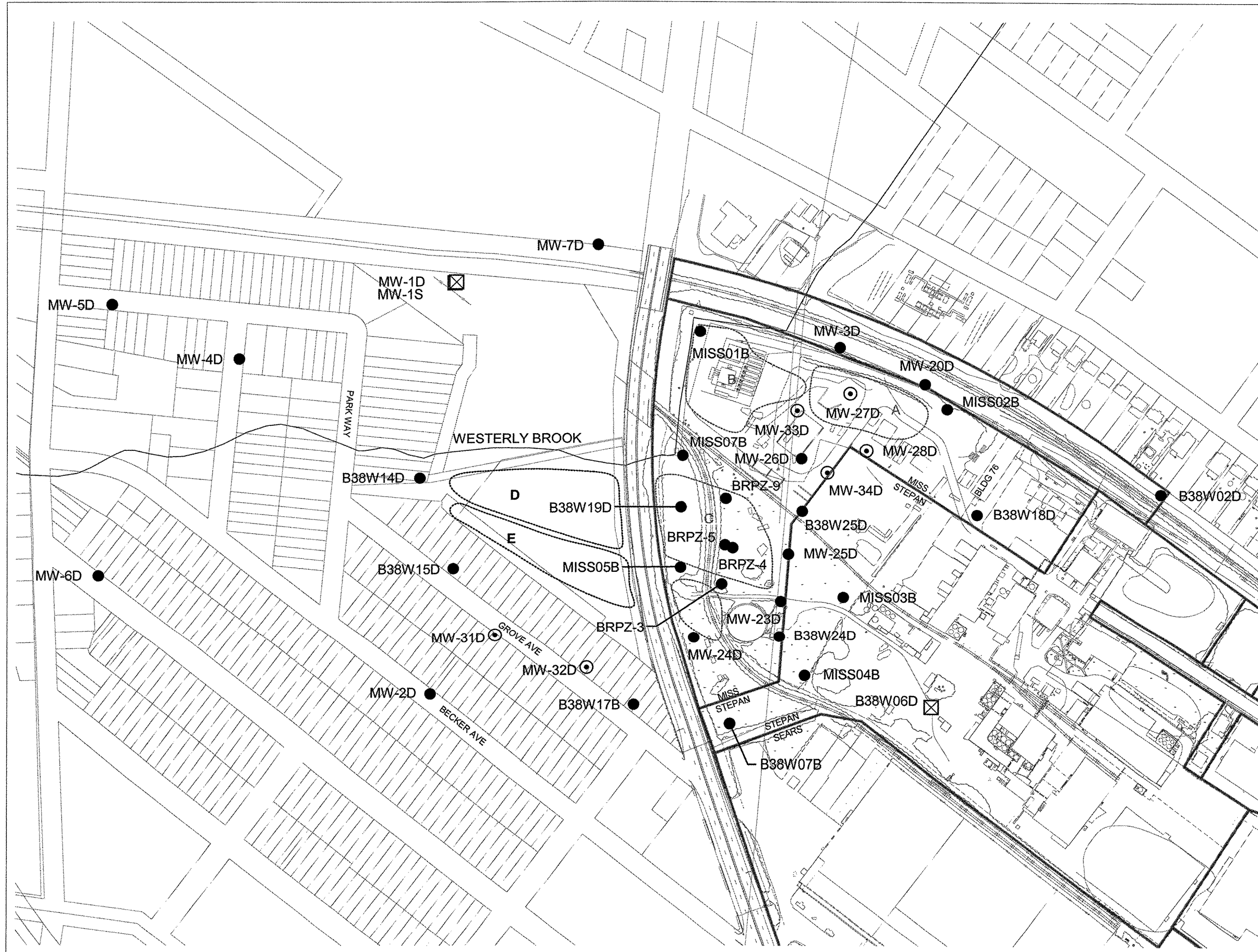
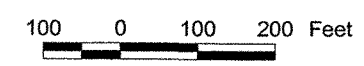
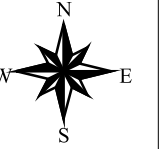


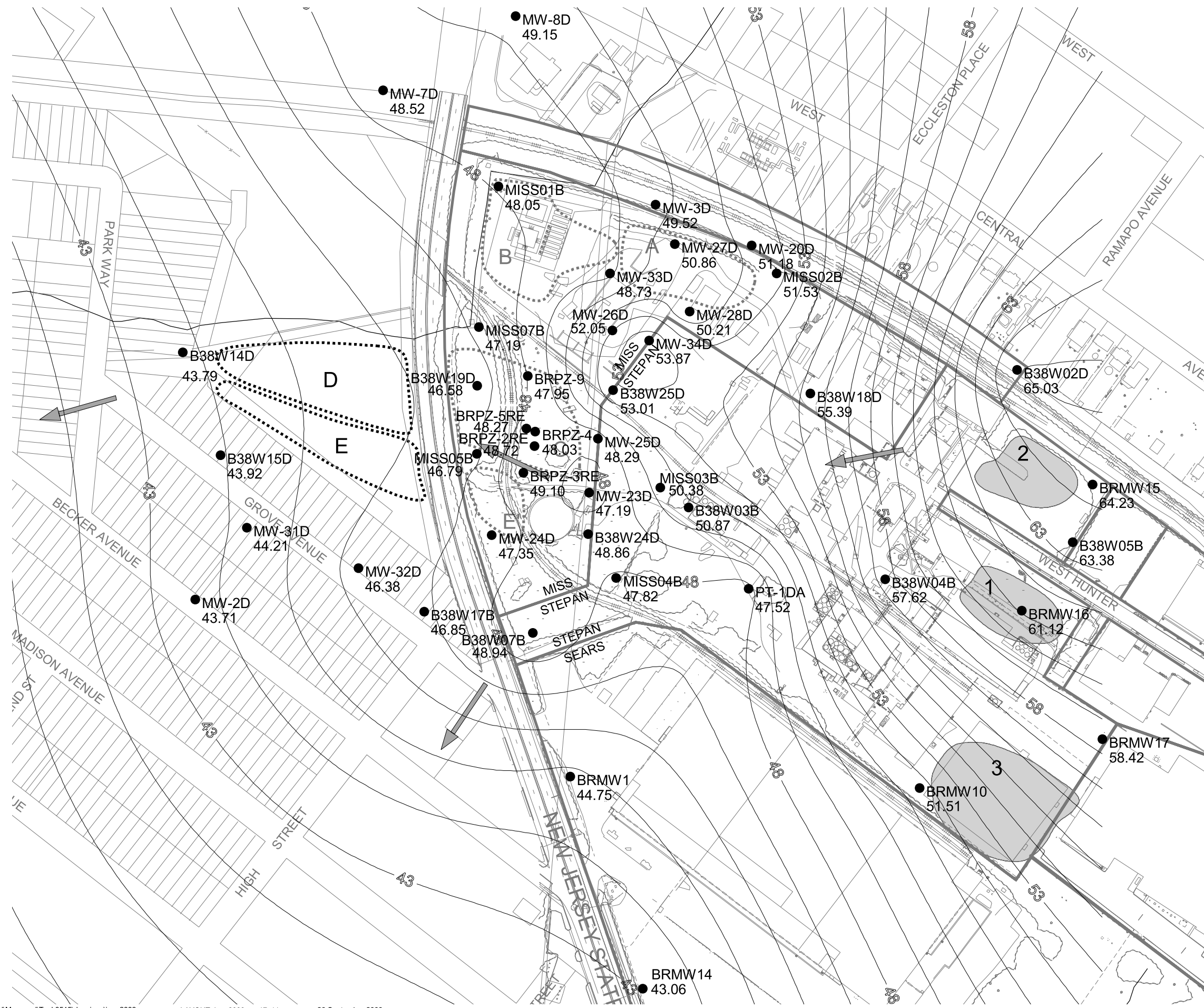
FIGURE 2-1
EXISTING AND NEWLY INSTALLED
BEDROCK WELLS SAMPLED AND ABANDONED WELLS
RI ADDENDUM





LEGEND:

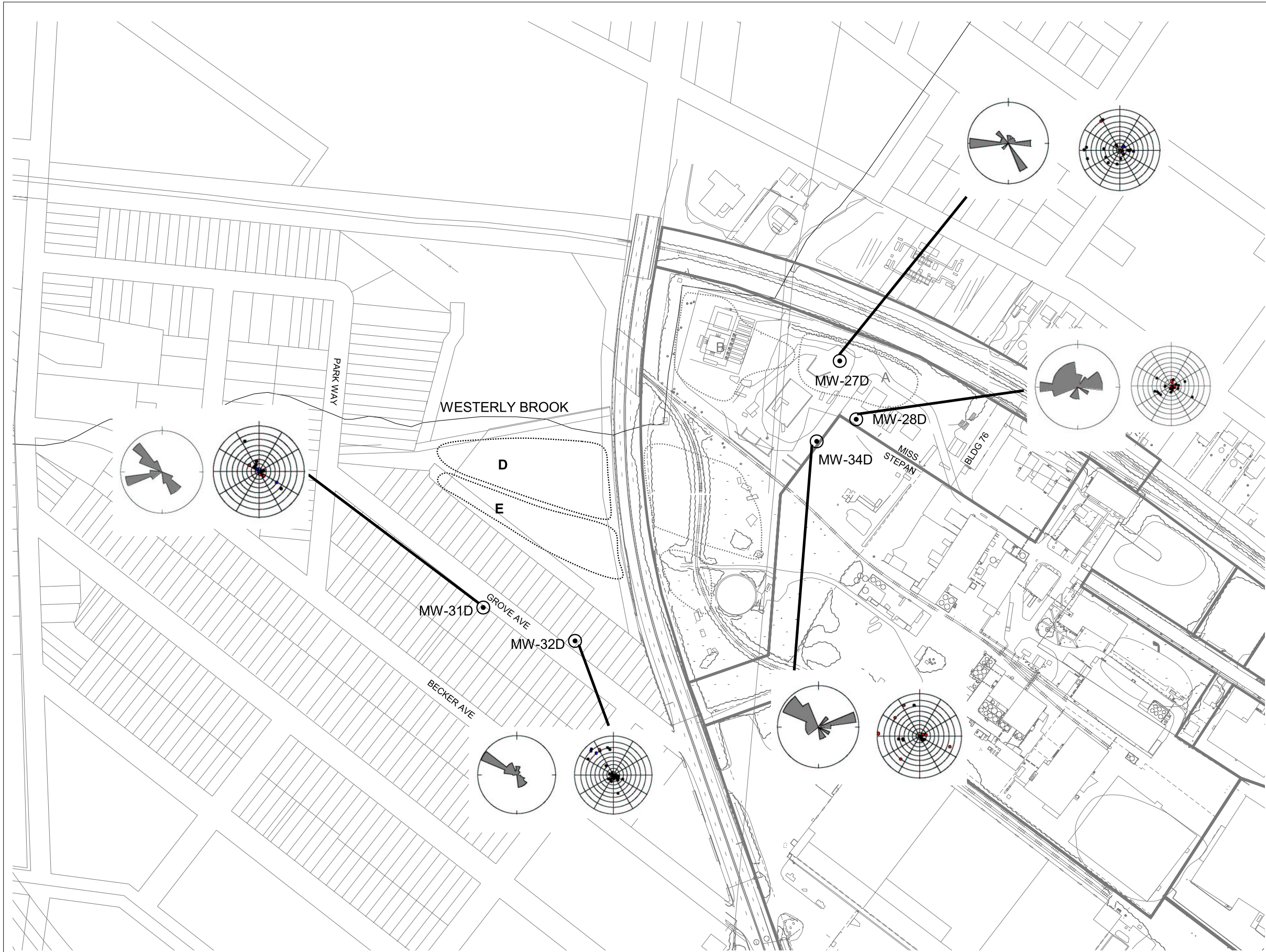
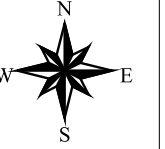
- B38W02D 65.03 BEDROCK MONITORING WELL DEPICTING TOTAL HYDRAULIC HEAD
- GROUNDWATER FLOW DIRECTION
- 52 LINE OF EQUAL HYDRAULIC HEAD
- A FORMER RETENTION POND
- D FORMER RETENTION POND - REMEDIATED
- NRC BURIAL PIT






Note: The location and status of the vicinity properties shown on this map are for general reference only. The USACE is reviewing historical archives to confirm the accuracy of the property locations and status depicted on the map. If you have specific questions about a particular property, please contact the USACE Public Information Center at 75A West Pleasant Avenue, Maywood, New Jersey or call 201-843-7465. Or, visit the FUSRAP Maywood Chemical Company Superfund Site website at <www.fusrapmaywood.com>.

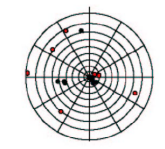
FIGURE 3-1
 POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP -
 BEDROCK MONITORING WELLS - JUNE 23 & 24, 2003

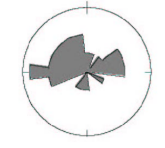




LEGEND:

-  MW-27D RI ADDENDUM BEDROCK MONITORING WELL IDENTIFICATION
-  A FORMER RETENTION POND
-  D FORMER RETENTION POND - REMEDIATED
- ND NON-DETECT

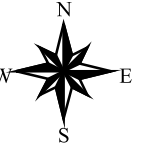
 Summary stereonet is a lower hemisphere, equal angle, polar projection. Summary stereonet diagram displays the dominant down-dip fracture azimuth and angle of fracture dip observed within borehole geophysical data in all FMSS boreholes logged. Black stereonet pole plots indicate less open fractures. Red stereonet pole plots indicate more open fractures. Blue stereonet pole plots indicate water filled fractures.

 Summary rose plot diagram displays the dominant down-dip fracture azimuth observed within borehole geophysical data in all FMSS boreholes logged.

Magnetic north is located to the top of each diagram.

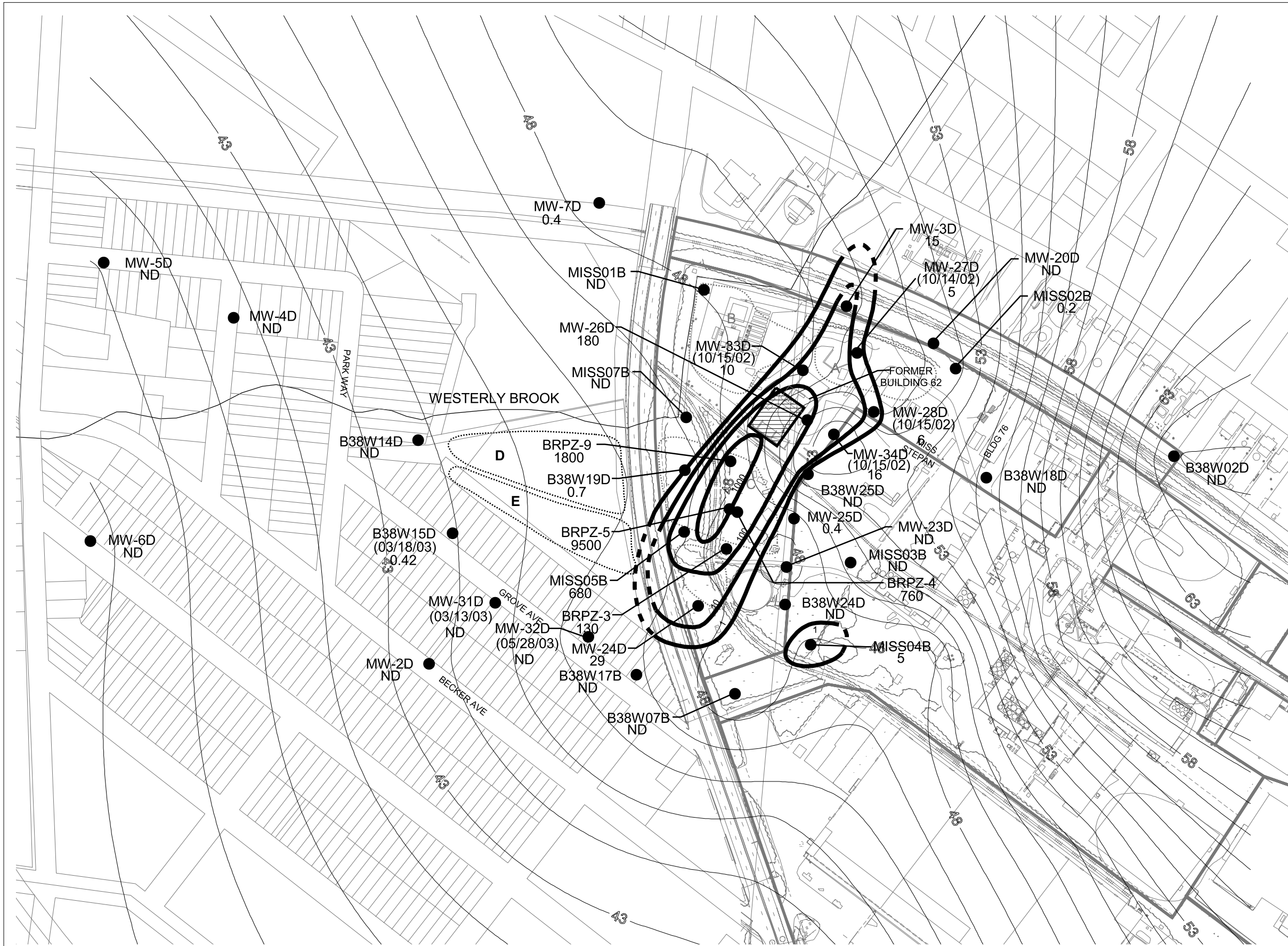
**FIGURE 3-2
SUMMARY OF BEDROCK FRACTURE ORIENTATION
RI ADDENDUM WELLS**





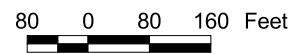
LEGEND:

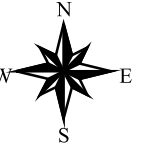
- MW-27D 5 ug/L BEDROCK WELL IDENTIFICATION WITH BENZENE CONCENTRATION
- A ○ FORMER RETENTION POND
- D ○ FORMER RETENTION POND - REMEDIATED
- ND NON-DETECT
- RESULTS IN MICROGRAMS PER LITER (ug/L)
- 10 — LINE OF EQUAL BENZENE CONCENTRATION
- - - 10 - - - DASHED WHERE INFERRED
- 47 — LINE OF EQUAL HYDRAULIC HEAD (JUNE 2003)
- ▨ POTENTIAL SOURCE AREA



Note: The location and status of the vicinity properties shown on this map are for general reference only. The USACE is reviewing historical archives to confirm the accuracy of the property locations and status depicted on the map. If you have specific questions about a particular property, please contact the USACE Public Information Center at 75A West Pleasant Avenue, Maywood, New Jersey or call 201-843-7466. Or, visit the FUSRAP Maywood Chemical Company Superfund Site website at <www.fusrapmaywood.com>.

FIGURE 3-3
BENZENE RESULTS FOR
BEDROCK WELL GROUNDWATER SAMPLES
RI ADDENDUM INVESTIGATION





LEGEND:

- MW-4D BEDROCK WELL IDENTIFICATION
- 149.3 mV EH FIELD MEASUREMENT
- 4.02 mg/L DO FIELD MEASUREMENT
- A FORMER RETENTION POND
- D FORMER RETENTION POND - REMEDIATED
- ND NON-DETECT
- R MEASUREMENT REJECTED
- RESULTS IN MILLIGRAMS PER LITER (mg/L) FOR DO AND MILLIVOLTS (mV) FOR Eh.
- 10 — LINE OF EQUAL BENZENE CONCENTRATION
- - - 10 - - - DASHED WHERE INFERRED
- * THESE VALUES ARE INCONSISTENT WITH OTHER SAMPLING DATA SHOWING DEEPLY REDUCED CONDITIONS AT THESE WELLS AND MAY REFLECT D.O. METER ERROR.

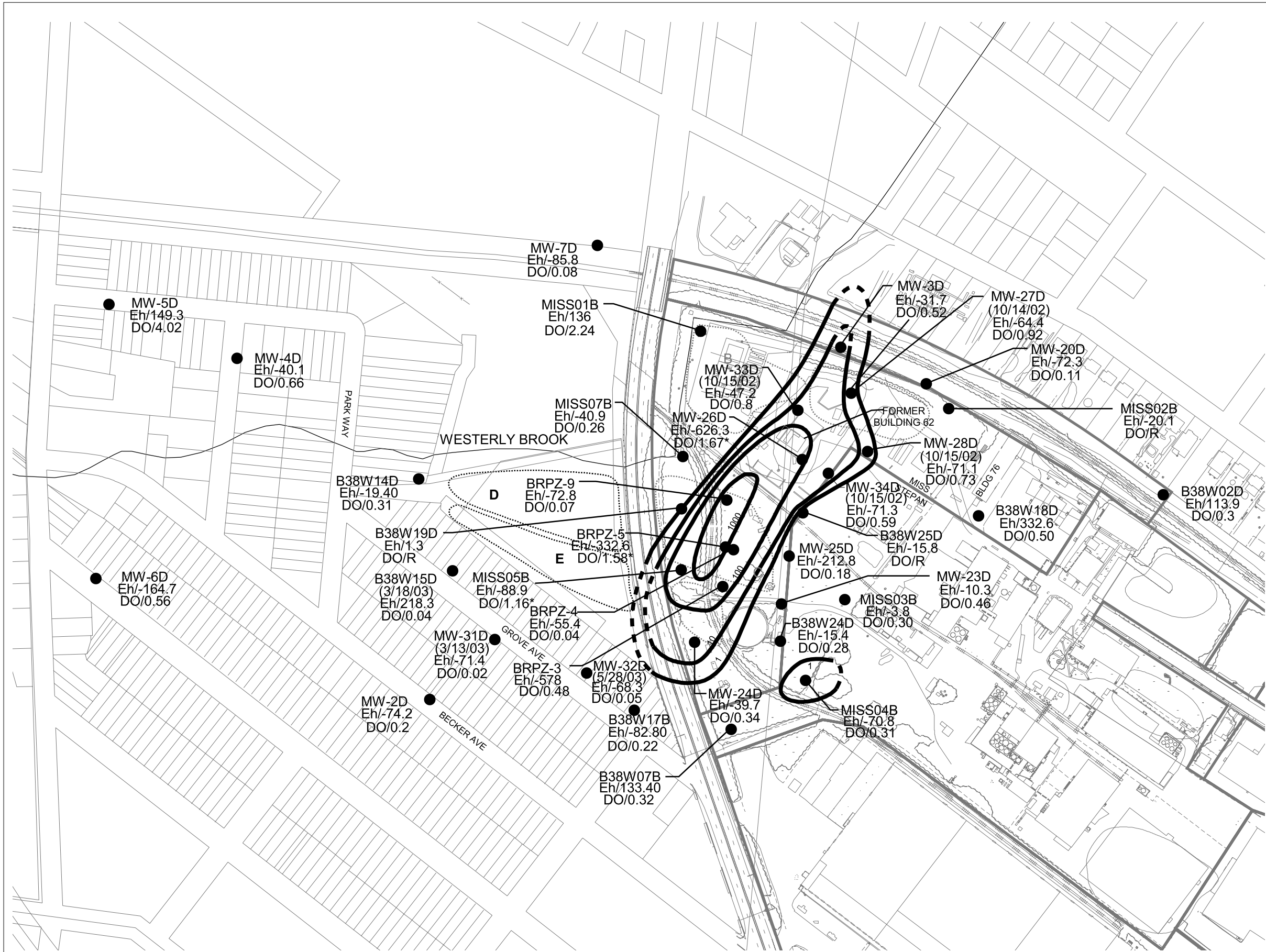
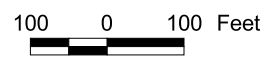


FIGURE 3-4
Eh AND DO FIELD DATA
BEDROCK WELLS - RI ADDENDUM



OXIDATION-REDUCTION POTENTIALS FOR VARIOUS OXIDATION-REDUCTION REACTIONS

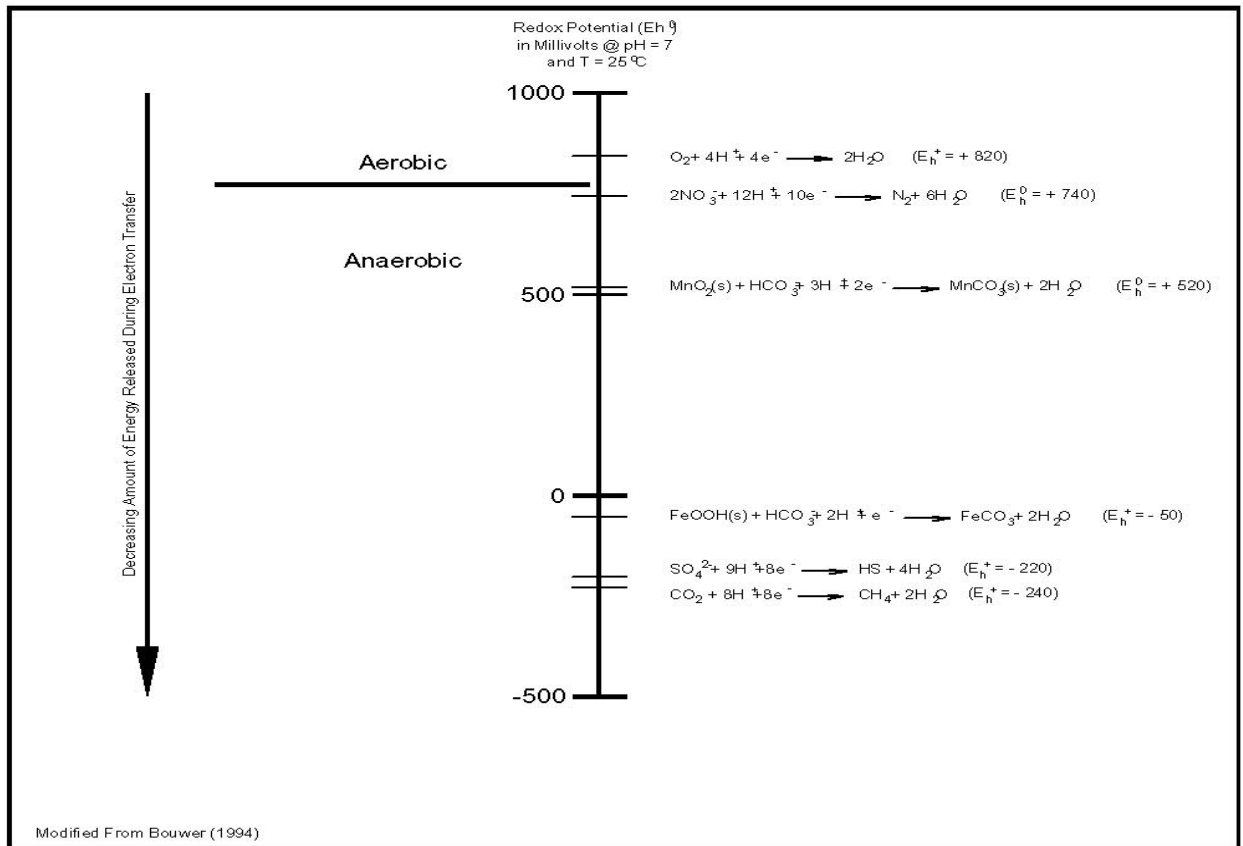


Figure 3-5
Oxidation-Reduction Potential for
Various Oxidation-Reduction Reactions



LEGEND:

● MW-26D (8/15/02)
 Mn(Tot)/Mn(Dis)=1.42/1.39 mg/L
 Nitrate/Ammonia=ND/5.3 mg/L
 Fe(Tot)/Fe(Dis)=63.6/62.7 mg/L
 Sulfate/Sulfide=3000/ND mg/L
 Methane=1.8 mg/L

○ BEDROCK WELL IDENTIFICATION WITH RESULTS

TOTAL AND FIELD FILTERED SAMPLES WERE COLLECTED FOR IRON AND MANGANESE. THE DISSOLVED IRON/MANGANESE ARE ASSUMED TO APPROXIMATE Fe+2 AND Mn+2 GROUNDWATER CONCENTRATIONS AT THE TIME OF COLLECTION.

- A ○ FORMER RETENTION POND
- D ○ FORMER RETENTION POND - REMEDIATED
- ND NON-DETECT
- NA NOT ANALYZED
- NC NOT CALCULATED
- RESULTS IN MILLIGRAMS PER LITER (mg/L)
- 10 — LINE OF EQUAL BENZENE CONCENTRATION
- - - 10 - - - DASHED WHERE INFERRED

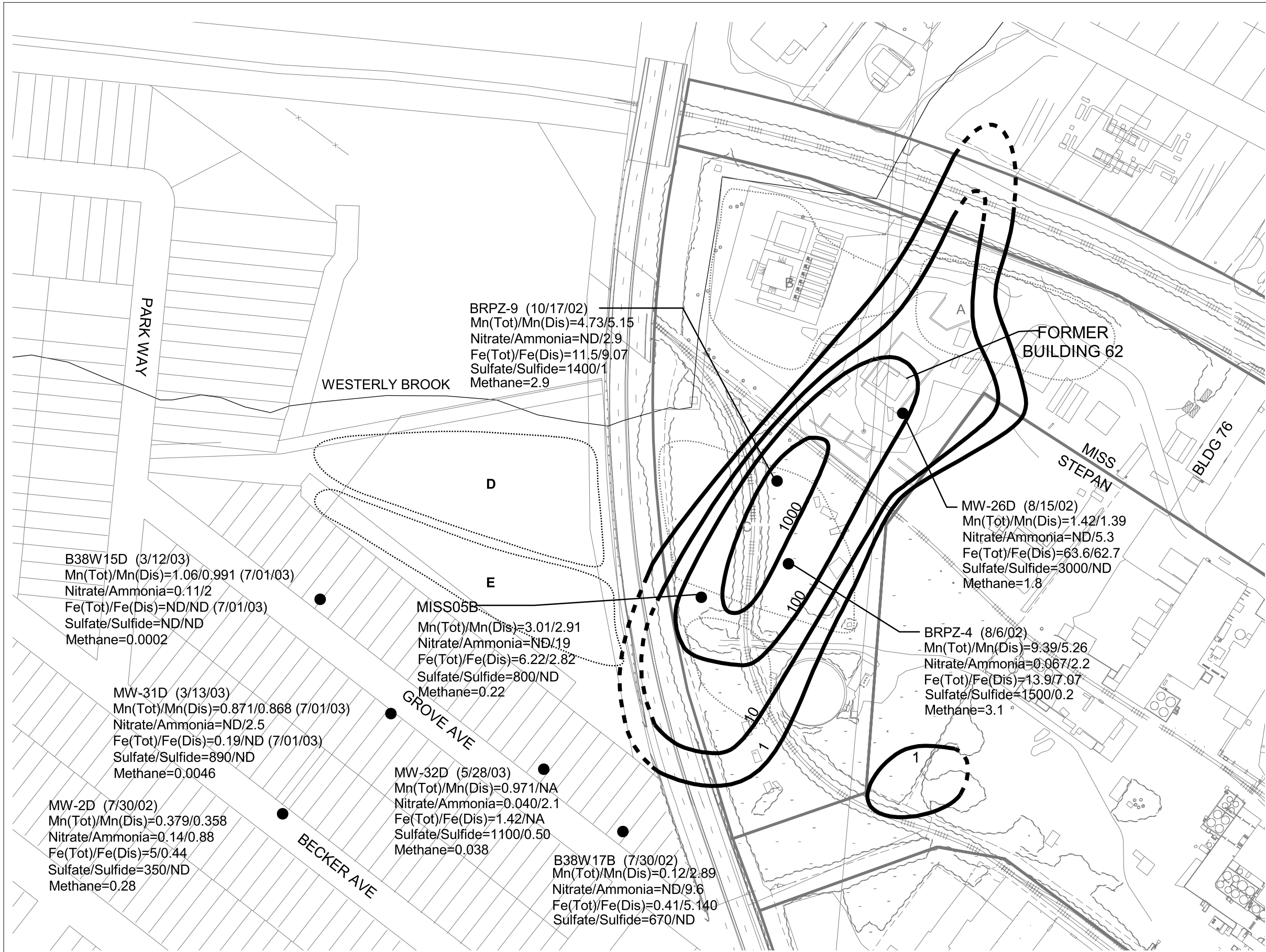
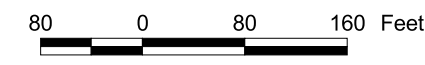


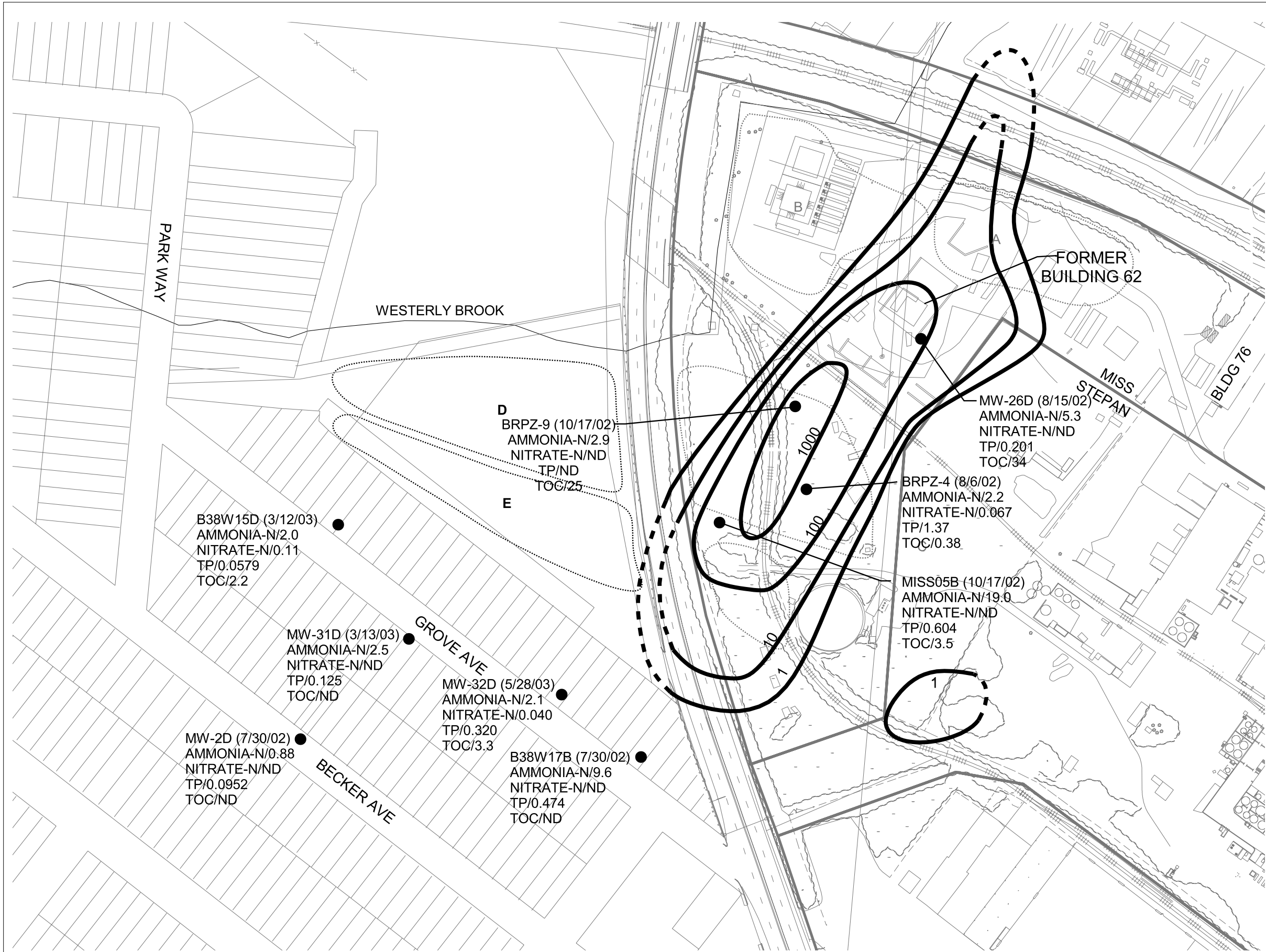
FIGURE 3-6
 ELECTRON ACCEPTOR REDUCTION DATA
 BEDROCK WELLS - RI ADDENDUM





LEGEND:

- MW-2D (7/30/02)
AMMONIA-N/0.88 mg/L
NITRATE-N/0.14 mg/L
TP/0.0952 mg/L
TOC/0.41 mg/L
- BEDROCK WELL IDENTIFICATION
- AMMONIA-N
- NITRATE-N
- TOTAL PHOSPHOROUS (TP)
- TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)
- A ○ FORMER RETENTION POND
- D ○ FORMER RETENTION POND - REMEDIATED
- ND NON-DETECT
- RESULTS IN MILLIGRAMS PER LITER (mg/L)
- 10 — LINE OF EQUAL BENZENE CONCENTRATION
- - - 10 - - - DASHED WHERE INFERRED



B38W15D (3/12/03)
AMMONIA-N/2.0
NITRATE-N/0.11
TP/0.0579
TOC/2.2

MW-31D (3/13/03)
AMMONIA-N/2.5
NITRATE-N/ND
TP/0.125
TOC/ND

MW-2D (7/30/02)
AMMONIA-N/0.88
NITRATE-N/ND
TP/0.0952
TOC/ND

MW-32D (5/28/03)
AMMONIA-N/2.1
NITRATE-N/0.040
TP/0.320
TOC/3.3

B38W17B (7/30/02)
AMMONIA-N/9.6
NITRATE-N/ND
TP/0.474
TOC/ND

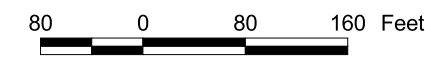
D
BRPZ-9 (10/17/02)
AMMONIA-N/2.9
NITRATE-N/ND
TP/ND
TOC/25

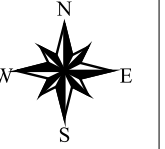
BRPZ-4 (8/6/02)
AMMONIA-N/2.2
NITRATE-N/0.067
TP/1.37
TOC/0.38

MISS05B (10/17/02)
AMMONIA-N/19.0
NITRATE-N/ND
TP/0.604
TOC/3.5

MW-26D (8/15/02)
AMMONIA-N/5.3
NITRATE-N/ND
TP/0.201
TOC/34

FIGURE 3-7
NUTRIENT DATA
BEDROCK WELLS - RI ADDENDUM





LEGEND:

- MW-26D
BOD5/20 mg/L
COD/105 mg/L
THC/ND CFU/mL
BDC/ND CFU/mL
- BEDROCK WELL IDENTIFICATION
BOD5
CHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND (COD)
TOTAL HETEROTROPH COUNT (THC)
BTX DEGRADER COUNT (BDC)
- ⏟ A FORMER RETENTION POND
- ⏟ D FORMER RETENTION POND - REMEDIATED
- ND NON-DETECT
- NA NOT ANALYZED
- RESULTS IN MILLIGRAMS PER LITER (mg/L) FOR BOD5 AND COD
CFUs/mL [COLONY FORMING UNITS] FOR TOTAL HETEROTROPHS
AND BTX DEGRADER
- 10 — LINE OF EQUAL BENZENE CONCENTRATION
- - - 10 - - - DASHED WHERE INFERRED

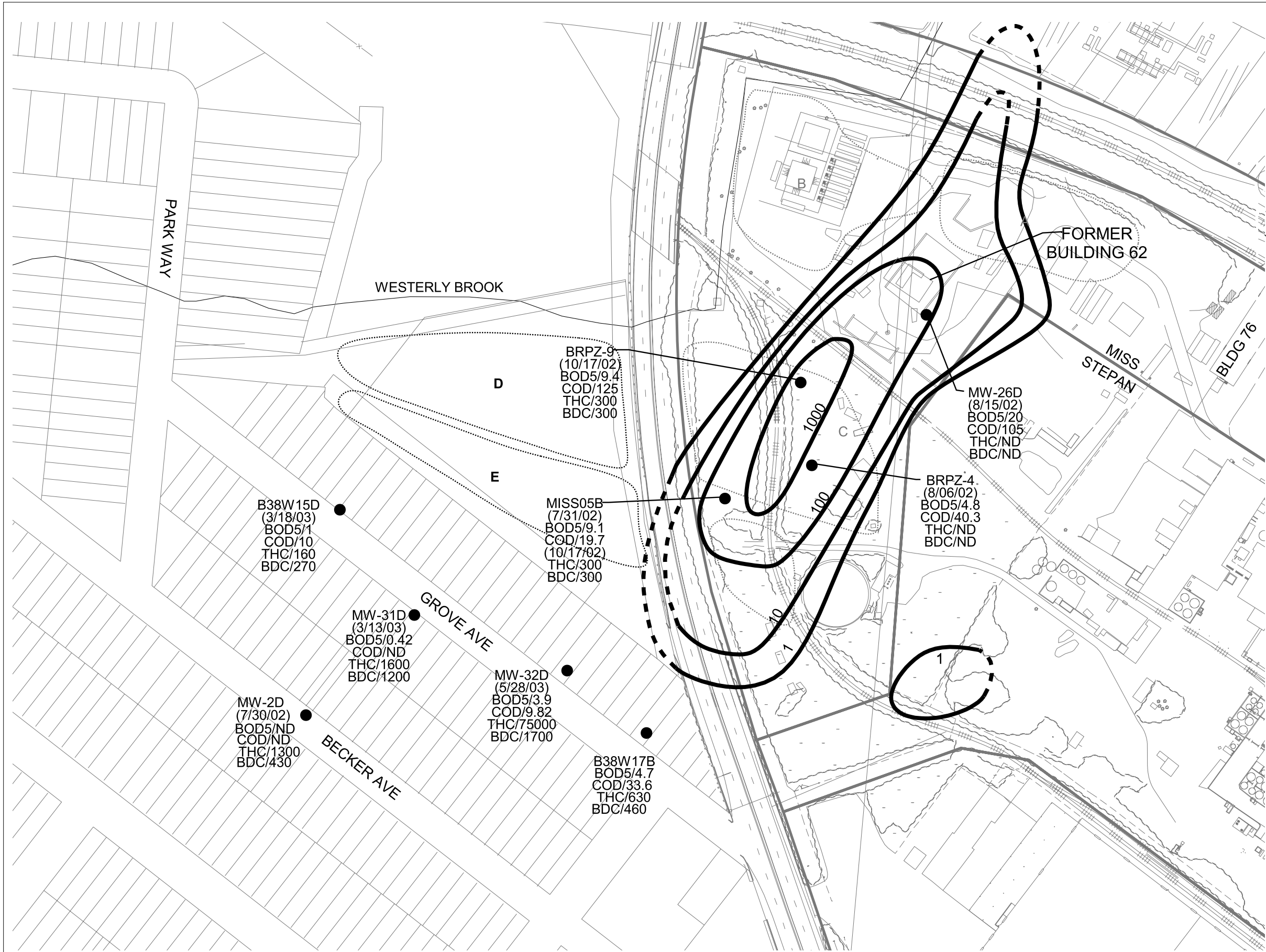
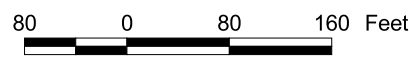


FIGURE 3-8
OXYGEN DEMAND AND MICROBIOLOGIC DATA
BEDROCK MONITORING WELLS - RI ADDENDUM



APPENDIX A

**RI ADDENDUM – PROPOSED SOURCE AND PLUME DELINEATION WORK
PLAN**

RI ADDENDUM - PROPOSED SOURCE AND PLUME DELINEATION

Introduction

The USACE has completed the additional Phase II Field Activities and data evaluation as proposed in the September 24, 2001 Memo. Field activities included the installation and sampling of two bedrock wells (MW-25D and MW-26D) to delineate the benzene source area. Benzene (520 ppb) was detected at monitoring well MW-26D, and will require further upgradient source area delineation. The results of the Additional Phase II activities will be included in the Draft Remedial Investigation (RI), which is scheduled for submission to regulators in December 02/January 03.

The USEPA has since requested further source area and downgradient delineation of benzene contamination on the MISS and offsite properties. The following scope of work is prepared as an addendum to the Groundwater Remedial Investigation Work Plan, December 2000. In this addendum, the USACE proposes to install and sample additional bedrock monitoring wells to complete the delineation of both the benzene source area and downgradient plume. Bioremediation sampling is proposed, and will provide baseline data for evaluation of monitored natural attenuation and other remedial alternatives. The field program is expected to start in August 2002 and last approximately three (3) to four (4) months. Results of the field investigation would be presented in a RI Addendum.

Background

Elevated benzene concentrations on the MISS were first identified in May 2001, and have been partially delineated by sampling of former bedrock test wells and other monitoring wells. Benzene sampling results from the Phase II and Additional Phase II investigation is presented in Figure 1. Figure 1 shows benzene concentration isopleths superimposed over the December 2001 bedrock groundwater elevation data. As shown, a contiguous benzene plume is plotted on site, extending NE-SW from upgradient wells MW-26D to MISS-5B, which is located at the downgradient property boundary. Maximum detected benzene concentrations within the plume were recorded at wells BRPZ-5 (5000 ppb) and MISS-5B (3500 ppb). Benzene was also detected in deep packer samples collected at bedrock wells BRPZ-5 (480 ppb) and BRPZ-7 (270 ppb duplicate sample). The sampling results indicate that the highest benzene concentrations are found in shallow bedrock, and that benzene concentrations decrease roughly an order of magnitude between shallow (35 to 60 feet bgs open interval) wells and deep (90 to 115 feet bgs open interval) wells.

The upper portion of the plume appears to be aligned with local groundwater flow, however, this changes further downgradient as bedrock groundwater flow turns west. Benzene transport is therefore expected to shift further west with the prevailing groundwater flow at downgradient plume locations. Benzene transport may also be impacted (or controlled) by aquifer anisotropy in the Passaic Formation. Aquifer anisotropy and permeability are typically greatest along bedrock strike which locally

trends NNE. Both groundwater flow and potential aquifer anisotropy elements were considered during selection of monitoring well locations.

Monitored natural attenuation (MNA) will be evaluated for remediation of the benzene plume. MNA is considered an attractive remedy because of (1) the low detected concentrations (<5ppm) of benzene, (2) distance (1750 feet) to the receptor (Saddle River), and (3) degradability of benzene in groundwater. The benzene source area will be delineated during the proposed investigation, with identification of any ongoing source areas. Bioremediation sampling is proposed to provide specific information about the utilization and availability of electron acceptors and nutrients in groundwater.

Recommendations for Additional Field Work

Installation of Source Area/Plume Delineation Wells MW-27D, MW-28D, MW-29D and MW-30D

Proposed bedrock well locations are shown in Figure 1. Bedrock well MW-27D (proposed) will be installed first and located approximately 200 feet northeast from well MW-26D, along the apparent plume axis. MW-28D (proposed) will be located approximately 160 feet northeast and upgradient (flow) of MW-26D. Screening VOC groundwater samples will be collected from each well during development and analyzed on an expedited turn around time (TAT). Based upon the screening results from MW-27D and MW-28D, wells Alt "A" and/or Alt "B" may be installed. For additional well installation data and rationale, see Table 1.

All source area wells will be inspected for product during installation and development. Prior to grouting the 6" well casing, the water column (within the bedrock or 10" drive casing) shall be inspected for product using a clear weighted bailer. This procedure would be repeated prior to and after well development.

Proposed downgradient well location MW-29D is located approximately 250 feet from MISS-5B and is oriented along the apparent plume axis. Proposed well MW-30D is located 160 feet northwest of MW-29D and 170 feet downgradient (flow) from MISS-5B. The relative concentrations of benzene at these locations, if present, may help determine the offsite plume orientation. If screening (VOC) groundwater samples detect benzene at MW-29D and/or MW-30D, a third well will be installed along the projected plume direction on Grove Ave. or other appropriate downgradient location.

All proposed wells will be installed using the air rotary method and will be completed as shallow bedrock wells with 25 feet of open borehole. Wells will be air developed by the rig for a minimum 45 minutes after completion to remove sediment and rock fragments from the bottom of the well. After a minimum 24 hour period, the wells will be developed by pumping until a minimum 50 NTU turbidity (and required 3X well volume evacuation) is achieved.

VOC and Bioremediation Sampling

Collection of a new round of VOC samples is proposed in the delineation study area. VOC sampling will be conducted at 20 bedrock wells and at all newly installed wells commencing early FY03. In addition, bedrock well VOC data collected during the Annual Environmental Sampling round (July 2002) will be utilized for plume delineation. Proposed sampling and compliance wells that will contribute to the VOC interpretation are listed in Table 2. As shown in Figure 2, all available bedrock wells in the plume and downgradient areas are proposed for sampling.

Bioremediation sampling is proposed at a total of eight bedrock monitoring wells (see Table 2) to determine the capacity of the bedrock aquifer to support intrinsic bioremediation. Proposed sampling wells are located within the mapped extent of the plume and projected downgradient areas. The bioremediation sampling parameters include dissolved oxygen, alternate electron acceptors (nitrate, manganese, iron, sulfate), nutrients and benzene degraders. The complete list of proposed sampling parameters and methods are shown in Table 3.

All wells would be sampled using the USEPA low flow sampling methodology and analyzed for VOCs using USEPA method 8260B. Quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) samples will be collected as described in the Work Plan, excluding the bioremediation parameters.

Well Logging/Slug Testing

All new bedrock wells and three (3) existing wells (MW-26D, BRPZ-9 and MW-2D) shall be slug tested to measure bulk permeability. This data may be utilized in a groundwater flow and fate/transport numerical model. Borehole logging is proposed at five (5) new well locations, and would include caliper, SPR, SP, natural gamma, fluid temperature, fluid resistivity, acoustic televiewer and heat-pulse flowmeter logging. Evaluation of the data shall provide fracture orientations and determine distribution of water bearing fractures.

Water Level Measurements

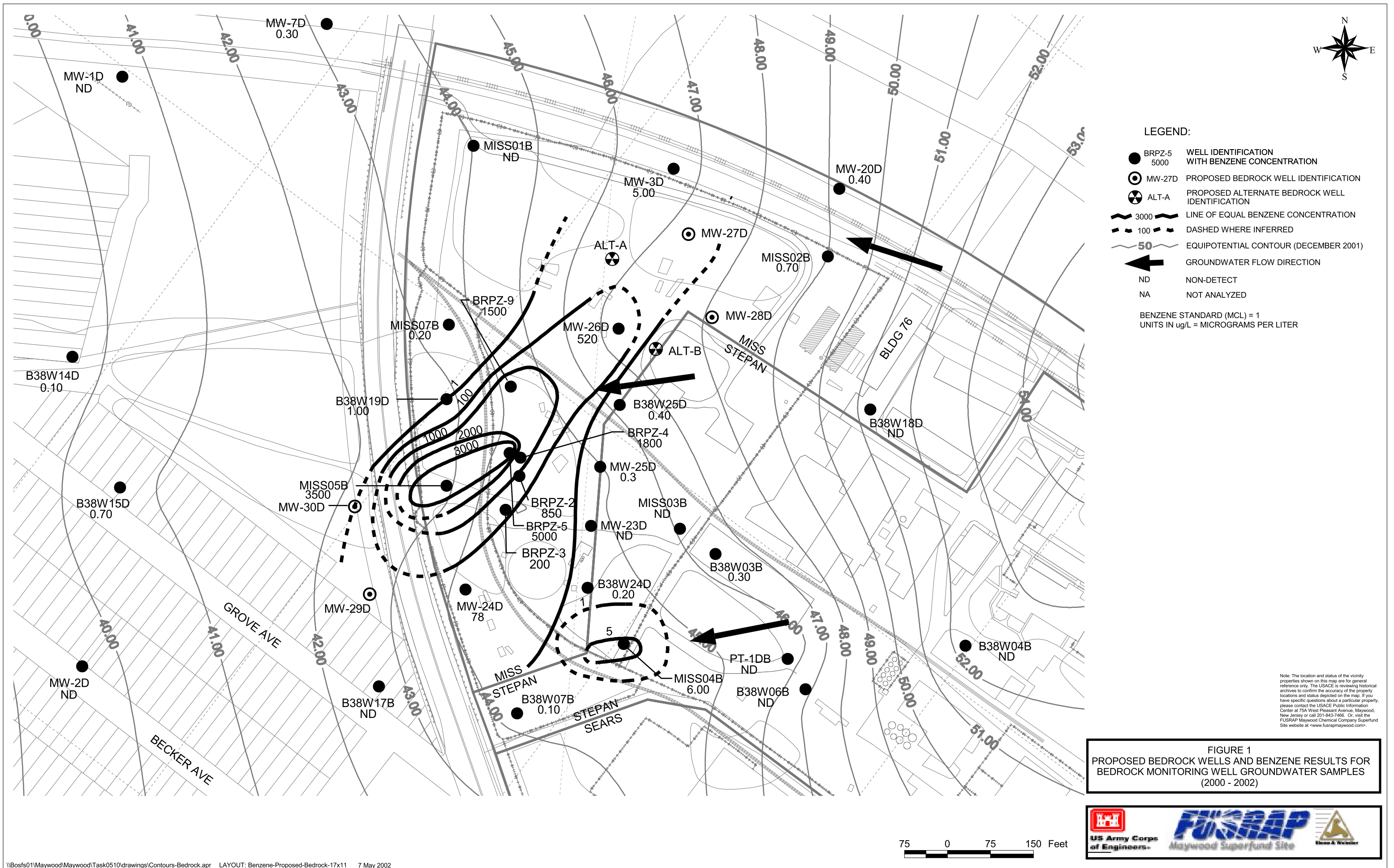
A partial synoptic water level round will be performed at 48 (existing) bedrock wells and five (5) or more newly installed bedrock wells. Proposed existing wells for measurement are listed in Table 4. As shown in Figure 2, all bedrock wells in and adjacent to the delineated/projected benzene plume are included for measurement. Deep bedrock monitoring wells PT-1DB, MW-23DD, MW-24DD, PW-1D and MW-19DD will be included in the synoptic round. All water level measurements will be conducted over a maximum eight (8) hour period to reduce the effect of water level changes on the data.

Data Evaluation and Report

All field data and laboratory data shall be presented in a stand-alone RI Addendum, which will include evaluation of the data, conclusions and recommendations.

Schedule

- Site Access and Mobilization - June and July 2002
- Annual Compliance Sampling - July 2002
- Well Installation and Development - August 2002
- Existing Monitoring Well and Newly Installed Well Sampling - September/October 2002
- Submittal to Regulators of Draft RI Addendum Report - April 2003

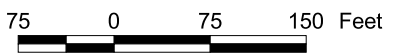


LEGEND:

- BRPZ-5 5000 WELL IDENTIFICATION WITH BENZENE CONCENTRATION
- ⊙ MW-27D PROPOSED BEDROCK WELL IDENTIFICATION
- ⊙ ALT-A PROPOSED ALTERNATE BEDROCK WELL IDENTIFICATION
- 3000 — LINE OF EQUAL BENZENE CONCENTRATION
- - - 100 - - - DASHED WHERE INFERRED
- - - 50 - - - EQUIPOTENTIAL CONTOUR (DECEMBER 2001)
- ← GROUNDWATER FLOW DIRECTION
- ND NON-DETECT
- NA NOT ANALYZED

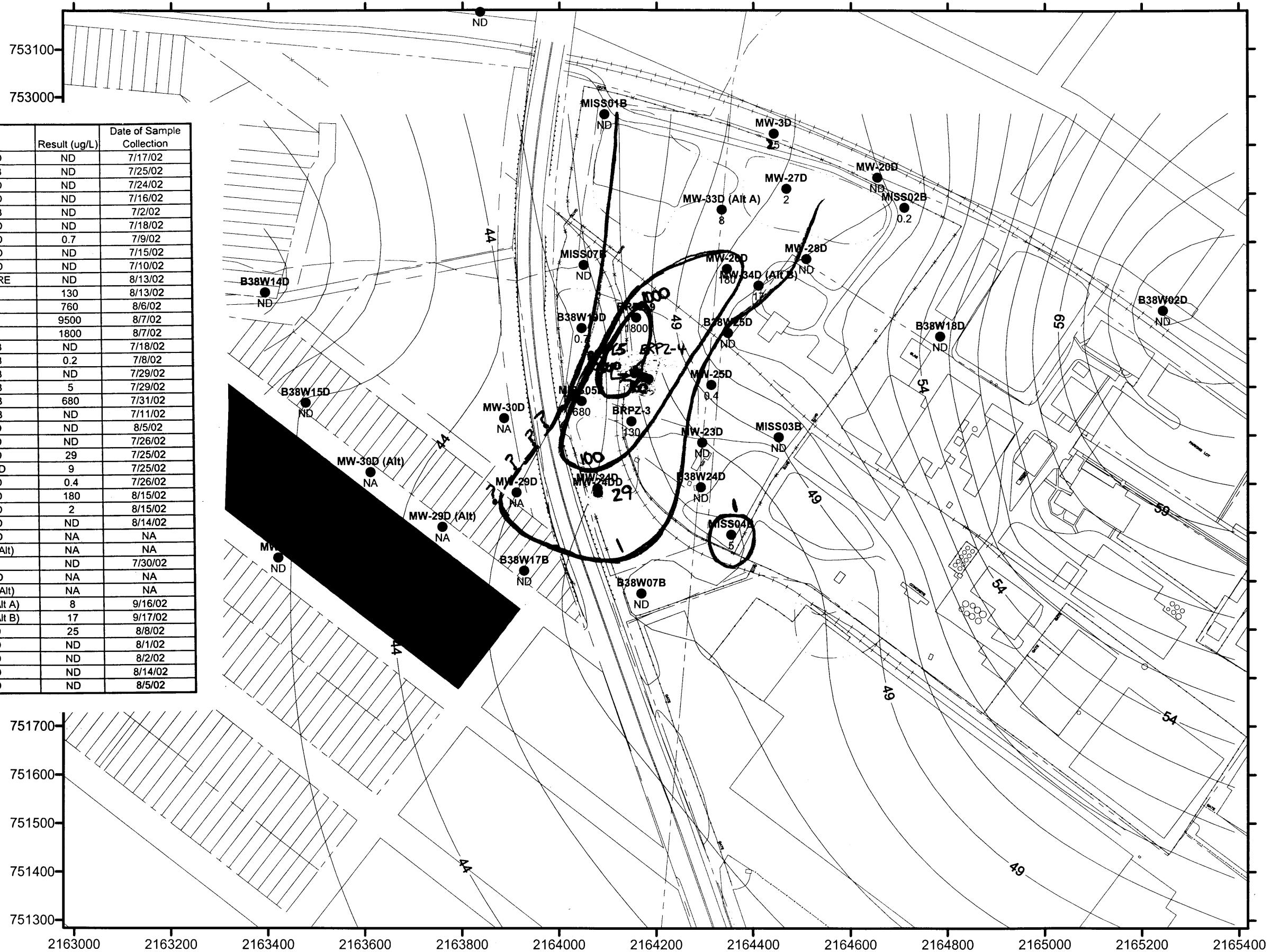
BENZENE STANDARD (MCL) = 1
UNITS IN ug/L = MICROGRAMS PER LITER

FIGURE 1
PROPOSED BEDROCK WELLS AND BENZENE RESULTS FOR
BEDROCK MONITORING WELL GROUNDWATER SAMPLES
(2000 - 2002)



Note: The location and status of the vicinity properties shown on this map are for general reference only. The USACE is reviewing historical archives to confirm the accuracy of the property locations and status depicted on the map. If you have specific questions about a particular property, please contact the USACE Public Information Center at 75A West Pleasant Avenue, Maywood, New Jersey or call 201-843-7488. Or, visit the FUSRAP Maywood Chemical Company Superfund Site website at <www.fusrapmaywood.com>.

Well	Result (ug/L)	Date of Sample Collection
B38W02D	ND	7/17/02
B38W07B	ND	7/25/02
B38W14D	ND	7/24/02
B38W15D	ND	7/16/02
B38W17B	ND	7/2/02
B38W18D	ND	7/18/02
B38W19D	0.7	7/9/02
B38W24D	ND	7/15/02
B38W25D	ND	7/10/02
BRPW-1DRE	ND	8/13/02
BRPZ-3	130	8/13/02
BRPZ-4	760	8/6/02
BRPZ-5	9500	8/7/02
BRPZ-9	1800	8/7/02
MISS01B	ND	7/18/02
MISS02B	0.2	7/8/02
MISS03B	ND	7/29/02
MISS04B	5	7/29/02
MISS05B	680	7/31/02
MISS07B	ND	7/11/02
MW-20D	ND	8/5/02
MW-23D	ND	7/26/02
MW-24D	29	7/25/02
MW-24DD	9	7/25/02
MW-25D	0.4	7/26/02
MW-26D	180	8/15/02
MW-27D	2	8/15/02
MW-28D	ND	8/14/02
MW-29D	NA	NA
MW-29D (Alt)	NA	NA
MW-2D	ND	7/30/02
MW-30D	NA	NA
MW-30D (Alt)	NA	NA
MW-33D (Alt A)	8	9/16/02
MW-34D (Alt B)	17	9/17/02
MW-3D	25	8/8/02
MW-4D	ND	8/1/02
MW-5D	ND	8/2/02
MW-6D	ND	8/14/02
MW-7D	ND	8/5/02

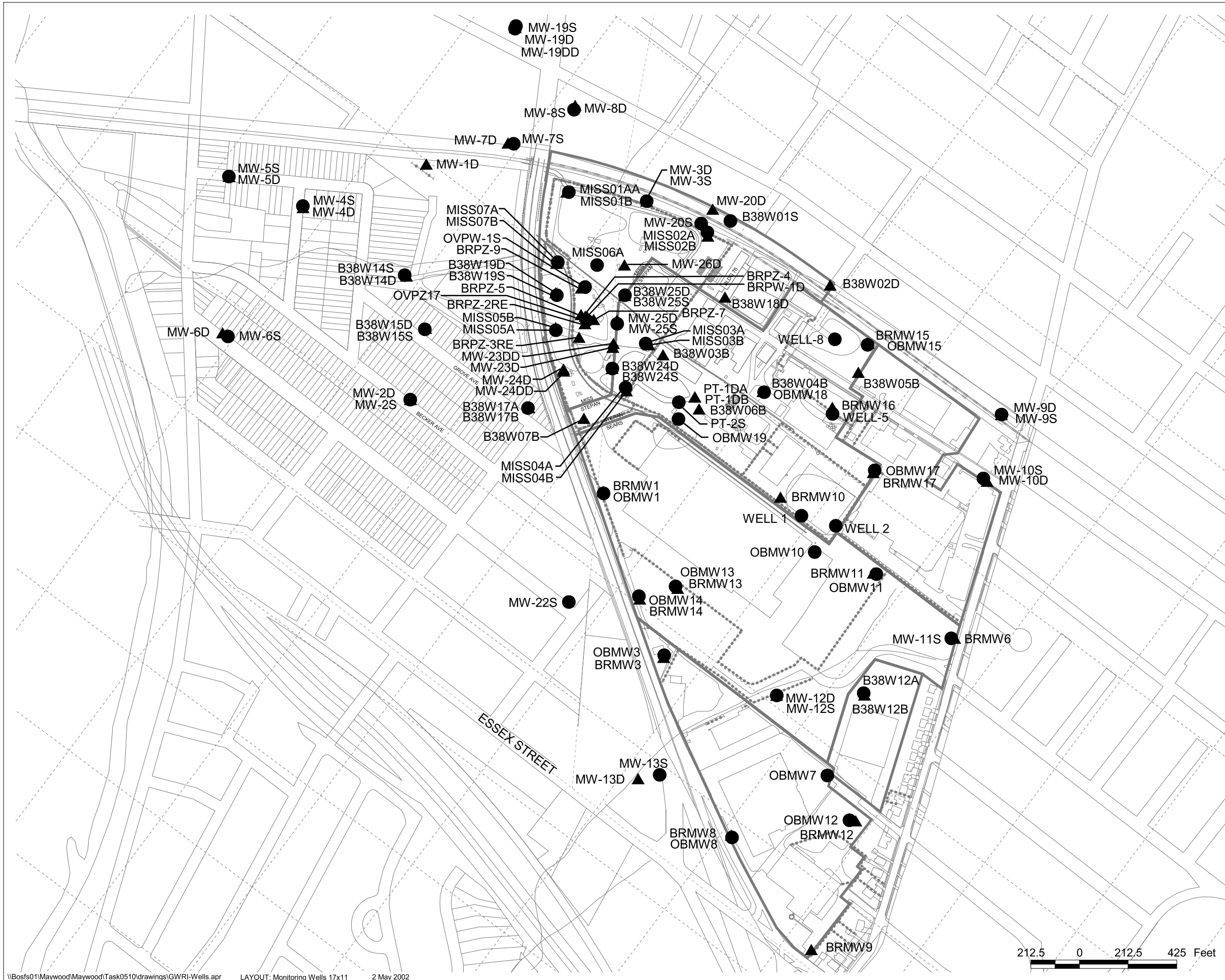


RI Addendum - Benzene Investigation
 1" ≈ 200' July - September 2002
 Bedrock Monitoring Wells



LEGEND:

- MW-8S OVERBURDEN GROUNDWATER WELL (INCLUDES A, AA, OR S SUFFIX AND OB PREFIX)
- ▲ MW-8D BEDROCK GROUNDWATER WELL (INCLUDES B, D, DD, DA, OR DB SUFFIX AND BR PREFIX)



Note: The location and status of the vicinity properties shown on this map are for general reference only. The USACE is reviewing historical archives to confirm the accuracy of the property locations and status depicted on the map. If you have specific questions about a particular property, please contact the USACE Public Information Center at 75A West Pleasant Avenue, Maywood, New Jersey or call 201-843-7468. Or, visit the FUSRAP Maywood Chemical Company Superfund Site website at <www.fusrapmaywood.com>.

FIGURE 2
MONITORING WELL LOCATION MAP



212.5 0 212.5 425 Feet

**TABLE 1
WELL CONSTRUCTION AND RATIONALE
MAYWOOD FUSRAP SITE**

Well Identification/Description	Well Type	Depth (ft.bgs)	Borehole (ft.)	Rationale
Source Delineation Monitoring Wells				
MW-27D	Shallow Bedrock	47	25	Located 200' upgradient along plume axis from MW-26D. If high concentrations of benzene are detected, an additional upgradient well may be installed.
MW-28D	Shallow Bedrock	47	25	Located 160 feet upgradient (flow) from MW-26D and 125 feet South of MW-27D. If high concentrations of benzene are detected, another well may be installed at a further upgradient (ENE) location.
Alternative Well Location -"A"	Shallow Bedrock	47	25	May be installed to delineate a source area/plume northwest of well MW-26D. May be installed if benzene is not detected at MW-27D and MW-28D, or alternatively, if benzene is only detected at MW-27D.
Alternative Well Location -"B"	Shallow Bedrock	47	25	Located 100 feet east of MW-26D, and may be installed to delineate a potential offsite (Stepan) source. May be installed if no benzene is detected at wells MW-27D and Alt A, and ND or low concentration of benzene at MW-28D.
Downgradient Delineation Wells				
MW-29D	Shallow Bedrock	47	25	Located 250 feet downgradient from MISS-5B along the plotted benzene plume axis. An additional downgradient well will be installed if benzene is detected at this location.
MW-30D	Shallow Bedrock	47	25	Located 170 feet downgradient (flow) from MISS-5B. As noted with well MW-29D, an additional well will be installed downgradient if benzene is detected at this well.

TABLE 2

Summary of Bedrock Wells Sampled in Environmental Monitoring Program and Wells Recommended for Sampling as Part of RI Addendum

FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE, MAYWOOD, NJ

Well ID	Well Type	Current Bedrock Compliance Wells*	RI Addendum Sampling - VOCs	Proposed Bioremediation Sampling
B38W02D	Shallow Bedrock	√		
B38W07B	Shallow Bedrock		√	
B38W14D	Shallow Bedrock	√		
B38W15D	Shallow Bedrock	√		√
B38W17B	Shallow Bedrock	√		
B38W18D	Shallow Bedrock	√		
B38W19D	Shallow Bedrock	√		
B38W24D	Shallow Bedrock	√		
B38W25D	Shallow Bedrock	√		
BRPW-1D	Deep Bedrock		√	
BRPZ-4	Shallow Bedrock		√	√
BRPZ-3	Shallow Bedrock		√	
BRPZ-5	Shallow Bedrock		√	
BRPZ-9	Shallow Bedrock		√	
MISS01B	Shallow Bedrock	√		
MISS02B	Shallow Bedrock	√		
MISS03B	Shallow Bedrock		√	
MISS04B	Shallow Bedrock		√	
MISS05B	Shallow Bedrock	√		√
MISS07B	Shallow Bedrock	√		
MW-1D	Shallow Bedrock		√	
MW-2D	Shallow Bedrock		√	√
MW-3D	Shallow Bedrock		√	
MW-4D	Shallow Bedrock		√	
MW-5D	Shallow Bedrock		√	
MW-6D	Shallow Bedrock		√	
MW-7D	Shallow Bedrock		√	
MW-23D	Shallow Bedrock		√	
MW-24D	Shallow Bedrock		√	
MW-24DD	Deep Bedrock		√	
MW-25D	Shallow Bedrock		√	
MW-26D	Shallow Bedrock		√	√
Proposed MW-27D	Shallow Bedrock		√	√
Proposed MW-28D	Shallow Bedrock		√	
Proposed MW-29D	Shallow Bedrock		√	√
Proposed MW-30D	Shallow Bedrock		√	√
Proposed Alt-A	Shallow Bedrock		√	
Proposed Alt-B	Shallow Bedrock		√	

* - Parameter list for compliance wells are to consist of: Gross Alpha, Gross Beta

RA-226, RA-228, isotopic thorium and isotopic uranium, TAL Metals, lithium, boron and TCL VOCs

**TABLE 3
FIELD AND LABORATORY BIOREMEDIATION PARAMETERS
MAYWOOD FUSRAP SITE**

PARAMETER	USEPA METHOD	DISCUSSION
FIELD PARAMETERS		
Dissolved Oxygen	N/A	Measured using a DO meter. Autocalibration to atmosphere.
Dissolved Oxygen	N/A	Test kit using the modified Winkler Method.
Oxidation Reduction Potential (ORP)	N/A	Measured using a ORP meter (multimeter). Calibrated against standard solution.
pH	N/A	Measured using a pH meter. Calibrated against standard solution.
LABORATORY PARAMETERS		
Nitrate-N	353.2	Alternative electron acceptor
Ammonia-N	350.1 OR 350.3	
Manganese (total)	6010A	Alternative electron acceptor
Manganese (dissolved)	6010A	
Iron (total)	6010A	Alternative electronic acceptor
Iron (dissolved)	6010A	
Sulfate	375.4	Alternative electronic acceptor
Sulfide	376.1	
Total Organic Carbon	415.1	
Phosphorus (total)	365.4	Limiting nutrient
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	410.4	
Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD)	405.1	

APPENDIX B

WELL PERMITS AND MONITORING WELL RECORDS

TABLE 4

Bedrock Monitoring Wells Proposed for Water Level Gauging

FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site, Maywood, NJ

Well ID	Property	Well Owner
BRMW1	149-151 Maywood Ave.	Stepan
B38W03B	Stepan	USACE
B38W04B	Stepan	USACE
B38W05B	Stepan	USACE
B38W06B	Stepan	USACE
B38W07B	Stepan	USACE
B38W24D	Stepan	USACE
B38W25D	Stepan	USACE
MISS03B	Stepan	USACE
MISS04B	Stepan	USACE
BRMW10	Stepan	Stepan
BRMW15	Stepan	Stepan
BRMW16	Stepan	Stepan
BRMW17	Stepan	Stepan
PT-1DA	Stepan	Stepan
PT-1DB	Stepan	Stepan
B38W02D	NYS & WRR	USACE
MW-20D	NYS & WRR	USACE
MW-3D	NYS & WRR	USACE
B38W18D	MISS	USACE
B38W19D	MISS	USACE
MISS01B	MISS	USACE
MISS02B	MISS	USACE
MISS05B	MISS	USACE
MISS07B	MISS	USACE
BRPW-1D	MISS	USACE
BRPZ-2RE	MISS	USACE
BRPZ-3RE	MISS	USACE
BRPZ-4	MISS	USACE
BRPZ-5RE	MISS	USACE
BRPZ-9	MISS	USACE
MW-23D	MISS	USACE
MW-23DD	MISS	USACE
MW-24D	MISS	USACE
MW-24DD	MISS	USACE
MW-25D	MISS	USACE
MW-26D	MISS	USACE
B38W14D	90 Park Way	USACE
B38W15D	26 Grove Ave.	USACE
B38W17B	Grove Ave.	USACE
MW-1D	96 Park Way	USACE
MW-19D	Lincoln Ave.	USACE
MW-19DD	Lincoln Ave.	USACE
MW-2D	Becker Ave.	USACE
MW-5D	Park Way	USACE
MW-6D	Madison Ave.	USACE
MW-7D	141 W. Central Ave.	USACE
MW-8D	161 W. Central Ave.	USACE

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
TRENTON, NJ

JUL 23 2002

MONITORING WELL PERMIT 34

VALID ONLY AFTER APPROVAL BY THE D.E.P.

Permit No. 2665319

Mail To:
NJDEP
BUREAU OF WATER ALLOCATION
PO BOX 426
TRENTON, NJ 08625-0426

COORD #: 26-03-5 36

Owner US EPA c/o The Shaw Group Inc.

Driller B+B Drilling Inc.

Address 100 W Hunter Avenue
Maywood NJ 07607

Address P.O. Box 8
Netcong NJ 07857

Name of Facility Maywood Fugro Superfund Site

Diameter of Well(s)	6	Inches	Proposed Depth of Well(s)	50	Feet
# of Wells Applied for (max. 10)	1		Will pumping equipment be utilized?	YES <input type="checkbox"/>	NO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Type of Well (see reverse)	Monitoring		If Yes, give pump capacity		cumulative (GPM)

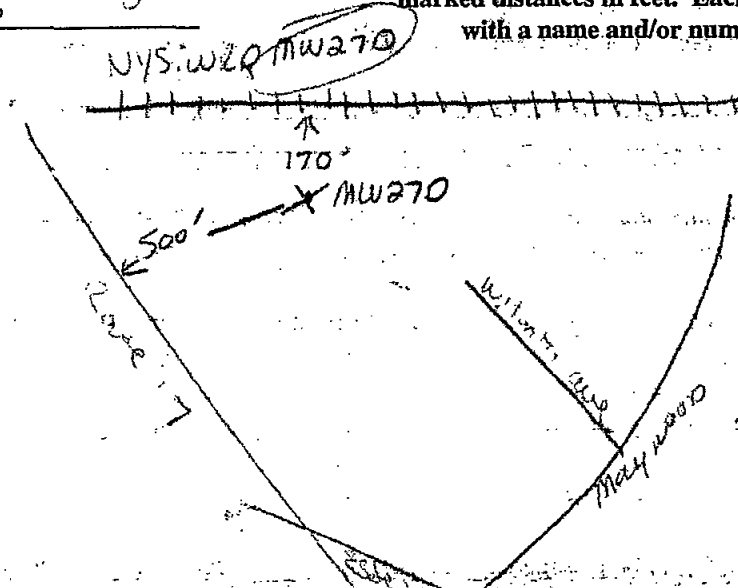
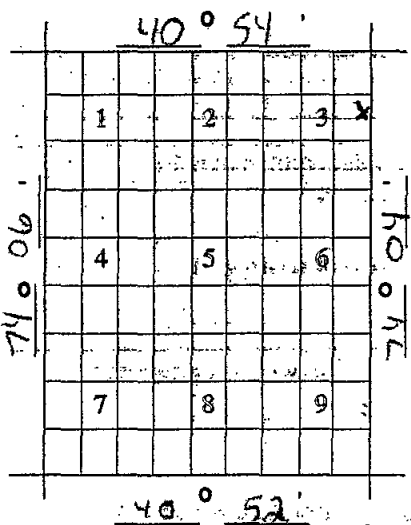
Address 100 W Hunter Avenue
Maywood NJ 07607

LOCATION OF WELL(S)

Lot #	Block #	Municipality	County
46	125	Maywood	Bergen

State Atlas Map No. 26

Draw sketch of well(s) nearest roads, buildings, etc. with marked distances in feet. Each well MUST be labeled with a name and/or number on the sketch.



FOR MONITORING WELLS, RECOVERY WELLS, OR PIEZOMETERS, THE FOLLOWING MUST BE COMPLETED BY THE APPLICANT. PLEASE INDICATE WHY THE WELLS ARE BEING INSTALLED:

- Spill Site
- ISRA Site
- CERCLA (Superfund) Site
- RCRA Site
- Underground Storage Tank Site
- Operational Ground Water Permit Site
- Pretreatment and Residuals Site
- Water and Hazardous Waste Enforcement Case
- Water Supply Aquifer Test Observation Well
- Other (explain)

CASE ID. Number

This Space for Approval Stamp

WELL PERMIT APPROVED
N.J.D.E.P.

JUL 19 2002

BUREAU OF WATER ALLOCATION

FOR D.E.P. USE Issuance of this permit is subject to the conditions attached. (see next page)
 For monitoring purposes only

The well(s) may not be completed with more than 25 feet of total screen or uncased borehole.

SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR IMPORTANT PROVISIONS PERTAINING TO THIS PERMIT. In compliance with N.J.S.A. 58:4A-14, application is made for a permit to drill a well as described above.

Date 7/15/02
Signature of Driller [Signature]
Signature of Property Owner Robert Perotti
Registration No. M1277

DWR-138.M
8/00

New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection
Bureau of Water Allocation
MONITORING WELL RECORD

Well Permit No. 26 - 65219

Atlas Sheet Coordinates 26 03 536

OWNER IDENTIFICATION - Owner USEPA C/O SHAW GROUP INC
Address 100 W HUNTER AVE
City MAYWOOD State NJ Zip Code 07607

WELL LOCATION - If not the same as owner please give address. Owner's Well No. MW270
County BERGEN Municipality MAYWOOD BORO Lot No. 46 Block No. 125
Address 100 W HUNTER AVE

DATE WELL STARTED 8/6/02
DATE WELL COMPLETED 8/19/02

TYPE OF WELL (as per Well Permit Categories) MONITORING
Regulatory Program Requiring Well _____ Case I.D.# _____

CONSULTING FIRM/FIELD SUPERVISOR (if applicable) _____ Tele. # _____

WELL CONSTRUCTION

Total depth drilled 58.5 ft.
Well finished to 58.5 ft.

Borehole diameter:
Top 10 in.
Bottom 6 in.

Well was finished: above grade
 flush mounted

If finished above grade, casing height (stick up) above land surface 2 ft.

Was steel protective casing installed?
 Yes No

Static water level after drilling 15.85 ft.

Water level was measured using _____

Well was developed for _____ hours
at _____ gpm

Method of development _____

Was permanent pumping equipment installed? Yes No

Pump capacity _____ gpm

Pump type: _____

Drilling Fluid _____ Type of Rig IRT4W

Health and Safety Plan submitted? Yes No

Level of Protection used on site (circle one) None D C B A

I certify that I have constructed the above referenced well in accordance with all well permit requirements and applicable State rules and regulations.

Drilling Company B & B DRILLING, INC

Well Driller (Print) Douglas Myerchin

Driller's Signature Douglas Myerchin

Registration No. M1277 Date 9/21/02

Note: Measure all depths from land surface	Depth to Top (ft.)	Depth to Bottom (ft.)	Diameter (inches)	Material	Wgt./Rating (lbs/sch no.)
Single/Inner Casing	+2	33.5	6	Steel	19H
Middle Casing (for triple cased wells only)					
Outer Casing (largest diameter)	0	21	10	Steel	sch 40
Open Hole or Screen (No. Used _____)	33.5	58.5	6	Rock	
Blank Casings (No. Used _____)					
Tail Piece					
Gravel Pack					
Grout	0	33.5	ann	Neat Cement Bentonite	1000 lbs. _____ lbs.

Grouting Method Pressure
Drilling Method air rotary

GEOLOGIC LOG

Note each depth where water was encountered in consolidated formations.

0-20' M. brn E/C sand, tr
5 ft. IR gravel
20-58.5' Berea rock - 5 ft
sandstone

**AS-BUILT WELL LOCATION
(NAD 83 HORIZONTAL DATUM)**

NJ STATE PLANE COORDINATE IN US SURVEY FEET

NORTHING: _____ EASTING: _____

LATITUDE: _____ OR _____
" LONGITUDE: _____ "

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
TRENTON, NJ

26 6 5220
26 6 5221

RECEIVED
JUL 23 2002
MONITORING WELL PERMIT 34
VALID ONLY AFTER APPROVAL BY THE D.E.P.

Mail To:
NJDEP
BUREAU OF WATER ALLOCATION
PO BOX 426
TRENTON, NJ 08625-0426

Permit No. _____

COORD #: 26.03.5.36

Owner 1587th St The Shaw Group LLC

Driller BSPND330 Inc

Address 100 W. ... NJ 07607

Address Netcong NJ 07857

Name of Facility ... Fire Station

Diameter of Well(s)	6	Inches	Proposed Depth of Well(s)	50	Feet
# of Wells Applied for (max. 10)	2		Will pumping equipment be utilized?	YES <input type="checkbox"/>	NO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Type of Well (see reverse)	Monitoring		If Yes, give pump capacity	— cumulative GPM	

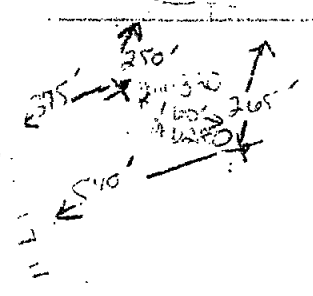
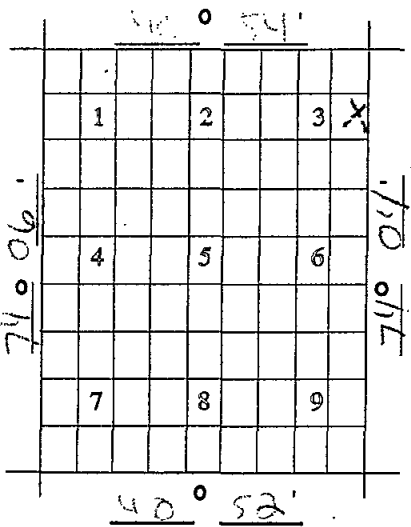
Address ... NJ 07607

LOCATION OF WELL(S)

Lot #	Block #	Municipality	County
46	124	Netcong	Bergen

State Atlas Map No. 26

Draw sketch of well(s) nearest roads, buildings, etc. with marked distances in feet. Each well MUST be labeled with a name and/or number on the sketch.



N ↑

FOR MONITORING WELLS, RECOVERY WELLS, OR PIEZOMETERS, THE FOLLOWING MUST BE COMPLETED BY THE APPLICANT. PLEASE INDICATE WHY THE WELLS ARE BEING INSTALLED:

- Spill Site
- ISRA Site
- CERCLA (Superfund) Site
- RCRA Site
- Underground Storage Tank Site
- Operational Ground Water Permit Site
- Pretreatment and Residuals Site
- Water and Hazardous Waste Enforcement Case
- Water Supply Aquifer Test Observation Well
- Other (explain) _____

CASE I.D. Number _____

This Space for Approval Stamp

WELL PERMIT APPROVED
N.J.D.E.P.

JUL 19 2002

BUREAU OF WATER ALLOCATIC

FOR D.E.P. USE Issuance of this permit is subject to the conditions attached. (see next page) The well(s) may not be completed with more than 25 feet of total screen or uncased borehole.

For monitoring purposes only

SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR IMPORTANT PROVISIONS PERTAINING TO THIS PERMIT. In compliance with N.J.S.A. 58:4A-14, application is made for a permit to drill a well as described above.

Date 7/15/02 Signature of Driller ... Muzick Registration No. 111377

Signature of Property Owner Robert Demott

DWR-138 M
8/00

New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection
Bureau of Water Allocation
MONITORING WELL RECORD

Well Permit No. 26 - 65220

Atlas Sheet Coordinates 26 : 03 : 536

OWNER IDENTIFICATION - Owner USEPA C/O SHAW GROUP INC
Address 100 W HUNTER AVE
City MAYWOOD State NJ Zip Code 07607

WELL LOCATION - If not the same as owner please give address. Owner's Well No. MW 280
County BERGEN Municipality MAYWOOD BORO Lot No. 46 Block No. 124
Address 100 W HUNTER AVE

DATE WELL STARTED 8/7/02
DATE WELL COMPLETED 8/12/02

TYPE OF WELL (as per Well Permit Categories) MONITORING
Regulatory Program Requiring Well _____ Case I.D.# _____

CONSULTING FIRM/FIELD SUPERVISOR (if applicable) _____ Tele. # _____

WELL CONSTRUCTION

Total depth drilled 57 ft.
Well finished to 57 ft.

Borehole diameter:
Top 10 in.
Bottom 6 in.

Well was finished: above grade
 flush mounted

If finished above grade, casing height (stick up) above land surface 2 ft.

Was steel protective casing installed?
 Yes No

Static water level after drilling 30.82 ft.

Water level was measured using probe
Well was developed for _____ hours
at _____ gpm

Method of development _____

Was permanent pumping equipment installed? Yes No

Pump capacity _____ gpm

Pump type: _____

Drilling Fluid _____ Type of Rig IRT4W

Health and Safety Plan submitted? Yes No

Level of Protection used on site (circle one) None (D) C B A

I certify that I have constructed the above referenced well in accordance with all well permit requirements and applicable State rules and regulations.

Drilling Company B & B DRILLING INC

Well Driller (Print) Douglas Myerchin

Driller's Signature [Signature]

Registration No. M12770 Date 8/21/02

Note: Measure all depths from land surface	Depth to Top (ft.)	Depth to Bottom (ft.)	Diameter (inches)	Material	Wgt./Rating (lbs/sch no.)
Single/Inner Casing	20	32	6	Steel	19#
Middle Casing (for triple cased wells only)					
Outer Casing (largest diameter)	0	22	10	Steel	sch 40
Open Hole or Screen (No. Used)	32	57	6	Brass	
Blank Casings (No. Used)					
Tail Piece					
Gravel Pack					
Grout	0	32	ann	Neat Cement Bentonite	1000 lbs. lbs.

Grouting Method Pressure
Drilling Method air rotary

GEOLOGIC LOG

Note each depth where water was encountered in consolidated formations.

0-20' Tan. f/c sand + K.S.H.
20-57' Brown. Tan. f/c silt + sandstone

AS-BUILT WELL LOCATION (NAD 83 HORIZONTAL DATUM)

NJ STATE PLANE COORDINATE IN US SURVEY FEET

NORTHING: _____ EASTING: _____
LATITUDE: _____ OR _____ LONGITUDE: _____

DWR-138 M
8/00

New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection
Bureau of Water Allocation
MONITORING WELL RECORD

Well Permit No. 26 - 65221

Atlas Sheet Coordinates 26 - 03 - 53

OWNER IDENTIFICATION - Owner USEPA C/O SHAW GROUP INC
Address 100 W HUNTER AVE
City MAYWOOD State NJ Zip Code 07607

WELL LOCATION - If not the same as owner please give address. Owner's Well No. MW330
County BERGEN Municipality MAYWOOD BORO Lot No. 46 Block No. 124
Address 100 W HUNTER AVE

DATE WELL STARTED 9/10/02

DATE WELL COMPLETED 9/12/02

TYPE OF WELL (as per Well Permit Categories) MONITORING
Regulatory Program Requiring Well _____ Case I.D.# _____

CONSULTING FIRM/FIELD SUPERVISOR (if applicable) _____ Tele. # _____

WELL CONSTRUCTION

Total depth drilled 608 ft.
Well finished to 655 ft.

Borehole diameter:
Top 10 in.
Bottom 6 in.

Well was finished: above grade
 flush mounted

If finished above grade, casing height (stick up) above land surface 2 ft.

Was steel protective casing installed?
 Yes No

Static water level after drilling _____ ft.

Water level was measured using _____

Well was developed for _____ hours
at _____ gpm

Method of development _____

Was permanent pumping equipment installed? Yes No

Pump capacity _____ gpm

Pump type: _____

Drilling Fluid _____ Type of Rig ICUW

Health and Safety Plan submitted? Yes No

Level of Protection used on site (circle one) None D C B A

I certify that I have constructed the above referenced well in accordance with all well permit requirements and applicable State rules and regulations.

Drilling Company B & B DRILLING, INC

Well Driller (Print) Douglas M. ...

Driller's Signature [Signature]

Registration No. M1277 Date 9/12/02

Note: Measure all depths from land surface	Depth to Top (ft.)	Depth to Bottom (ft.)	Diameter (inches)	Material	Wgt./Rating (lbs/sch no.)
Single/Inner Casing	+2	45.5	2	PVC	Sch 40
Middle Casing (for triple cased wells only)	+2	38	6	Steel	19#
Outer Casing (largest diameter)	0	20	10	Steel	Sch 10
Open Hole or Screen (No. Used)	45.5	65.5	2	PVC	Sch 40 (OK)
Blank Casings (No. Used)					
Tail Piece				PVC COND	
Gravel Pack	43	608	Screen	None	1/2"
Grout	0/0	43/38	ann	Neat Cement Bentonite	10#/100 lbs.

Grouting Method Pneum
Drilling Method air rotary

GEOLOGIC LOG

Note each depth where water was encountered in consolidated formations.

0-20 Fill crushed stone and flc
sand silt, wash down
20-25 5' or more shale
siltstone
25-100 Sandstone - 20/100 silt
stone

**AS-BUILT WELL LOCATION
(NAD 83 HORIZONTAL DATUM)**

NJ STATE PLANE COORDINATE IN US SURVEY FEET

NORTHING: _____ EASTING: _____

LATITUDE: _____ OR _____
LONGITUDE: _____

DWR-133M
2/00

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
TRENTON, NJ

JAN 31 2003

MONITORING WELL PERMIT

Permit No. 2666774

Mail To:

NJDEP
BUREAU OF WATER ALLOCATION
PO BOX 426
TRENTON, NJ 08625-0426

VALID ONLY AFTER APPROVAL BY THE D.E.P.

COORD # 26-03-379

Owner M. C. ...

Driller ...

Address ...

Address ...

Name of Facility ...

Address ...

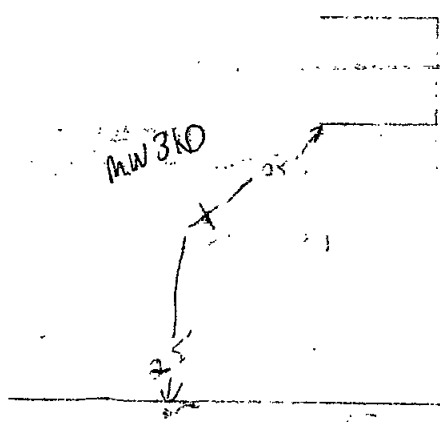
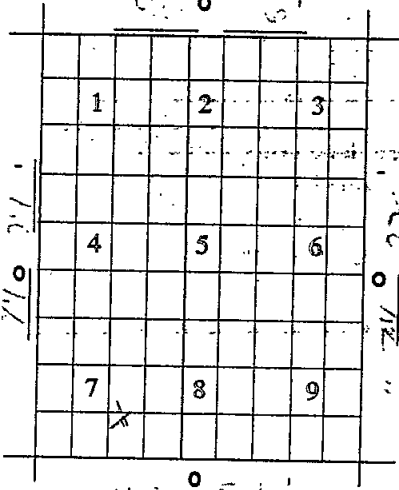
Diameter of Well(s)	4	Inches	Proposed Depth of Well(s)	5	Feet
# of Wells	1		Will pumping equipment be utilized?	YES <input type="checkbox"/>	NO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Applied for (max. 10)	1		If Yes, give pump capacity		cumulative (GPM)
Type of Well (see reverse)					

LOCATION OF WELL(S)

Lot #	Block #	Municipality	County
		Manalapan, NJ	Bergen

State Atlas Map No. 26

Draw sketch of well(s) nearest roads, buildings, etc. with marked distances in feet. Each well MUST be labeled with a name and/or number on the sketch.



FOR MONITORING WELLS, RECOVERY WELLS, OR PIEZOMETERS, THE FOLLOWING MUST BE COMPLETED BY THE APPLICANT. PLEASE INDICATE WHY THE WELLS ARE BEING INSTALLED:

- Spill Site
- ISRA Site
- CERCLA (Superfund) Site
- RCRA Site
- Underground Storage Tank Site
- Operational Ground Water Permit Site
- Pretreatment and Residuals Site
- Water and Hazardous Waste Enforcement Case
- Water Supply Aquifer Test Observation Well
- Other (explain)

CASE I.D. Number

This Space for Approval Stamp

WELL PERMIT APPROVED
- N.J. D.E.P.

JAN 28 2003

BUREAU OF WATER ALLOCATION

OR Issuance of this permit is subject to the conditions attached. (see next page)

D.E.P. For monitoring purposes only

SE

The well(s) may not be completed with more than 25 feet of total screen or uncased borehole.

REVERSE SIDE FOR IMPORTANT PROVISIONS PERTAINING TO THIS PERMIT. In compliance with N.J.S.A. 58:4A-14, application is made for a permit to drill a well as described above.

Signature of Driller

Signature of Property Owner

Registration No. 111277

New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection
Bureau of Water Allocation
MONITORING WELL RECORD

Well Permit No. 26 - 65774

Atlas Sheet Coordinates 26 : 03 : 379

OWNER IDENTIFICATION - Owner NICHOLS, MICHAEL & LORTAN

Address 37 GROVE AVE
City ROCHELLE PARK State NJ Zip Code 07607

WELL LOCATION - If not the same as owner please give address. Owner's Well No. mw310
County BERGEN Municipality MAYWOOD BORO Lot No. 15 Block No. 15
Address 37 GROVE AVE

DATE WELL STARTED 2/12/03
DATE WELL COMPLETED 2/14/03

TYPE OF WELL (as per Well Permit Categories) MONITORING
Regulatory Program Requiring Well _____ Case I:D.# _____

CONSULTING FIRM/FIELD SUPERVISOR (if applicable) _____ Tele. # _____

WELL CONSTRUCTION

Total depth drilled 45 ft.
Well finished to 45 ft.

Borehole diameter:
Top 10 in.
Bottom 6 in.

Well was finished: above grade
 flush mounted

If finished above grade, casing height (stick up above land surface) _____ ft.

Was steel protective casing installed?
 Yes No

Static water level after drilling 7 ft.

Water level was measured using tape

Well was developed for _____ hours
at _____ gpm

Method of development pump

Was permanent pumping equipment installed? Yes No

Pump capacity _____ gpm

Pump type: _____

Drilling Fluid _____ Type of Rig RTUW

Health and Safety Plan submitted? Yes No

Level of Protection used on site (circle one) None D C B A

I certify that I have constructed the above referenced well in accordance with all well permit requirements and applicable State rules and regulations.

Drilling Company B & B DRILLING, INC

Well Driller (Print) Douglas Myerchin

Driller's Signature Douglas Myerchin

Registration No. M1277 Date 3/28/03

Note: Measure all depths from land surface	Depth to Top (ft.)	Depth to Bottom (ft.)	Diameter (inches)	Material	Wgt./Rating (lbs/sch no.)
Single/Inner Casing	<u>3</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>Steel</u>	<u>19#</u>
Middle Casing (for triple cased wells only)					
Outer Casing (largest diameter)	<u>3</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>Steel</u>	<u>Sch 10</u>
Open Hole or Screen (No. Used)	<u>20</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>Rock</u>	
Blank Casings (No. Used)					
Tail Piece					
Gravel Pack					
Grout	<u>0</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>ann</u>	Neat Cement Bentonite	<u>1000</u> lbs. _____ lbs.

Grouting Method Pressure
Drilling Method air Rotary

GEOLOGIC LOG	
Note each depth where water was encountered in consolidated formations.	
<u>0-5</u>	<u>Crinoid base</u>
<u>5-6</u>	<u>Tan 180 Sandy silt</u>
<u>6-9</u>	<u>20/25n silt + clay</u>
<u>9-16</u>	<u>Weathered blk</u>
<u>10-17</u>	<u>Red Brunswick shale</u>
<u>17-32</u>	<u>Fracture</u>
<u>32-45</u>	<u>Fracture</u>

AS-BUILT WELL LOCATION (NAD 83 HORIZONTAL DATUM)	
NJ STATE PLANE COORDINATE IN US SURVEY FEET	
NORTHING: _____	EASTING: _____
LATITUDE: _____	OR LONGITUDE: _____

DWR-1334
11/01

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
TRENTON, NJ

MAR 2 2003
MONITORING WELL PERMIT
VALID ONLY AFTER APPROVAL BY THE D.E.P.

Permit No. 2667065

Mail To:
NJDEP
BUREAU OF WATER ALLOCATION
PO BOX 426
TRENTON, NJ 08625-0426

COORD #: 76.03.374

Owner Scott Belvin

Driller B+B Drilling Etc

Address 57 Grove Avenue

Address P.O. Box 80

Zehle Park NJ

Netcong NJ 07856

Name of Facility Same

Diameter of Well(s)	4	Inches	Proposed Depth of Well(s)	50	Feet
# of Wells Applied for (max. 10)	1		Will pumping equipment be utilized?	YES <input type="checkbox"/>	NO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Type of Well (see reverse)	Monitoring		If Yes, give pump capacity	cumulative GPM	

Address as above

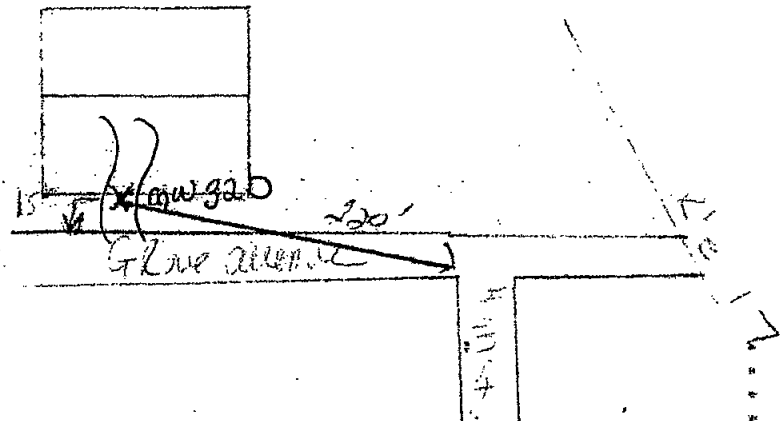
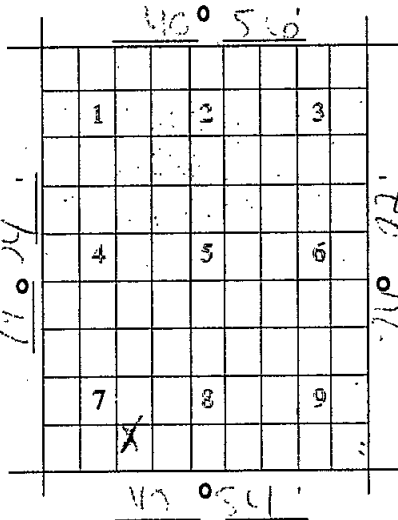
~~Maurice Street in Borough~~

LOCATION OF WELL(S)

Lot #	Block #	Municipality	County
606	17.03	Netcong	Bergen

Draw sketch of well(s) nearest roads, buildings, etc. with marked distances in feet. Each well MUST be labeled with a name and/or number on the sketch.

State Atlas Map No. 26



PROPOSED WELL LOCATION (NAD 83 HORIZONTAL DATUM)
NJ STATE PLANE COORDINATE IN US SURVEY FEET

NORTHING: _____ EASTING: _____
OR
LATITUDE: _____ LONGITUDE: _____

FOR MONITORING WELLS, RECOVERY WELLS, OR PIEZOMETERS, THE FOLLOWING MUST BE COMPLETED BY THE APPLICANT. PLEASE INDICATE WHY THE WELLS ARE BEING INSTALLED:

- RCRA Site
- Spill Site
- Underground Storage Tank Site
- ISRA Site
- Operational Ground Water Permit Site
- CERCLA (Superfund) Site
- Pretreatment and Residuals Site
- CASE LD. Number _____
- Water and Hazardous Waste Enforcement Case
- Water Supply Aquifer Test Observation Well
- Other (explain) _____

This Space for Approval Stamp

MAR 18 2003

BUREAU OF WATER ALLOC

FOR D.E.P. USE Issuance of this permit is subject to the conditions attached. (see next page) For monitoring purposes only

SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR IMPORTANT PROVISIONS PERTAINING TO THIS PERMIT. In compliance with N.J.S.A. 58:4A-14, application is made for a permit to drill a well as described above.

Date 7/17/03 Signature of Driller Registration No. 711977

Signature of Property Owner [Signature]

COPIES: Water Allocation - White Health Dept. - Yellow Owner - Blue Driller - White

DWR-138 M
8/00

New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection
Bureau of Water Allocation
MONITORING WELL RECORD

Well Permit No. 26 57268

Atlas Sheet Coordinates 26 03 379

OWNER IDENTIFICATION - Owner BELVIN, SCOTT
Address 58 GROVE AVE
City ROCHELLE PARK State NJ Zip Code _____

WELL LOCATION - If not the same as owner please give address. Owner's Well No. MW 32D
County BERGEN Municipality MAYWOOD BORO Lot No. 65 Block No. 17.03
Address 58 GROVE AVE

DATE WELL STARTED 5/2/03
DATE WELL COMPLETED 5/5/03

TYPE OF WELL (as per Well Permit Categories) MONITORING
Regulatory Program Requiring Well _____ Case I.D.# _____

CONSULTING FIRM/FIELD SUPERVISOR (if applicable) _____ Tele. # _____

WELL CONSTRUCTION

Total depth drilled 57 ft.
Well finished to 57 ft.

Borehole diameter:
Top 10 in.
Bottom 10 in.

Well was finished: above grade
 flush mounted

If finished above grade, casing height (stick up) above land surface _____ ft.

Was steel protective casing installed?
 Yes No

Static water level after drilling _____ ft.

Water level was measured using _____

Well was developed for _____ hours
at _____ gpm

Method of development _____

Was permanent pumping equipment installed? Yes No

Pump capacity _____ gpm

Pump type: _____

Drilling Fluid _____ Type of Rig LATUW

Health and Safety Plan submitted? Yes No

Level of Protection used on site (circle one) None (D) C B A

I certify that I have constructed the above referenced well in accordance with all well permit requirements and applicable State rules and regulations.

Drilling Company B & B DRILLING, INC

Well Driller (Print) Douglas Myerchin

Driller's Signature Douglas Myerchin

Registration No. M1717 Date 6/5/03

Note: Measure all depths - from land surface	Depth to Top (ft.)	Depth to Bottom (ft.)	Diameter (inches)	Material	Wgt./Rating (lbs/sch no.)
Single/Inner Casing	0	32	6	Steel	12#
Middle Casing (for triple cased wells only)					
Outer Casing (largest diameter)	0	20	10	Steel	Sch 40
Open Hole or Screen (No. Used)	32	57	6	open hole	
Blank Casings (No. Used)					
Tail Piece					
Gravel Pack					
Grout	0	32	200	Neat Cement Bentonite	1000 lbs. _____ lbs.

Grouting Method Pneumatically Applied Grout
Drilling Method air rotary

GEOLOGIC LOG

Note each depth where water was encountered in consolidated formations.

<u>0-5'</u> <u>concrete base</u>
<u>5-6'</u> <u>sand / silt</u>
<u>6-9'</u> <u>S.H/clay</u>
<u>9-17'</u> <u>Brownish shale</u>
<u>17-57'</u> <u>S.A.A.</u>

**AS-BUILT WELL LOCATION
(NAD 83 HORIZONTAL DATUM)**

NJ STATE PLANE COORDINATE IN US SURVEY FEET

NORTHING: _____ EASTING: _____
OR
LATITUDE: _____ LONGITUDE: _____

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
TRENTON, NJ

MONITORING WELL PERMIT

54

Permit No. 2665218

VALID ONLY AFTER APPROVAL BY THE D.E.P.

Mail To:
NJDEP
BUREAU OF WATER ALLOCATION
PO BOX 426
TRENTON, NJ 08625-0426

COORD # 76-03-0 98

Owner US EPA v/o The Sewer Gap Tr
Address 100 W. Hunder Avenue
Maywood NJ 07607

Driller B-B Drilling Inc
Address P.O. Box 80
Netcong NJ 07857

Name of Facility Maywood Escarpment Site
Address Grove Avenue
Netcong Park NJ

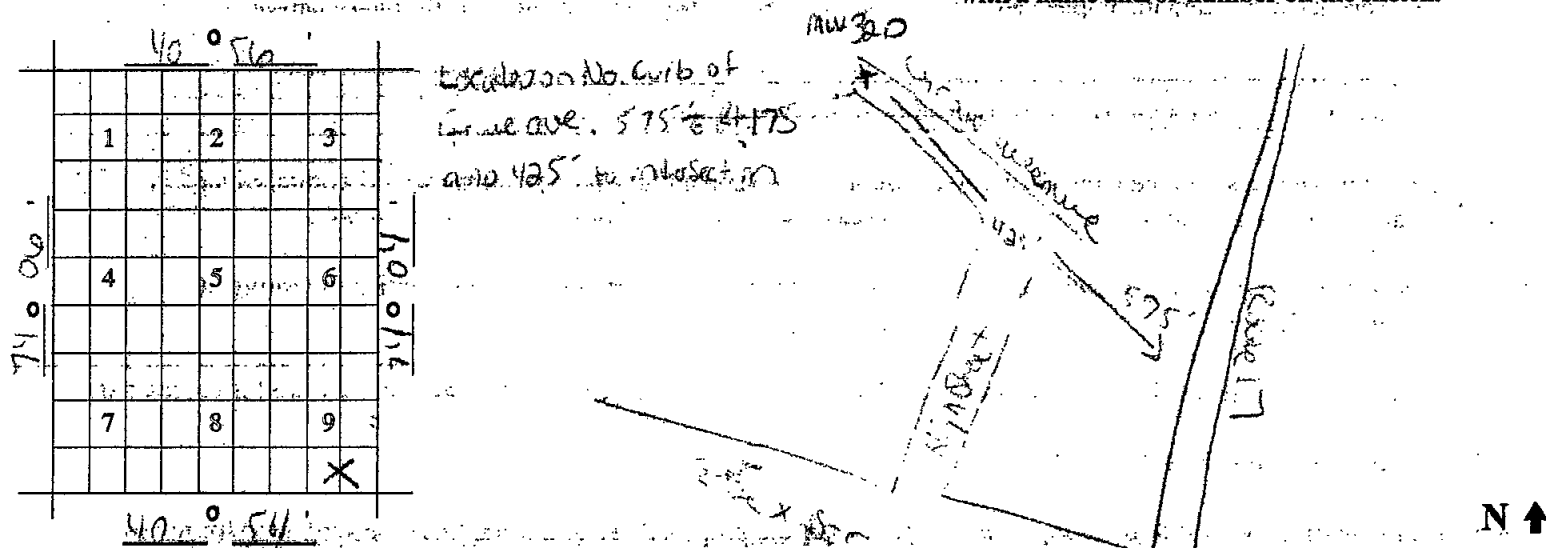
Diameter of Well(s)	6	Inches	Proposed Depth of Well(s)	50	Feet
# of Wells Applied for (max. 10)	1		Will pumping equipment be utilized?	YES <input type="checkbox"/>	NO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Type of Well (see reverse)	Monitoring		If Yes, give pump capacity		cumulative GPM

LOCATION OF WELL(S)

Lot #	Block #	Municipality	County
N/A	N/A	Netcong	Bergen

State Atlas Map No. 26

Draw sketch of well(s) nearest roads, buildings, etc. with marked distances in feet. Each well MUST be labeled with a name and/or number on the sketch.



FOR MONITORING WELLS, RECOVERY WELLS, OR PIEZOMETERS, THE FOLLOWING MUST BE COMPLETED BY THE APPLICANT. PLEASE INDICATE WHY THE WELLS ARE BEING INSTALLED:

- Spill Site
- ISRA Site
- CERCLA (Superfund) Site
- RCRA Site
- Underground Storage Tank Site
- Operational Ground-Water Permit Site
- Pretreatment and Residuals Site
- Water and Hazardous Waste Enforcement Case
- Water Supply Aquifer Test Observation Well
- Other (explain)

CASE I.D. Number

This Space for Approval Stamp

WELL PERMIT APPROVED
N.J.D.E.P.

JUL 19 2002

BUREAU OF WATER ALLOCATION

FOR D.E.P. USE Issuance of this permit is subject to the conditions attached. (see next page)

For monitoring purposes only

The well(s) may not be completed with more than 25 feet of total screen or uncased borehole.

SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR IMPORTANT PROVISIONS PERTAINING TO THIS PERMIT.
In compliance with N.J.S.A. 58:4A-14, application is made for a permit to drill a well as described above.

Date 7/15/22 Signature of Driller [Signature] Registration No. 11277

Signature of Property Owner [Signature]

DWR-138 M
8/00

New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection
Bureau of Water Allocation
MONITORING WELL RECORD

Well Permit No. 26 - 65218

Atlas Sheet Coordinates 26 : 03 : 298

OWNER IDENTIFICATION - Owner USEPA C/O SHAW GROUP INC
Address 100 W HUNTER AVE
City MAYWOOD State NJ Zip Code 07607

WELL LOCATION - If not the same as owner please give address. Owner's Well No. MW340
County BERGEN Municipality ROCHELLE PARK T Lot No. N/A Block No. N/A
Address GROVE AVENUE

DATE WELL STARTED 9/12/02
DATE WELL COMPLETED 9/16/02

TYPE OF WELL (as per Well Permit Categories) MONITORING
Regulatory Program Requiring Well _____ Case ID.# _____

CONSULTING FIRM/FIELD SUPERVISOR (if applicable) _____ Tele. # _____

WELL CONSTRUCTION

Total depth drilled 53 ft.
Well finished to 53 ft.

Borehole diameter:
Top 10 in.
Bottom 6 in.

Well was finished: above grade
 flush mounted

If finished above grade, casing height (stick up) above land surface 2 ft.

Was steel protective casing installed?
 Yes No

Static water level after drilling _____ ft.

Water level was measured using _____

Well was developed for _____ hours
at _____ gpm

Method of development _____

Was permanent pumping equipment installed? Yes No

Pump capacity _____ gpm

Pump type: _____

Drilling Fluid _____ Type of Rig IRTUW

Health and Safety Plan submitted? Yes No

Level of Protection used on site (circle one) None (D) C B A

I certify that I have constructed the above referenced well in accordance with all well permit requirements and applicable State rules and regulations.

Drilling Company B & B DRILLING, INC

Well Driller (Print) Douglas Myerch

Driller's Signature Douglas Myerch

Registration No. M1277 Date 9/21/02

Note: Measure all depths from land surface	Depth to Top (ft.)	Depth to Bottom (ft.)	Diameter (inches)	Material	Wgt./Rating (lbs/sch. no.)
Single/Inner Casing	+2	28	6	Steel	19#
Middle Casing (for triple cased wells only)					
Outer Casing (largest diameter)	0	18	10	Steel	sch 40
Open Hole or Screen (No. Used)	28	53	6	Berrock	
Blank Casings (No. Used)					
Tail Piece					
Gravel Pack					
Grout	0	28	ann	Neat Cement Bentonite	900 lbs.

Grouting Method Pressure
Drilling Method air Rotary

GEOLOGIC LOG	
Note each depth where water was encountered in consolidated formations.	
0-6	Crushed stone - mulch
6-18	F/c sand, s.l + clay
18-53	Berrock - s.l + sandstone

AS-BUILT WELL LOCATION (NAD 83 HORIZONTAL DATUM)	
NJ STATE PLANE COORDINATE IN US SURVEY FEET	
NORTHING: _____	EASTING: _____
LATITUDE: _____	OR LONGITUDE: _____

APPENDIX C

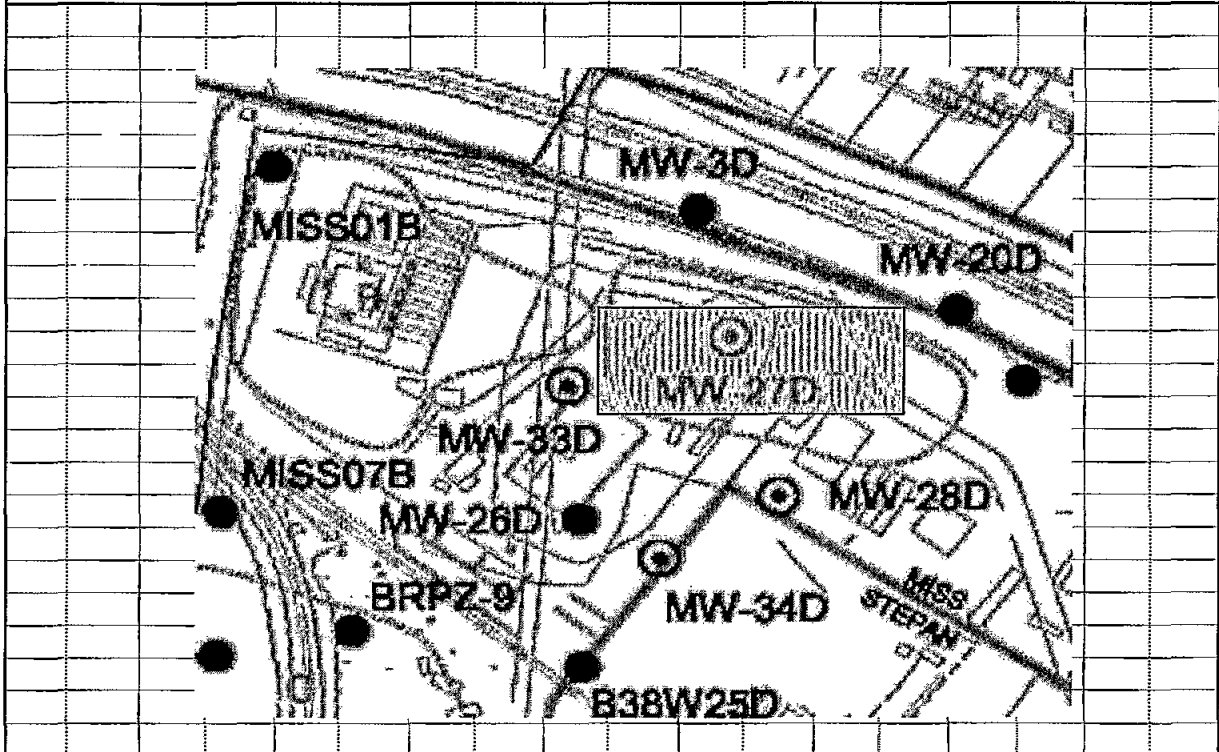
Boring Logs and Monitoring Well Construction Logs - RI Addendum Wells

APPENDIX C.1

BORING LOGS FOR RI ADDENDUM WELLS

HTRW DRILLING LOG		DISTRICT New York District		HOLE NUMBER MW-27D	
1. COMPANY NAME Stone & Webster		2. DRILLING SUBCONTRACTOR B & B Drilling		SHEET SHEETS 1 OF 3	
3. PROJECT Maywood			4. LOCATION MISS		
5. NAME OF DRILLER Doug Myerchin			6. MANUFACTURERS DESIGNATION OF DRILL T-4 Air Rotary Rig		
7. SIZE AND TYPES OF DRILLING AND SAMPLING EQUIPMENT 10" Air Hammer 6" Air Hammer			8. HOLE LOCATION Approximately 200' NE of MW-26D		
			9. SURFACE ELEVATION 62.68		
			10. DATE STARTED 08/06/2002		11. DATE COMPLETED 08/09/2002
12. OVERBURDEN THICKNESS 20'			15. DEPTH GROUNDWATER ENCOUNTERED Approx. 28-30' bgs in bedrock		
13. DEPTH DRILLED INTO ROCK 35.5'			16. DEPTH TO WATER AND ELAPSED TIME AFTER DRILLING COMPLETED 18.45 (8-14-02)		
14. TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 58.5'			17. OTHER WATER LEVEL MEASUREMENTS (SPECIFY)		
18. GEOTECHNICAL SAMPLES		DISTURBED	UNDISTURBED	19. TOTAL NUMBER OF CORE BOXES	
No				No	
20. SAMPLES FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS Groundwater		VOC Yes	METALS	OTHER (SPECIFY)	21. CORE RECOVERY %
22. DISPOSITION OF HOLE		BACKFILLED	MONITORING WELL Stickup	OTHER (SPECIFY)	SIGNATURE OF INSPECTOR

LOCATION SKETCH / COMMENTS SCALE: 1" = 65'



PROJECT MAYWOOD FUSRAP	HOLE NUMBER MW-27D
---------------------------	-----------------------

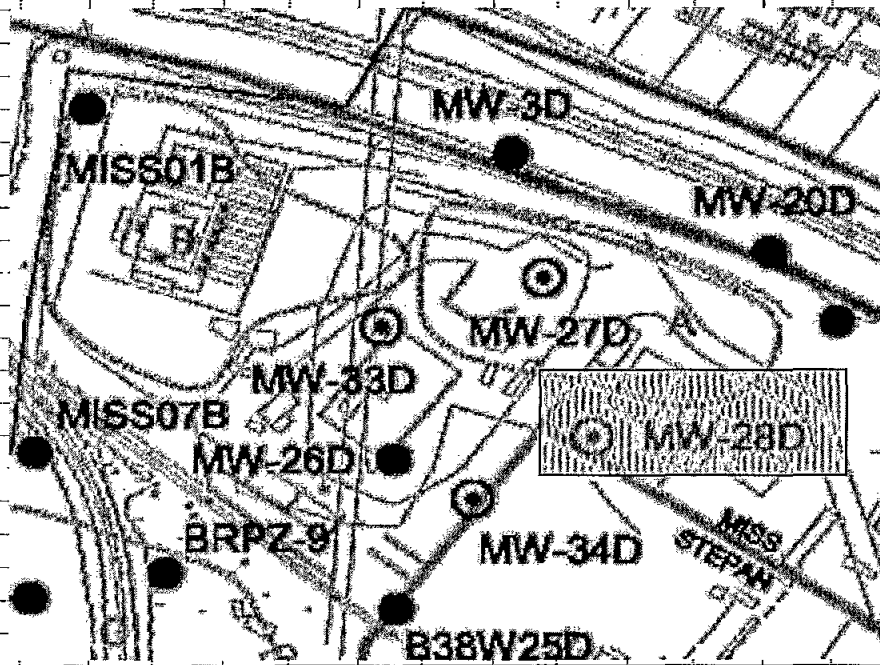
HTRW DRILLING LOG (CONTINUATION SHEET)							HOLE NUMBER MW-27D
PROJECT Maywood			INSPECTOR Sal Kokol				SHEET SHEETS
ELEV.	DEPTH	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS	FIELD SCREENING RESULTS	GEOTECH SAMPLE OR CORE BOX #	ANALYTICAL SAMPLE #	BLOW COUNTS	REMARKS
	0	Fill comprised of Gray, Brown, Black Sand, Silt, Gravel Sand is Coarse					
	5'	Brown, tan coarse to medium fine Sand & Silt Occassional Gray/White clumps of Clay					Possibly ash material
	10'						
	15'	Brown/Black silty Sand w/gray clumps					Moisture on rods noted
	20'	Top of Rock @ 20'					
	25'	Red/brown siltstone w/friable sandstone					air hammer rate of 1 ft/2 min.
	30'						
	35'						Casing set @ 33.5' Open hole to 58.5'
	40'	Red/Brown medium to fine grained sandstone & siltstone					
	45'						
PROJECT MAYWOOD FUSRAP							HOLE NUMBER MW-27D

HTRW DRILLING LOG (CONTINUATION SHEET)							HOLE NUMBER MW-27D
PROJECT Maywood			INSPECTOR Sal Kokol				SHEET SHEETS
ELEV.	DEPTH	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS	FIELD SCREENING RESULTS	GEOTECH SAMPLE OR CORE BOX #	ANALYTICAL SAMPLE #	BLOW COUNTS	3 OF 3
							REMARKS
	45'						
	50'						
	55'						
	60'	EOB @ 58.5'					
	65'						
	70'						
	75'						
	80'						
	85'						
	90'						
PROJECT MAYWOOD FUSRAP							HOLE NUMBER MW-27D

HTRW DRILLING LOG		DISTRICT New York District		HOLE NUMBER MW-28D	
1. COMPANY NAME Stone & Webster		2. DRILLING SUBCONTRACTOR B & B Drilling		SHEET SHEETS 1 OF 2	
3. PROJECT Maywood			4. LOCATION MISS		
5. NAME OF DRILLER Doug Myerchin			6. MANUFACTURERS DESIGNATION OF DRILL T-4 Air Rotary Rig		
7. SIZE AND TYPES OF DRILLING AND SAMPLING EQUIPMENT 10" Air Hammer 6" Air Hammer			8. HOLE LOCATION Approximately 160' East of MW-26D		
			9. SURFACE ELEVATION 61.9		
			10. DATE STARTED 08/07/2002		11. DATE COMPLETED 08/12/2002
12. OVERBURDEN THICKNESS 20'			15. DEPTH GROUNDWATER ENCOUNTERED Approx. 47' bgs in bedrock		
13. DEPTH DRILLED INTO ROCK 37'			16. DEPTH TO WATER AND ELAPSED TIME AFTER DRILLING COMPLETED 18.45 (8-14-02)		
14. TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 57'			17. OTHER WATER LEVEL MEASUREMENTS (SPECIFY)		
18. GEOTECHNICAL SAMPLES		DISTURBED	UNDISTURBED	19. TOTAL NUMBER OF CORE BOXES	
No				No	
20. SAMPLES FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS Groundwater		VOC Yes	METALS	OTHER (SPECIFY)	21. CORE RECOVERY %
22. DISPOSITION OF HOLE		BACKFILLED	MONITORING WELL Stickup	OTHER (SPECIFY)	SIGNATURE OF INSPECTOR

LOCATION SKETCH / COMMENTS

SCALE: 1" = 65'



PROJECT MAYWOOD FUSRAP		HOLE NUMBER MW-28D	
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HTRW DRILLING LOG (CONTINUATION SHEET)						HOLE NUMBER	MW-28D
PROJECT			INSPECTOR			SHEET	SHEETS
Maywood			Sal Kekel			2 OF 2	
ELEV.	DEPTH	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS	FIELD SCREENING RESULTS	GEOTECH SAMPLE OR CORE BOX #	ANALYTICAL SAMPLE #	BLOW COUNTS	REMARKS
	0	Ground Surface Fill: Crushed rock, mulch, sand, silt.					
	5'	Overburden Tan/brown cmf SAND, trace silt, trace gravel.					
	10'	Black/Brown SAND, w/clay clumps					
	15'	Red-brown dense sand & silt, tr. gravel					
	20'	Top of rock @ 20' bgs					
	25'	Red/brown medium to fine grained SS/occasional silt stone					Surfactant odor detected 22-32 feet bgs
	30'	fragments.					
	35'						Casing set @ 32' bgs Open hole to 57'
	40'	Red/Brown medium to fine grained sandstone & siltstone					
	45'						
	50'						First water @ 47'
	55'						
		E.O.B @ 57'					

HTRW DRILLING LOG		DISTRICT New York District		HOLE NUMBER MW-31D	
1. COMPANY NAME Shaw E&I		2. DRILLING SUBCONTRACTOR B & B Drilling		SHEET 1 OF SHEETS 2	
3. PROJECT Maywood			4. LOCATION 37 Grove Avenue, Rochelle Park		
5. NAME OF DRILLER Doug Myerchin			6. MANUFACTURERS DESIGNATION OF DRILL T-4 Air Rotary Rig		
7. SIZE AND TYPES OF DRILLING AND SAMPLING EQUIPMENT 10" Air Hammer 6" Air Hammer			8. HOLE LOCATION Approximately 375' southwest of B38W17B		
			9. SURFACE ELEVATION 49.08		
			10. DATE STARTED 02/12/2003		11. DATE COMPLETED 02/14/2003
12. OVERBURDEN THICKNESS 10'			15. DEPTH GROUNDWATER ENCOUNTERED 8' bgs (2-14-03)		
13. DEPTH DRILLED INTO ROCK 35'			16. DEPTH TO WATER AND ELAPSED TIME AFTER DRILLING COMPLETED 6.70 (2/21/03)		
14. TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 45'			17. OTHER WATER LEVEL MEASUREMENTS (SPECIFY)		
18. GEOTECHNICAL SAMPLES		DISTURBED	UNDISTURBED	19. TOTAL NUMBER OF CORE BOXES	
No				No	
20. SAMPLES FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS Groundwater		VOC Yes	METALS	OTHER (SPECIFY)	21. CORE RECOVERY %
22. DISPOSITION OF HOLE		BACKFILLED	MONITORING WELL Flushmount	OTHER (SPECIFY)	SIGNATURE OF INSPECTOR

LOCATION SKETCH / COMMENTS SCALE: 1" = 80'



PROJECT MAYWOOD FUSRAP	HOLE NUMBER MW-31D
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HTRW DRILLING LOG (CONTINUATION SHEET)							HOLE NUMBER MW-31D
PROJECT Maywood			INSPECTOR Sal Kokal				SHEET
							SHEETS
ELEV.	DEPTH	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS	FIELD SCREENING RESULTS	GEOTECH SAMPLE OR CORE BOX #	ANALYTICAL SAMPLE #	BLOW COUNTS	REMARKS
	0	Concrete and subbase veneer Brown/Reddish Brown, coarse to medium Sand, little silt, little gravel w/rock frag.					
	5'						
	10'	medium to coarse Sand, gravel with tr. Silt and clay Top of rock @ 12' bgs Dark Brown/Red medium to fine grained sandstone					
	20'						Fracture producing water @ 17'-18' 6-in. Casing set @ 20' bgs Open hole from 20'-45' bgs
	30'						
	40'						Fracture producing water @ 32'-35' Well producing significant water from 35'-45'
	50'	E.O.B @ 45'					

HTRW DRILLING LOG		DISTRICT New York District		HOLE NUMBER MW-32D	
1. COMPANY NAME Shaw E&I		2. DRILLING SUBCONTRACTOR B & B Drilling		SHEET SHEETS 1 OF 2	
3. PROJECT Maywood			4. LOCATION Rochelle Park		
5. NAME OF DRILLER Doug Myerchin			6. MANUFACTURERS DESIGNATION OF DRILL T-4 Air Rotary Rig		
7. SIZE AND TYPES OF DRILLING AND SAMPLING EQUIPMENT 10" Air Hammer			8. HOLE LOCATION Approximately 150' northwest of B38W17B		
6" Air Hammer			9. SURFACE ELEVATION 49.18		
			10. DATE STARTED 05/02/2003		11. DATE COMPLETED 05/05/2003
12. OVERBURDEN THICKNESS 18'			15. DEPTH GROUNDWATER ENCOUNTERED 8' bgs		
13. DEPTH DRILLED INTO ROCK 39'			16. DEPTH TO WATER AND ELAPSED TIME AFTER DRILLING COMPLETED 6.10 (5/5/03)		
14. TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 57'			17. OTHER WATER LEVEL MEASUREMENTS (SPECIFY)		
18. GEOTECHNICAL SAMPLES		DISTURBED	UNDISTURBED	19. TOTAL NUMBER OF CORE BOXES	
No				No	
20. SAMPLES FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS Groundwater		VOC Yes	METALS	OTHER (SPECIFY)	21. CORE RECOVERY %
22. DISPOSITION OF HOLE		BACKFILLED	MONITORING WELL Flushmount	OTHER (SPECIFY)	SIGNATURE OF INSPECTOR

LOCATION SKETCH / COMMENTS

SCALE: 1" = 80"



PROJECT MAYWOOD FUSRAP	HOLE NUMBER MW-32D
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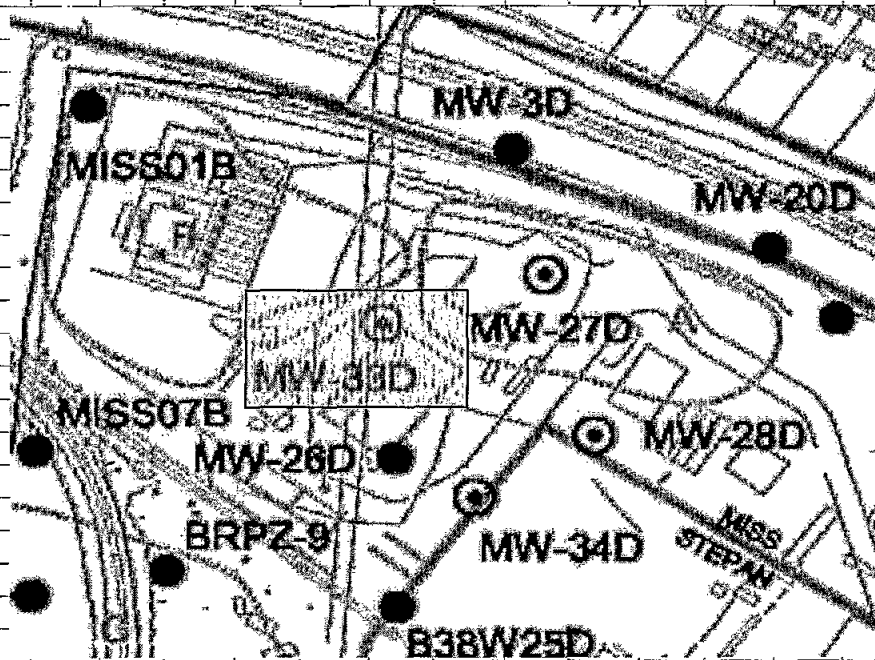
HTRW DRILLING LOG (CONTINUATION SHEET)

PROJECT		INSPECTOR				HOLE NUMBER				
Maywood		Rob DeMott & Kevin Cote				MW-32D				
ELEV.		DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS		FIELD SCREENING RESULTS	GEOTECH SAMPLE OR CORE BOX #	ANALYTICAL SAMPLE #	BLOW COUNTS	REMARKS
	0			Concrete and sub-base sand to 18"						
				Dry, Red-brown fine to medium sand and silt						
	10			Wet, medium to coarse red/brown sand w/some silt						
	20			Top of Rock @ 18'						
				Red-brown siltstone and fine-grained sandstone						water encountered @ 20'
	30									Fracture @ 25'
										6" casing set @ 32' bgs
	40									Open hole to 57'
	50									From 35'-45' advanced approx. 1 1/2 min.
	60			EOB @ 57'						Fracture @ 47'
										50' -55' advanced approx. 1 1/2 min.

HTRW DRILLING LOG		DISTRICT New York District		HOLE NUMBER MW-33D	
1. COMPANY NAME Stone & Webster		2. DRILLING SUBCONTRACTOR B & B Drilling		SHEET SHEETS 1 OF 3	
3. PROJECT Maywood		4. LOCATION MISS			
5. NAME OF DRILLER Doug Myerchin		6. MANUFACTURERS DESIGNATION OF DRILL T-4 Air Rotary Rig			
7. SIZE AND TYPES OF DRILLING AND SAMPLING EQUIPMENT 10" Air Hammer		8. HOLE LOCATION NE Corner of Temp. Building			
6" Air Hammer		9. SURFACE ELEVATION 59.44			
		10. DATE STARTED 09/10/2002		11. DATE COMPLETED 09/12/2002	
12. OVERBURDEN THICKNESS 20'		15. DEPTH GROUNDWATER ENCOUNTERED Approximately 16'			
13. DEPTH DRILLED INTO ROCK 48'		16. DEPTH TO WATER AND ELAPSED TIME AFTER DRILLING COMPLETED 12.70 (9/13/02)			
14. TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 68'		17. OTHER WATER LEVEL MEASUREMENTS (SPECIFY)			
18. GEOTECHNICAL SAMPLES		DISTURBED		UNDISTURBED	
No				None	
20. SAMPLES FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS Groundwater		VOC Yes		METALS	
				OTHER (SPECIFY)	
22. DISPOSITION OF HOLE		BACKFILLED		MONITORING WELL	
				OTHER (SPECIFY)	
		Stickup		SIGNATURE OF INSPECTOR	

LOCATION SKETCH / COMMENTS

SCALE: 1" = 65'



PROJECT

MAYWOOD FUSRAP

HOLE NUMBER

MW-33D

HTRW DRILLING LOG (CONTINUATION SHEET)

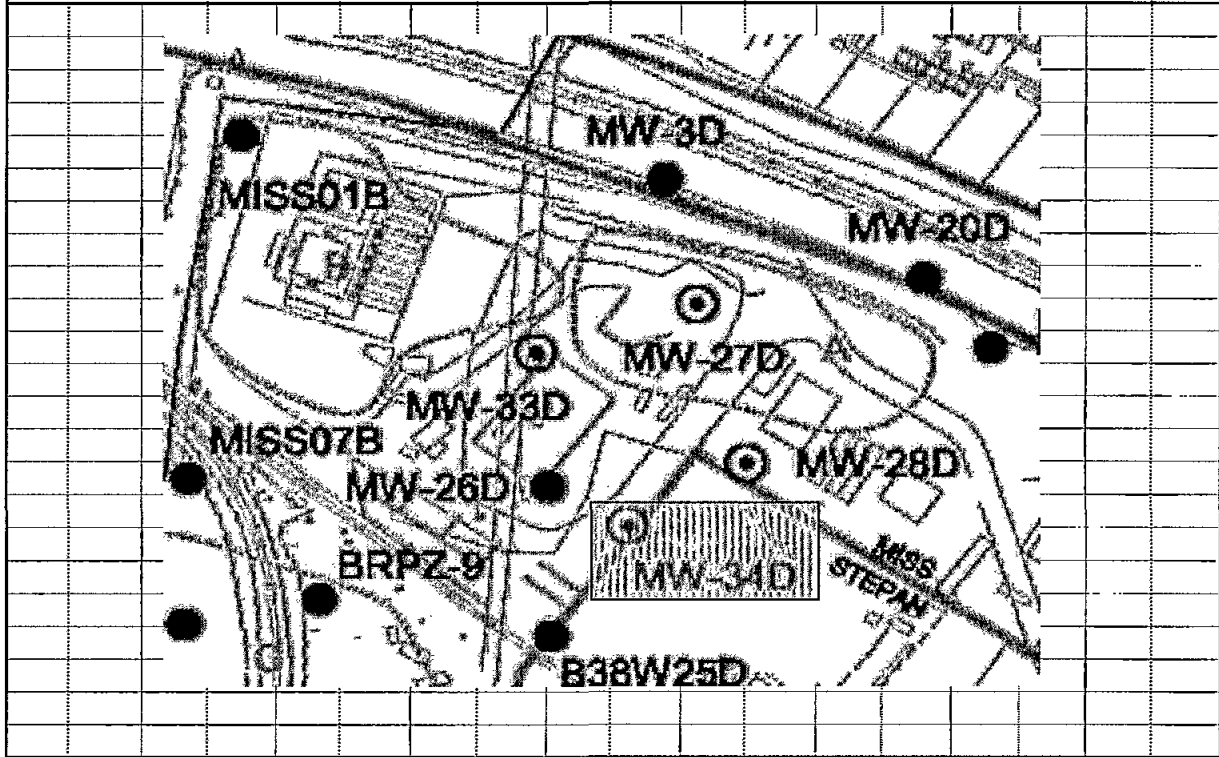
PROJECT		INSPECTOR				HOLE NUMBER					
Maywood		Sal Kokot				MW-33D					
ELEV.		DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS		FIELD SCREENING RESULTS	GEOTECH SAMPLE OR CORE BOX #	ANALYTICAL SAMPLE #	BLOW COUNTS	SHEET	SHEETS
										2 OF 3	
										REMARKS	
	0	Ground Surface									
		Fill: Gravel, crushed rock.									
	5'										
		Color of sed. Black from 8'-21'									
	10'	Brown cmf SAND,silt, wood fragments from 10'-20'								Wood may be related to roots or old rail road ties.	
	15'									Moist at 16'	
	20'	Fractured Bedrock at 20'								Top of Rock	
	25'	Competent bedrock at 25' Redish brown medium to fine grained SS								Upper bedrock section appears fractured.	
	30'	Soft/fractured medium to fine grained sandstone, some siltstone (31'-38')									
	35'										
	40'	Soft medium to fine grained Sandstone								Set 6" ID casing in competent rock @ 38'	
PROJECT										HOLE NUMBER	
MAYWOOD FUSRAP										MW-33D	

HTRW DRILLING LOG (CONTINUATION SHEET)

PROJECT		INSPECTOR				HOLE NUMBER						
Maywood		Sal Kokoi				MW-33D						
ELEV.		DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS		FIELD SCREENING RESULTS	GEOTECH SAMPLE OR CORE BOX #	ANALYTICAL SAMPLE #	BLOW COUNTS	SHEET	SHEETS	
										3 OF 3		
										REMARKS		
	45'			Soft medium to fine grained Sandstone								
	50'			Soft fine Sandstone & Siltstone							Fractured/soft fine SS/silt stone to 68' Installed 2" PVC screen/ filter pack from 43 to 68'	
	55'			Soft fine Sandstone & Siltstone								
	60'			Soft fine Sandstone & Siltstone								
	65'			Soft fine Sandstone & Siltstone								
	70'			E.O.B. @ 68'								
PROJECT						MAYWOOD FUSRAP				HOLE NUMBER		MW-33D

HTRW DRILLING LOG		DISTRICT New York		HOLE NUMBER MW-34D	
1. COMPANY NAME Stone & Webster		2. DRILLING SUBCONTRACTOR B & B Drilling		SHEET 1 OF SHEETS 2	
3. PROJECT Maywood			4. LOCATION MISS		
5. NAME OF DRILLER Doug Myerchin			6. MANUFACTURERS DESIGNATION OF DRILL T-4 Air Rotary Rig		
7. SIZE AND TYPES OF DRILLING AND SAMPLING EQUIPMENT 10" Air Hammer 6" Air Hammer			8. HOLE LOCATION Approximately 60' East of MW-26D		
			9. SURFACE ELEVATION 58.35		
			10. DATE STARTED 09/12/2002		11. DATE COMPLETED 09/16/2002
12. OVERBURDEN THICKNESS 18'			15. DEPTH GROUNDWATER ENCOUNTERED Approximately 14'		
13. DEPTH DRILLED INTO ROCK 35'			16. DEPTH TO WATER AND ELAPSED TIME AFTER DRILLING COMPLETED 10.04 (9/17/02)		
14. TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 53'			17. OTHER WATER LEVEL MEASUREMENTS (SPECIFY)		
18. GEOTECHNICAL SAMPLES		DISTURBED	UNDISTURBED	19. TOTAL NUMBER OF CORE BOXES None	
20. SAMPLES FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS GROUNDWATER		VOC Yes	METALS	OTHER (SPECIFY)	21. CORE RECOVERY %
22. DISPOSITION OF HOLE		BACKFILLED	MONITORING WELL Slickup	OTHER (SPECIFY)	SIGNATURE OF INSPECTOR

LOCATION SKETCH / COMMENTS SCALE: 1' = 65'



PROJECT MAYWOOD FUSRAP	HOLE NUMBER MW-34D
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HTRW DRILLING LOG (CONTINUATION SHEET)							HOLE NUMBER	MW-34D
PROJECT	Maywood		INSPECTOR	Sal Koko				
			FIELD	GEOTECH	ANALYTICAL		SHEET	SHEETS
ELEV.	DEPTH	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS	SCREENING	SAMPLE OR	SAMPLE #	BLOW COUNTS	2 OF 2	
			RESULTS	CORE BOX #			REMARKS	
	0	Ground Surface Fill: Crushed rock, mulch, sand, silt.						
	5'	Reddish brown cmf SAND, little silt, trace gravel, trace clay.						
	10'							
	15'							
	20'	Gravel/weathered rock interface - angular c to med gravel (sandstone fragments) mixed w/sand & some silt Competent bedrock at 19' Red/Dk. Brn m-f grained Sandstone, possibly mixed w/silty Sandstone at different horizons					Top of Rock @ 18'	
	25'	m-f Sandstone with finer sandy & silty horizons - finer w/depth					Six-inch casing to 28'	
	35'						Open rock hole to 53'	
	45'							
	55'	Silt and shale chips at 51'-52' E.O.B @53'						
PROJECT	MAYWOOD FUSRAP						HOLE NUMBER MW-34D	

APPENDIX C.2

**MONITORING WELL CONSTRUCTION FORMS
FOR RI ADDENDUM WELLS**

SHAW ENVIRONMENTAL & INFRASTRUCTURE

Project: FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE

Job Number:

MW-27D

Client: Shaw Environmental & Infrastructure

Date: 08/6-8/9/02

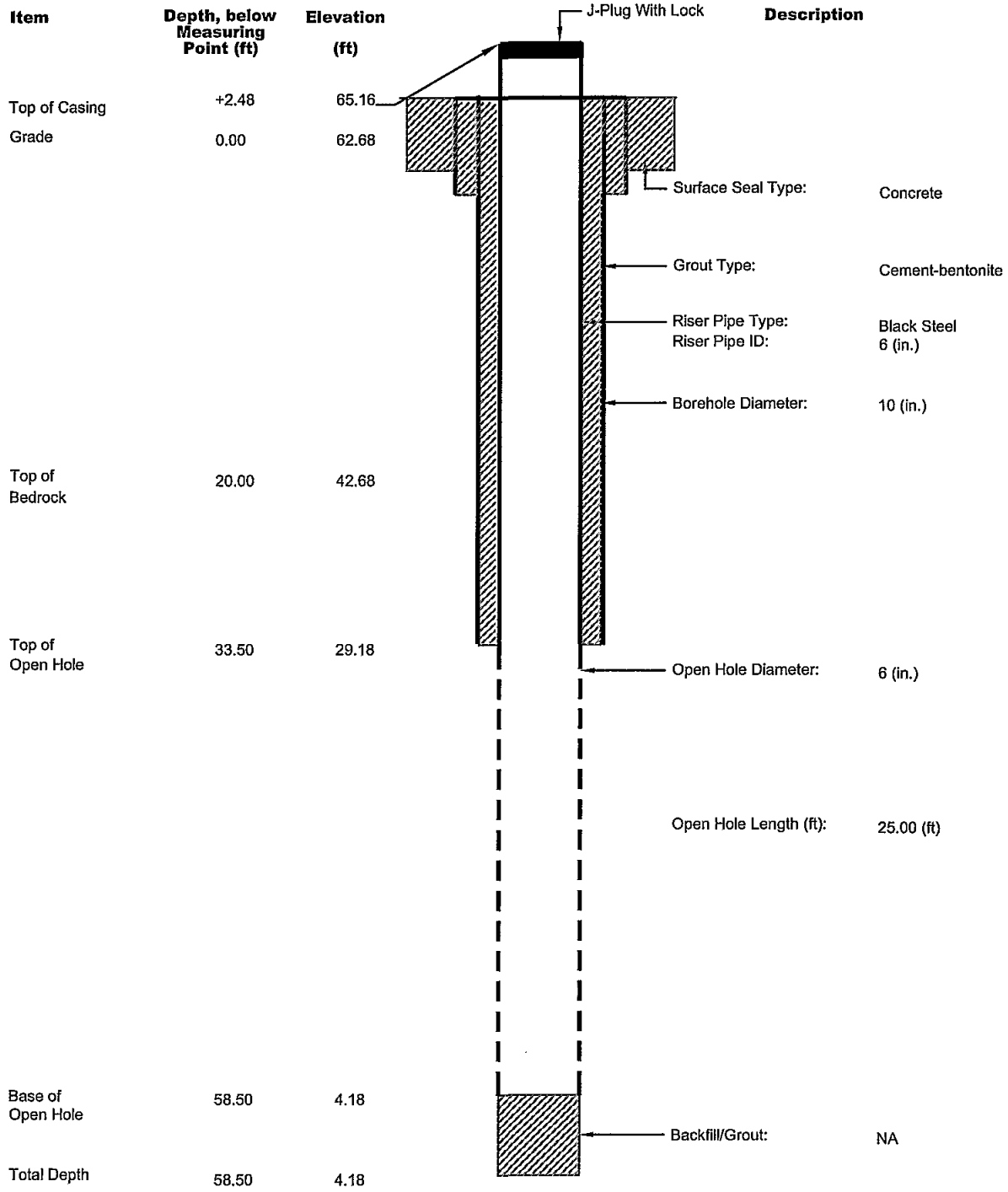
Subcontractor: B&B Drilling

Drilling Method: Air rotary

Development Method: Air & electrosubmersible pump

Construction Dates: 08/06/02 to 08/9/02

Type of Measuring Point Elevation (NGVD)
 GROUND SURFACE: 62.68
 TOP OF INNER CASING: N/A
 TOP OF CASING (OUTER IF APPLICABLE): 65.16



Notes: Developed by airlifting, surge and pumping.

SHAW ENVIRONMENTAL & INFRASTRUCTURE

Project: FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE

Job Number:

MW-28D

Client: Shaw Environmental & Infrastructure

Date: 08/7-8/12/02

Subcontractor:

Drilling Method: Air rotary

Type of Measuring Point Elevation (NGVD)

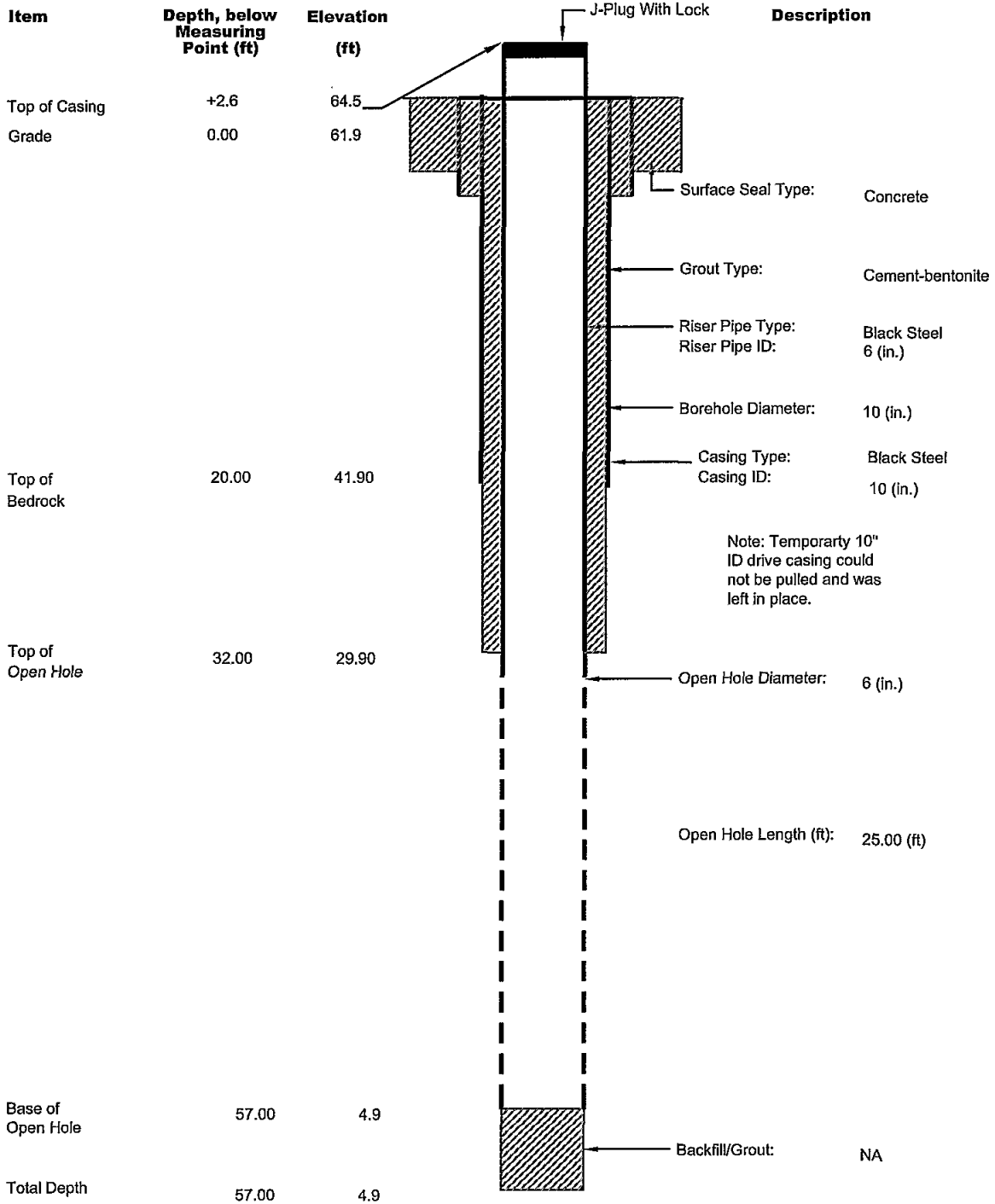
Development Method: Air & electrosubmersible pump

GROUND SURFACE: 61.9

TOP OF INNER CASING: N/A

Construction Dates: 08/07/02 to 08/12/02

TOP OF CASING (OUTER IF APPLICABLE): 64.5



Notes: Developed by airlifting, surge and pumping.

SHAW ENVIRONMENTAL & INFRASTRUCTURE

MW-31D

Project: FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE

Job Number:

Client: Shaw Environmental & Infrastructure

Date: 02/12-2/14/03

Subcontractor: B&B Drilling

Drilling Method: Air rotary

Development Method: Air and electrosubmersible pump

Construction Dates: 02/12/03 to 02/14/03

Type of Measuring Point	Elevation (NGVD)
GROUND SURFACE:	49.08
TOP OF INNER CASING:	48.62
TOP OF CASING (OUTER IF APPLICABLE):	49.08

Item	Depth, below Measuring Point (ft)	Elevation (ft)	Description
Grade/Top of Casing (Outer)	0.00	49.08	
Top of Inner Casing	0.46	48.62	
			Surface Seal Type: Concrete
			Grout Type: Cement-bentonite
			Riser Pipe Type: Black Steel Riser Pipe ID: 6 (in.)
			Borehole Diameter: 10 (in.)
			Casing Type: Black Steel Casing ID: 10 (in.)
Top of Bedrock	10.00	39.08	
			Note: Temporary 10" ID drive casing could not be pulled and was left in place.
Top of Open Hole	20.00	29.08	Open Hole Diameter: 6 (in.)
			Open Hole Length (ft): 25.00 (ft)
Base of Open Hole	45.00	4.08	Backfill/Grout: NA
Total Depth	45.00	4.08	

Notes: Developed by airlifting, surge and pumping.

SHAW ENVIRONMENTAL & INFRASTRUCTURE

MW-32D

Project: FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE

Job Number:

Client: Shaw Environmental & Infrastructure

Date: 05/2-5/5/03

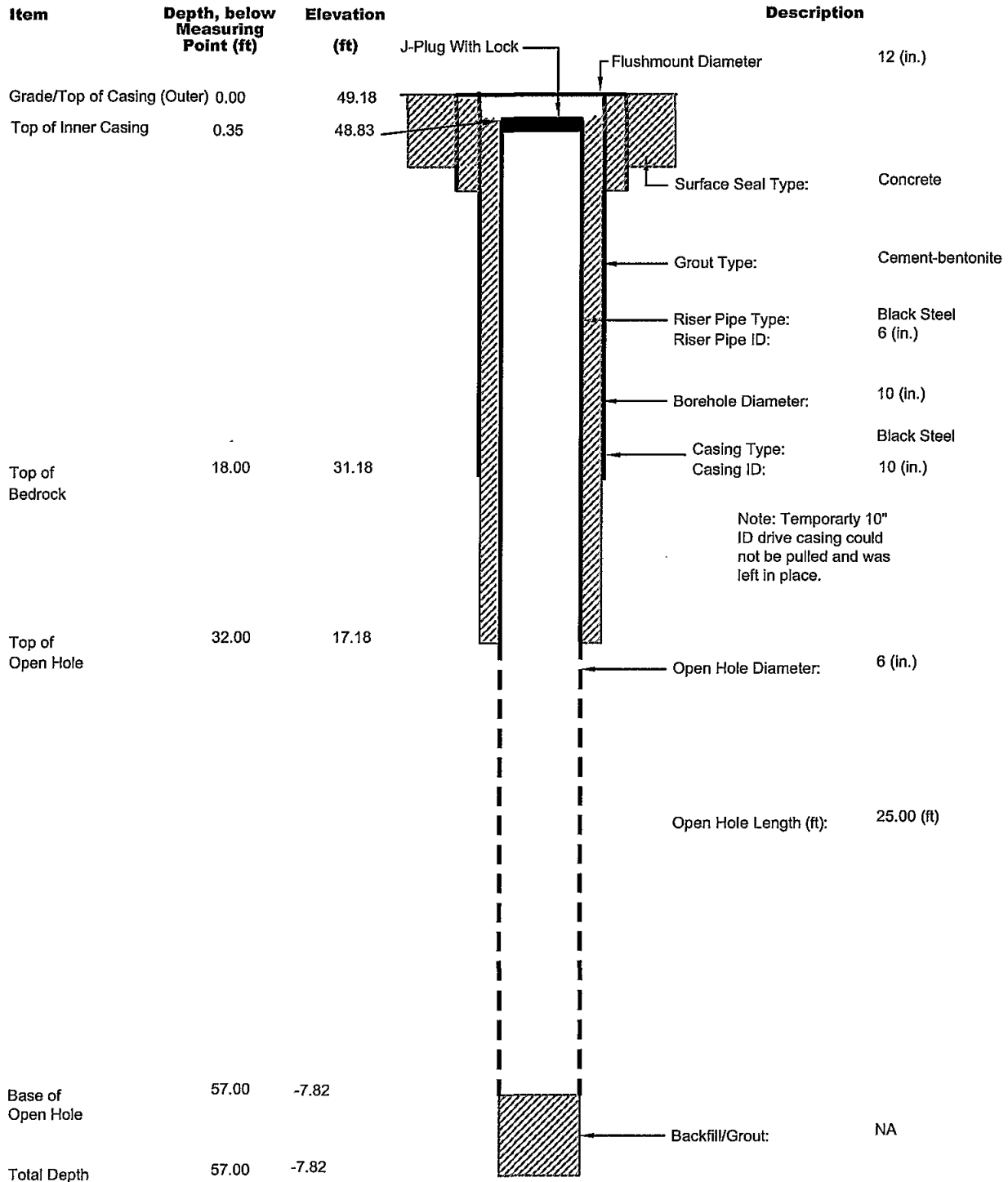
Subcontractor: B&B Drilling

Drilling Method: Air rotary

Development Method: Air and electrosubmersible pump

Construction Dates: 05/2/03 to 05/5/03

Type of Measuring Point Elevation (NGVD)
 GROUND SURFACE: 49.18
 TOP OF INNER CASING: 48.83
 TOP OF CASING (OUTER IF APPLICABLE): 49.18



Notes: Developed by airlifting, surge and pumping.

SHAW ENVIRONMENTAL & INFRASTRUCTURE

MW-33D

Project: FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE

Job Number:

Client: Shaw Environmental & Infrastructure

Date: 09/10-9/12/02

Subcontractor: B&B Drilling

Drilling Method: Air Rotary

Type of Measuring Point **Elevation (NGVD)**

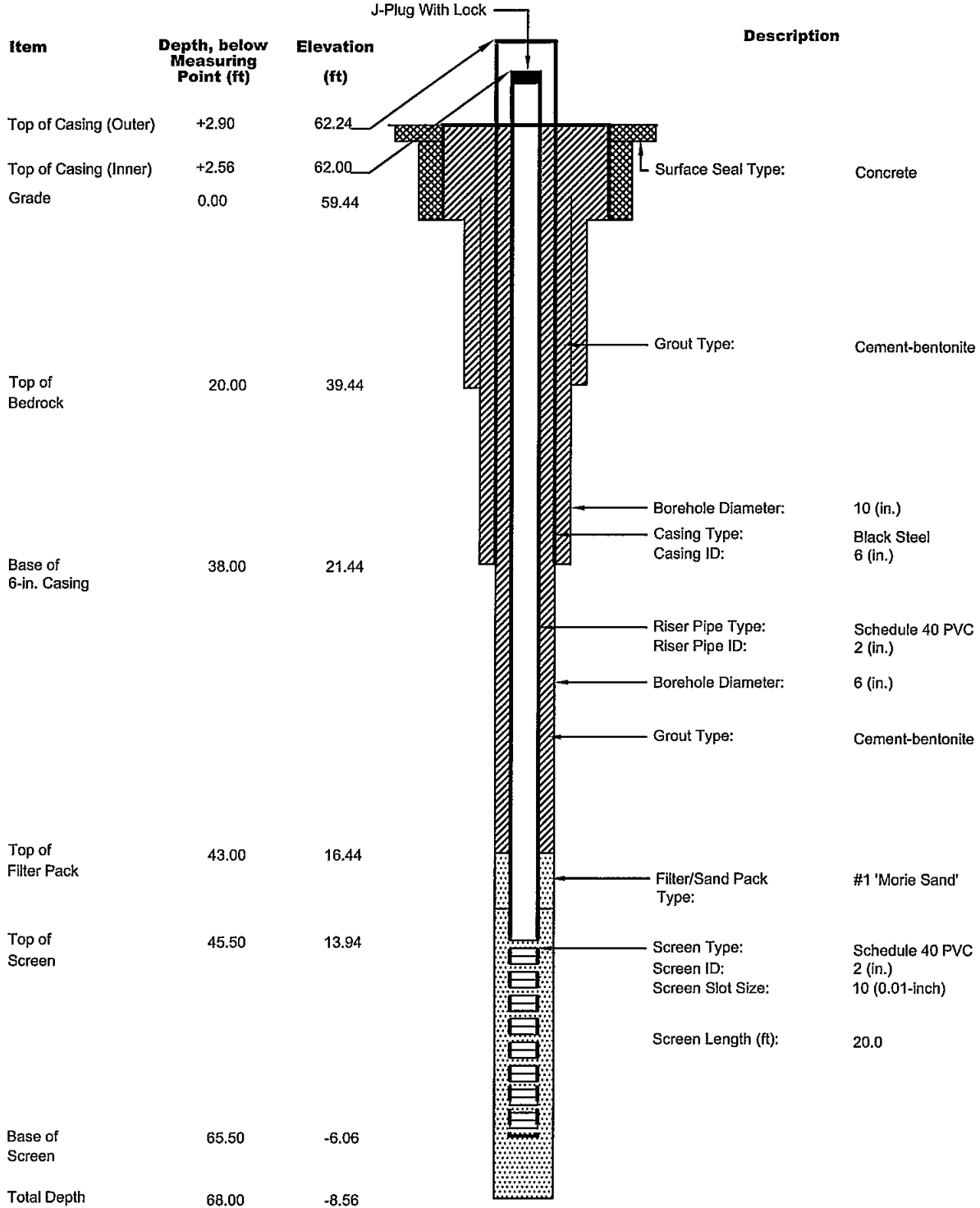
Development Method: Surge & electrosubmersible pump

GROUND SURFACE: 59.44

TOP OF INNER CASING: 62.00

Construction Dates: 09/10/02 to 09/12/02

TOP OF CASING (OUTER IF APPLICABLE): 62.24



Notes: Developed by airlifting, surge and pumping.

SHAW ENVIRONMENTAL & INFRASTRUCTURE

Project: FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE

Job Number:

MW-34D

Client: Shaw Environmental & Infrastructure

Date: 09/12-9/16/02

Subcontractor: B&B Drilling

Drilling Method: Air rotary

Type of Measuring Point **Elevation (NGVD)**

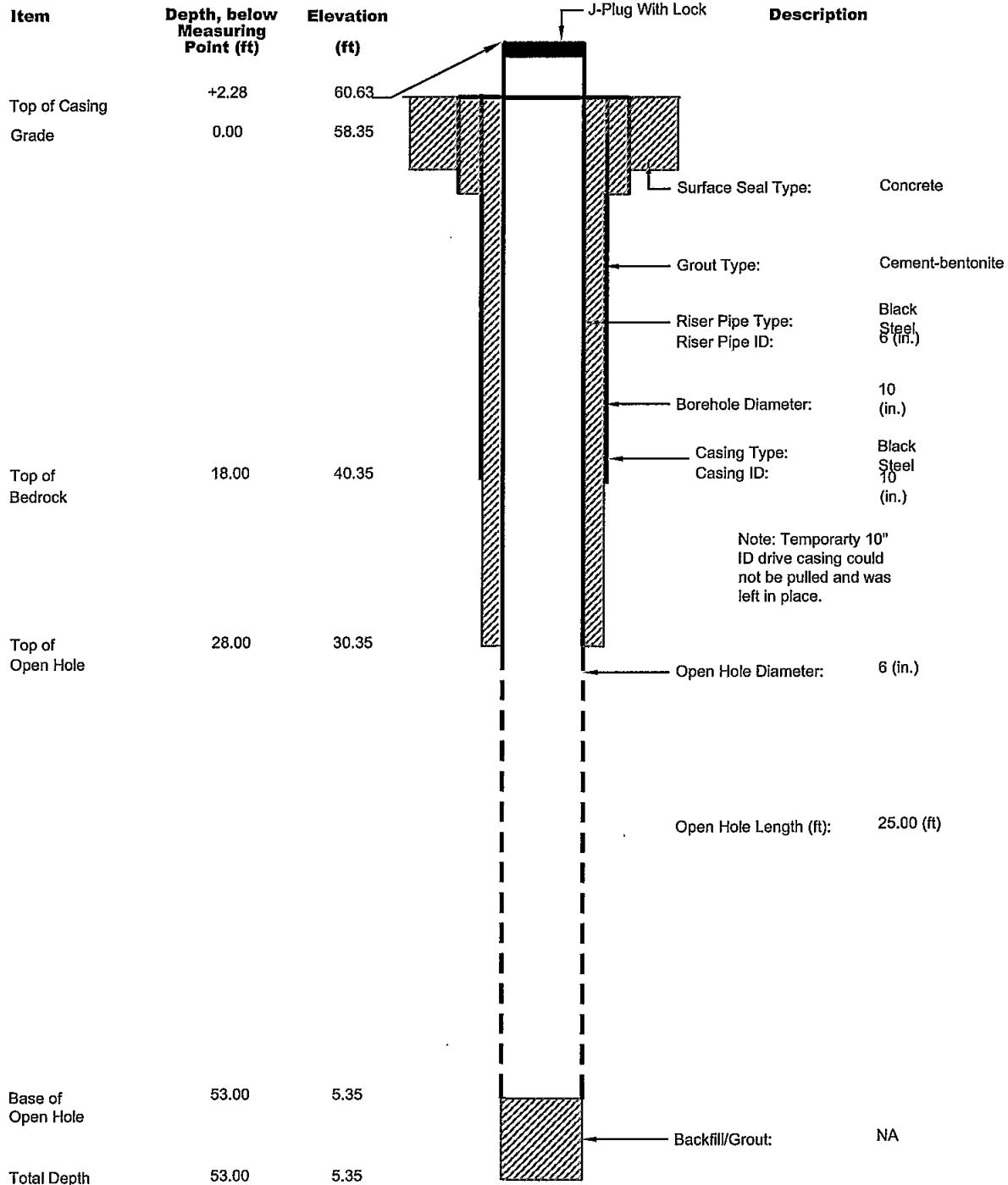
Development Method: Air & electrosubmersible pump

GROUND SURFACE: 58.35

TOP OF INNER CASING: N/A

Construction Dates: 09/12/02 to 09/16/02

TOP OF CASING (OUTER IF APPLICABLE): 60.63



Notes: Developed by airlifting, surge and pumping.

APPENDIX D

Well Development Forms

Appendix D
Summary of Water Purged During Well Development and Specific Capacity Testing

	Volume Evacuated (gallon)	Note	Pump Rate (gpm)	Activity	Development Volume Required	Date of Measurement
WOOD SUPERFUND SITE,	65		0.25 - 0.5	Well Development	190	8/12/2002
MW-27D	65		0.25 - 0.5	Well Development		8/13/2003
MW-27D	40		0.25 - 0.5	Well Development		8/14/2002
MW-27D	20		0.25 - 0.5	Well Development		8/15/2002
MW-27D	5.3		0.04 - 0.055	Specific Capacity Test		8/15/2002
Total Volume Purged	195.3					
MW-28D	8		0.25 - 0.5	Well Development	190	8/12/2002
MW-28D	132		0.25 - 0.5	Well Development		8/13/2002
MW-28D	50		0.25 - 0.5	Well Development		8/14/2002
MW-28D	20		0.15-0.2	Specific Capacity Test		8/14/2002
Total Volume Purged	210					
MW-31D	125	NFC	12 - 15	Well Development	170	2/14/2003
MW-31D	350		5	Well Development/Specific Capacity		2/21/2003
Total Volume Purged	475					
MW-32D	240		>20	Well Development	230	5/5/2003
MW-32D	400		2.5 - 4	Specific Capacity Test		5/6/2003
Total Volume Purged	640					
MW-33D	65		1.25	Well Development	200(1)/22(2)	9/13/2002
MW-33D	115		1.25	Well Development		9/16/2002
MW-33D	99		0.8 - 1	Specific Capacity Test		9/16/2002
Total Volume Purged	279					
MW-34D	150	NFC	NR	Well Development	190	9/16/2002
MW-34D	55		0.25 - 0.75	Well Development		9/17/2002
MW-34D	60.6		0.375 - 0.5	Specific Capacity Test		9/17/2003
Total Volume Purged	265.6					

Legend -

(1) - MW-33D was initially drilled as a 6-inch open well and completed as 2-inch PVC Screened well.

NR - Not recorded.

NFC - No Field Form Completed for development activity

ATTACHMENT G

WELL DEVELOPMENT LOG
STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORP.

WELL NO. **MW-27D**
Page 1 of

PROJECT: **MAYWOOD** SITE: _____
 Project No: _____ Client: _____
 Contractor: _____ Ground Elevation: _____
 Start Date/Time: **8/12/02** Completion Date/Time: _____ Well Diameter: **6" Ø**
 Development Method/Equipment: **Pumping - Whale pump**
 Logged by: **S.K.** Water Level (ft bgs): **15.85** Protection Level: _____
 Pre-development DTW (PVC) (ft): **18.35** DTB (PVC) (ft): **58**
 Post-development DTW (PVC) (ft): **N/A**

Standing Well Volume (gal) = $D^2(\text{ft})/4 \times \pi \times (\text{DTB}-\text{DTW})(\text{ft}) \times 7.48 \text{ gal/ft}^3$
 (2-inch well = $0.164 \times (\text{DTB}-\text{DTW})(\text{ft}) =$ } **6" Ø ⇒ 63.25 gal.**
 (2.5-inch well = $0.255 \times (\text{DTB}-\text{DTW})(\text{ft}) =$

Minimum Purge Volume (gal) (3 well volumes) = **189.75**
 Development Purge/Discharge Rate (gpm): **.5 - .25 gpm**
 Maximum Drawdown During Purging (ft): **27.01**
 Quantity Purged: **65 gallons**

Disposition of Purge Water: _____
 Hours of Development: **3.5 hrs** *
 Hours of Decon: **N/A**
 Hours of Standby: _____

Time	Volume Purged (gal)	DTW (ft) (PVC)	Clarity/Color	Temp. (°C)	pH	Conductivity (mS/cm)	Turbidity	DO	Remarks
12:30		18.35	Clear	—	—	—	—	—	Start
13:00		31.10	↓	15.9	6.96	5.05	48.2	.48	
13:20		36.10		16.1	7.06	5.01	36.-	.60	
13:55		38.90		16.8	7.18	4.97	24.-	1.08	
14:25		42.35		17.1	7.19	4.83	10.-	.75	
14:55		44.65		17.4	7.19	4.87	10.-	.56	
15:30		45.24		17.9	7.19	4.85	10.-	.49	
15:45		45.36		18.1	7.18	4.84	10.-	.33	

Notes: = be bgs = below ground surface D = well diameter
 PVC = below top of PVC DTB = depth to bottom of well D (2-inch well) = 0.167 feet
 D (2.5-inch well) = 0.208 feet

* To be continued next day.

ATTACHMENT G

DEVELOPMENT LOG
WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORP.

WELL NO.
MW-27D

Location: MAYWOOD

Site:

Page 1 of

Contract No:

Client:

Tractor:

Ground Elevation:

Start Date/Time: 8/13/02; 7:35

Completion Date/Time: 8/13/02; 14:35

Well Diameter: 6"

Development Method/Equipment: Pumping w/whale pump

Logged by: S.K.

Water Level (ft bgs):

Protection Level:

Pre-development DTW (PVC) (ft):

DTB (PVC) (ft):

Post-development DTW (PVC) (ft):

Standing Well Volume (gal) = $D^2(ft)/4 \times \pi \times (DTB-DTW)(ft) \times 7.48 \text{ gal/ft}^3$

(2-inch well = $0.164 \times (DTB-DTW)(ft)$) =

(2.5-inch well = $0.255 \times (DTB-DTW)(ft)$) =

Minimum Purge Volume (gal) (3 well volumes) = ≈ 190 gallons

Development Purge/Discharge Rate (gpm): Varying rates 0.25 gpm - < 0.10 gmp.

Maximum Drawdown During Purging (ft): 25.3'

Quantity Purged: Approx. 65 gallons today; 130 gallons total

Disposition of Purge Water:

Hours of Development: 7 hrs.

Hours of Decon: N/A (dedicated disposable pump)

Hours of Standby: N/A

Time	Volume Purged (gal)	DTW (ft) (PVC)	Clarity/Color	Temp. (°C)	pH	Conductivity (mS/cm)	Turbidity	D.O.	Remarks
7:35		23.60	Clear ↓	19.1	6.57	4.88	8	2.44	sample Sprayed into containers, aerated it.
8:30		33.80		20.4	7.02	4.84	8	1.02	
9:30		44.40		16.2	6.89	4.93	-10	0.27	
10:30		47.75		16.4	7.03	4.88	-10	0.53	- Stopped 11:45 - 12:45
11:30		48.30		18.5	7.03	4.87	-10	0.52	
12:45		45.50		17.8	7.02	4.85	-10	0.38	
13:40		48.80		17.6	7.02	4.85	-10	0.28	
14:35		48.90							
65 gal									
130 Total.									

Notes: bgs = below ground surface
PVC = below top of PVC

D = well diameter

DTB = depth to bottom of well

D (2-inch well) = 0.167 feet

D (2.5-inch well) = 0.208 feet

ATTACHMENT G

WELL DEVELOPMENT LOG
STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORP.

WELL NO.
MW-27D
Page 1 of

PROJECT: MAYWOOD SITE: _____
 Project No: _____ Client: _____
 Contractor: _____ Ground Elevation: _____
 Start Date/Time: 8/14/02; 7:30 Completion Date/Time: 08/14/02; _____ Well Diameter: 6"
 Development Method/Equipment: Pumping. Protection Level: _____
 Logged by: S.K. Water Level (ft bgs): _____ DTB (PVC) (ft): _____
 Pre-development DTW (PVC) (ft): 35.50
 Post-development DTW (PVC) (ft): _____
 Standing Well Volume (gal) = $D^2(\text{ft})/4 \times \pi \times (\text{DTB}-\text{DTW})(\text{ft}) \times 7.48 \text{ gal/ft}^3$
 (2-inch well = $0.164 \times (\text{DTB}-\text{DTW})(\text{ft}) =$ _____
 (2.5-inch well = $0.255 \times (\text{DTB}-\text{DTW})(\text{ft}) =$ _____
 Minimum Purge Volume (gal) (3 well volumes) = 190 ~ 190 (approx. 130 removed already)
 Development Purge/Discharge Rate (gpm): .5 - .25 variable
 Maximum Drawdown During Purging (ft): 47.10
 Quantity Purged: _____
 Disposition of Purge Water: ~~to~~
 Hours of Development: 2
 Hours of Decon: N/A
 Hours of Standby: _____

Time	Volume Purged (gal)	DTW (ft) (PVC)	Clarity/Color	Temp. (°C)	pH	Conductivity (mS/cm)	Turbidity	DO	Remarks
0735		35.50	Clear	16.5	7.08	496	8	.28	
0930		44.20	Clear	16.7	7.02	484	-10	.28	→ 4th drum.
0955		47.10	Not pumping out - stopped for recharge.						

Notes: = be bgs = below ground surface D = well diameter D (2-inch well) = 0.167 feet
 PVC = below top of PVC DTB = depth to bottom of well D (2.5-inch well) = 0.208 feet

Hazardous Materials Management Procedures

S&W ENV 307
Monitoring Well Installation and Development

ATTACHMENT G

**WELL DEVELOPMENT LOG
STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORP.**

WELL NO. **MW-27D**

PROJECT: **MAYWOOD** SITE: _____ Page **1** of _____
 Project No: _____ Client: _____
 Contractor: _____ Ground Elevation: _____
 Start Date/Time: **8/15/02 0800** Completion Date/Time: **8/15/02** Well Diameter: _____
 Development Method/Equipment: **Pumping**
 Logged by: **S.K.** Water Level (ft bgs): _____ Protection Level: _____
 Pre-development DTW (PVC) (ft): **20.35'** DTB (PVC) (ft): **58'**
 Post-development DTW (PVC) (ft): _____

Standing Well Volume (gal) = $D^2(ft)/4 \times \pi \times (DTB-DTW)(ft) \times 7.48 \text{ gal/ft}^3$
 (2-inch well = $0.164 \times (DTB-DTW)(ft)$) = _____
 (2.5-inch well = $0.255 \times (DTB-DTW)(ft)$) = _____
 Minimum Purge Volume (gal) (3 well volumes) = **~190 gallons (170 gallons already removed)**
 Development Purge/Discharge Rate (gpm): **~0.08 gpm or 310 ml/min. = reduced to 270 ml/min at 10:40**
 Maximum Drawdown During Purging (ft): _____
 Total Quantity Purged: _____

Disposition of Purge Water: _____
 Hours of Development: _____
 Hours of Decon: _____
 Hours of Standby: _____

Time	Volume Purged (gal)	DTW (ft) (PVC)	Clarity/Color	Temp. (°C)	pH	Conductivity (mS/cm)	Turbidity	D.O.	Remarks
0800		20.35	Clear	16.4	6.85	5.03	-10	0.67	
0900		20.90	Clear	16.8	6.97	5.01	-10	0.58	
1000		23.35	Clear	20.0	7.00	5.05	-10	0.57	
10:40		24.50	Clear						reduced flow rate to 270 ml
11:40		25.60	Clear	21.5	7.00	5.05	-10	0.46	
12:20		26.65	Clear	21.7	7.00	5.04	-10	0.38	
12:35		26.85	Clear	22.4	7.00	5.04	-10	0.36	→ End developing Start Test

Notes: - bgs = below ground surface D = well diameter D (2-inch well) = 0.167 feet
 PVC = below top of PVC DTB = depth to bottom of well D (2.5-inch well) = 0.208 feet

ATTACHMENT G

WELL DEVELOPMENT LOG
STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORP.

WELL NO. **MW-28D**

Page **1** of **1**

PROJECT: **MAYWOOD** SITE: _____
Project No: _____ Client: _____

Contractor: _____ Ground Elevation: _____

Start Date/Time: **8/12/02** Completion Date/Time: _____ Well Diameter: **6"**

Development Method/Equipment: **Pumping - whale pump**

Logged by: **S.K.** Water Level (ft bgs): **30.82** Protection Level: _____

Pre-development DTW (PVC) (ft): **30.82** DTB (PVC) (ft): **58**

Post-development DTW (PVC) (ft): **31.8**

Standing Well Volume (gal) = $D^2(\text{ft})/4 \times \pi \times (\text{DTB}-\text{DTW})(\text{ft}) \times 7.48 \text{ gal/ft}^3$
 (2-inch well = $0.164 \times (\text{DTB}-\text{DTW})(\text{ft}) =$)
 (2.5-inch well = $0.255 \times (\text{DTB}-\text{DTW})(\text{ft}) =$)

} Based on general elevation of e.w. this should be ≈ 63.25

Minimum Purge Volume (gal) (3 well volumes) = **189.75**

Development Purge/Discharge Rate (gpm): **0.5 - .25 gpm**

Maximum Drawdown During Purging (ft): **1'**

Quantity Purged: **7-8 gallons**

Disposition of Purge Water: _____

Hours of Development: **23 minutes** *

Hours of Decon: **N/A**

Hours of Standby: **N/A**

Time	Volume Purged (gal)	DTW (ft) (PVC)	Clarity/Color	Temp. (°C)	pH	Conductivity (mS/cm)	Turbidity	D.O.	Remarks
15:07		30.82	Clear	18.2	7.13	5.31	14.0	1.63	Start pumping.
15:30		31.80	Clear	18.4	7.17	5.28	10	1.02	

Notes: = bgs = below ground surface D = well diameter D (2-inch well) = 0.167 feet
 PVC = below top of PVC DTB = depth to bottom of well. D (2.5-inch well) = 0.208 feet

* To be continued next day.

ATTACHMENT G

WELL DEVELOPMENT LOG
STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORP.

WELL NO. MW-28D

PROJECT: MAYWOOD SITE: _____ Page _____ of _____
 Project No: _____ Client: _____
 Contractor: _____ Ground Elevation: _____
 Start Date/Time: 8/13/02: 7:35 Completion Date/Time: 8/13/02: 15:30 Well Diameter: 6"
 Development Method/Equipment: Pumping - whale pump.
 Logged by: S.K. Water Level (ft bgs): _____ Protection Level: _____

Pre-development DTW (PVC) (ft): _____ DTB (PVC) (ft): _____
 Post-development DTW (PVC) (ft): _____
 Standing Well Volume (gal) = $D^2(\text{ft})/4 \times \pi \times (\text{DTB}-\text{DTW})(\text{ft}) \times 7.48 \text{ gal/ft}^3$
 (2-inch well = $0.164 \times (\text{DTB}-\text{DTW})(\text{ft})$) = _____
 (2.5-inch well = $0.255 \times (\text{DTB}-\text{DTW})(\text{ft})$) = _____

Minimum Purge Volume (gal) (3 well volumes) = ~ 190 gallons
 Development Purge/Discharge Rate (gpm): 0.5 - 0.25 gpm variable rates.
 Maximum Drawdown During Purging (ft): 19'
 Quantity Purged: 130-135 gallons today; 140 gallons total

Disposition of Purge Water: _____
 Hours of Development: 8 hrs.
 Hours of Decon: N/A - Disposable dedicated pump.
 Hours of Standby: Ø

Time	Volume Purged (gal)	DTW (ft) (PVC)	Clarity/Color	Temp. (°C)	pH	Conductivity (mS/cm)	Turbidity	D.O.	Remarks
7:30		18.90	Clear	19.1	6.57	4.88	8	2.44	First 2 D.O. readings are high due to sample spray into container and aerating the sample. Subsequently made a flow thru-cell to eliminate the problem.
8:30		32.40	Slightly red/pink	19.8	7.01	4.38	8	1.64	
9:30		32.10	↓	17.1	6.94	4.92	-10	0.27	
10:30		33.5		17.0	7.01	4.85	-10	0.34	
11:30		37.00		18.4	7.03	4.86	-10	0.28	
12:30		37.60		18.6	7.02	4.85	-10	0.28	
13:30		37.80		18.6	7.02	4.84	-10	0.25	
14:30		37.60		18.7	7.02	4.84	-10	0.25	
15:30		37.60		18.6	7.02	4.84	-10	0.25	

Notes: = bgs = below ground surface D = well diameter D (2-inch well) = 0.167 feet
 PVC = below top of PVC DTB = depth to bottom of well D (2.5-inch well) = 0.208 feet

ATTACHMENT G

WELL DEVELOPMENT LOG
STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORP.

WELL NO.
MW-28D
Page 1 of

PROJECT: Maywood SITE: _____
 Project No: _____ Client: _____
 Contractor: _____ Ground Elevation: _____
 Start Date/Time: 08/14/02 7:30 Completion Date/Time: 08/14/02 Well Diameter: 6"
 Development Method/Equipment: Pumping
 Logged by: S.K. Water Level (ft bgs): _____ Protection Level: _____
 Pre-development DTW (PVC) (ft): 18.45 DTB (PVC) (ft): _____
 Post-development DTW (PVC) (ft): _____
 Standing Well Volume (gal) = $D^2(ft)/4 \times \pi \times (DTB-DTW)(ft) \times 7.48 \text{ gal/ft}^3$
 (2-inch well = $0.164 \times (DTB-DTW)(ft)$) = _____
 (2.5-inch well = $0.255 \times (DTB-DTW)(ft)$) = _____
 Minimum Purge Volume (gal) (3 well volumes) = ≈ 190 (~140 already purged)
 Development Purge/Discharge Rate (gpm): ~.5 gpm - variable
 Maximum Drawdown During Purging (ft): 33.40

Quantity Purged: _____

Disposition of Purge Water: _____

Hours of Development: 6

Hours of Decon: N/A

Hours of Standby: 0

Time	Volume Purged (gal)	DTW (ft) (PVC)	Clarity/Color	Temp. (°C)	pH	Conductivity (mS/cm)	Turbidity	D.O.	Remarks
07:30		18.45	clear	16.2	7.06	4.88	- 10	.46	
08:30		32.26	clear	16.4	7.02	4.84	- 10	.28	→ 4th Drum
09:15		33.40	clear	16.8	7.02	4.84	- 10	.27	→ Stop.
10:00		29.20							
11:30		21.40	clear	16.4	7.03	4.86	- 10	.28	Restart
12:30		23.90	clear	18.4	7.03	4.14	- 10	.40	
13:25		25.60		21.2	7.04	3.96	* 3	.36	→ End develop.
13:30									→ Start Specific Capacity Test

Notes: = bgs = below ground surface D = well diameter D (2-inch well) = 0.167 feet
 PVC = below top of PVC DTB = depth to bottom of well D (2.5-inch well) = 0.208 feet



FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION

WELL SAMPLING RECORD FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS

58 WELL DEVELOPMENT
 SITE Grave WBS DATE 2/21/03 Well I.D. MW-31 D
 WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____ SAMPLE I.D. _____
 FIELD INSTRUMENTS: _____ MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) 136.5
3" submersible pump WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 45 feet
YSI 650 MDS & Sonde INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (in) 6" ID
 _____ DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) 20 ft.
 SAMPLING METHOD Bailer WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____
 _____ PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 35 ft, logs

100PM gallons

start →

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliters/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	ORP (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
0930	6.70	0							
1055	8.61	5		15.8	2.461	7.44	28.0 <u>29.0</u>	3.7'	180
1103	8.70	5	40	16.06	2.021	7.51	25.7 <u>28.0</u>	2.11'	88.4
1110	8.70	5	75	15.77	1.321	7.46	28.0 <u>28.0</u>	2.10'	32.8
1120	8.65	5	125	15.67	2.464	NR	54.0 <u>28.0</u>	6.0'	13.7
1130	8.65	5	175	15.75	2.471	7.50	-26.0	3.32'	NR*
1140	8.66	5	225	15.85	2.469	7.55	-31.0	2.04'	NR*
1150	8.65	5	290	16.05	2.470	7.55	-31.5	2.43'	NR*
1205	8.65	5	350	16.05	2.468	7.55	-34.7	2.42'	2.5

NR = No reading
 meter not functioning properly
 (1) = DO readings are biased high due to high pumping rate and introduction of air.

APPEARANCE/COLOR clear ODOR slight-organic
 SAMPLED BY (PRINT) Robert Dallett SIGNATURE _____
 SIGNATURE Robert Dallett DATE/TIME _____
 WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY _____

ATTACHMENT G

WELL DEVELOPMENT LOG
STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORP.

WELL NO.
MW-32D

PROJECT: Maywood (FMSS) SITE: _____ Page 1 of 1

Project No: _____ Client: USACE

Contractor: Shaw E+I Ground Elevation: 49.18

Start Date/Time: 5/5/03 @ 1253 Completion Date/Time: 5/5/03 @ 1350 Well Diameter: 6" Open Hole

Development Method/Equipment: Submersible Pump

Logged by: Kevin Cote Water Level (ft bgs): 6.10 Protection Level: D

Pre-development DTW (PVC) (ft): 6.10 DTB (PVC) (ft): 57

Post-development DTW (PVC) (ft): 6.55

Standing Well Volume (gal) = $D^2(\text{ft})/4 \times \pi \times (\text{DTB}-\text{DTW})(\text{ft}) \times 7.48 \text{ gal/ft}^3$
 $6\text{-inch well} = \frac{1.48}{0.167} \times (\text{DTB}-\text{DTW})(\text{ft}) = 75$

(2.5-inch well = $0.255 \times (\text{DTB}-\text{DTW})(\text{ft}) = \text{N/A}$)

Minimum Purge Volume (gal) (3 well volumes) = 22.5 gallons

Development Purge/Discharge Rate (gpm): Typically 2.5 - 4 gpm, except 2 intervals of 12+ gpm over shaft duration

Maximum Drawdown During Purging (ft): 2.66

Quantity Purged: 240 gallons

Disposition of Purge Water: Contained/Reused

Hours of Development: 1 hour

Hours of Decon: N/A

Hours of Standby: N/A

Time	Volume Purged (gal)	DTW (ft) (PVC)	Clarity/Color	Temp. (°C)	pH	Conductivity (mS/cm)	Turbidity	Remarks
1253	—	6.10						START Development
1303	20	6.21						2 gpm
1310	65	8.76	Cloudy	16.93	7.94	2.70	127	3 gpm
1320	85	7.40	Red	15.41	7.62	2.70	430	3 gpm
1330	100	7.40	Cloudy	15.53	7.49	2.70	230	3 gpm
1335	176	7.48	Clear	15.58	7.48	2.70	27.0	4 gpm
1340	180	7.48	Clear	15.44	7.48	2.70	22.0	2.5 gpm
1350	210	7.48	Clear	15.45	7.48	2.70	17.2	2.5 gpm
End	240							

Notes: = bgs = below ground surface D = well diameter D (2-inch well) = 0.167 feet
PVC = below top of PVC DTB = depth to bottom of well D (2.5-inch well) = 0.208 feet

8

$D(6\text{-in. well}) = 1.48 \text{ gal/ft}$

ATTACHMENT G

WELL DEVELOPMENT LOG

STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORP.

MW-33D

WELL NO. MW-33D

PROJECT: MAYWOOD SITE: _____ Page 1 of 2
 Project No: _____ Client: _____
 Contractor: _____
 Start Date/Time: 9/13/02 14:00 - 15:00 Completion Date/Time: 9/16/02 9:15 - 11:30 Ground Elevation: _____
 Development Method/Equipment: Whale Pump Well Diameter: 2"
 Logged by: S.K. Water Level (ft bgs): 12.7' Protection Level: D
 Pre-development DTW (PVC) (ft): 12.7 DTB (PVC) (ft): 68'
 Post-development DTW (PVC) (ft): _____

Standing Well Volume (gal) = $D^2(\text{ft})/4 \times \pi \times (\text{DTB}-\text{DTW})(\text{ft}) \times 7.48 \text{ gal/ft}^3$
 (2-inch well = $0.164 \times (\text{DTB}-\text{DTW})(\text{ft})$) = _____
 (2.5-inch well = $0.255 \times (\text{DTB}-\text{DTW})(\text{ft})$) = _____
 Minimum Purge Volume (gal) (3 well volumes) = Due to well constr. ~ 180 gallons.
 Development Purge/Discharge Rate (gpm): 1.25 gpm
 Maximum Drawdown During Purging (ft): _____

Quantity Purged: _____
 Disposition of Purge Water: Drum
 Hours of Development: 3-3.25
 Hours of Decon: _____
 Hours of Standby: _____

Time	Volume Purged (gal)	DTW (ft) (PVC)	Clarity/Color	Temp. (°C)	pH	Conductivity (mS/cm)	Turbidity	DO	Remarks
9:15	X	12.7	Clear	15.9	6.33	6.93	-10	1.69	@ 1.25 gpm
9:35		21.2	Clear	15.9	6.31	6.95	-10	.88	@ 1.25 gpm
9:55		22.05	Clear	15.2	6.39	6.93	-10	.54	@ 1.25 gpm
Stop @ 10:15	→ need more drums →								
10:15		16.02	Clear	15.3	6.51	6.86	-10	.76	@ 1.25 gpm
10:30		22.05	Clear	15.3	6.45	6.77	-10	.45	@ 1.25 gpm
10:50		22.50	Clear	15.4	6.41	6.71	-10	.39	@ 1.25 gpm
11:00		22.55	Clear	15.4	6.40	6.70	-10	.39	@ 1.25 gpm

Notes: " bgs = below ground surface D = well diameter
 PVC = below top of PVC DTB = depth to bottom of well
 D (2-inch well) = 0.167 feet
 D (2.5-inch well) = 0.208 feet

ATTACHMENT G

WELL DEVELOPMENT LOG

STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORP.

mw-33D

WELL NO. MW

Page 2

PROJECT: MAYWOOD

SITE:

Project No:

Client:

Contractor:

Ground Elevation:

Start Date/Time: 9/13/02

Completion Date/Time: 9/16/02 12:00

Well Diameter: 2"

Development Method/Equipment:

Logged by: S.K.

Water Level (ft bgs):

Protection Level:

Pre-development DTW (PVC) (ft): 12.7'

DTB (PVC) (ft): 68'

Post-development DTW (PVC) (ft):

Standing Well Volume (gal) = $D^2(ft)/4 \times \pi \times (DTB-DTW)(ft) \times 7.48 \text{ gal/ft}^3$

(2-inch well = $0.164 \times (DTB-DTW)(ft)$) =

(2.5-inch well = $0.255 \times (DTB-DTW)(ft)$) =

Minimum Purge Volume (gal) (3 well volumes) = ~180 gallons needed.

Development Purge/Discharge Rate (gpm): 1.25 gpm

Maximum Drawdown During Purging (ft):

Quantity Purged:

Disposition of Purge Water:

Hours of Development: Total of 3.25 hrs.

Hours of Decon:

Hours of Standby:

Time (E.S.T.)	Volume Purged (gal)	DTW (ft) (PVC)	Clarity/Color	Temp. (°C)	pH	Conductivity (mS/cm)	Turbidity	DO	Remarks Flow Rate (gpm)
11:15		22.71	Clear	15.4	6.45	6.70	-10	.37	1.25.
11:30		22.77	Clear	15.3	6.45	6.70	-10	.37	1.25
12:00		22.85	Clear	15.6	6.48	6.69	-10	.43	1.25

Notes: " = below ground surface D = well diameter D (2-inch well) = 0.167 feet
 PVC = below top of PVC DTB = depth to bottom of well D (2.5-inch well) = 0.208 feet

ATTACHMENT G

WELL DEVELOPMENT LOG
STONE & WEBSTER ENGINEERING CORP.

WELL NO. MW-34-D
Page 1 of 1

PROJECT: MAYWOOD SITE: _____
Project No: _____ Client: _____
Contractor: _____

Start Date/Time: 9/17/02 0815 Completion Date/Time: 9/17/02
Ground Elevation: _____
Well Diameter: 6"

Development Method/Equipment: Whole Pump

Logged by: S.K. Water Level (ft bgs): 10.04 Protection Level: DT

Pre-development DTW (PVC) (ft): 10.04 DTB (PVC) (ft): 55' from TAC

Post-development DTW (PVC) (ft): _____
Standing Well Volume (gal) = $D^2(ft)/4 \times \pi \times (DTB-DTW)(ft) \times 7.48 \text{ gal/ft}^3$ $\approx 65 \text{ gallons}$

(2-inch well $\Rightarrow 0.164 \times (DTB-DTW)(ft)$) = _____

(2.5-inch well $\Rightarrow 0.255 \times (DTB-DTW)(ft)$) = _____

Minimum Purge Volume (gal) (3 well volumes) = 200 (Already purged for 150g)

Development Purge/Discharge Rate (gpm): 1.25 gpm (started @ 0.5 gpm, opened full to get volume, naturally slowed to 0.25 gpm by the time development was done.)

Maximum Drawdown During Purging (ft): _____

Quantity Purged: _____

Disposition of Purge Water: _____

Hours of Development: 1.5 (+3.5 hrs yesterday)

Hours of Decon: 1.0

Hours of Standby: _____

Time	Volume Purged (gal)	DTW (ft) (PVC)	Clarity/Color	Temp. (°C)	pH	Conductivity (mS/cm)	Turbidity	DO	Remarks
0815	0.25 gpm	10.04		15.7	5.65	3.59	-10	1.76	
0830	*	12.46		15.3	5.89	3.50	-10	0.92	
0845	*	12.90		15.8	6.02	3.50	-10	0.64	
0900	0.25 gpm	13.40		15.2	6.09	3.47	-10	0.53	
0915		17.30		15.3	6.32	3.45	-10	0.53	
0930		21.20		16.2	6.61	3.40	-10	0.52	
0945	0.25 Natural Drop	23.66		16.4	6.62	3.40	-10	0.50	STOP 55 ft

Notes: * = bgs = below ground surface D = well diameter D (2-inch well) = 0.167 feet
PVC = below top of PVC DTB = depth to bottom of well D (2.5-inch well) = 0.208 feet

APPENDIX E

SPECIFIC CAPACITY DATA

Appendix E
 Transmissivity and Hydraulic Conductivity Results from Specific Capacity Tests
 MW-27D

Date	Time	Elapsed Time (min)	W.L (Ft. BTOR)	Incremental Drawdown (ft)	Cumulative Drawdown (ft)	Discharge (mL/min)	Discharge (ft ³ /day)	Transmissivity (ft ² /day)	Log Transmissivity (ft ² /day)	Specific Capacity (gpm/ft)
08/13/2002	0735	0	23.6	-	-	945	48.195			
08/13/2002	0830	55	33.8	10.2	10.2	945	48.195	95.10	1.98	0.02
08/13/2002	0930	115	44.4	10.6	20.8	945	48.195	59.00	1.77	0.01
08/13/2002	1030	175	47.75	3.35	24.15	945	48.195	53.38	1.73	0.01
08/13/2002	1130	235	48.3	0.55	24.7	945	48.195	52.58	1.72	0.01
08/13/2002	1245	310	45.5	-2.8	21.9	945	48.195	57.00	1.76	0.01
08/13/2002	1340	365	48.8	3.3	25.2	945	48.195	51.88	1.72	0.01
08/13/2002	1435	420	48.9	0.1	25.3	945	48.195	51.74	1.71	0.01
										Average Q/s
							Average "T"	60.62	59.02	0.01
							Thickness (ft)	25	25	
							Hydraulic Conductivity (ft/day)	2.42	2.36	
							Hydraulic Conductivity (cm/sec)	8.55E-04	8.33E-04	

$T=33.6(Q/s)^{0.67}$: Method Razack and Huntley (1991) as cited in Fetter (Applied Hydrogeology, 1994, Section 7.6, page 256- 257, eq., 7-90b)

ft. BTOR = Feet Below Top of Riser

ft = Feet

T = Transmissivity

mL/min = Milliliters per Minute

gpm/ft = Gallons per Minute per foot

Appendix E
Transmissivity and Hydraulic Conductivity determined from Specific Capacity Data - MW-27D

Date	Time	Elapsed Time (min)	W.L (Ft. BTOR)	Incremental Drawdown (ft)	Cumulative Drawdown (ft)	Discharge (mL/min)	Discharge (ft ³ /day)	Transmissivity (ft ² /day)	Log Transmissivity (ft ² /day)	Specific Capacity (gpm/ft)
08/12/2002	1430	0	18.35	-	-	945	48.195			
08/12/2002	1500	30	31.1	12.75	12.75	945	48.195	81.90	1.91	0.02
08/12/2002	1520	50	36.1	5	17.75	945	48.195	65.61	1.82	0.01
08/12/2002	1555	85	38.9	2.8	20.55	945	48.195	59.48	1.77	0.01
08/12/2002	1625	115	42.35	3.45	24	945	48.195	53.61	1.73	0.01
08/12/2002	1655	145	44.65	2.3	26.3	945	48.195	50.42	1.70	0.01
08/12/2002	1730	180	45.24	0.59	26.89	945	48.195	49.67	1.70	0.01
08/12/2002	1743	193	45.36	0.12	27.01	945	48.195	49.53	1.69	0.01
										Average Q/s
							Average "T"	59.97	58.99	0.01
							Thickness (ft)	25	25	
							Hydraulic Conductivity (ft/day)	2.40	2.36	
							Hydraulic Conductivity (cm/sec)	8.46E-04	8.32E-04	

$T=33.6(Q/s)^{0.67}$: Method Razack and Huntley (1991) as cited in Fetter (Applied Hydrogeology, 1994, Section 7.6, page 256- 257, eq., 7-90b)

ft. BTOR = Feet Below Top of Riser

ft = Feet

T = Transmissivity

mL/min = Milliliters per Minute

gpm/ft = Gallons per Minute per foot

Appendix E
 Transmissivity and Hydraulic Conductivity determined from Specific Capacity Data - MW-28D

Date	Time	Elapsed Time (min)	W.L. (Ft. BTOR)	Incremental Drawdown (ft)	Cumulative Drawdown (ft)	Discharge (mL/min)	Discharge (ft ³ /day)	Transmissivity (ft ² /day)	Log Transmissivity (ft ² /day)	Specific Capacity (gpm/ft)
08/12/2002	1330	0	25.6	-	-	800	40.8			
08/12/2002	1345	15	25.98	0.38	0.38	600	30.6	635.80	2.80	0.42
08/12/2002	1400	30	26.6	0.62	1	700	35.7	368.66	2.57	0.19
08/12/2002	1415	45	26.8	0.2	1.2	660	33.66	313.66	2.50	0.15
08/12/2002	1430	60	26.9	0.1	1.3	650	33.15	294.25	2.47	0.13
08/12/2002	1445	75	27.1	0.2	1.5	580	29.58	247.70	2.39	0.10
08/12/2002	1500	90	27.1	0	1.5	580	29.58	247.70	2.39	0.10
08/12/2002	1515	105	27.1	0	1.5	580	29.58	247.70	2.39	0.10
08/12/2002	1530	120	27.12	0.02	1.52	580	29.58	245.51	2.39	0.10
										Average Q/s
							Average "T"	325.12	307.87	0.16
							Thickness (ft)	25	25	
							Hydraulic Conductivity (ft/day)	13.00	12.31	
							Hydraulic Conductivity (cm/sec)	4.59E-03	4.34E-03	

$T=33.6(Q/s)^{0.67}$: Method Razack and Huntley (1991) as cited in Fetter (Applied Hydrogeology, 1994, Section 7.6, page 256- 257, eq., 7-90b)

ft. BTOR = Feet Below Top of Riser

ft = Feet

T = Transmissivity

mL/min = Milliliters per Minute

gpm/ft = Gallons per Minute per foot

Appendix E
 Transmissivity and Hydraulic Conductivity determined from Specific Capacity Data - MW-31D

Date	Time	Elapsed Time (min)	Elapsed Time (min)	W.L (Ft. BTOR)	Incremental Drawdown (ft)	Cumulative Drawdown (ft)	Discharge (mL/min)	Discharge (ft ³ /day)	Transmissivity (ft ² /day)	Log Transmissivity (ft ² /day)	Specific Capacity (gpm/ft)
02/21/2003	9:30	0	0	6.7	-	-	18900	963.9			
02/21/2003	10:55	0	85	8.61	1.91	1.91	18900	963.9	2174.44	3.34	2.62
02/21/2003	11:03	8	93	8.7	0.09	2	18900	963.9	2108.39	3.32	2.50
02/21/2003	11:10	15	100	8.7	0	2	18900	963.9	2108.39	3.32	2.50
02/21/2003	11:20	25	110	8.65	-0.05	1.95	18900	963.9	2144.46	3.33	2.56
02/21/2003	11:30	35	120	8.65	0	1.95	18900	963.9	2144.46	3.33	2.56
02/21/2003	11:40	45	130	8.66	0.01	1.96	18900	963.9	2137.12	3.33	2.55
02/21/2003	11:52	57	142	8.65	-0.01	1.95	18900	963.9	2144.46	3.33	2.56
02/21/2003	12:05	70	155	8.65	0	1.95	18900	963.9	2144.46	3.33	2.56
											Average Q/s
								Average "T"	2133.10	2133.05	2.55
								Thickness (ft)	25	25	
								Hydraulic Conductivity (ft/day)	85.32	85.32	
								Hydraulic Conductivity (cm/sec)	3.01E-02	3.01E-02	

$T=33.6(Q/s)^{0.67}$: Method Razack and Huntley (1991) as cited in Fetter (Applied Hydrogeology, 1994, Section 7.6, page 256- 257, eq., 7-90b)

ft. BTOR = Feet Below Top of Riser

ft = Feet

T = Transmissivity

mL/min = Milliliters per Minute

gpm/ft = Gallons per Mintue per foot

Appendix E
Transmissivity and Hydraulic Conductivity determined from Specific Capacity Data - MW-32D

Date	Time	Elapsed Time (min)	W.L. (Ft. BTOR)	Incremental Drawdown (ft)	Cumulative Drawdown (ft)	Discharge (mL/min)	Discharge (ft ³ /day)	Transmissivity (ft ² /day)	Log Transmissivity (ft ² /day)	Specific Capacity (gpm/ft)
05/06/2003	9:50	0	4.62	-	-	15120	771.12	-	-	
05/06/2003	10:00	10	7.27	2.65	2.65	15120	771.12	1503.61	3.18	1.51
05/06/2003	10:10	20	8	0.73	3.38	15120	771.12	1277.43	3.11	1.18
05/06/2003	10:15	25	7.97	-0.03	3.35	15120	771.12	1285.08	3.11	1.19
05/06/2003	10:20	30	7.95	-0.02	3.33	15120	771.12	1290.25	3.11	1.20
05/06/2003	10:30	40	7.96	0.01	3.34	15120	771.12	1287.66	3.11	1.20
05/06/2003	10:40	50	7.97	0.01	3.35	15120	771.12	1285.08	3.11	1.19
05/06/2003	10:50	60	7.81	-0.16	3.19	15120	771.12	1327.92	3.12	1.25
05/06/2003	11:00	70	7.92	0.11	3.3	15120	771.12	1298.10	3.11	1.21
05/06/2003	11:10	80	7.93	0.01	3.31	15120	771.12	1295.47	3.11	1.21
05/06/2003	11:20	90	7.9	-0.03	3.28	15120	771.12	1303.39	3.12	1.22
05/06/2003	11:30	100	7.9	0	3.28	15120	771.12	1303.39	3.12	1.22
										Average Q/s
							Average "T"	1314.31	1312.99	1.24
							Thickness (ft)	29	29	
							Hydraulic Conductivity (ft/day)	45.32	45.28	
							Hydraulic Conductivity (cm/sec)	1.60E-02	1.60E-02	

$T=33.6(Q/s)^{0.67}$: Method Razack and Huntley (1991) as cited in Fetter (Applied Hydrogeology, 1994, Section 7.6, page 256- 257, eq., 7-90b)

ft. BTOR = Feet Below Top of Riser

ft = Feet

T = Transmissivity

mL/min = Milliliters per Minute

gpm/ft = Gallons per Mintue per foot

Appendix E
 Transmissivity and Hydraulic Conductivity determined from Specific Capacity Data - MW-33D

Date	Time	Elapsed Time (min)	W.L (Ft. BTOR)	Incremental Drawdown (ft)	Cumulative Drawdown (ft)	Discharge (mL/min)	Discharge (ft ³ /day)	Transmissivity (ft ² /day)	Log Transmissivity (ft ² /day)	Specific Capacity (gpm/ft)
09/16/2002	1415	0	16.1	-	-	4000	204	-	-	
09/16/2002	1430	15	19.95	3.85	3.85	3000	153	396.12	2.60	0.21
09/16/2002	1445	30	20.85	0.9	4.75	3000	153	344.11	2.54	0.17
09/16/2002	1500	45	21.11	0.26	5.01	3000	153	332.04	2.52	0.16
09/16/2002	1515	60	21.15	0.04	5.05	3000	153	330.28	2.52	0.16
09/16/2002	1530	75	21.17	0.02	5.07	3000	153	329.40	2.52	0.16
09/16/2002	1545	90	21.18	0.01	5.08	3000	153	328.97	2.52	0.16
09/16/2002	1600	105	21.18	0	5.08	3000	153	328.97	2.52	0.16
09/16/2002	1615	120	21.18	0	5.08	3000	153	328.97	2.52	0.16
										Average Q/s
							Average "T"	339.86	339.21	0.16
							Thickness (ft)	22	22	
							Hydraulic Conductivity (ft/day)	15.45	15.42	
							Hydraulic Conductivity (cm/sec)	5.45E-03	5.44E-03	

T=33.6(Q/s)^{0.67} : Method Razack and Huntley (1991) as cited in Fetter (Applied Hydrogeology, 1994, Section 7.6, page 256- 257, eq., 7-90b)
 ft. BTOR = Feet Below Top of Riser
 ft = Feet
 T = Transmissivity
 mL/min = Milliliters per Minute
 gpm/ft = Gallons per Minute per foot

Appendix E
 Transmissivity and Hydraulic Conductivity determined from Specific Capacity Data - MW-34D

Date	Time	Elapsed Time (min)	W.L. (ft. BTOR)	Incremental Drawdown (ft)	Cumulative Drawdown (ft)	Discharge (mL/min)	Discharge (ft ³ /day)	Transmissivity (ft ² /day)	Log Transmissivity (ft ² /day)	Specific Capacity (gpm/ft)
09/17/2002	1015	0	13.6	-	-	2000	102	-	-	
09/17/2002	1030	15	15.6	2	2	2000	102	468.18	2.67	0.26
09/17/2002	1045	30	16.85	1.25	3.25	2000	102	338.17	2.53	0.16
09/17/2002	1100	45	17.75	0.9	4.15	2000	102	287.08	2.46	0.13
09/17/2002	1115	60	17.93	0.18	4.33	1500	76.5	230.12	2.36	0.09
09/17/2002	1130	75	17.85	-0.08	4.25	1500	76.5	233.01	2.37	0.09
09/17/2002	1145	90	17.8	-0.05	4.2	1600	81.6	245.24	2.39	0.10
09/17/2002	1200	105	17.75	-0.05	4.15	1600	81.6	247.22	2.39	0.10
09/17/2002	1215	115	17.75	0	4.15	1600	81.6	247.22	2.39	0.10
09/17/2002	1230	130	17.75	0	4.15	1600	81.6	247.22	2.39	0.10
										Average Q/s
							Average "T"	282.61	275.12	0.13
							Thickness (ft)	25	25	
							Hydraulic Conductivity (ft/day)	11.30	11.00	
							Hydraulic Conductivity (cm/sec)	3.99E-03	3.88E-03	

$T=33.6(Q/s)^{0.67}$: Method Razack and Huntley (1991) as cited in Fetter (Applied Hydrogeology, 1994, Section 7.6, page 256- 257, eq., 7-90b)

ft. BTOR = Feet Below Top of Riser
 ft = Feet
 T = Transmissivity
 mL/min = Milliliters per Minute
 gpm/ft = Gallons per Minute per foot

APPENDIX F

Monitoring Well Abandonment Forms

DWR-020
7/02

New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection
Water Supply Element - Bureau of Water Allocation

WELL ABANDONMENT REPORT

MAIL TO: Bureau of Water Allocation
PO Box 426
Trenton, NJ 08625-0426

WELL PERMIT # 2611379-1
of well sealed

DATE WELL SEALED 8/8/02

PROPERTY OWNER Sepan Chemical Plant

ADDRESS 100 W. Hunter Ave, Maywood NJ

WELL LOCATION 100 W Hunter Avenue, Maywood, Bergen County
Street & No., Township, County

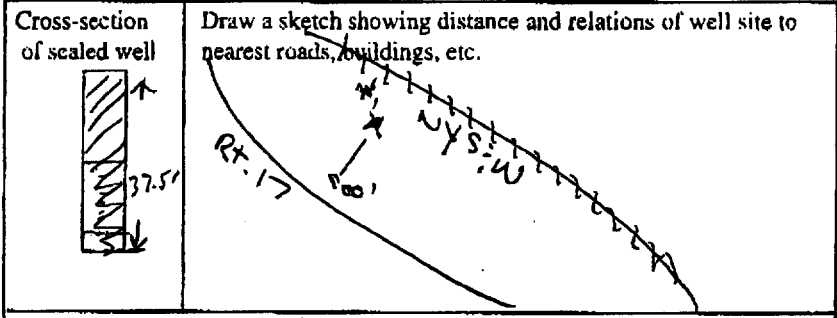
B38w60 10 124
Well No. Lot No. Block No.

USE OF WELL PRIOR TO ABANDONMENT: monitor

REASON FOR ABANDONMENT: NO longer required

WAS A NEW WELL DRILLED? YES NO PERMIT # OF NEW WELL _____

TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL 37.5'
DIAMETER 2"
CASING LENGTH 15.9'
SCREEN LENGTH 5'
NUMBER OF CASINGS unknown



MATERIAL USED TO DECOMMISSION WELL:
47 Gallons of Water
705 Lbs. of Cement
Lbs. of Bentonite
Lbs. of Sand/Gravel (nonc if well is contaminated)

AS-BUILT WELL LOCATION
(NAD 83 HORIZONTAL DATUM)
NJ STATE PLACE COORDINATE IN US SURVEY FEET
NORTHING: _____ EASTING: _____
OR
LATITUDE: _____ LONGITUDE: _____

FORMATION: Consolidated
 Unconsolidated

To permit adequate grouting, the casing should remain in place, but ungrouted liner pipes or any other obstructions must be removed. Pressure grouting is the only accepted method.

WAS CASING LEFT IN PLACE? YES NO CASING MATERIAL: S.S.

WERE OTHER OBSTRUCTIONS LEFT IN WELL? YES NO WHAT WERE THE OBSTRUCTIONS: _____

IF "YES", AUTHORIZATION GRANTED BY _____ ON _____
(NJDEP Official) (Date)

Was an alternative decommissioning method used and/or approval to decommission granted by a DEP official? YES NO

IF "YES", authorization granted by _____ ON _____
(NJDEP Official) (Date)

I certify that this well was sealed in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:9D-3 et seq.
Douglas Myerchin P.O. Box 8 Netcong NJ 07857 8/8/02
Performing Work (Print or Type) Address Mailing Date
Name of NJ Licensed Well Driller Douglas Myerchin MI277
Signature of NJ Licensed Well Driller Performing Work Registration #

COPIES: White - Water Allocation Yellow - Owner Pink - Health Dept. Goldenrod - Driller

DWR-020
1/02

New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection
Water Supply Element - Bureau of Water Allocation

WELL ABANDONMENT REPORT

MAIL TO: Bureau of Water Allocation
PO Box 426
Trenton, NJ 08625-0426

WELL PERMIT # 26-59180
of well sealed

DATE WELL SEALED 8/1/02

PROPERTY OWNER Connie Tauber - Omni Assets

ADDRESS 26 Journal Square, 11th Floor, Jersey City, NJ 07310

WELL LOCATION Marywood Chemical Superfund Site, Route 17, Rochelle Park, Bergen
Street & No., Township, County

MWIS Well No. 1 Lot No. 19.02 Block No.

USE OF WELL PRIOR TO ABANDONMENT: Monitor

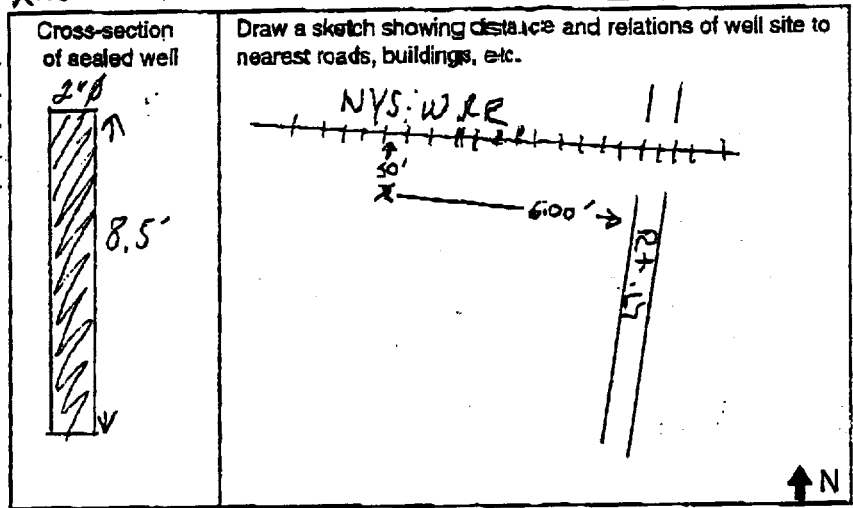
REASON FOR ABANDONMENT: No longer required

WAS A NEW WELL DRILLED? YES NO PERMIT # OF NEW WELL _____

TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL 8.5'
DIAMETER 2"
CASING LENGTH 3.5'
SCREEN LENGTH 5'
NUMBER OF CASINGS _____

MATERIAL USED TO DECOMMISSION WELL:
96 Gallons of Water
147 Lbs. of Cement
Lbs. of Bentonite
Lbs. of Sand/Gravel
(none if well is contaminated)

FORMATION: Consolidated
 Unconsolidated



To permit adequate grouting, the casing should remain in place, but ungrouted liner pipes or any other obstructions must be removed. Pressure grouting is the only accepted method.

WAS CASING LEFT IN PLACE? YES NO CASING MATERIAL: PVC

WERE OTHER OBSTRUCTIONS LEFT IN WELL? YES NO WHAT WERE THE OBSTRUCTIONS: _____

IF "YES", AUTHORIZATION GRANTED BY _____ ON _____ (Date)
(NJDEP Official)

Was an alternative decommissioning method used? YES NO

IF "YES", authorization granted by _____ ON _____ (Date)
(NJDEP Official)

I certify that this well was sealed in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:9D-3 et seq.

Gordon Plewett Performing Work (Print or Type)
PO Box 8 Netcomp NJ 07857 Address
9/4/02 Mailing Date
[Signature] Signature of NJ Licensed Well Driller
J0002-1852 Registration #

COPIES: White - Water Allocation Yellow - Owner Pink - Health Dept. Goldenrod - Driller

WELL ABANDONMENT REPORT

MAIL TO: Bureau of Water Allocation
PO Box 426
Trenton, NJ 08625-0426

WELL PERMIT # 26-59181
of well sealed
8/17/02

DATE WELL SEALED _____

PROPERTY OWNER Connie Tauber - Omni assets
ADDRESS 26 Journal Square, 16th Floor, Jersey City NJ 07306
WELL LOCATION Maxxam Chemical Superfund Site, Route 17, Rochelle Park, Berq
Street & No., Township, County

MWID _____ 1 _____ 19.02 _____
Well No. Lot No. Block No.

USE OF WELL PRIOR TO ABANDONMENT: Monitor

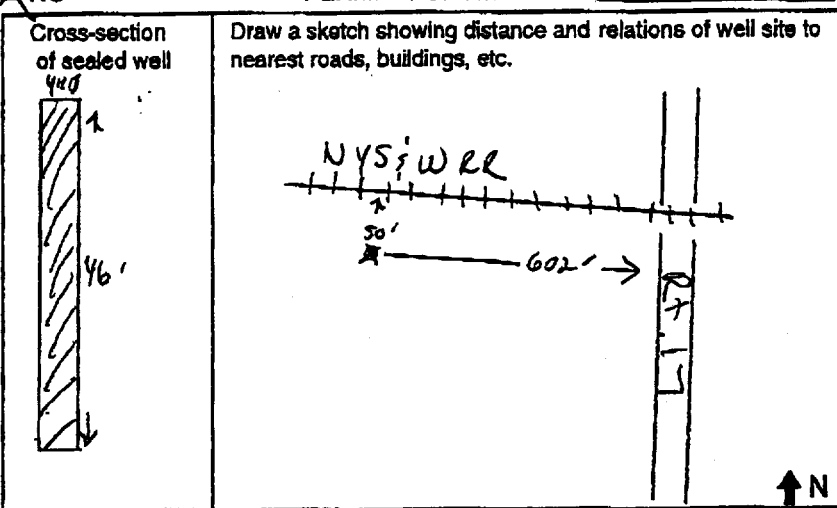
REASON FOR ABANDONMENT: No longer Required

WAS A NEW WELL DRILLED? YES NO PERMIT # OF NEW WELL _____

TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL 46'
DIAMETER 4"
CASING LENGTH 21'
SCREEN LENGTH open hole
NUMBER OF CASINGS _____

MATERIAL USED TO DECOMMISSION WELL:
54 Gallons of Water
846 Lbs. of Cement
Lbs. of Bentonite
Lbs. of Sand/Gravel
(none if well is contaminated)

FORMATION: Consolidated
 Unconsolidated



To permit adequate grouting, the casing should remain in place, but ungrouted liner pipes or any other obstructions must be removed. Pressure grouting is the only accepted method.

WAS CASING LEFT IN PLACE? YES NO CASING MATERIAL: Steel

WERE OTHER OBSTRUCTIONS LEFT IN WELL? YES NO WHAT WERE THE OBSTRUCTIONS: _____

IF "YES", AUTHORIZATION GRANTED BY _____ ON _____
(NJDEP Official) (Date)

Was an alternative decommissioning method used? YES NO

IF "YES", authorization granted by _____ ON _____
(NJDEP Official) (Date)

I certify that this well was sealed in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:9D-3 et seq.

Gordon Blewett
Performing Work (Print or Type)
Name of NJ Licensed Well Driller

PO Box 8 Netcong NJ 07857
Address
Gordon Blewett
Signature of NJ Licensed Well Driller
Performing Work

9/4/02
Mailing Date
J0021852
Registration #

COPIES: White - Water Allocation Yellow - Owner Pink - Health Dept. Goldenrod - Driller

APPENDIX G
BOREHOLE GEOPHYSICAL REPORT

Draft Borehole Geophysics Logging Report
MW-27D, -28D, -31D, -32D, & -34D
Maywood Chemical Superfund Site
Maywood, New Jersey

Prepared for
SHAW ENVIRONMENTAL
July 2003

G E O P H Y S I C A L
A P P L I C A T I O N S

I N C O R P O R A T E D

GEOPHYSICAL APPLICATIONS

INCORPORATED

July 31, 2003

Mr. Michael Kulbersh
SHAW ENVIRONMENTAL
100 Technology Center Drive
Stoughton, MA 02072

Subject: Draft Borehole Geophysics Logging Report
MW-27D, MW-28D, MW-31D, MW-32D, & MW-34D
Maywood Chemical Superfund Site
Maywood, New Jersey

Dear Mr. Kulbersh:

Geophysical Applications has performed borehole geophysical logging at the above-noted five wells, to help Shaw Environmental characterize hydraulically-active bedrock fractures encountered by those boreholes.

The logging suite included conventional measurements (caliper, fluid temperature [FTemp], fluid resistivity [FRes], single-point resistance [SPR], spontaneous potential [SP], and natural gamma), acoustic televiewer [ATV], and heat-pulse flowmeter logging.

METHODS OF INVESTIGATION

Survey Control

All borehole logs were referenced to depths below ground surface. The geophysical logging winch contains an optical depth encoder that maintains depth measurements accurate within approximately ± 0.2 feet throughout each borehole.

Borehole Geophysical Logging

A Mount Sopris model 4MXB digital logging winch was used with Mount Sopris heat-pulse flowmeter, polygamma, and caliper probes to obtain the conventional geophysical log data.

The caliper probe includes a fluid resistivity/fluid temperature subassembly at the probe's bottom. Caliper, fluid temperature, fluid resistivity, SP, SPR, and natural gamma data were recorded at 0.1-foot depth increments, as determined by the logging winch's digital depth encoder. The fluid logs were recorded using a relatively slow speed of 3 to 4 feet per minute, to allow the thermistor to measure subtle temperature variations. The remaining conventional logs were recorded at higher logging speeds (typically 5 to 10 feet per minute).

Acoustic televiewer (ATV) data were recorded using Geophysical Applications' Advanced Logic Technologies (ALT) model ABI40 acoustic televiewer probe, with the Mount Sopris logging winch. This televiewer can adapt to a wide range of borehole diameters (up to 16-inch diameter), and is not hindered by suspended sediments in the water column. ATV data were recorded at 0.01-foot intervals, at a speed of approximately 1.3 feet per minute.

The ABI40 probe contains a high-frequency sonic transducer, aimed upwards at a rotating mirror. This mirror is tilted approximately 45 degrees from the probe's vertical axis, to aim the sonic pulses at the borehole wall. The transducer divides each sweep around a borehole's circumference into 288 arc segments, and records two-way sonic travel time and reflected signal amplitude from the borehole wall for each arc segment.

Flowmeter data were recorded at specific depths, located approximately 5 feet apart, above and below possible bedrock fractures indicated by field plots of the caliper and fluid temperature/resistivity logs. Flow test depths were adjusted to avoid placing the probe at caliper enlargements that might cause water to flow around the diverter petals instead of through the probe's measurement chamber.

Flow data were recorded in ambient conditions on the downward run, to detect groundwater flow between fracture zones with differing hydraulic head. Flowmeter data were subsequently repeated under low-flow (approximately 0.15 to 0.5 gallons per minute, or gpm) pumping conditions, to help determine which fracture zones were providing significant recharge into the wells. Pumped fluids were temporarily stored on-site in 15-gallon carboys provided by Shaw Environmental, and subsequently transferred to 55-gallon steel drums.

All geophysical logs were recorded on a laptop computer's hard drive, and transferred to CD-ROM as a backup precaution.

Post-survey plot scales were adjusted to display as much detail as possible. All conventional logs from the same borehole were merged onto one log plot, to aid data correlation. Acoustic televiewer logs are presented on a separate page, for clarity. All geophysical log plots presented in this report were prepared using ALT's WellCAD software package, with a special image-processing module for the acoustic televiewer data.

Equipment Decontamination Procedures

Decontamination procedures consisted of an Alconox scrub and tap water rinse of logging cables and probes between logging runs.

SURVEY LIMITATIONS

Measured log depths are estimated to be accurate within ± 0.2 feet, allowing for some cable stretch and minor slippage of the winches' depth-measurement wheels.

The caliper-probe's arms can measure borehole diameters up to approximately 16 inches. Caliper logs can detect fractures that cross a borehole at moderate angles, typically less than approximately 70 degrees. Caliper logs may not detect near-vertical fractures.

The heat-pulse flowmeter is designed for relatively low-flow environments, typically less than 1.0 gpm. Higher flow rates may produce erroneous flow-rate data values.

Hydraulically-active fracture zones were inferred by correlating numerous geophysical logs. These interpretations are a subjective judgment based upon available data.

The ATV probe's specifications state that measured dip azimuths and dip angles are accurate within ± 5 degrees. However, down-dip compass azimuths for fractures with dip angles less than 10 degrees may have a greater possible margin of error.

TelevIEWER probes rely on a three-component magnetometer to orient the recorded images with respect to magnetic north. These images become distorted when the magnetometers approach the bottom of steel casing, typically beginning approximately 1 to 2.5 feet below the steel. This distortion was minimized by importing an unoriented section of the televIEWER images (immediately below the steel casing), and rotating it to match a visible feature below the depth where magnetic interference began.

RESULTS

All geophysical logs described in this report are presented in Appendix A.

Interpreted fracture orientations based on the acoustic televIEWER (ATV) data are provided in Appendix B. These summaries are Excel spreadsheets, presenting measured fracture depths ("depth" column), down-dip fracture azimuths ("azimuth" column), and fracture dip angles ("tilt" column) measured with the WellCAD software. The "category" column indicates whether the observed feature was judged to be open (category 105, or red), hydraulically conductive (category 107, or blue) or less-open (category 100, or black).

Strat logs (SP, SPR, and natural gamma) and fluid conductivity (FCond) data are presented in the two left-hand columns of each conventional log plot.

Caliper logs are presented in the middle of each conventional-log plot. Inflections to the right indicate borehole enlargements, for example where the drill bit passed through a fracture zone.

Fluid temperature (FTemp) and fluid resistivity (FRes) logs are presented in the next plot column. Localized inflections or changes in slope of either fluid log typically represent water entering or exiting the borehole.

Heat-pulse flowmeter data are presented on the caliper panel (ambient measurements) and on the FTemp/FRes panel (flow measurements while pumping). Shaded boxes to the left of centerline on either panel represent downwards water flow, with the box length indicating the flow magnitude in gpm. Shaded boxes to the right of a panel's centerline represent upwards water flow. Filled circles represent flow measurements that were less than the probe's minimum calibration limit of 0.02 gpm (nearly zero flow). Flowmeter test depths were selected using field plots of the caliper, fluid temperature, and fluid resistivity logs, and were positioned so as to avoid (to the extent possible) caliper enlargements that might adversely affect the flowmeter data.

Acoustic televIEWER logs were evaluated using WellCAD's image-processing module, to measure planar-feature dip angles and down-dip azimuths. All inferred down-dip azimuths are referenced to magnetic north. Tadpole plots indicate measured fracture orientations, where the filled circles indicate dip angles (plotted on a graph that ranges between 0 and 90 degrees from left to right). Each tadpole tail points in the measured down-dip azimuth (i.e., perpendicular to the fracture strike direction), assuming that north is straight up on the printed page.

Red tadpoles and sine curves represent fractures judged to be "open", because they were evident on both the ATV traveltIME and amplitude plots. Blue tadpoles and sine curves represent fractures judged to be hydraulically conductive, based on correlations with FTemp/FRes or heat-pulse flowmeter data. Black tadpoles and sine curves represent features judged to be "less-open", because they were primarily visible only on the ATV amplitude plots. The tadpoles are presented on both the ATV and conventional log plots, for the reader's convenience.

Stereoplots indicate the poles to inferred fracture planes. Each stereoplot is an equal-angle, southern hemisphere projection of: a) both the open and less-open (red and black) features, and b) interpreted hydraulically conductive (blue) features. Stereoplots often show distinct clusters of open and/or less-open poles, indicating numerous planar features with similar orientations. Each stereoplot is presented with magnetic north straight up on the printed page. The pole to a horizontal feature plots near a stereoplot's center. Poles for steeply dipping features plot near the diagram's outer edge, on the side of the diagram opposite the downdip compass azimuth.

Rose diagrams summarize the dominant down-dip fracture azimuths (a red rose plot for open fractures, black for less-open, and light grey for all interpreted features within a borehole). The rose diagrams are also presented with magnetic north straight up on the printed page.

The ATV plots include two colored panels, in addition to the rose and tadpole plots. The "traveltime" column presents two-way travel-time data between the probe and the borehole wall, and the "amplitude" column presents ATV reflection-amplitude variations at the borehole wall. Travel-time anomalies generally represent open fractures; amplitude variations can depict both open and less-open features. Note that these columns are oriented with respect to magnetic north, with numbers and vertical lines denoting the north (0), east (90), south (180), and west (270) positions. Each of these colored panels is a cylindrical projection, sliced along the north side, and flattened for presentation on a printed page. Each column therefore progresses from north at the left edge, through east, south, west, and back to north at the right edge.

Interpretations regarding hydraulically active zones are provided in the comments column of each conventional-log plot. All depth ranges described below, and shown on the logs in Appendix A and spreadsheets in Appendix B, are referenced (in units of feet) to the ground surface adjacent to each well.

Selected observations based on the recorded geophysical logs are listed below for each well (most interpretations described below are also shown on the conventional log plots).

MW-27D

This borehole's caliper log shows two enlargements, immediately below the casing bottom and near 50.5 feet deep. FRes and FTemp inflections near 37 to 37.5 feet deep are judged to represent a hydraulically active zone.

Ambient flowmeter tests did not disclose measurable flow. Pumping flow test data indicate that inflow originated greater than 52 feet deep (possibly from the west-dipping feature represented by a blue tadpole near 56 feet). A minor increase in upward flow while pumping apparently occurred between 34.5 and 39 feet deep (probably at the southwest dipping feature represented by a blue tadpole near 37 feet deep).

Most ATV-inferred features dip down towards the west, southeast, or east. The two interpreted hydraulically conductive features dip down gently towards the west and southwest.

MW-28D

Most caliper enlargements throughout this borehole are relatively small, with the largest located approximately 36.5 feet deep.

Subtle FTemp and FRes inflections near 37 to 37.5 feet deep are interpreted to represent a hydraulically active zone. A distinct FRes inflection near 56.5 feet deep may represent another hydraulically active zone (not corroborated by the flowmeter test results).

High gamma counts may represent radionuclides in soil, approximately 1 to 3 feet below ground surface at this borehole.

Ambient flowmeter tests showed water entering MW-28D between 49 and 56 feet deep, flowing upward, and exiting between the casing bottom and 34 feet deep. Pumping flow tests showed similar results, except with slightly higher flow rates and with some of the upward water flow exiting via the pump.

ATV-inferred planar features dip in a variety of azimuths, primarily ranging between west to north-northwest. The stereoplot shows most interpreted feature poles on the diagram's southeast quadrant, with dip angles less than 20 degrees from horizontal.

Discrete, hydraulically conductive planar features could not be confidently identified at this borehole, because of the large number of possible choices between 50 and 56 feet deep. The ambient and pumping inflow might have originated from a roughly horizontal granular bed visible on the ATV plot, centered near 53 feet deep.

MW-31D

A distinct caliper enlargement was observed near 29 feet deep, with smaller enlargements common at shallower depths. Relatively smooth borehole walls are evident greater than 30 feet deep.

Several step-wise FRes inflections suggest hydraulically active zones near 30, 34.5, and 39 feet deep. The FRes increase near 43 feet deep represents the upper surface of soft sediments that fill the lower portion of this borehole.

Ambient flowmeter measurements showed weak upward flow originating between 37 and 41 feet deep (probably near the 39-foot subtle FRes inflection), and exiting between 24.5 and 32 feet deep (probably at the 29-foot caliper enlargement and 30-foot FRes inflection).

Pumping flowmeter tests showed weak inflow beginning greater than 41 feet deep. The greatest increase in flow while pumping occurred between 24.5 and 32 feet (probably also at the 29-foot caliper enlargement). Additional inflow while pumping occurred between the casing bottom and 24.5 feet deep (probably immediately below the casing bottom, at a modest caliper enlargement).

Less-open features (black rose plot) dip down primarily towards the west-southwest and southeast. Open features (red rose plot) dip down primarily towards the northwest. Two of the three blue tadpoles representing interpreted hydraulically conductive features indicate the upper and lower surfaces of a nearly horizontal coarse-grained layer centered near 29.5 feet deep.

The ATV probe descended through soft sediments between 43 and 46.5 feet deep (represented by dark grey and dark red colored portions of the ATV image columns), but could not detect the borehole wall through those materials.

MW-32D

This caliper log detected a distinct enlargement near 45 feet deep, with minor diameter variations at shallower depths. A small enlargement is visible near 53 feet deep, but the borehole wall is mostly quite smooth below 46 feet deep. A slightly smaller drill bit appears to have been used below 53 feet deep.

A change in slope of the FRes plot near 41 feet deep probably represents a hydraulically active zone.

Ambient flowmeter tests showed weak upward flow (at the probe's lower measurement limit) at all but one test depth. If these observations are accurate (and not just thermal buoyancy of the warm water pulse), the ambient inflow occurs greater than 54 feet deep.

Weak upward flow was also observed originating greater than 54 feet deep during the pumping flowmeter tests. Most inflow while pumping occurred between 40.5 and 47 feet deep. The visibly open features dipping down steeply towards the southeast were interpreted to be the most likely source of this inflow.

Less open features dip down primarily towards the northwest, whereas interpreted open or hydraulically conductive features dip down towards the southeast.

MW-34D

This borehole showed only minor diameter, FTemp, and FRes variations throughout the uncased section.

Ambient flowmeter tests showed water entering greater than 49 feet deep, flowing upward, and exiting between 40 and 46.5 feet deep.

Pumping flow tests showed weak upward flow originating between 46.5 and 49 feet deep. Additional inflow occurred between the casing bottom and 35 feet deep; this interval provided most of the water that entered while pumping.

Less-open planar features dip down primarily towards the northwest and east-northeast. Open features dip down in widely varying directions that fall into two general groups: a) from southwest to northwest, and b) from northeast to southeast. The stereoplot shows a small group of feature poles clustered immediately southeast of the diagram's center (representing features that dip gently down towards the northwest).

* * * * *


Mr. Michael Kulbersh
SHAW ENVIRONMENTAL

July 31, 2003
Page 7

We appreciate this opportunity to provide geophysical services, and we welcome questions concerning this report. Please call the undersigned at 508/543-1388 if we may provide additional information that would benefit Shaw Environmental's project.

Sincerely,

GEOPHYSICAL APPLICATIONS, INC.

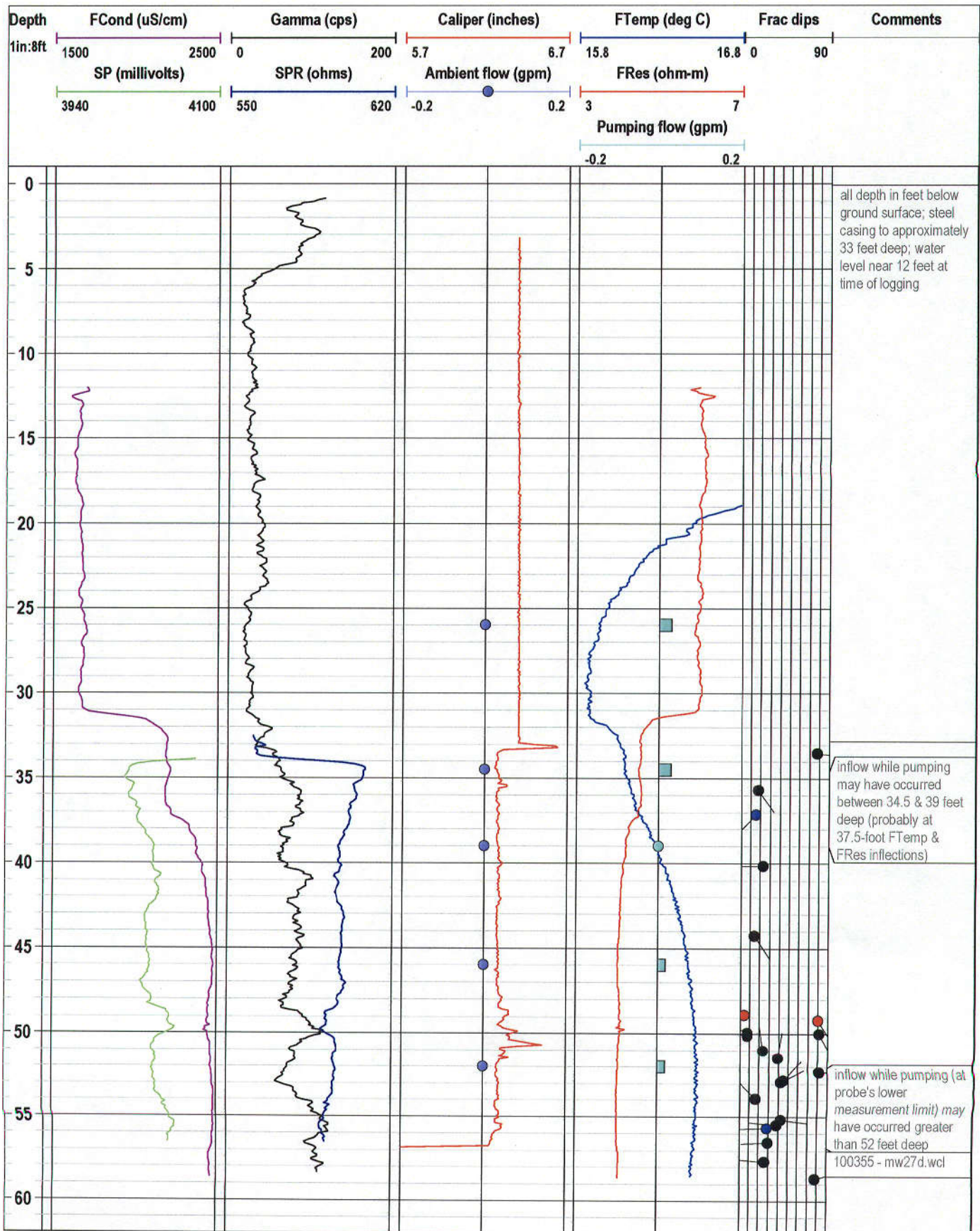

Mark E. Blackey
Principal and Geophysicist

100355 - 100355e.rpt

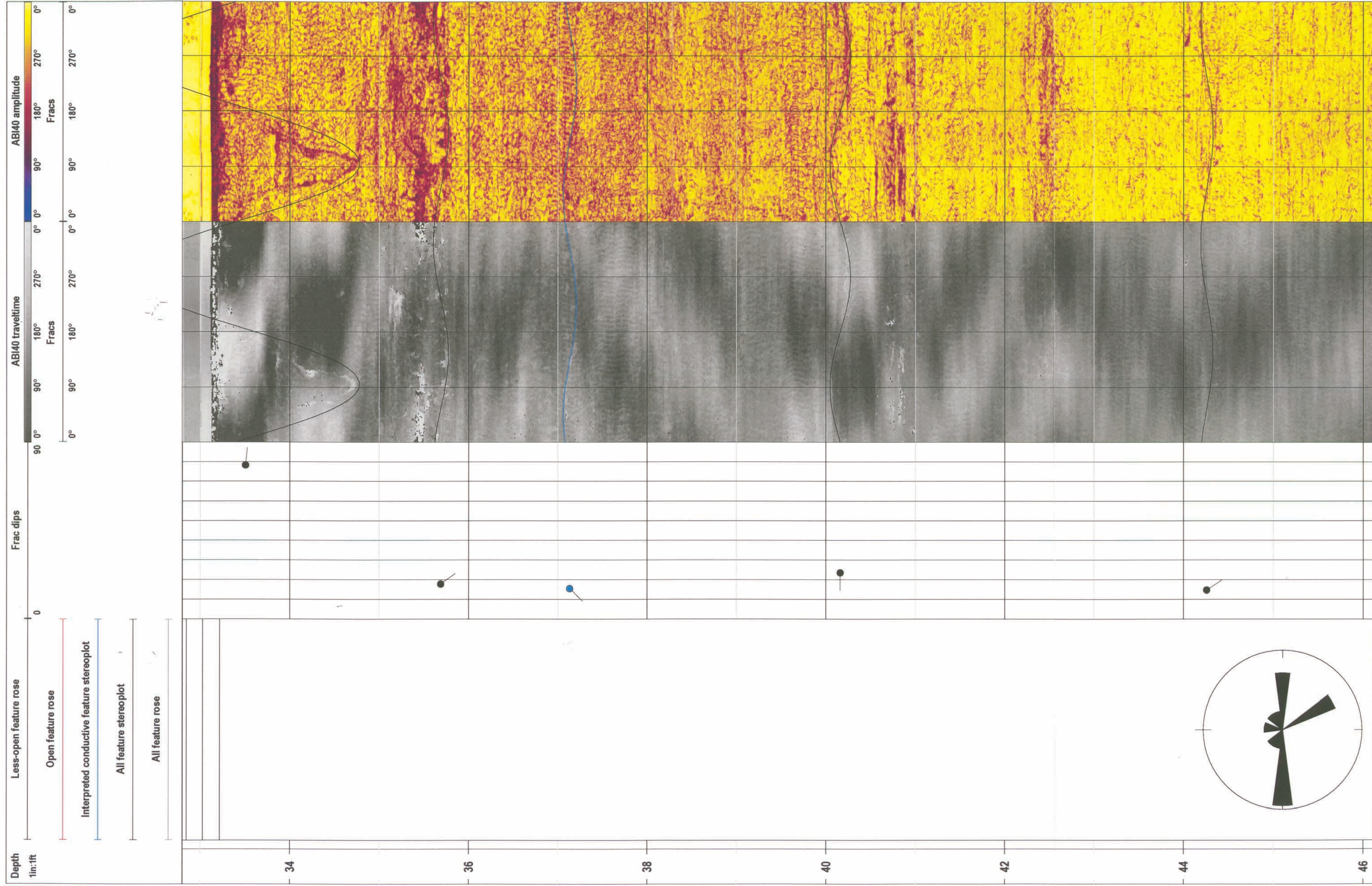
Appendix A

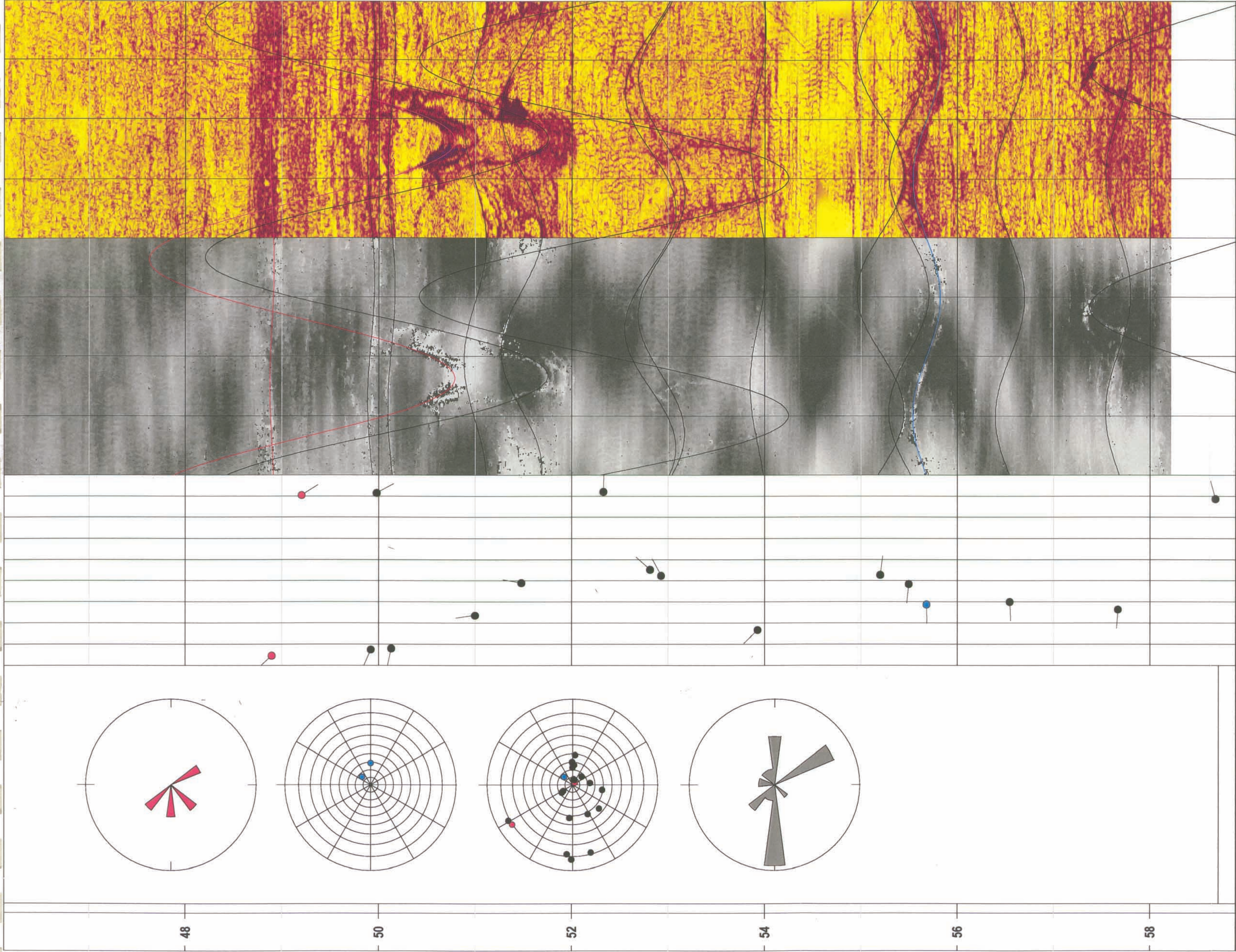
Borehole Geophysical Logs

Project - Well: Shaw Env'l/Maywood, NJ - MW-27D conventional logs

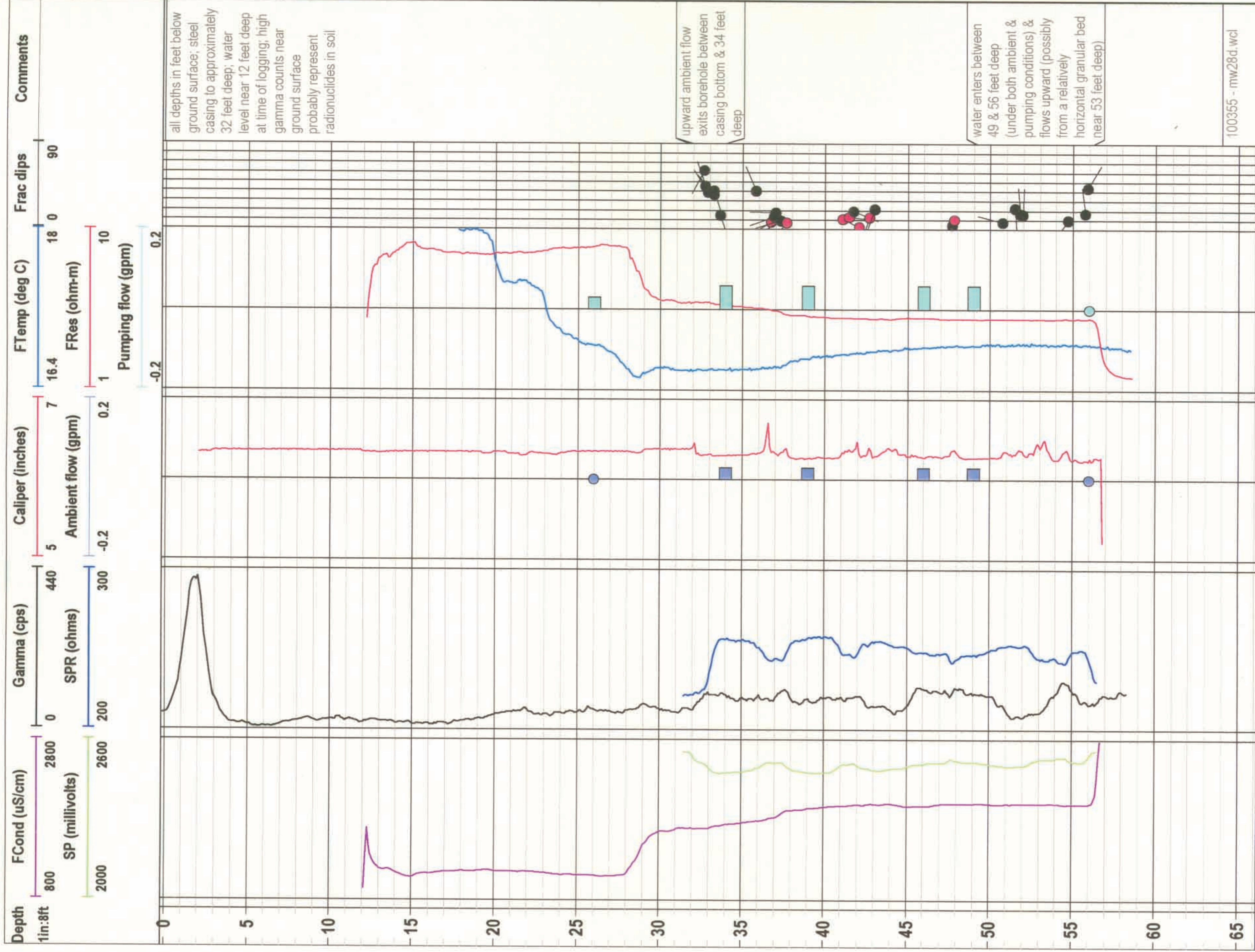


Project - Well: Shaw Env/1/Maywood, NJ - MW-27D acoustic televiewer log





Project - Well: Shaw Env'l/Maywood, NJ - MW-28D conventional logs



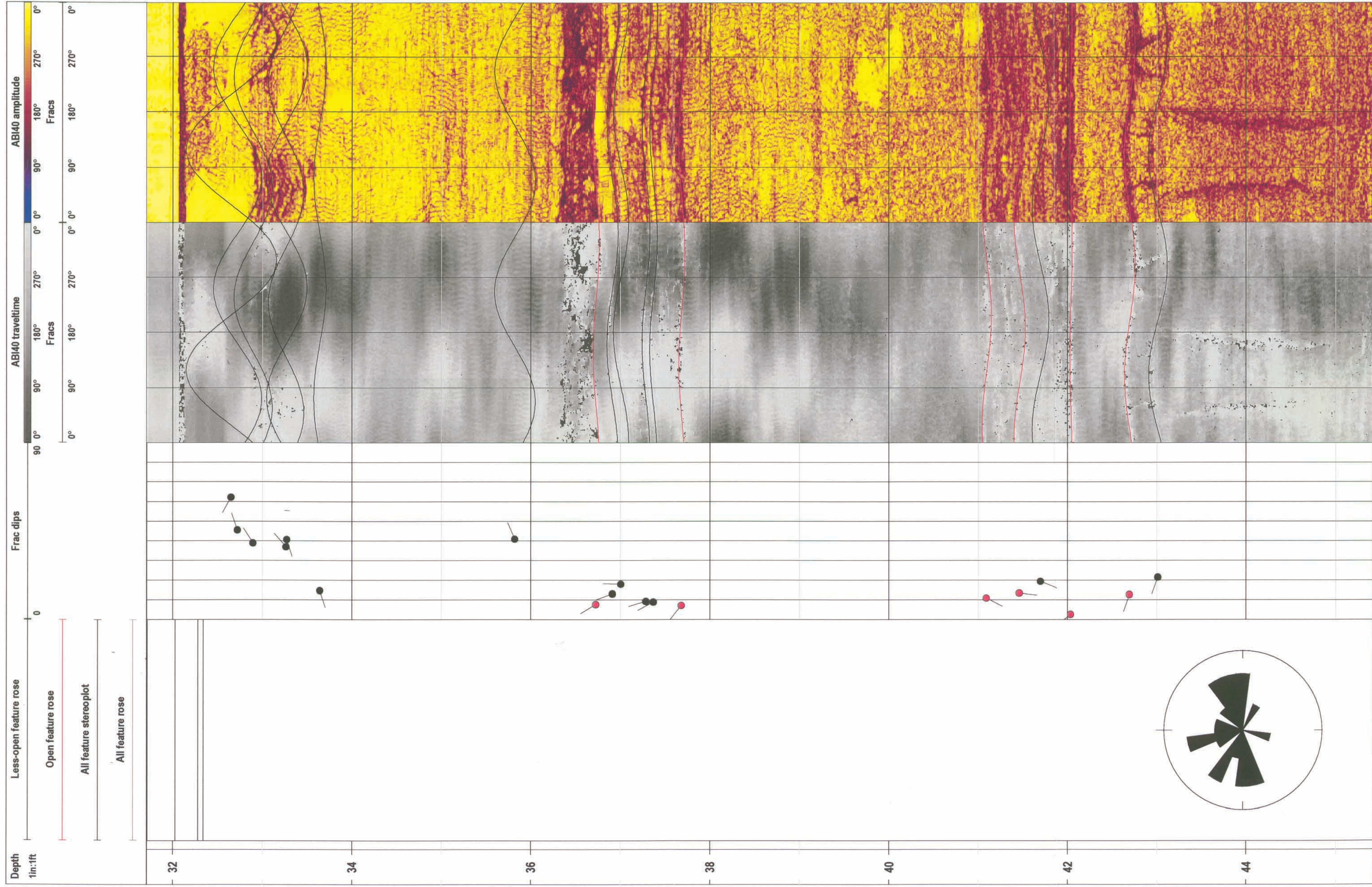
all depths in feet below ground surface; steel casing to approximately 32 feet deep; water level near 12 feet deep at time of logging; high gamma counts near ground surface probably represent radionuclides in soil

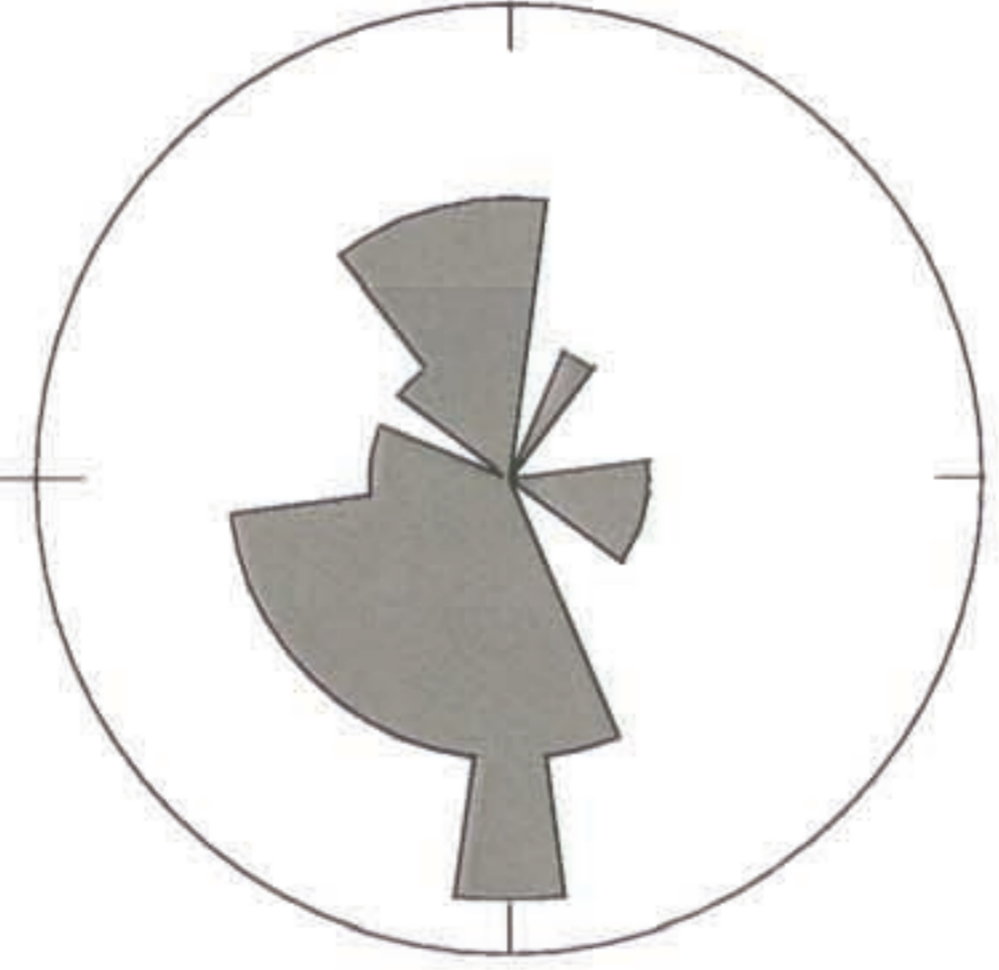
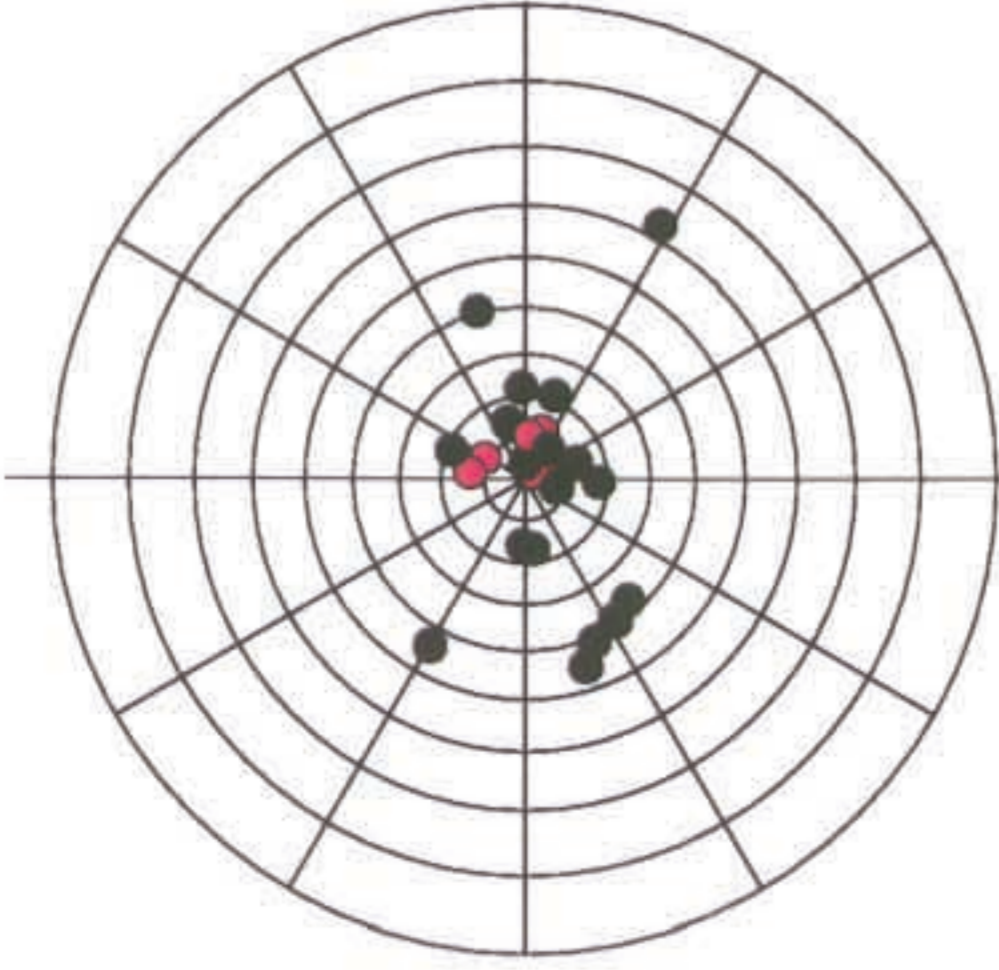
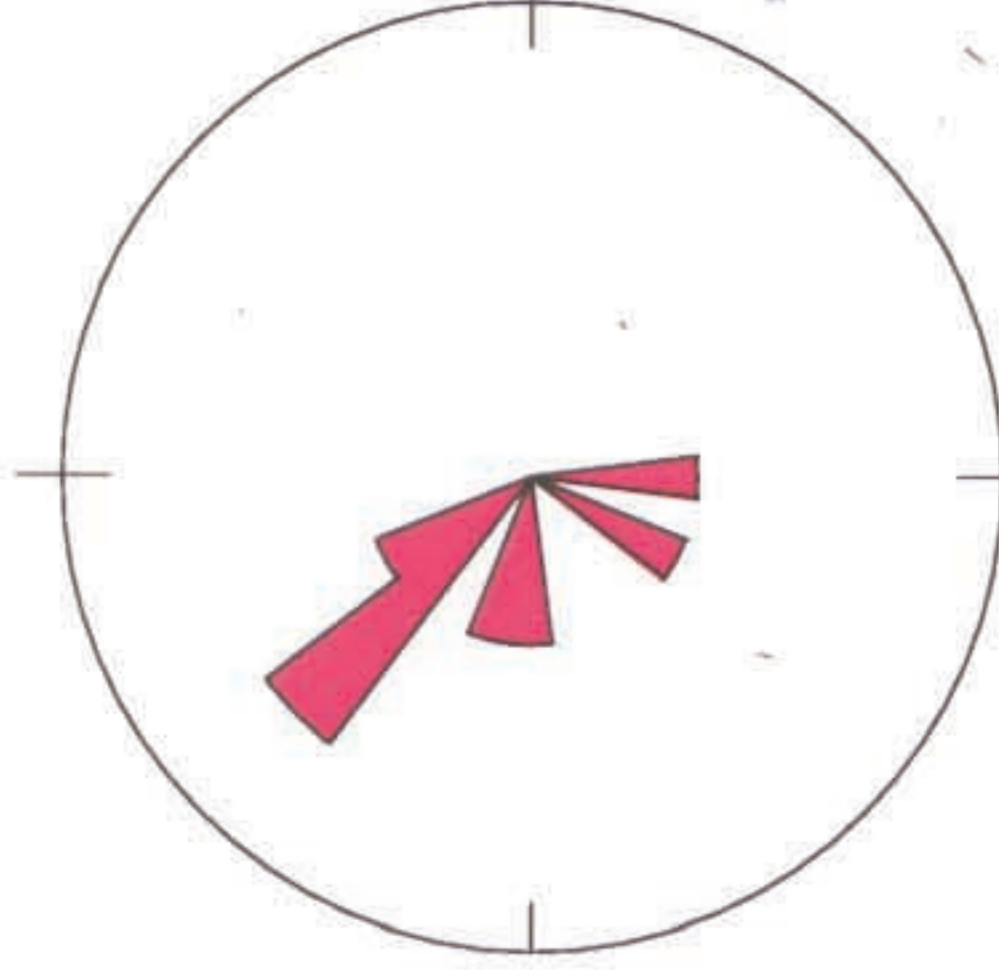
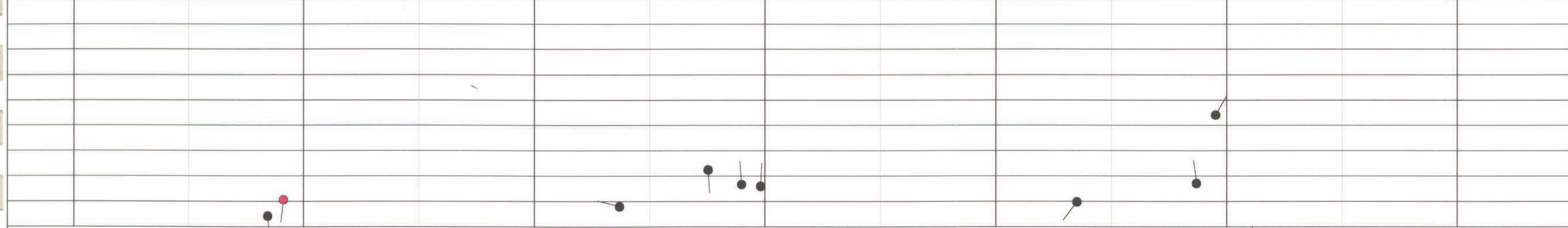
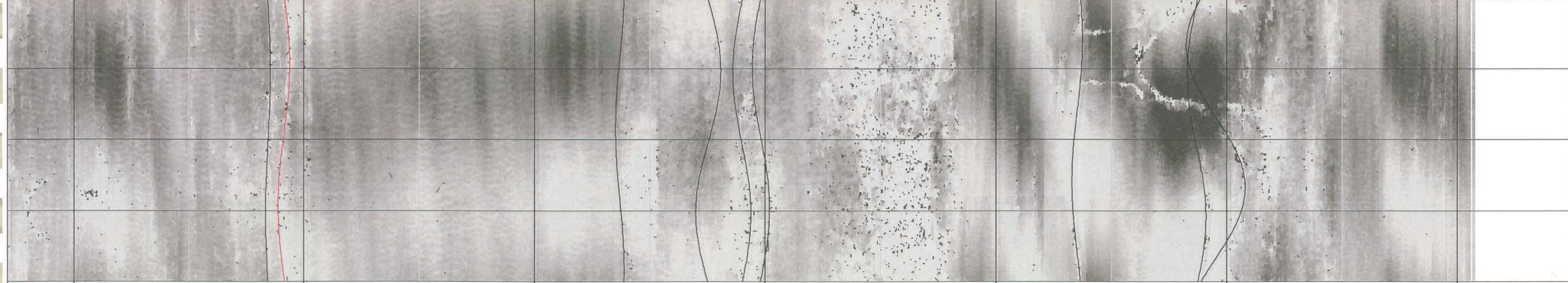
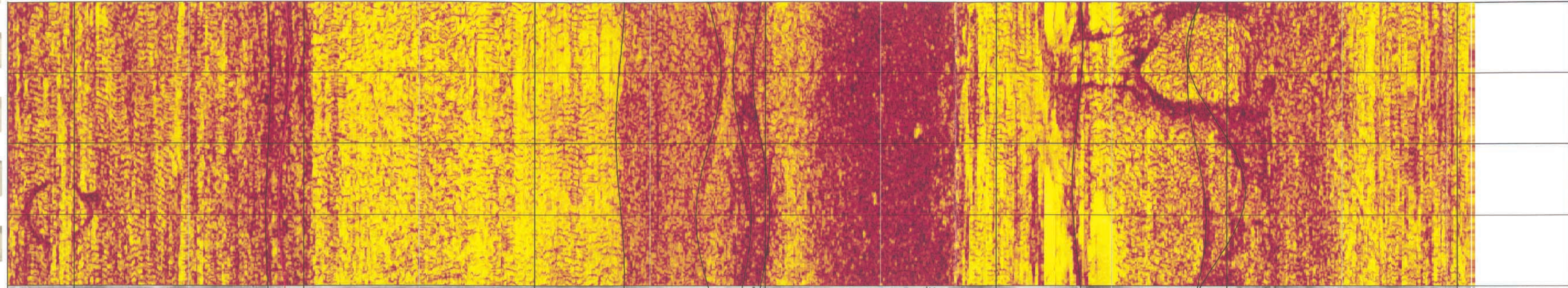
upward ambient flow exits borehole between casing bottom & 34 feet deep

water enters between 49 & 56 feet deep (under both ambient & pumping conditions) & flows upward (possibly from a relatively horizontal granular bed near 53 feet deep)

100355 - mw28d.wcl

Project - Well: Shaw Env'/Maywood, NJ - MW-28D acoustic televiewer log





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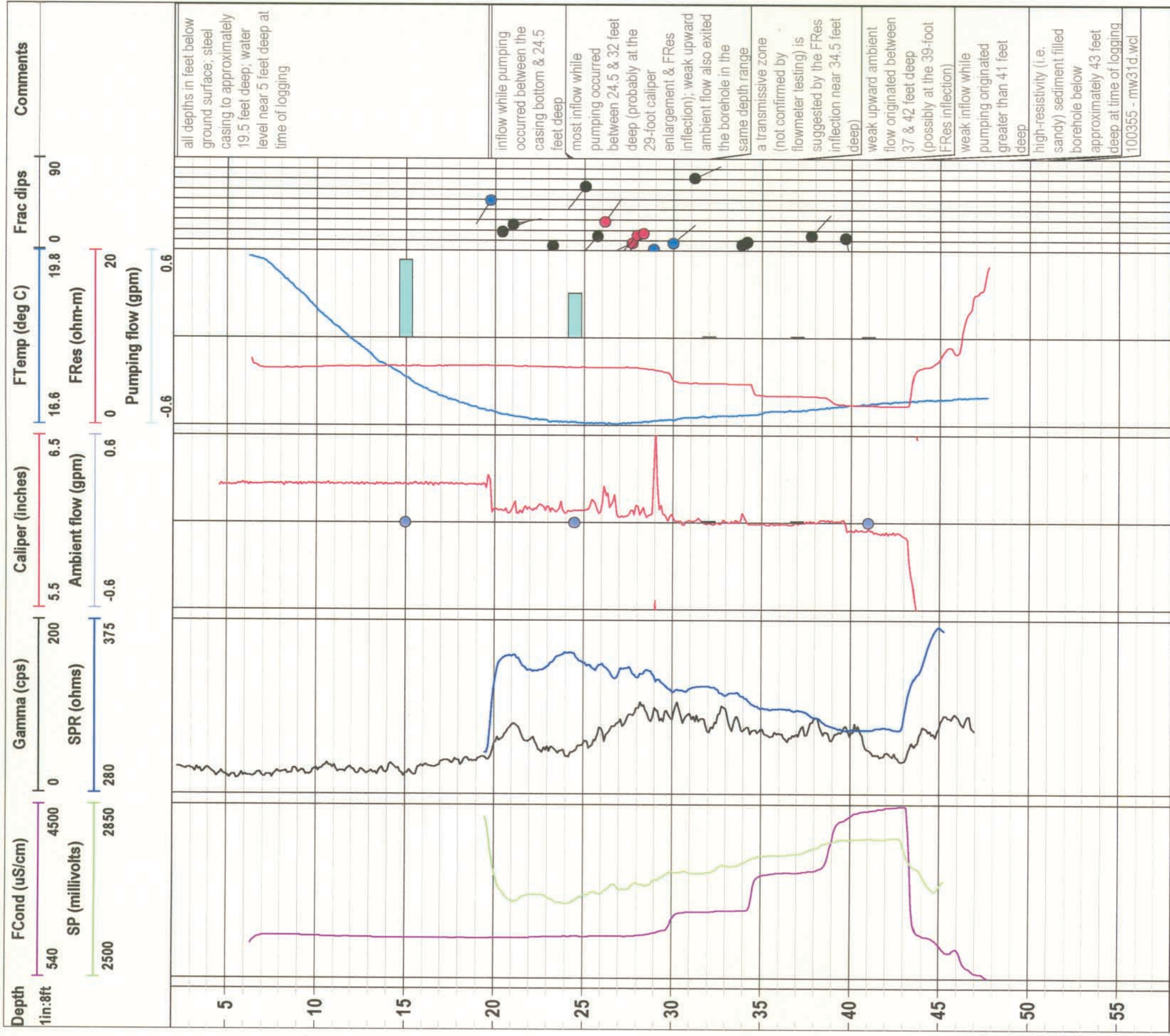
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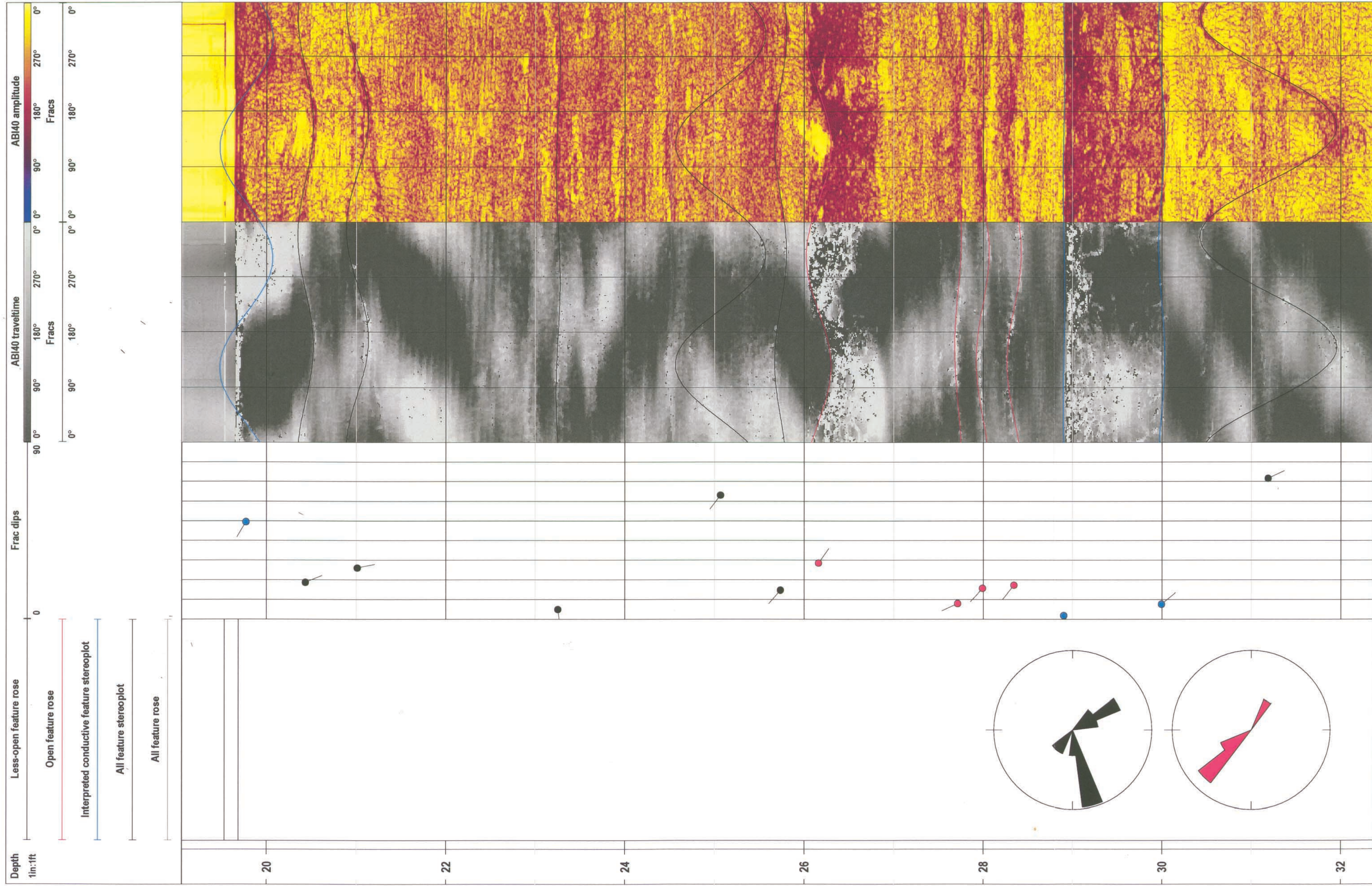
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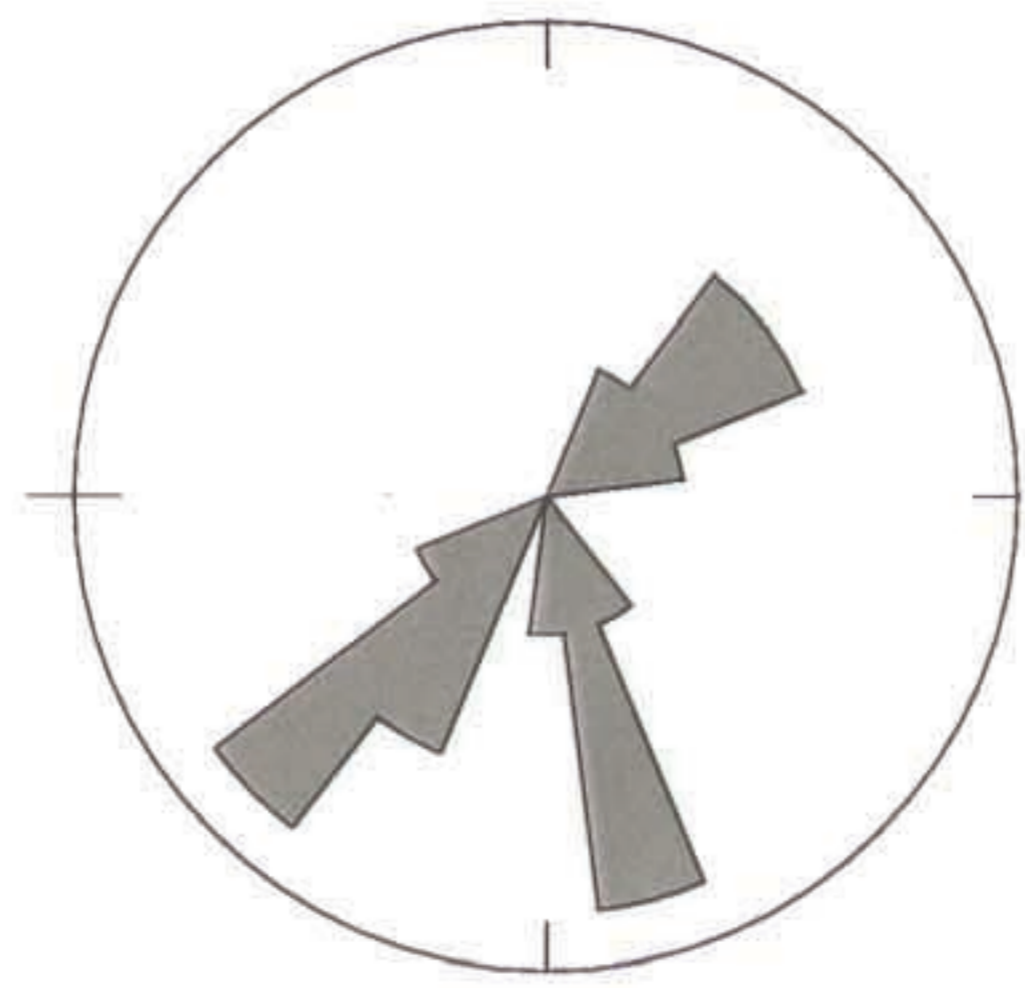
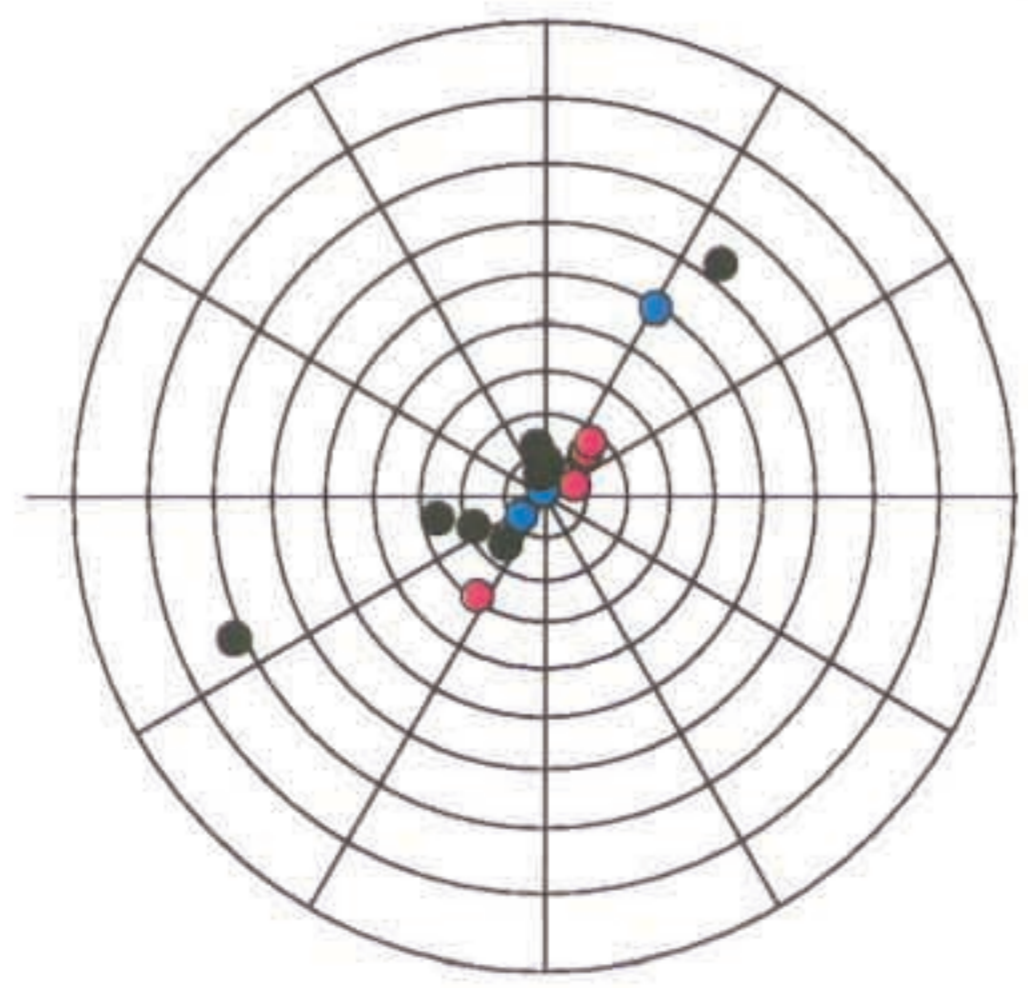
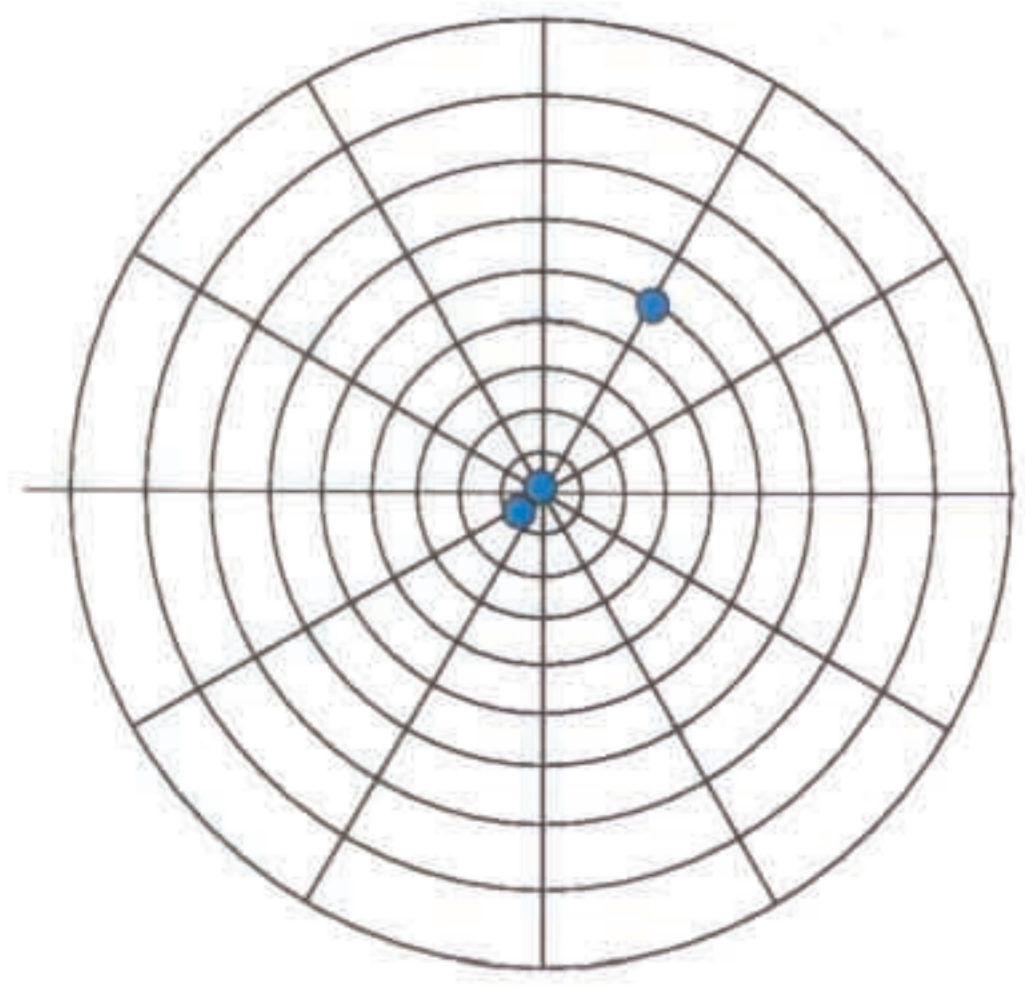
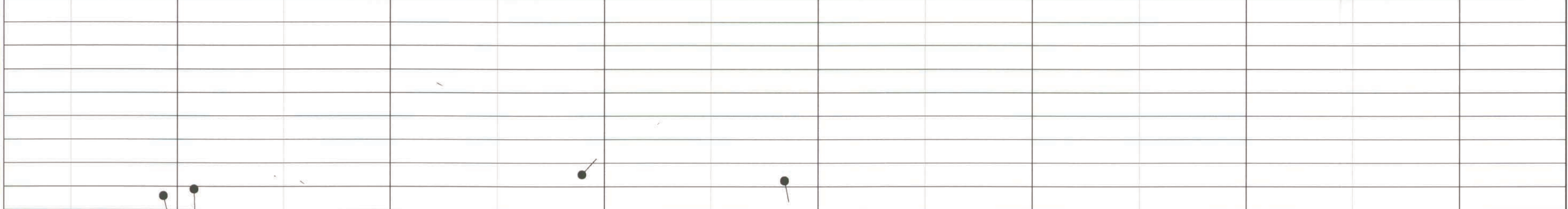
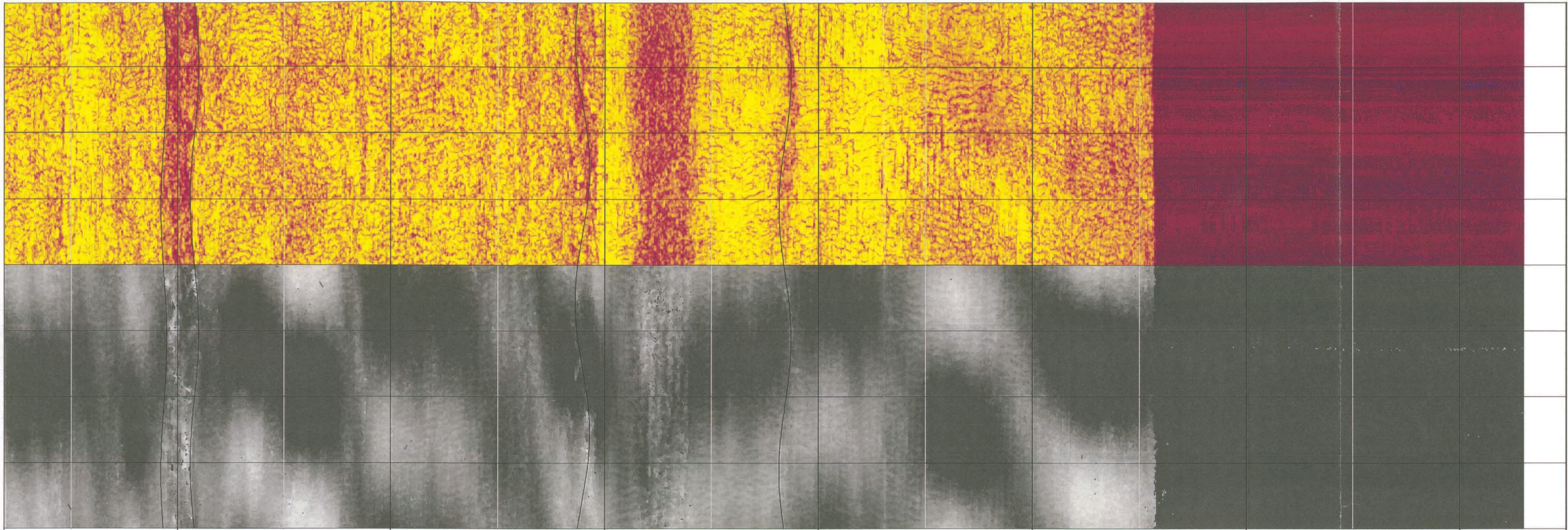
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Project - Well: Shaw Env'l/Maywood, NJ - MW-31D conventional logs



Project - Well: Shaw Env'/Maywood, NJ - MW-31D acoustic televiewer log





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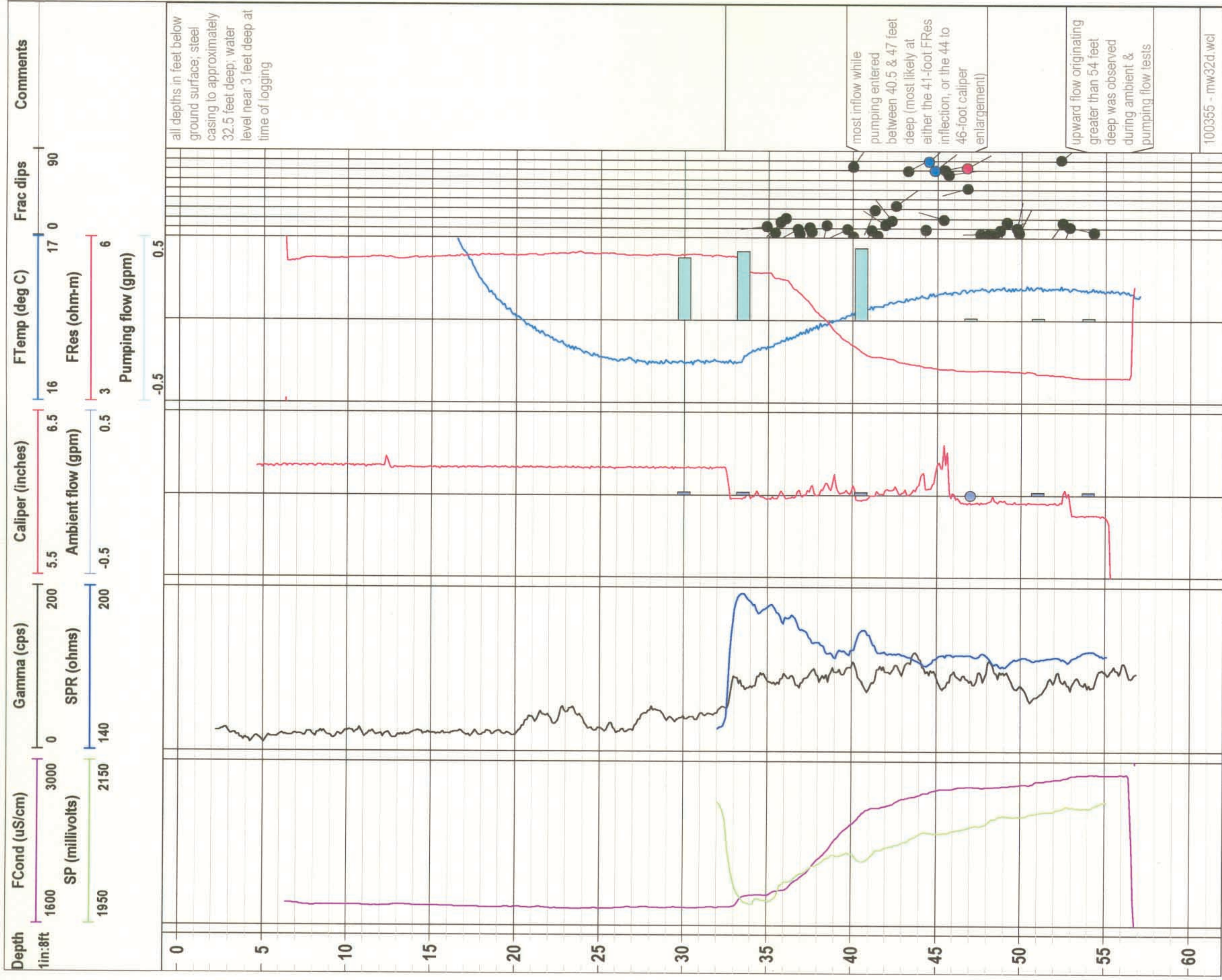
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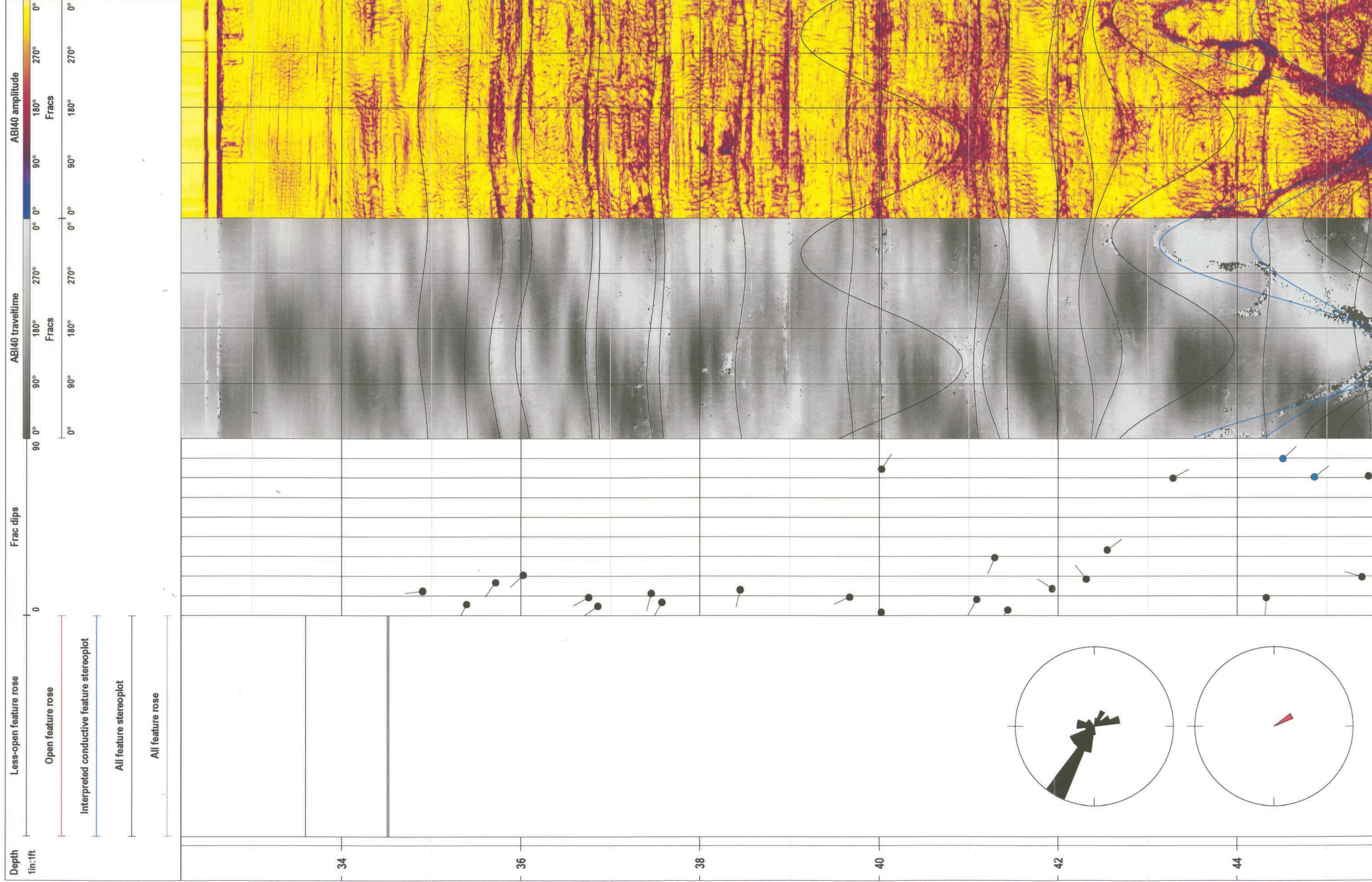
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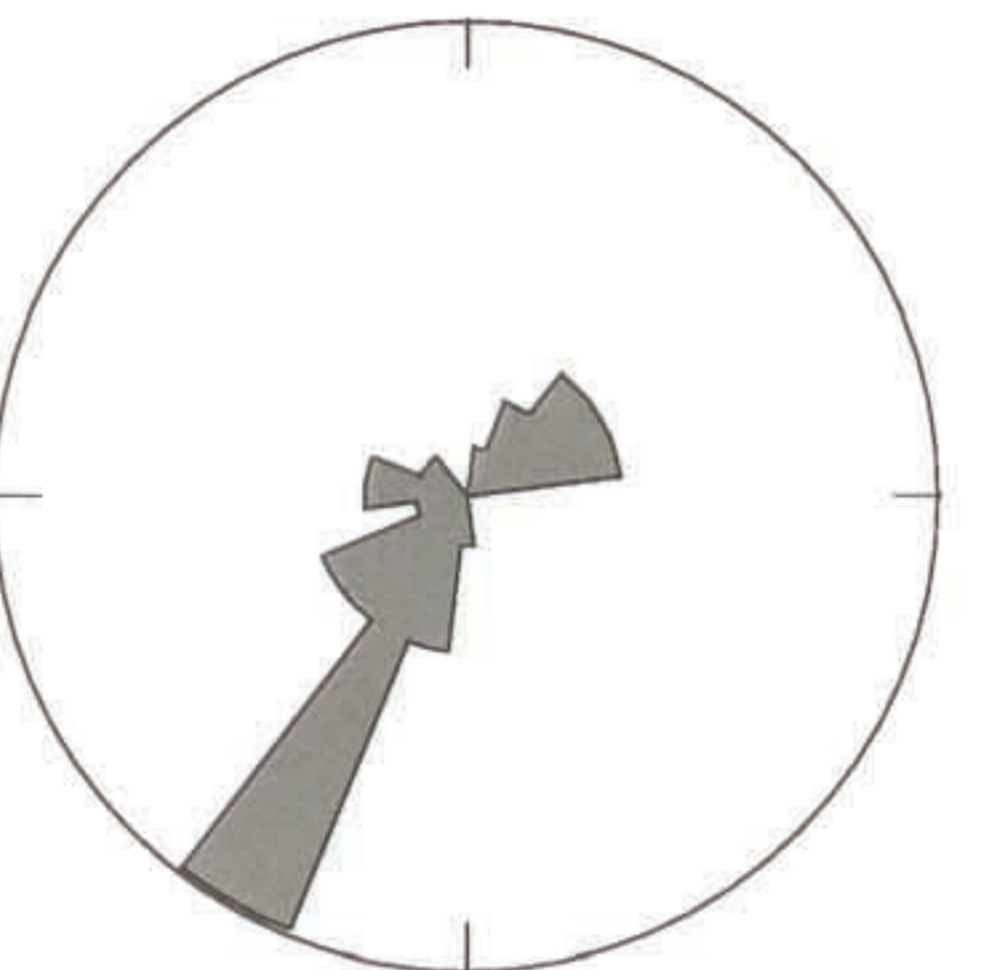
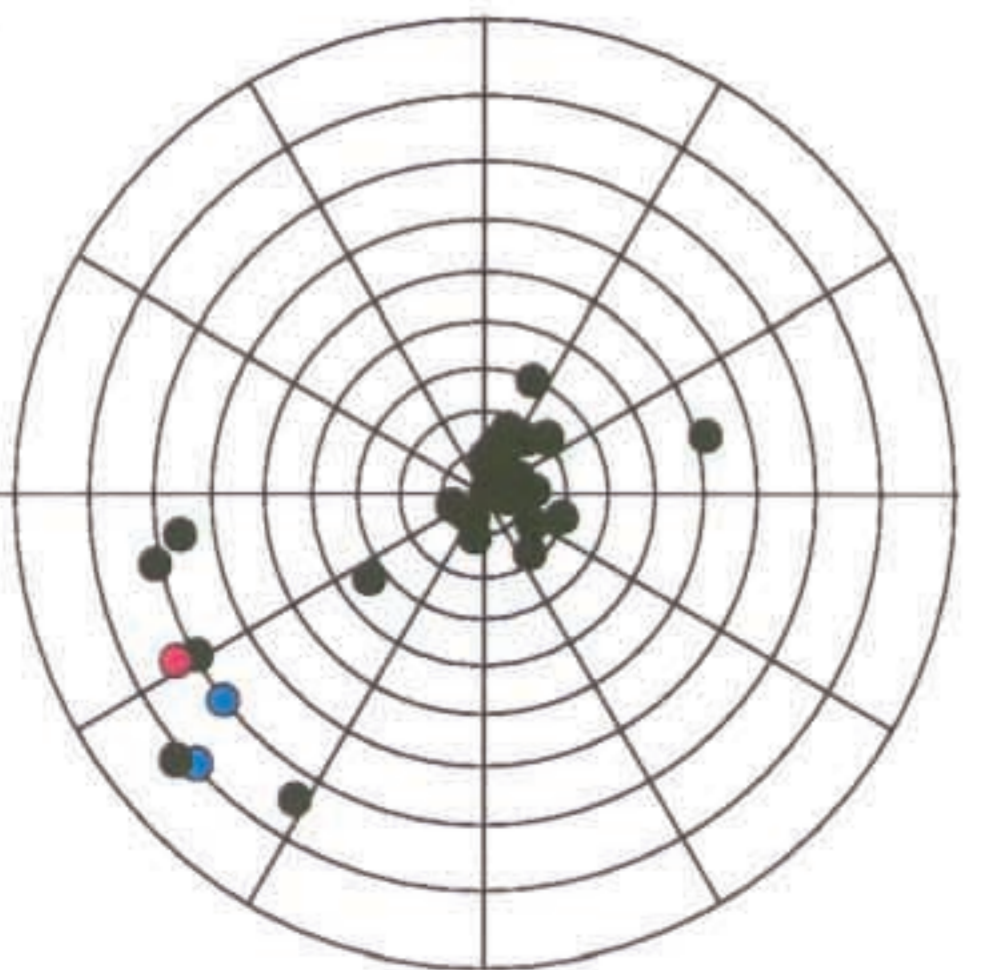
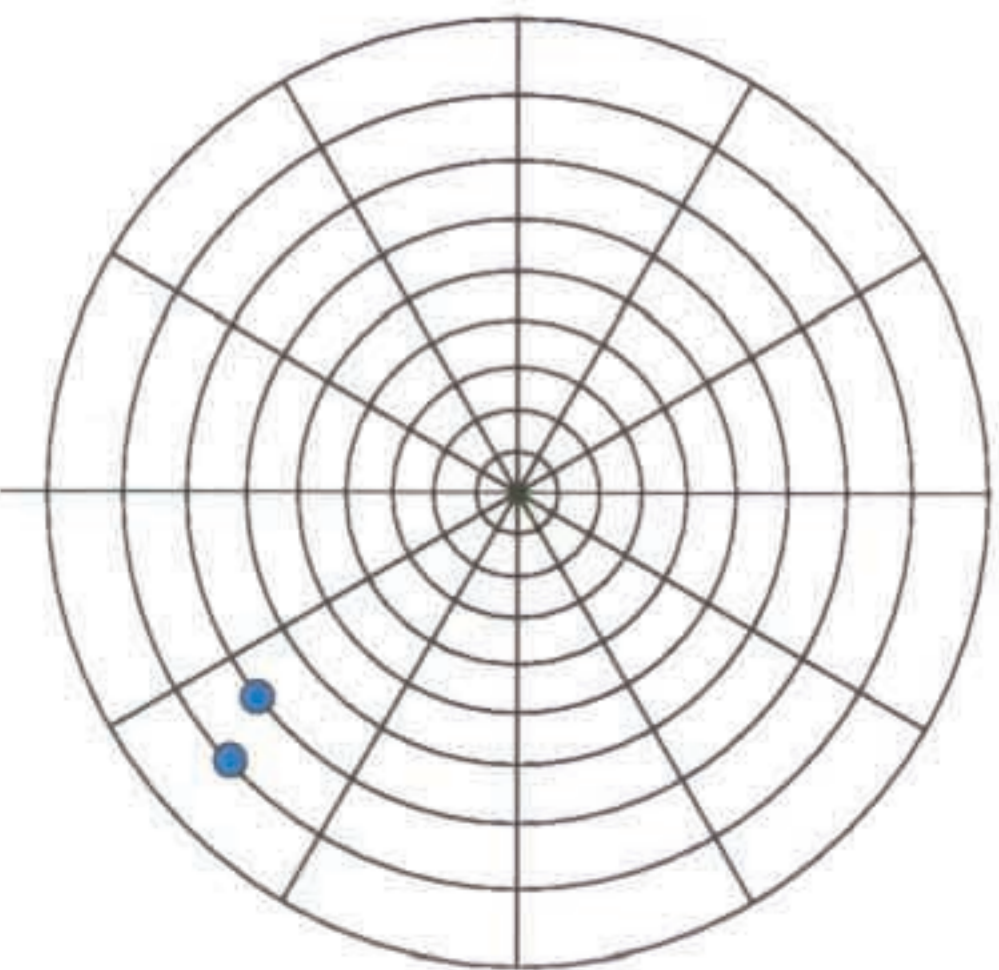
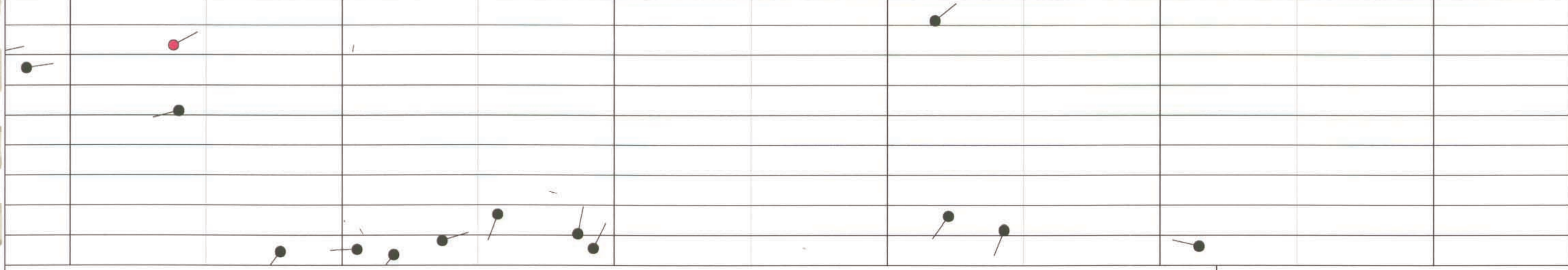
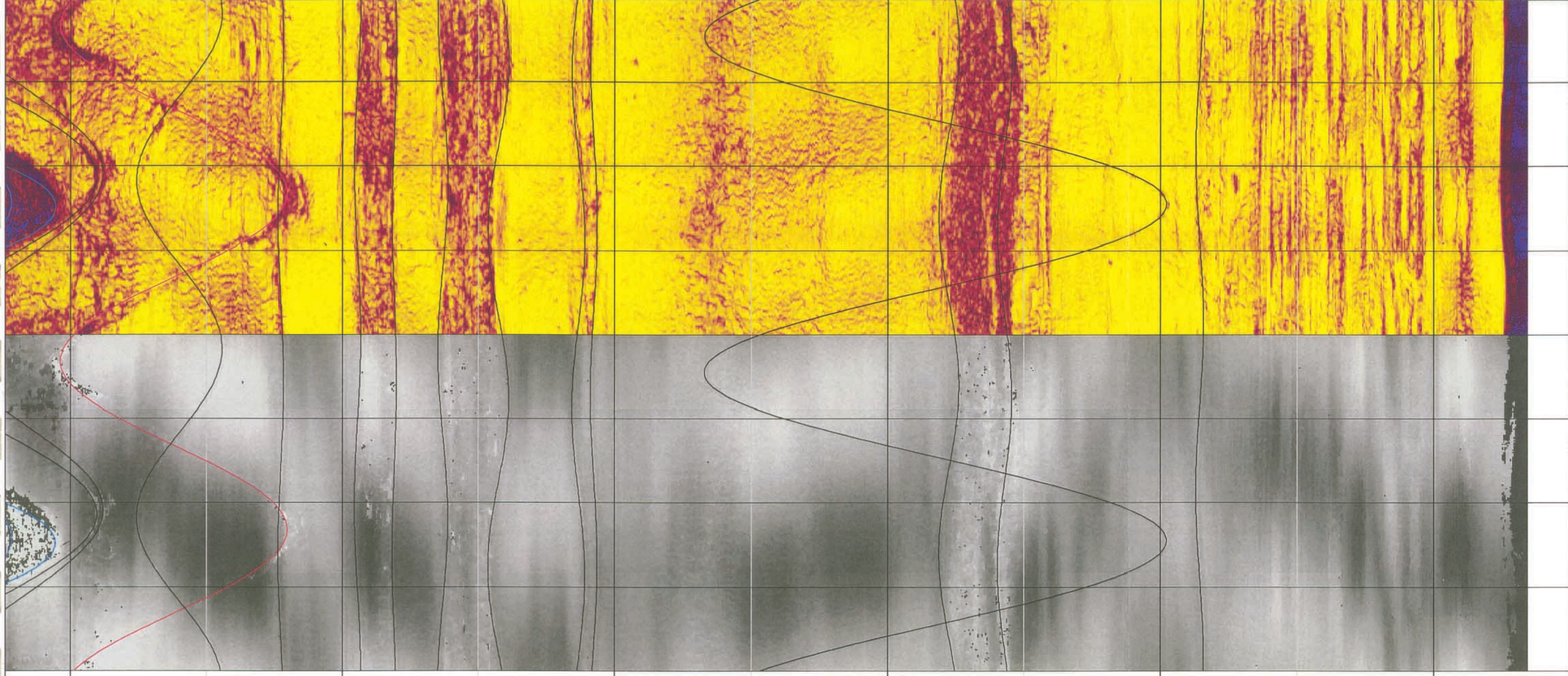
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Project - Well: Shaw Env'I/Maywood, NJ - MW-32D conventional logs



Project - Well: Shaw Env'/Maywood, NJ - MW-32D acoustic televiewer log





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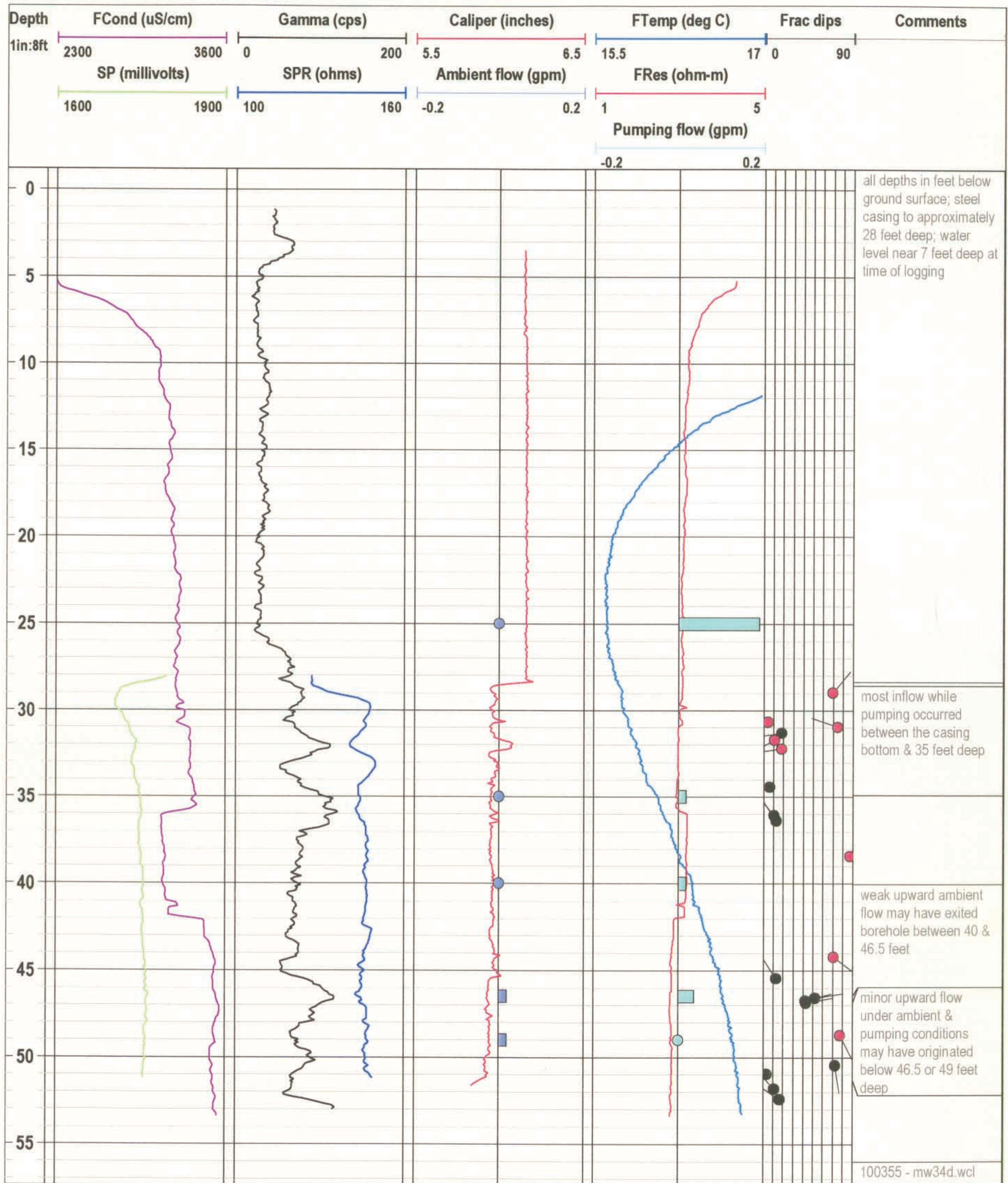
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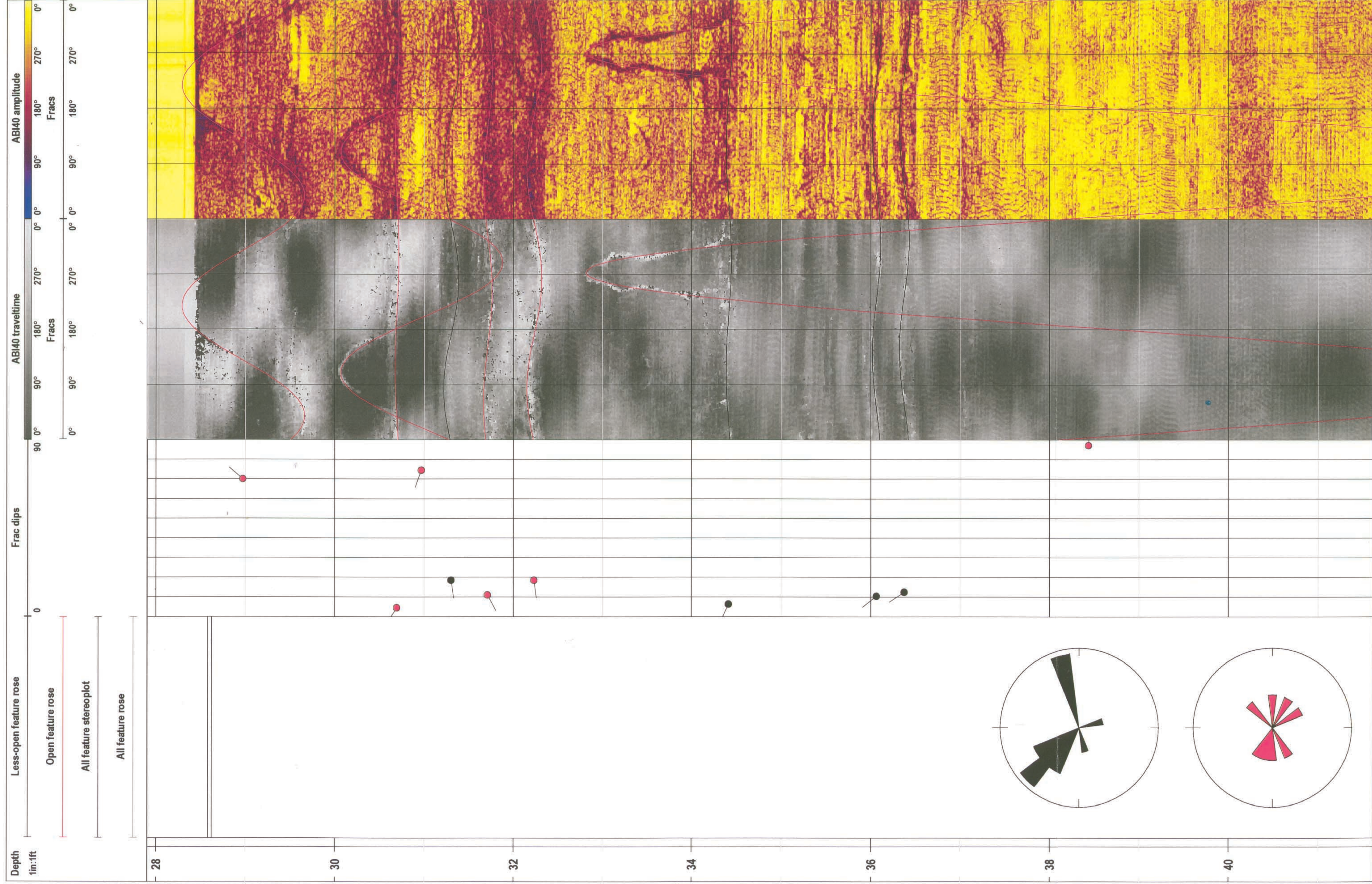
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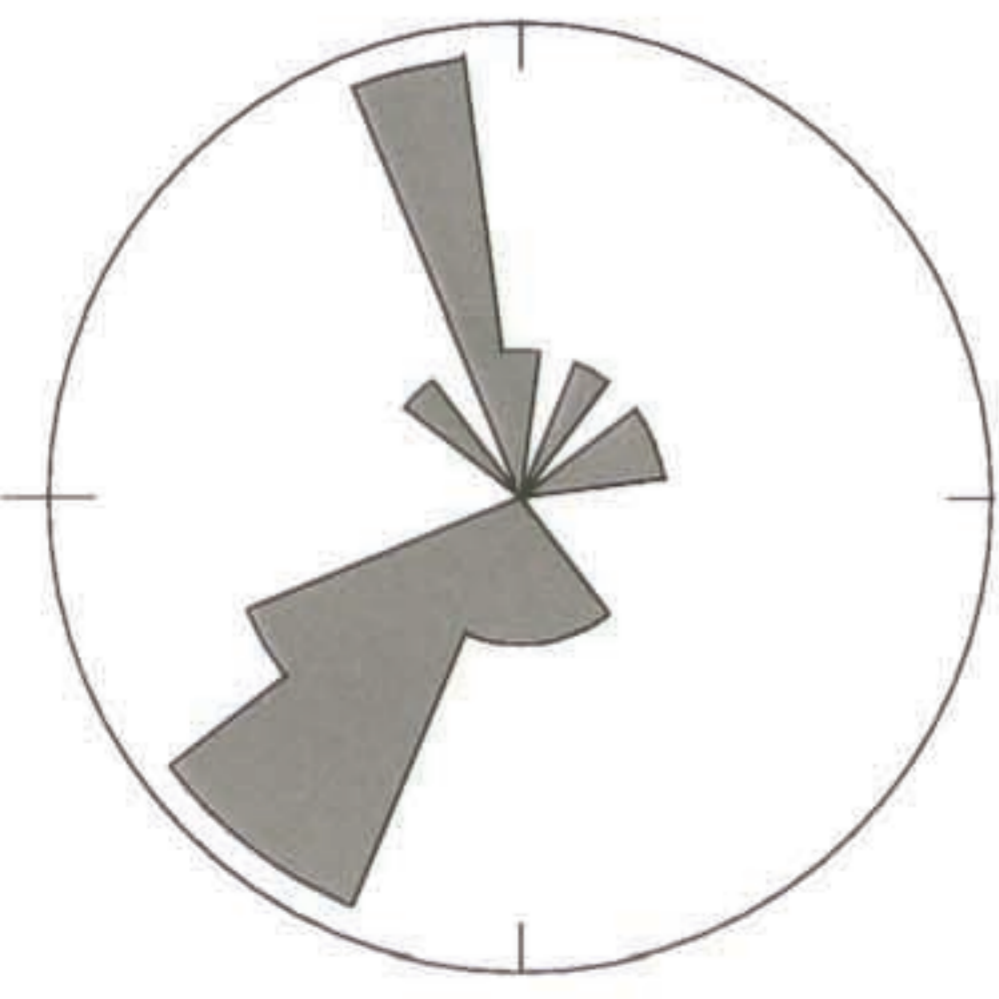
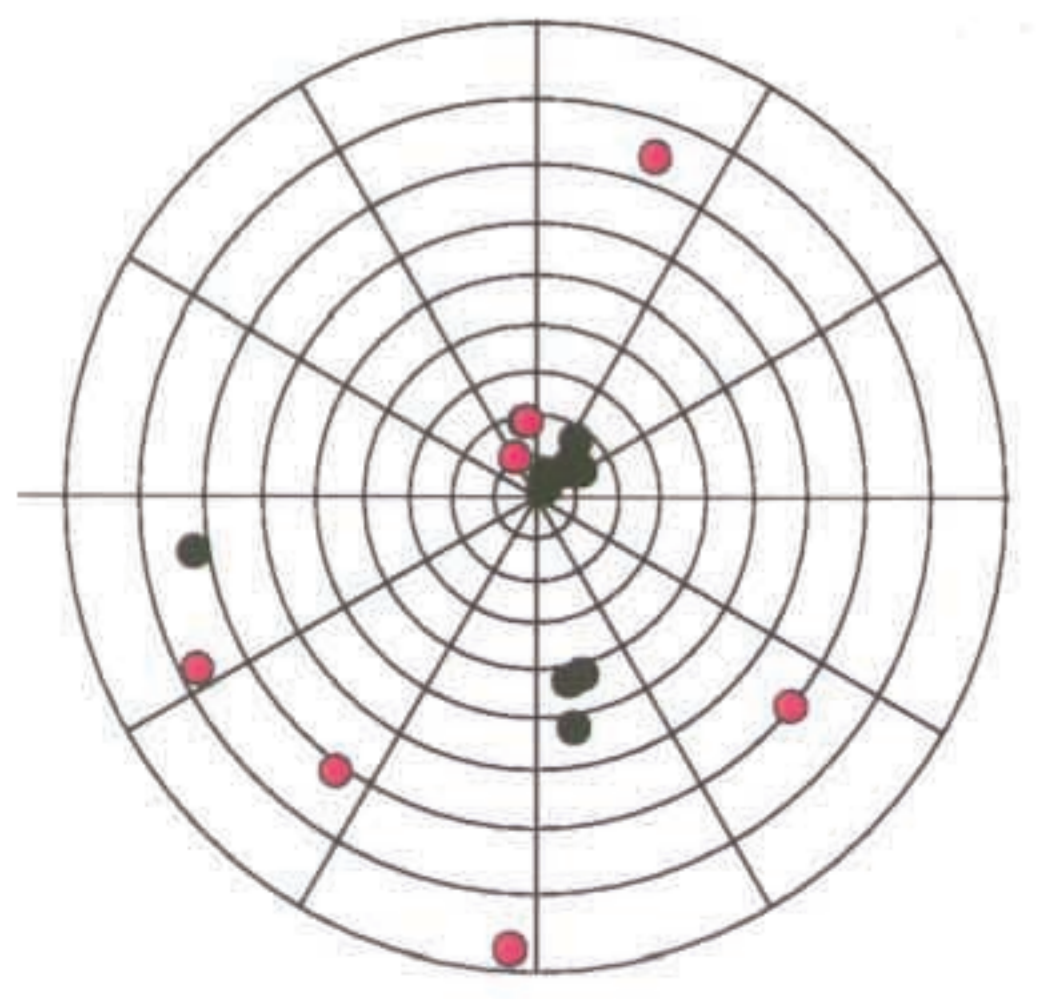
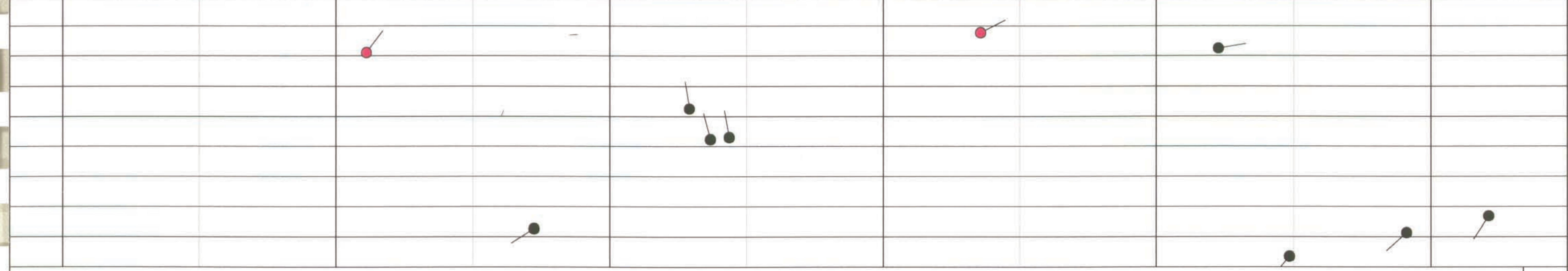
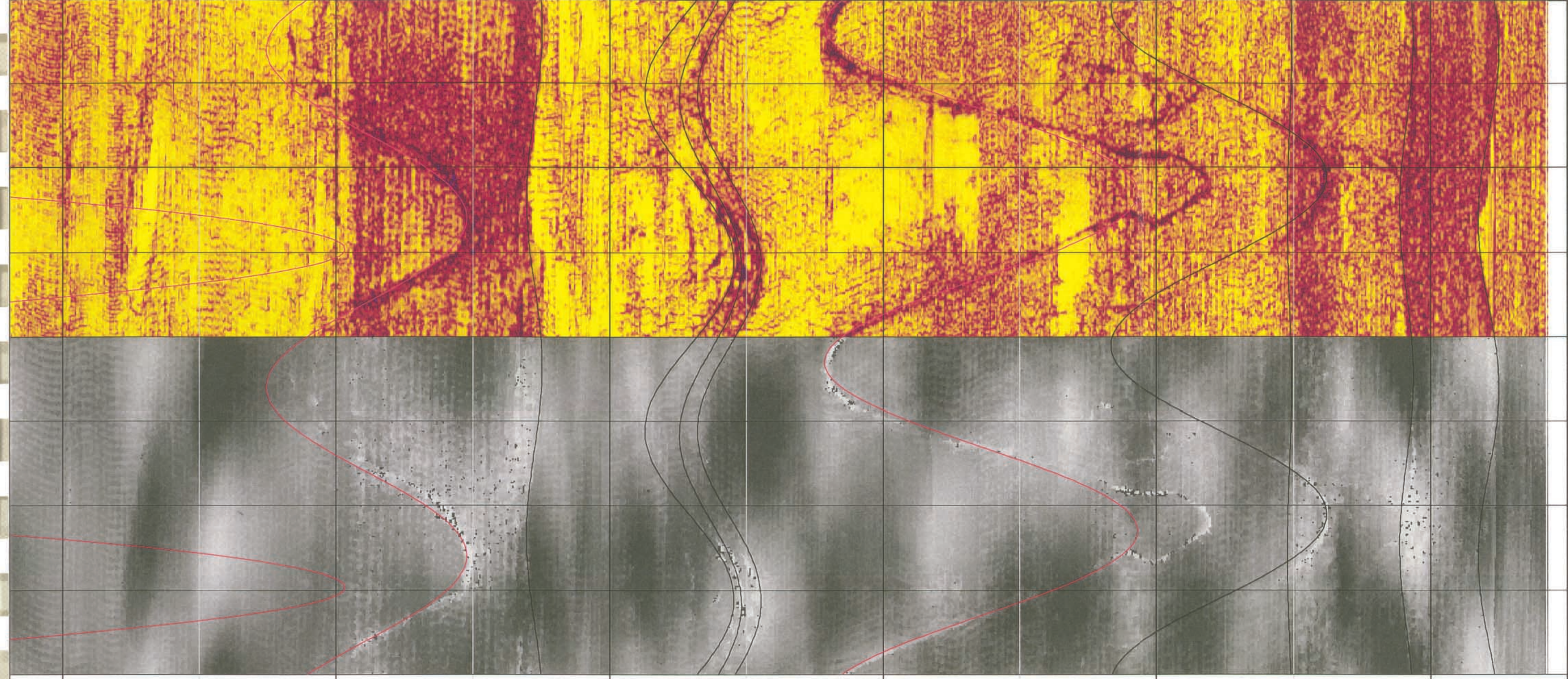
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Project - Well: Shaw Env'l/Maywood, NJ - MW-34D conventional logs



Project - Well: Shaw Env'l/Maywood, NJ - MW-34D acoustic televiewer log





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Appendix B

Fracture Orientations Measured from
Acoustic Televiewer Logs

Fracture Orientations Interpreted from MW-27D Acoustic Televiewer Log
 Maywood Chemical Superfund Site
 Maywood, New Jersey
 Prepared for: Shaw Environmental
 100355 - mw27di.xls

depth (feet)	down-dip compass azimuth (degrees)	dip angle (degrees)	fracture category (open = 105 less-open = 100 conductive = 107)
33.51	94.7	78.4	100
35.69	144.8	17.9	100
37.13	224.2	15.6	107
40.16	270.4	23.6	100
44.26	146.1	14.8	100
48.90	317.4	4.7	105
49.21	146.9	80.6	105
49.92	293.3	7.7	100
49.98	151.0	81.6	100
50.13	283.0	8.1	100
51.00	353.1	23.7	100
51.48	9.5	39.1	100
52.33	90.9	82.2	100
52.82	41.6	45.4	100
52.93	62.8	42.6	100
53.93	316.7	16.8	100
55.20	95.8	42.9	100
55.50	275.6	38.6	100
55.68	269.2	28.8	107
56.55	268.4	30.1	100
57.67	275.1	26.4	100
58.69	74.7	78.7	100

Note that down-dip compass azimuth is perpendicular to the strike direction.

Interpreted down-dip compass azimuths are with respect to magnetic north.

Fracture Orientations Interpreted from MW-28D Acoustic Televiewer Log
 Maywood Chemical Superfund Site
 Maywood, New Jersey
 Prepared for: Shaw Environmental
 100355 - mw28di.xls

depth (feet)	down-dip compass azimuth (degrees)	dip angle (degrees)	fracture category (open = 105 less-open = 100 conductive = 107)
32.65	298.4	62.5	100
32.72	71.6	45.7	100
32.90	57.2	39.1	100
33.26	49.2	37.1	100
33.27	253.4	40.8	100
33.64	252.3	14.8	100
35.83	66.5	41.1	100
36.73	328.8	7.8	105
36.92	340.4	13.2	100
37.01	1.7	18.0	100
37.29	342.7	9.5	100
37.37	332.3	9.1	100
37.68	309.9	7.2	105
41.09	207.5	11.1	105
41.46	186.6	13.5	105
41.69	201.6	19.5	100
42.04	322.0	2.8	105
42.69	289.9	12.8	105
43.01	290.3	21.7	100
47.69	265.5	4.5	100
47.83	276.5	10.9	105
50.74	14.4	8.2	100
51.51	267.2	22.5	100
51.80	85.8	16.8	100
51.97	92.2	16.1	100
54.70	307.0	9.9	100
55.74	82.3	17.2	100
55.91	119.6	44.2	100

Note that down-dip compass azimuth is perpendicular to the strike direction.

Interpreted down-dip compass azimuths are with respect to magnetic north.

Fracture Orientations Interpreted from MW-31D Acoustic Televiewer Log
 Maywood Chemical Superfund Site
 Maywood, New Jersey
 Prepared for: Shaw Environmental
 100355 - mw31di.xls

depth (feet)	down-dip compass azimuth (degrees)	dip angle (degrees)	fracture category (open = 105 less-open = 100 conductive = 107)
19.77	300.8	49.7	107
20.43	157.1	18.8	100
21.01	168.5	26.2	100
23.26	262.1	5.1	100
25.06	307.4	63.4	100
25.74	311.1	14.8	100
26.16	124.3	28.6	105
27.72	335.3	8.2	105
27.99	312.5	15.7	105
28.34	309.9	17.4	105
28.90	242.4	2.2	107
29.99	140.9	7.8	107
31.19	155.5	71.9	100
33.87	257.0	6.2	100
34.16	268.4	9.1	100
37.79	131.5	15.3	100
39.69	259.0	12.7	100

Note that down-dip compass azimuth is perpendicular to the strike direction.

Interpreted down-dip compass azimuths are with respect to magnetic north.

Fracture Orientations Interpreted from MW-32D Acoustic Televiewer Log
 Maywood Chemical Superfund Site
 Maywood, New Jersey
 Prepared for: Shaw Environmental
 100355 - mw32di.xls

depth (feet)	down-dip compass azimuth (degrees)	dip angle (degrees)	fracture category (open = 105 less-open = 100 conductive = 107)
34.90	353.1	12.5	100
35.39	297.6	5.8	100
35.72	307.3	16.8	100
36.03	318.1	20.5	100
36.76	332.0	9.4	100
36.86	324.8	4.9	100
37.46	285.0	11.5	100
37.57	298.4	6.9	100
38.45	283.8	13.2	100
39.67	335.4	9.6	100
40.02	312.2	1.8	100
40.03	121.9	74.6	100
41.09	299.6	8.3	100
41.29	293.5	29.5	100
41.44	306.7	2.9	100
41.93	32.0	13.8	100
42.31	51.3	18.6	100
42.55	143.4	33.5	100
43.28	150.8	70.0	100
44.32	275.1	9.3	100
44.51	137.0	79.8	107
44.86	141.8	70.5	107
45.39	16.5	19.7	100
45.46	168.1	71.1	100
45.68	172.4	66.1	100
46.76	151.6	73.4	105
46.80	345.0	51.7	100
47.55	306.7	4.7	100
48.11	358.1	5.5	100
48.38	307.9	3.6	100
48.74	162.2	8.3	100
49.14	291.3	16.9	100
49.73	101.2	10.8	100
49.84	116.8	5.8	100
52.35	139.5	81.7	100
52.45	306.3	16.4	100
52.86	292.6	11.9	100
54.28	12.6	6.5	100

Note that down-dip compass azimuth is perpendicular to the strike direction.

Interpreted down-dip compass azimuths are with respect to magnetic north.

Fracture Orientations Interpreted from MW-34D Acoustic Televiewer Log
 Maywood Chemical Superfund Site
 Maywood, New Jersey
 Prepared for: Shaw Environmental
 100355 - mw34di.xls

depth (feet)	down-dip compass azimuth (degrees)	dip angle (degrees)	fracture category (open = 105 less-open = 100 conductive = 107)
28.97	39.2	70.2	105
30.69	302.8	4.7	105
30.97	289.7	74.7	105
31.30	262.0	18.7	100
31.71	242.4	11.2	105
32.23	262.9	18.6	105
34.41	295.3	6.5	100
36.06	320.4	10.7	100
36.37	326.6	12.7	100
38.44	93.4	87.5	105
44.22	126.3	71.3	105
45.45	327.6	12.9	100
46.58	80.5	52.7	100
46.74	75.0	42.5	100
46.87	79.3	43.3	100
48.71	153.0	77.8	105
50.45	170.6	72.6	100
50.97	309.1	3.6	100
51.82	317.4	11.5	100
52.42	304.7	17.0	100

Note that down-dip compass azimuth is perpendicular to the strike direction.

Interpreted down-dip compass azimuths are with respect to magnetic north.

Appendix C

Daily Field Reports

Daily Field Report
Borehole Geophysics Logging Project
Maywood Superfund Site
Maywood, New Jersey
performed for
Stone & Webster, Inc.

Date: 6/23/03

Work location(s): MW-27d

Subcontractor: Geophysical Applications, Inc.

GeoApp Personnel: Mark Blackey

On-site work hours: 0800 → 1620

Standby hours: none

Work performed (borehole designations, logging runs):

MW-27d: fluid temperature, fluid resistivity,
caliper, natural gamma, single-point
resistance (SPR), spontaneous potential (SP)
acoustic televiwer, heat-pulse flowmeter
(ambient & pumping conditions)

- Equipment used:
- Mount Sopris 4MXA logging winch & electronics box
 - Mount Sopris caliper/fluid temp/fluid resistivity probe
 - Mount Sopris flowmeter probe
 - Mount Sopris SP/SPR/gamma probe
 - ALT acoustic televiwer probe (ABI40)
 - ALT optical televiwer probe
 - Laval borehole video system

Problems or obstacles encountered:
none

Geophysicist's signature: M. Blackey

Daily Field Report
Borehole Geophysics Logging Project
Maywood Superfund Site
Maywood, New Jersey
performed for
Stone & Webster, Inc.

Date: 6/24/03

Work location(s): MW-28d, MW-31d

Subcontractor: Geophysical Applications, Inc.

GeoApp Personnel: Mark Blackey

On-site work hours: 0700 → 1650

Standby hours: none

Work performed (borehole designations, logging runs):

MW-28d: FTemp/FRes, caliper, natural gamma, SP, SPR, acoustic televiewer, heat-pulse flowmeter (ambient & pumping)

MW-31d: FTemp, FRes, caliper, natural gamma, SP, SPR, acoustic televiewer, heat-pulse flowmeter (ambient & pumping)

- Equipment used:
- Mount Sopris 4MXA logging winch & electronics box
 - Mount Sopris caliper/fluid temp/fluid resistivity probe
 - Mount Sopris flowmeter probe
 - Mount Sopris SP/SPR/gamma probe
 - ALT acoustic televiewer probe CABI40
 - ALT optical televiewer probe
 - Laval borehole video system

Problems or obstacles encountered:
none

Geophysicist's signature: M. Blackey

Daily Field Report
Borehole Geophysics Logging Project
Maywood Superfund Site
Maywood, New Jersey
performed for
Stone & Webster, Inc.

Date: 6/25/03

Work location(s): MW-34D, MW-32D

Subcontractor: Geophysical Applications, Inc.

GeoApp Personnel: Mark Blackey

On-site work hours: 0700 → 1650

Standby hours: _____

Work performed (borehole designations, logging runs):

MW-34d: FTemp, FRes, caliper, natural gamma,
SP, SPR, acoustic televiwer, heat-pulse
flowmeter (ambient & pumping)

MW-32d: same as above

Equipment used:

Mount Sopris 4MXA logging winch & electronics box	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mount Sopris caliper/fluid temp/fluid resistivity probe	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mount Sopris flowmeter probe	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mount Sopris SP/SPR/gamma probe	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
ALT acoustic televiwer probe (ABI40)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
ALT optical televiwer probe	<input type="checkbox"/>
Laval borehole video system	<input type="checkbox"/>

Problems or obstacles encountered:

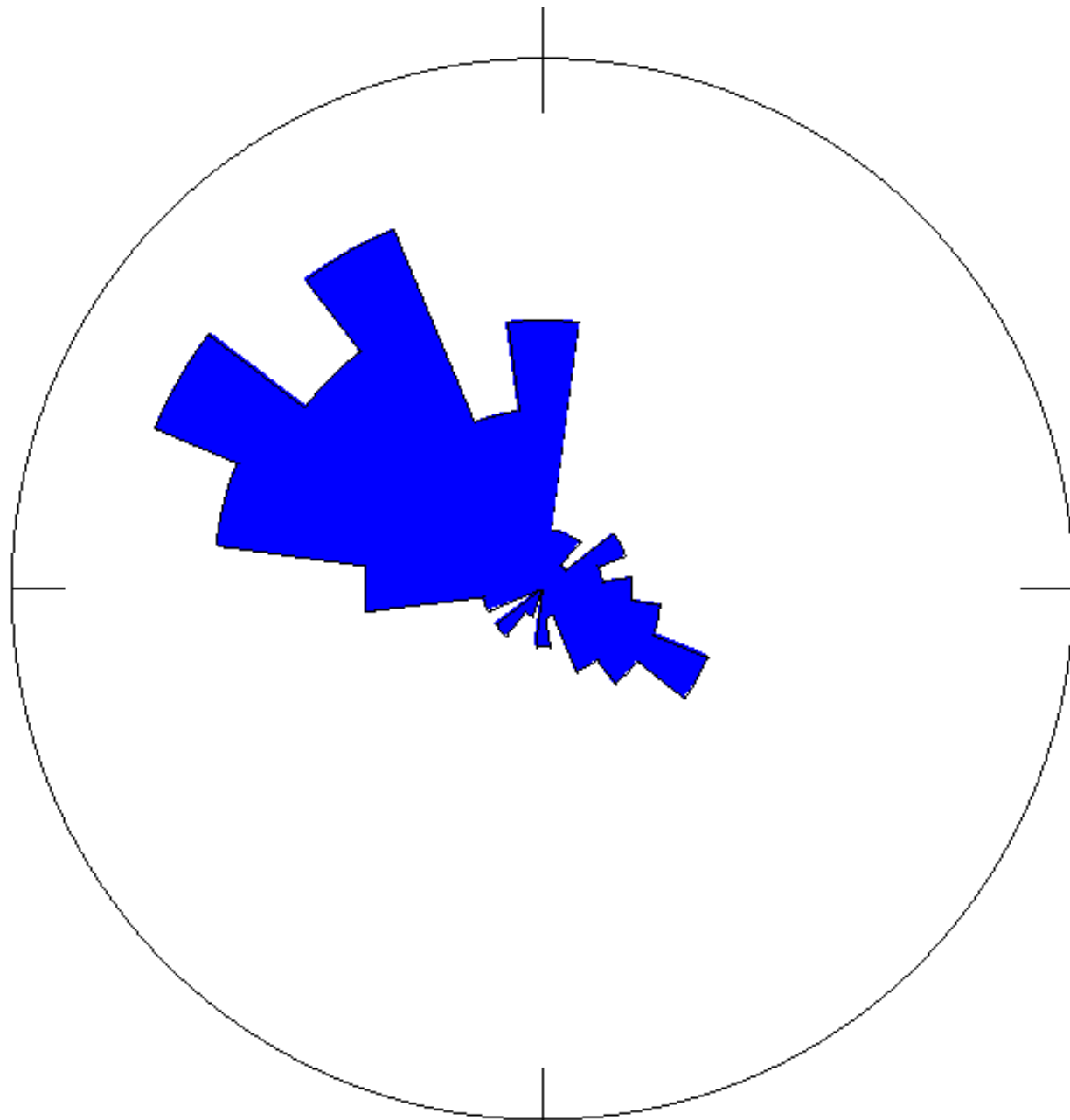
none

Geophysicist's signature: M. Blackey

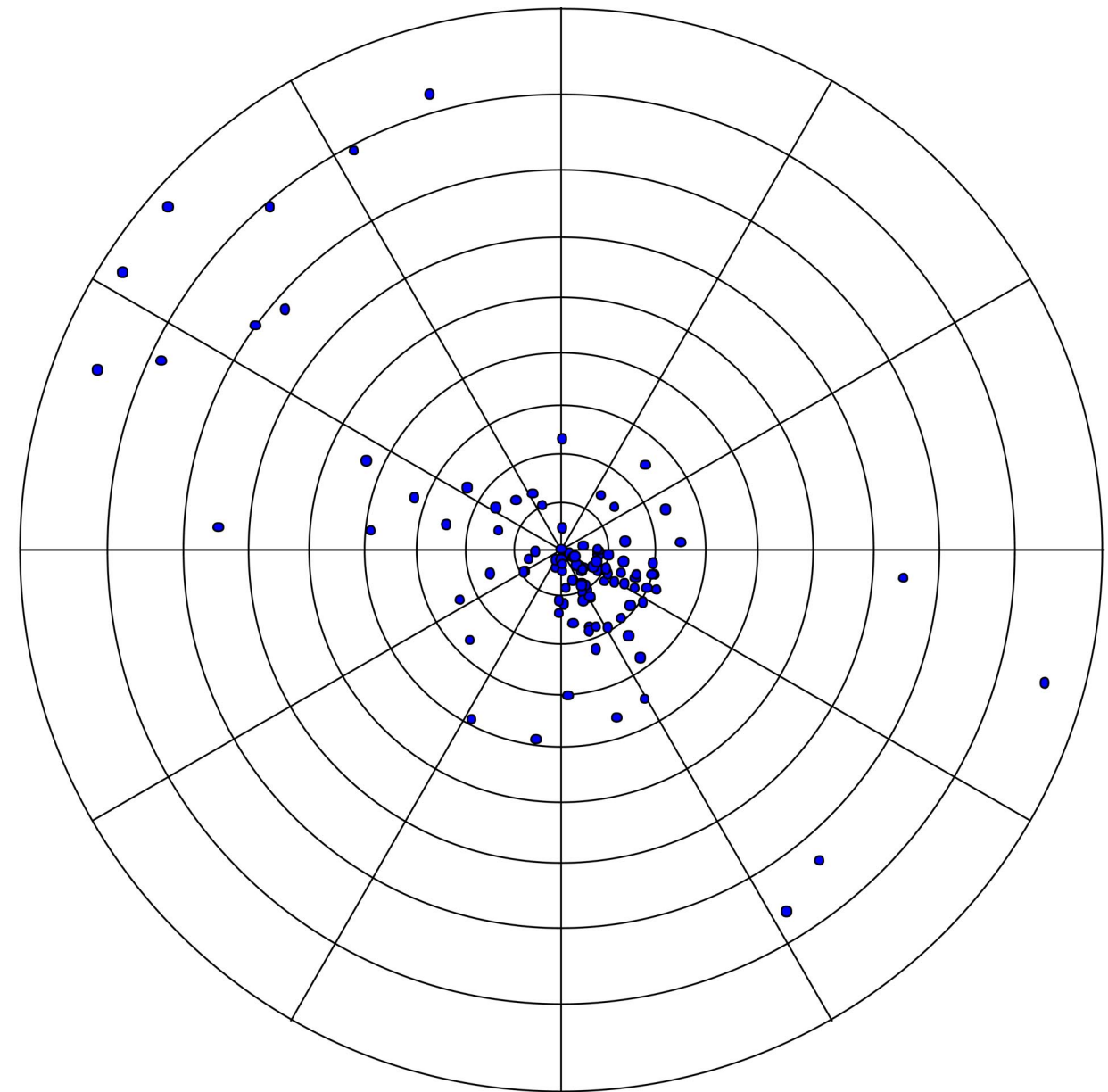
APPENDIX G.2

**GWRI ROSE DIAGRAM/STEREONET PLOT OF WATER FILLED
FRACTURES**

(EXCERPTED FIGURE 3-12B, JUNE 2003)



Summary Rose Plot



Summary Stereonet

Legend:

Summary rose plot diagram displays the dominant down-dip fracture azimuth observed within borehole geophysical data in all FMSS boreholes logged. Summary stereonet is a lower hemisphere, equal angle, polar projection. Summary stereonet diagram displays the dominant down-dip fracture azimuth and angle of fracture dip observed within borehole geophysical data in all FMSS boreholes logged. Black stereonet pole plots indicate less open fractures. Red stereonet pole plots indicate more open fractures. Blue stereonet pole plots indicate water filled fractures.

Magnetic north is located to the top of each diagram.

reference only. The USACE is reviewing historical archives to confirm the accuracy of the property locations and status depicted on the map. If you have a specific question about a particular property, please contact the USACE Public Information New Jersey or call 201-843-7466. Or, visit the FUSRAP Maywood Chemical Company Superfund Site at <www.fusrapmaywood.com>.

**Figure 3-12 b:
Summation of Conductive
Bedrock Fracture Orientations
within FMSS based on Borehole
Geophysics**

APPENDIX H

Monitoring Well Certification Form - B

THIS FORM MUST BE COMPLETED BY THE PERMITTEE OR HIS/HER AGENT

**GROUND WATER MONITORING WELL CERTIFICATION – FORM B-
LOCATION CERTIFICATION**

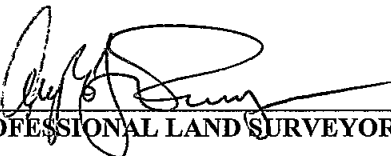
Name of Permittee: STONE & WEBSTER
Name of Facility: FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site
Location: Maywood, NJ 07607
NJPDDES Number: NJ _____

LAND SURVEYOR'S CERTIFICATION

Well Permit (As assigned by NJDEP's Water Allocation Section): 2 6-6 5 2 1 9 -
This number must be permanently affixed to the well casing.
Longitude (one-tenth of a second): _____ NAD 83
Latitude (one-tenth of a second): West 74-04-16.62
North 40-53-55.12
Elevation of Top of Casing (cap off) (one-hundredth of a foot): 65.16 (NGVD 29)
Owner's Well Number (As shown on the application or plans): MW-27D

AUTHENTICATION

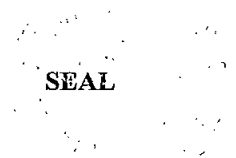
I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document and all attachments and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe the submitted information is true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.



PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR'S SIGNATURE

ANGELO J. FIORENZA
PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR'S NAME
(Please print or type)

NJ LIC NO. 37586
PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR'S LICENSE#



The Department reserves the right in cases of violation of permit specified ground water limits or Ground Water Quality Standards (N.J.A.C 7:9-6.1 et seq.) to require that wells be resurveyed to an accuracy of one hundredth of a second latitude and longitude. This shall not be considered to require a major modification of the NJPDDES permit.

THIS FORM MUST BE COMPLETED BY THE PERMITTEE OR HIS/HER AGENT

**GROUND WATER MONITORING WELL CERTIFICATION – FORM B-
LOCATION CERTIFICATION**

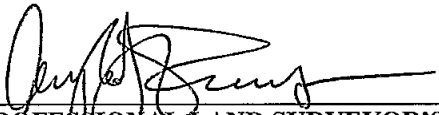
Name of Permittee: STONE & WEBSTER
Name of Facility: FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site
Location: Maywood, NJ 07607
NJ PDES Number: NJ _____

LAND SURVEYOR'S CERTIFICATION

Well Permit (As assigned by NJDEP's Water Allocation Section): 2 6- 6 5 2 2 0 -
This number must be permanently affixed to the well casing.
Longitude (one-tenth of a second): _____ NAD 83
Latitude (one-tenth of a second): West 74-04-16.21
North 40-53-53.63
Elevation of Top of Casing (cap off) (one-hundredth of a foot): 64.50 (NGVD 29)
Owner's Well Number (As shown on the application or plans): MW-28D

AUTHENTICATION

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document and all attachments and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe the submitted information is true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.



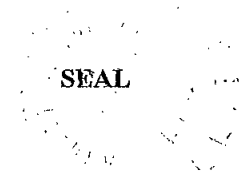
PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR'S SIGNATURE

ANGELO J. FIORENZA

PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR'S NAME
(Please print or type)

NJ LIC NO. 37586

PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR'S LICENSE#



The Department reserves the right in cases of violation of permit specified ground water limits or Ground Water Quality Standards (N.J.A.C 7:9-6.1 et seq.) to require that wells be resurveyed to an accuracy of one hundredth of a second latitude and longitude. This shall not be considered to require a major modification of the NJPDES permit.

THIS FORM MUST BE COMPLETED BY THE PERMITTEE OR HIS/HER AGENT

**GROUND WATER MONITORING WELL CERTIFICATION – FORM B-
LOCATION CERTIFICATION**

Name of Permittee: STONE & WEBSTER
Name of Facility: FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site
Location: Maywood, NJ 07607
NJ PDES Number: NJ _____

LAND SURVEYOR'S CERTIFICATION

Well Permit (As assigned by NJDEP's Water Allocation Section):
This number must be permanently affixed to the well casing.

2 6-6 6 7 7 4 -

Longitude (one-tenth of a second):

NAD 83
West 74-04-29.04

Latitude (one-tenth of a second):

North 40-53-48.96

Elevation of Top of Casing (cap off) (one-hundredth of a foot):

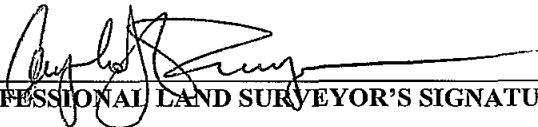
49.08 (NGVD 29)

Owner's Well Number (As shown on the application or plans):

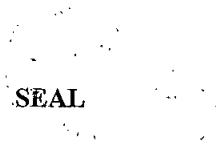
MW-31D

AUTHENTICATION

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document and all attachments and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe the submitted information is true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.


PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR'S SIGNATURE

ANGELO J. FIORENZA
PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR'S NAME
(Please print or type)



NJ LIC NO. 37586
PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR'S LICENSE#

The Department reserves the right in cases of violation of permit specified ground water limits or Ground Water Quality Standards (N.J.A.C 7:9-6.1 et seq.) to require that wells be resurveyed to an accuracy of one hundredth of a second latitude and longitude. This shall not be considered to require a major modification of the NJPDES permit.

THIS FORM MUST BE COMPLETED BY THE PERMITTEE OR HIS/HER AGENT

**GROUND WATER MONITORING WELL CERTIFICATION – FORM B-
LOCATION CERTIFICATION**

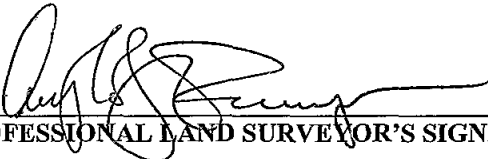
Name of Permittee: STONE & WEBSTER
Name of Facility: FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site
Location: Maywood, NJ 07607
NJPDES Number: NJ

LAND SURVEYOR'S CERTIFICATION

Well Permit (As assigned by NJDEP's Water Allocation Section): 2 6- 6 5 2 1 8 -
This number must be permanently affixed to the well casing.
Longitude (one-tenth of a second): NAD 83
Latitude (one-tenth of a second): West 74-04-17.38
North 40-53-53.01
Elevation of Top of Casing (cap off) (one-hundredth of a foot): 60.63 (NGVD 29)
Owner's Well Number (As shown on the application or plans): MW-34D

AUTHENTICATION

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document and all attachments and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe the submitted information is true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.


PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR'S SIGNATURE

ANGELO J. FIORENZA
PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR'S NAME
(Please print or type)

SEAL

NJ LIC NO. 37586
PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR'S LICENSE#

The Department reserves the right in cases of violation of permit specified ground water limits or Ground Water Quality Standards (N.J.A.C 7:9-6.1 et seq.) to require that wells be resurveyed to an accuracy of one hundredth of a second latitude and longitude. This shall not be considered to require a major modification of the NJPDES permit.

APPENDIX I

Well Purging and Sampling Records



Shaw Stone & Webster, Inc.

FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS

SITE _____ WBS _____ DATE 7-2-02

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: YSI 650 mds

Grundfos pump; PID/O₂

H₂S; LEL meter; Water

level indicator; generator

SAMPLING METHOD Low Flow

Well I.D. B38W17B

SAMPLE I.D. 20a-024645

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) BGS

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 10.58' / 9.58' adjust to meter

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (in) 2"

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) 18.22' 40.0'

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) _____

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOC)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (GAL) %	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
0945	9.61	300	1500	16.85	2073	6.79	-4.0	18.81	6.3
0950	9.61	180	2400	18.21	2007	6.77	-7.2	27.95	6.9
0955	9.61	480	4800	17.59	2004	6.76	-5.8	33.66	1.2
1000	9.61	540	7500	16.07	2327	6.74	-6.4	35.70	0.1
1005	9.62	600	10500	15.77	2319	6.75	-12.6	34.20	-0.2
1010	9.61	480	12900	16.03	2311	6.76	-15.8	34.83	-0.3
1015	9.61	240	14100	17.03	2308	6.76	-18.5	34.03	-0.2
1020	9.12	280	15300	17.55	2315	6.78	-19.8	33.02	3.1
1025	9.11	340	17200	17.46	2329	6.77	-21	35.72	-0.2
1030	9.11	380	18600	17.56	2317	6.78	-23.0	32.41	-0.3
1040	9.11	350	20350	17.50	2321	6.78	-21.7	33.63	0.2
1045	9.11			17.61	2322	6.78	-20.8	31.64	-0.3
1050	Sample								

APPEARANCE/COLOR SH. hazy / M color

SAMPLED BY (PRINT) S. Hall / C. Kassaw

SIGNATURE [Signature]

WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY G.M.

ODOR Slight odor

SAMPLED BY _____

SIGNATURE _____

DATE/TIME 7-2-02 1050



Shaw Stone & Webster, Inc.

FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS

SITE Maywood WBS DATE 7-10-02

Well I.D. B38 W25D

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

SAMPLE I.D. 126-024652

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: YSF 650 MDS;
PID, O₂, CO, H₂S - LEL meter
submersible pump (Grundfos);
control box; water level indicator

MEAS. REF. POINT (FL ACS or BGS) _____

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 30.4'

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (in) 2"

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) _____

SAMPLING METHOD LW

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) _____



Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
1050	7.78	1000	200	17.73	1154	6.43	-20.9	10.57	-1.5
1055	7.79	2000	200	17.73	1164	6.38	-19.4	7.66	-0.7
1100	7.79	3200	240	18.39	1158	6.37	-15.6	9.65	-0.8
1105	7.80	4850	330	17.22	1161	6.35	-15.2	11.81	-1.0
1110	7.82	6450	320	16.85	1160	6.34	-15.6	13.67	-1.1
1115	7.83	8150	340	16.77	1159	6.33	-15.4	14.17	-1.1
1120	7.83	9850	340	16.91	1160	6.33	-15.8	15.50	-1.2
1130	sampled								

APPEARANCE/COLOR clear / no color
SAMPLED BY (PRINT) Li Kassar
SIGNATURE [Signature]
WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY SH

ODOR SH, odor
SAMPLED BY S. Hall
SIGNATURE [Signature]
DATE/TIME 7-10-02 / 1145



**FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS**

SITE Magnum WBS DATE 7-11-02

Well I.D. MISS-7B

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

SAMPLE I.D. 126-24638

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: PID, LFL, O₂, CO

MEAS. REF. POINT (ELAGS or BGS) +2.0

1 1/2 meter; Water level indicator; Grandfud submersible pump; Control box

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 51'

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (Ia) 4"

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) Not given

SAMPLING METHOD Low flow

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) _____

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
1320				error					
1315	11.39	300	1500	16.50	7753	6.92	-28.6	0.50	30.3
1320	11.37	180	1680	18.18	7745	6.92	-37.2	0.36	36.3
1325	11.42	260	2980	17.18	7748	6.91	-40.3	0.35	42.6
1330	11.43	260	4280	16.77	7740	6.91	-43.2	0.29	45.7
1335	11.40	240	5480	17.08	7745	6.92	-45.4	0.27	49.0
1340	11.36	200	6480	17.78	7748	6.93	-42.6	0.33	61.4
1345	11.36	200	7480	17.26	7786	6.92	-44.3	0.29	37.7
1350	11.38	200	8480	17.46	7776	6.91	-41.3	0.27	28.9
1355	11.38	210	9530	17.28	7786	6.91	-41.8	0.27	31.7
1400	11.38	210	10580	17.70	7785	6.91	-40.9	0.26	29.1
Stop & Sample									

APPEARANCE/COLOR Few (possible) rust particles / no color
 SAMPLED BY (PRINT) Shawn Hall
 SIGNATURE [Signature]
 WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY SH

ODOR No odor
 SAMPLED BY Laura Keown
 SIGNATURE [Signature]
 DATE/TIME 7/11/02 (1230)



**FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS**

SITE Maywood VBS DATE 7-15-02

Well I.D. B38W24D

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

SAMPLE I.D. 10a-024650

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: PID, LFL, O₂, CO, & H₂S meter; Brunner submersible pump; water level indicator, control box, I/I 650 mb

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) 0.0

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 28'

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (In) 2"

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) 22'

SAMPLING METHOD Low flow

WELL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 24'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond, (mS/cm)	pH	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
1005	9.18	270	1350	19.16	608	6.00	43.4	0.70	68.3
1010	9.18	240	2550	19.40	633	5.98	26.1	0.50	38.6
1015	9.18	230	3700	19.79	638	5.98	216.2	0.44	29.1
1020	9.18	260	5000	20.53	650	5.98	5.0	0.42	27.5
1025	9.20	220	6100	19.93	654	5.98	-1.0	0.41	18.6
1030	9.22	320	7700	19.62	674	5.96	-4.2	0.34	14.4
1035	9.25	380	9600	19.66	691	5.96	-8.8	0.32	8.9
1040	9.25	320	11200	19.69	709	5.96	-10.9	0.29	4.9
1045	9.25	320	12800	19.64	717	5.96	-15.4	0.28	2.2
Sampled									

APPEARANCE/COLOR SH may / w/ color to light brown

ODOR W/ odor

SAMPLED BY (PRINT) Shawn Hill

SAMPLED BY Laura Kassano

SIGNATURE _____

SIGNATURE _____

WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY _____

DATE/TIME 7-15-02 / 10:55



**FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS**

SITE Maywood WBS _____ DATE 7-18-02

WORK ORDER # _____ "NORFAS" _____

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: PID, LEL, CO, O₂ & H₂S meter, Grundfos submersible pump, control box generator, YSE 650 MPS water level indicator
SAMPLING METHOD Low flow

Well I.D. B38W18D

SAMPLE I.D. _____

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. VGS. or BGS) +27 0.0

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 92.7 40.0

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (In) 4"

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) 37.7 35.0

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 37.6 37.5'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
0850	5.21	240	2400	19.38	668	5.73	362.9	0.47	13.8
0855	5.22	280	3800	19.83	696	5.86	349.2	0.48	12.7
0900	5.21	280	5200	20.15	691	5.86	340.6	0.52	12.1
0905	5.21	280	6600	20.14	696	5.85	337.0	0.55	11.8
0910	5.21	280	8000	20.21	711	5.84	334.6	0.52	11.2
0915	5.21	280	9400	20.29	724	5.84	332.6	0.50	10.9
0920	5.22	280	10800	20.21	737	5.83	331.6	0.47	10.6
0930	Sample well								

APPEARANCE/COLOR _____
 SAMPLED BY (PRINT) L. Kassaw
 SIGNATURE [Signature]
 WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY [Signature]

ODOR NW odor
 SAMPLED BY J. Hayes
 SIGNATURE _____
 DATE/TIME 7-18-02/0940



Shaw Stone & Webster, Inc

FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS

SITE Maywood WBS DATE 7-25-02

Well I.D. MW 24D

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

SAMPLE ID 12b-021645

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: PID/LEL, O₂, CO, H₂S meter; YSI 650 mps; Water level indicator; Submersible Sonotrol pump / Control box

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) Not given measurements are on well casing.

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 60'

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (in) 2"

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) 48'

SAMPLING METHOD Low flow

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 50'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	En (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
0905	13.02	320	1600	14.42	4768	5.55	47.7	0.53	16.4
0910	13.76	270	2950	14.99	4777	6.50	-44.0	0.42	3.2
0915	13.72	270	4300	15.20	4777	6.56	-55.3	0.38	2.2
0920	13.64	250	5550	15.52	4786	6.58	-60.9	0.35	1.5
0925	13.64	240	6750	15.78	4818	6.57	-58.0	0.34	1.4
0930	13.64	250	8000	15.96	4836	6.47	-45.8	0.34	1.3
0935	13.64	250	9250	15.74	4835	6.50	-39.7	0.34	1.2
0940	Sampled								

APPEARANCE/COLOR clear/colorless

ODOR SH. odor [→] Slight odor

SAMPLED BY (PRINT) Shawn Hall

SAMPLED BY L. Kassan

SIGNATURE Shawn Hall

SIGNATURE L. Kassan

WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY SH

DATE/TIME 7-25-02 / 0948

collected duplicate ^{on} ~~by~~ this well
2
FD # 12b-021648



Shaw Stone & Webster, Inc

FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS

SITE Mapwood WBS DATE 7-25-02

Well I.D. MW 2400

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

SAMPLE ID 126-021696

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: PID, LEL, O₂, CO, & H₂S meter; Granular submersible pump; YSI 650 MDS; Control box; Water level indicator

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) Height of sticking to next

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 105'

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (In) 4"

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) 80'

SAMPLING METHOD Low Flow

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 95'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
1000	12.53	200	1000	15.63	3629	7.16	-127.2	1.33	25.9
1005	12.66	220	2100	15.72	3654	7.02	-120.2	0.78	19.7
1010	12.63	200	3100	15.81	3656	7.00	-116.7	0.80	24.8
1015	12.63	210	4100 ⁴²⁵⁰	15.79	3658	6.98	-113.7	0.83	23.0
1020	12.63	190	5100	15.97	3672	6.96	-107.9	0.80	21.1
1025	12.67	240	6300	15.77	3685	6.94	-103.8	0.77	17.6
1030	Sample								

APPEARANCE/COLOR Clear/Colorless w/ some H₂O amount
 ODOR Yes
 SAMPLED BY (PRINT) S. Hall SAMPLED BY L. Kawan
 SIGNATURE [Signature] SIGNATURE [Signature]
 WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY SH DATE/TIME 7-25-02 / 1040



Shaw Stone & Webster, Inc

FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS

SITE Maywood WBS DATE 7-25-02

Well I.D. B 38W07B

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

SAMPLE I.D. 12b-021697

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: PID, LEL, O₂, CO
1/2 S meter, PST, 650 MDS,

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) Not given

Water level indicator,

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 54.0

Scrubber submersible pump,

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (In) 2"

Control box
SAMPLING METHOD Low flow

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) Not given

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 49'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	En (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
1255	10.44	250	3750	15.12	400	6.57	165.9	0.69	44.1
1300	10.44	260	5050	15.48	390	6.48	162.2	0.54	27.7
1305	10.44	240	6250	15.52	398	6.51	156.9	0.47	15.2
1310	10.44	240	7450	15.51	404	6.54	151.1	0.42	11.2
1315	10.44	240	8650	15.36	413	6.55	146.7	0.39	6.9
1320	10.45	260	9950	15.44	416	6.57	143.6	0.36	5.5
1325	10.45	260	11250	15.79	420	6.58	139.7	0.36	3.8
1330	10.45	260	12550	15.73	422	6.59	137.0	0.35	3.1
1335	10.45	240	13750	15.57	427	6.60	133.4	0.32	2.2
1340	Sample								
	[Large handwritten scribble]								

APPEARANCE/COLOR Clear (some sediment) / color ODOR SH odor
 SAMPLED BY (PRINT) Shawn Hall SAMPLED BY L. Kassan
 SIGNATURE [Signature] SIGNATURE [Signature]
 WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY EK DATE/TIME 7-25-02 / 1340

**FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS**

SITE Maywood WBS _____ DATE 7-30-02

Well ID MW-210

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

SAMPLE ID 235-021661 + 235-021662

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: PID, LEL, H₂S, O₂ & CO meter, YSI (650) mDS, Water level meter, Grundfos submersible pump, Control box

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) 0.0'

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 48.5'

SAMPLING METHOD Low flow

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (In) 4"

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) not given

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 43.0' 44.0'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
1310	6.83	240	1920	18.56	1834	7.40	-39.2	0.49	85.1
1315	6.82	260	3220	18.60	1832	7.39	-58.6	0.42	91.1
1320	6.83	260	4520	18.64	1835	7.39	-73.6	0.35	98.2
1325	6.84	270	5870	18.12	1841	7.37	-68.9	0.15	90.0
1330	6.84	260	7170	19.28	1848	7.37	-80.6	0.30	84.9
1335	6.83	260	8470	19.20	1849	7.38	-82.0	0.29	80.7
1340	6.85	260	9770	19.43	1847	7.38	-82.9	0.27	77.3
1345	6.85	260	11070	19.29	1844	7.38	-82.9	0.26	68.4
1350	6.85	260	12370	19.09	1843	7.39	-82.4	0.26	62.7
1355	6.85	260	13670	19.55	1848	7.37	-78.2	0.28	69.2
1400	6.85	260	14970	18.82	1854	7.37	-78.2	0.25	63.2
1405	6.85	250	16220	18.72	1856	7.37	-78.1	0.23	56.1
1410	6.85	250	17470	18.84	1848	7.35	-77.8	0.22	50.1
1415	6.85	250	18720	19.33	1845	7.35	-77.1	0.22	48.8
1420	6.85	250	18960	18.72	1845	7.37	-77.0	0.21	48.3
1425	6.84	250	20210	18.61	1841	7.36	-76.6	0.20	42.5
1430	6.84	250	22460	19.10	1840	7.35	-76.0	0.20	41.4
1435	6.85	260	22760	18.54	1837	7.35	-75.7	0.19	38.2
1440	6.85	260	24060	19.50	1838	7.34	-75.1	0.20	35.4
1445	6.85	210	25710	18.81	1834	7.35	-73.9	0.19	36.5
1450	6.83	180	26010	20.70	1830	7.34	-75.0	0.20	31.9

APPEARANCE/COLOR Clear / no color

ODOR None

SAMPLED BY (PRINT) Shawn Hall

SAMPLED BY Laura Kassaw

SIGNATURE _____

SIGNATURE _____

WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY _____

DATE/TIME 7-30-02 / 15:25



Shaw Stone & Webster, Inc

FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS

SITE Maywood WBS _____ DATE 7-30-02

Well ID MW-2D

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

SAMPLE ID 236-021661 & 236-021662

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: PID, LEL, H₂S, O₂ & CO meter, Grundfos submersible pump, Control box, Water level indicator

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) 0.0

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 48.5'

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (In) 4"

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft. TOC) Not given

SAMPLING METHOD _____

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 44.0'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
1455	6.84	180	26910	19.94	1835	7.35	-75.5	0.19	33.3
1500	6.85	200	27910	20.37	1831	7.33	-74.2	0.20	31.1
1505									
<i>Sample</i>									

APPEARANCE/COLOR _____

ODOR _____

SAMPLED BY (PRINT) _____

SAMPLED BY _____

SIGNATURE _____

SIGNATURE _____

WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY _____

DATE/TIME _____



Shaw Stone & Webster, Inc.

FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS

SITE Maywood WBS _____ DATE 7-30-02

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: PID, LEL, H₂S, CO, O₂ meter; PSI 650 mds;
Grundfos submersible pump;
Water level indicator; Comtek

SAMPLING METHOD Low flow

Well I.D. B38W17D

SAMPLE I.D. 200-021659, 200-021660 (filtered)

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) 0.0'

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) ≈ 15'

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (In) 2"

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) unknwn

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 13' 19'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
0945	10.18	440	2200	15.87	2815	6.79	-65.3	0.34	0.4
0950	10.18	340	3900	17.45	2807	6.82	-77.1	0.34	0.9
0955	10.17	380	5800	17.26	2814	6.85	-79.5	0.26	0.3
1000	10.18	380	7700	17.13	2812	6.86	-80.6	0.26	0.1
1005	10.18	360	9500	17.15	2818	6.86	-81.2	0.24	0.0
1010	10.18	380	11400	17.19	2810	6.87	-81.1	0.23	0.1
1015	10.18	360	13200	17.13	2808	6.87	-81.6	0.23	0.2
1020	10.18	370	15050	17.11	2804	6.87	-81.6	0.22	0.3
1025	10.18	380	16950	17.17	2806	6.87	-82.7	0.22	0.3
1030	10.18	380	18850	17.19	2804	6.87	-82.8	0.22	0.3
1035	10.18	370	20700	17.24	2796	6.87	-82.8	0.22	0.3
1040									
1045									
Sampled at 11:01 AM									

APPEARANCE/COLOR Clear / No color

ODOR Mechanical odor

SAMPLED BY (PRINT) Shawn Hall

SAMPLED BY Laura Kassan

SIGNATURE _____

SIGNATURE _____

WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY SH

DATE/TIME 7-30-02 / 1125

*The depth to bottom indicated on well log does not reflect the actual well depth at present



**FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS**

SITE Maywood WBS DATE 7-31-02

Well ID MI 55-5-B

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

SAMPLE ID 12b-024635 + 12b-

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: PID, LEL, H₂S, CO, O₂ meter, Water level indicator, PSI (650 MPa), Control Box, Grenelle submersible pump

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) 2.3' ⁰²⁴⁶

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 55'

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (in) 4"

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) 25'

SAMPLING METHOD Low flow

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 42'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
0930	16.63	500	2500	14.49	17035	6.15	-25.7	0.36	8.0
0935	16.61	280	3900	15.61	16,823	6.17	-42.9	0.28	7.2
0940	16.62	280	5300	15.71	16,652	6.18	-50.3	0.33	12.5
0945	16.62	300	6800	15.58	16,380	6.17	-57.9	0.38	18.8
0950	16.63	300	8300	15.68	16,280	6.17	-62.8	0.46	26.3
0955	16.62	240	9500	16.25	16,024	6.17	-61.2	0.55	30.0
1000	16.62	240	10700	16.24	16,163	6.17	-57.4	0.62	58.6
1005	16.63	240	11900	16.54	16,058	6.17	-52.0	0.72	32.8
1010	16.62	240	13100	16.56	16,340	6.16	-50.6	0.80	35.5
1015	16.61	220	18600	17.02	17,509	6.15	-65.8	0.88	37.4
1020	16.61	300	20100	16.82	17,797	6.13	-72.3	0.91	67.8
1025	16.61	240	21300	16.40	17,544	6.14	-72.7	0.96	38.0
1030	16.62	240	22500	16.48	16,929	6.14	-71.6	1.02	38.1
1035	16.62	260	23800	16.39	13,886	6.18	-74.8	0.98	38.2
1040	16.62	270	25150	16.22	12,181	6.23	-76.9	0.93	33.0
1045	16.62	280	26550	16.06	11,406	6.25	-77.1	0.91	30.3
1050	16.62	300	28050	16.23	11,004	6.27	-77.9	0.91	29.0
1055	16.63	310	29600	16.08	10,922	6.26	-77.2	0.92	29.0
1100	16.63	230	30750	16.50	10,638	6.27	-77.4	0.95	29.3
1105	16.62	220	31850	16.67	12,389	6.20	-81.1	1.05	30.3
1110	16.62	200	32850	16.83	13,102	6.20	-81.8	1.11	33.0

chand
pube
30.1
NTU

APPEARANCE/COLOR Clear/light brown

ODOR Moderate

SAMPLED BY (PRINT) Shawn Hall

SAMPLED BY Laura K. Shaw

SIGNATURE [Signature]

SIGNATURE [Signature]

WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY [Signature]

DATE/TIME 7-31-02/12:15



Shaw Stone & Webster, Inc

FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS

SITE _____ WBS _____ DATE 8-1-02

Well ID MW-4D

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

SAMPLE ID 236-021666

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: _____

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) _____

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 42.71

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (in) 4"

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) _____

SAMPLING METHOD Submersible Pump

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 39'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
1325	5.60	500	2500	16.96	563	7.12	-56.6	0.61	442.9
1330	5.60	360	4300	18.04	561	7.08	-68.6	0.34	512.4
1335	5.58	200	5300	19.39	547	7.11	-72.4	0.40	416.8
1340	5.59	240	6500	20.20	558	7.11	-79.6	0.22	374.2
1345	5.58	260	7400	18.52	556	7.08	-78.6	0.32	320.1
1350	5.59	290	9250	18.42	556	7.05	-75.6	0.36	202.5
1355	5.58	280	10650	18.42	556	7.03	-74.3	0.39	174.1
1400	5.58	200	11650	17.58	573	7.04	-64.2	0.59	253
1405	5.58	200	12650	19.54	576	7.03	-66.7	0.40	161.1
1410	5.58	200	13650	19.79	581	7.04	-63.0	0.46	143.7
1415	5.58	200	14650	19.66	580	7.02	-63.4	0.47	126.4
1420	5.58	200	15650	19.68	580	7.02	-61.2	0.50	120.8
1425	5.58	200	16650	18.59	587	7.03	-57.1	0.53	138.3
1430	5.58	200	17650	19.70	591	7.02	-57.9	0.49	115.9
1435	5.58	200	18650	19.90	592	7.02	-56.4	0.51	103.0
1440	5.59	280	20050	19.08	589	7.02	-56.9	0.51	96.6
1445	5.58	270	21400	18.55	589	7.02	-56.2	0.49	92.6
1450	5.58	260	22700	18.54	588	7.00	-54.6	0.51	84.9
1455	5.58	250	23950	18.62	588	7.00	-52.5	0.55	76.9
1500	5.58	260	25250	18.51	588	7.00	-50.5	0.57	71.4
1505	5.59	260	26550	18.51	588	7.00	-48.2	0.58	87.2

clean out flow through coil

clean out flow through coil

Had to increase Pump Discharge was 200 ml/minute

APPEARANCE/COLOR orange B2V Turbid to clear w/ floatings ODOR _____
 SAMPLED BY (PRINT) Shawn E. Hall SAMPLED BY _____
 SIGNATURE [Signature] SIGNATURE _____
 WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY S. Hall DATE/TIME _____



Shaw Stone & Webster, Inc

FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS

SITE _____ WBS _____ DATE 8-2-02

Well I.D. MW-5D

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

SAMPLE ID 236-021667

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: _____

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) _____

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 51.87

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (In) 4"

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) _____

SAMPLING METHOD Submersible Pump

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 45'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	En (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
0930	9.0	100	500	19.69	464	10.12	170.2	0.55	337.0
0935	9.2	400	2500	18.51	493	10.20	155.8	0.47	373
0940	9.16	240	3700	19.31	479	10.23	143.7	0.27	278.9
0945	9.18	240	4900	19.41	477	10.28	126.1	0.25	209.2
0950	9.18	240	6100	19.48	468	10.30	118.6	0.24	177.8
0955	9.19	240	7300	19.48	453	10.33	105.5	0.24	135.0
1000	9.19	230	8450	19.41	442	10.34	96.0	0.25	123.2
1005	9.18	240	9650	19.41	434	10.31	88.3	0.28	114.3
1010	9.21	240	10850	18.93	419	10.22	113.0	0.47	114.0
1015	9.19	240	12050	19.40	420	10.16	102.1	0.42	95.1
1020	9.18	240	13250	19.25	416	10.06	96.0	0.51	84.3
1025	9.18	260	14550	19.12	414	9.96	96.9	0.61	73.83
1030	9.19	250	15800	19.09	414	9.85	91.2	0.71	70.0
1035	9.19	250	17050	19.13	414	9.76	90.4	0.82	70.5
1040	9.19	250	18300	19.00	417	9.65	90.0	0.94	68.8
1045	9.18	250	19550	19.07	420	9.56	89.8	1.06	61.9
1050	9.18	250	20850	19.06	423	9.47	90.4	1.19	59.2
1055	9.18	260	22150	19.15	431	9.33	87.1	1.28	53.1
1100	9.18	260	23450	19.17	435	9.27	89.6	1.48	52.3
1105	9.19	260	24750	19.08	442	9.17	92.6	1.67	46.7
1110	9.19	260	26050	19.14	446	9.08	95.2	1.79	44.6

cleaned out flow through cell

APPEARANCE/COLOR clear some floating Particulates ODOR _____

SAMPLED BY (PRINT) Shawn Hall

SAMPLED BY _____

SIGNATURE Shawn Hall

SIGNATURE _____

WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY Shawn Hall

DATE/TIME _____

Pg 1 of 23



Shaw Stone & Webster, Inc

FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS

SITE _____ WBS _____ DATE 8-2-02

Well I.D. MW-5D

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

SAMPLE I.D. 23b-021667

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: _____

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) _____

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 51.87

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (In) 4"

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) _____

SAMPLING METHOD Submersible Pump

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 45'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
1115	9.19	260	27350	19.50	451	9.04	94.7	1.88	47.6
1120	Changed Batteries NO Reading								
1125	9.19	260	28650	19.44	469	8.79	95.6	2.17	37.0
1130	9.19	260	29950	19.64	478	8.66	107.6	2.46	-1.2
1135	9.19	260	31250	19.53	483	8.59	114.4	2.56	-1.4
1140	9.19	260	32550	19.61	488	8.50	120.8	2.64	29.9
1145	9.19	260	33850	19.71	494	8.41	129.5	2.72	29.1
1150	9.19	260	35150	19.79	499	8.32	137.6	2.79	29.8
1155	9.19	260	36450	19.76	508	8.17	146.2	2.96	26.0
1200	9.19	260	37750	19.66	514	8.11	151.8	3.01	24.2
1205	9.19	270	39100	19.80	520	7.99	159.7	3.11	25.6
1210	9.15	240	40300	20.12	524	7.90	158.9	3.20	21.5
1215	9.14	220	41400	20.13	527	7.86	163.9	3.22	21.8
1220	9.14	220	42500	20.12	534	7.79	168.3	3.28	20.9
1225	9.12	220	43600	20.27	537	7.72	169.4	3.38	19.0
1230	9.12	220	44700	20.21	541	7.68	169.2	3.46	18.4
1235	9.13	210	45750	19.97	492	7.61	168.7	3.51	32.8
1240	9.13	200	46750	20.41	548	7.57	170.6	3.56	31.0
1245	9.15	200	47750	20.41	551	7.53	169.7	3.62	21.0
1250	9.15	220	48850	20.26	554	7.49	165.0	3.71	22.5
1255	9.13	220	49950	20.31	556	7.44	161.6	3.74	20.7

2 hrs -

APPEARANCE/COLOR _____

ODOR _____

SAMPLED BY (PRINT) Shawn F. Hill

SAMPLED BY _____

SIGNATURE _____

SIGNATURE _____

WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY [Signature]

DATE/TIME _____



Shaw Stone & Webster, Inc.

FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS

SITE Maywood WBS DATE 8-5-02

Well I.D. MW-7D

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

SAMPLE I.D. 226-021669

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: PID LEL, O₂, CO & H₂S meter; 1ST 650 MDS; Grundfos submersible pump; control box; generator; water level indicator

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS of BGS) 0.0'

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 45.4'

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (In) 4"

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) not given

SAMPLING METHOD Low flow

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 40'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
0740	10.18	240	1440	16.00	1437	6.82	-132.0	0.15	1827.9
0745	10.18	220	2540	16.28	1440	6.87	-137.0	0.11	1692.0
0750	10.19	240	3740	16.17	1441	6.91	-140.0	0.07	1360.0
0755	10.18	220	4840	16.47	1440	6.94	-139.7	0.10	698.3
0800	10.25	360	6640	16.08	1441	6.91	-118.9	0.17	526.0
0805	10.21	280	8040	16.25	1443	6.94	-125.0	0.13	379.5
0810	10.15	240	9240	16.65	1443	6.95	-123.2	0.13	348.2
0815	10.14	240	10440	16.52	1443	6.96	-126.5	0.13	337.0
0820	10.14	240	11640	16.54	1443	6.96	-124.1	0.12	296.5
0825	10.14	230	12790	16.52	1442	6.97	-122.7	0.13	273.9
0830	10.13	240	13990	16.50	1442	6.97	-120.9	0.12	275.0
0835	10.14	200	14990	16.44	1431	6.92	-112.1	0.27	336.3
0840	10.10	210	16040	16.52	1439	6.97	-124.1	0.14	270.3
0845	10.10	230	17190	16.58	1439	6.96	-124.2	0.13	261.2
0850	10.11	230	19490	16.44	1438	6.97	-123.0	0.11	288.3
0855	10.13	240	20690	16.40	1437	6.97	-123.9	0.10	266.4
0900	10.12	250	21940	16.44	1435	6.97	-123.0	0.10	222.3
0905	10.12	220	22990	16.50	1435	6.97	-124.0	0.10	224.2
0910	10.12	210	24040	16.64	1436	6.96	-125.9	0.10	217.1
0915	10.15	220	25140	16.54	1431	6.93	-116.2	0.12	214.0
0920	10.13	230	26290	16.50	1436	6.95	-119.3	0.10	200.3

APPEARANCE/COLOR hazy/light brown

ODOR none observed

SAMPLED BY (PRINT) S. Hall

SAMPLED BY C. Kassaw

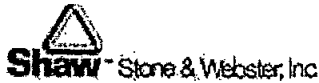
SIGNATURE [Signature]

SIGNATURE [Signature]

WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY SH

DATE/TIME 8-5-02 / 1104

* cleaned flow-through cell.



**FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS**

SITE Maywood WBS _____ DATE 8-5-02

Well I.D. MW-7D

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

SAMPLE I.D. 235-021669

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: _____

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) 0.0'

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 45.4'

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (In) 4"

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) Not given

SAMPLING METHOD _____

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 40'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	En (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
0925	10.13	230	27440	16.44	1437	6.94	-118.8	0.10	189.2
0930	10.13	230	28590	16.45	1435	6.94	-117.3	0.09	188.2
0935	10.13	240	29790	16.44	1435	6.94	-116.8	0.09	192.2
0940	10.13	240	30990	16.52	1435	6.92	-115.8	0.09	181.1
0945	10.13	240	32190	16.50	1434	6.92	-114.8	0.09	175.7
0950	10.13	230	33340	16.56	1433	6.90	-112.5	0.09	166.6
0955	10.15	220	34440	16.15	1425	6.85	-98.3	0.48	210.5
1000	10.15	220	35540	16.58	1424	6.86	-106.0	0.10	202.1
1005	10.12	220	36640	16.42	1427	6.86	-107.6	0.10	155.9
1010	10.12	220	37740	16.36	1429	6.85	-104.2	0.08	149.0
1015	10.09	210	38790	16.69	1429	6.83	-103.9	0.09	144.0
1020	10.11	220	39890	16.54	1427	6.81	-101.6	0.08	142.8
1025	10.10	220	40990	16.51	1426	6.79	-98.6	0.08	135.7
1030	10.10	200	41990	16.64	1424	6.77	-96.0	0.08	130.9
1035	10.11	200	42990	16.59	1423	6.75	-92.1	0.08	129.5
1040	10.11	220	44090	16.66	1423	6.73	-89.7	0.08	125.2
1045	10.11	220	45190	16.69	1422	6.72	-85.8	0.08	126.7
1050	SAMPLED								
1055									
1100									
1105									

APPEARANCE/COLOR _____

ODOR _____

SAMPLED BY (PRINT) _____

SAMPLED BY _____

SIGNATURE _____

SIGNATURE _____

WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY _____

DATE/TIME _____

** Checked flow-through cell*



Shaw Stone & Webster, Inc

FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS

SITE Maywood WBS _____ DATE 8-5-02

Well I.D. MW-200

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

SAMPLE I.D. _____

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: PID LEL O₂, CO,
o H₂S meter; YSI 650 MOS;

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS of BGS) 0.0

Water level indicator; generator;

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 55'

Sundtco submersible pump;

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (In) 4"

Control box

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) not given

SAMPLING METHOD Low flow

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 50'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
1255	10.25	180	1440	17.13	4189	6.83	-79.5	0.66	-5.6
1300	10.26	210	2490	16.02	4197	6.81	-75.8	0.58	-5.6
1305	10.26	220	3590	16.11	4197	6.80	-74.7	0.46	-5.6
1310	10.18	220	4690	16.33	4187	6.79	-75.6	0.37	-5.6
1315	10.27	220	5790	16.01	4190	6.79	-75.9	0.32	-5.6
1320	10.27	220	6890	16.19	4190	6.80	-75.8	0.30	-5.7
1325	10.27	220	7990	16.20	4180	6.79	-75.8	0.28	-5.6
1330	10.27	220	9090	16.14	4172	6.80	-75.6	0.25	-5.7
1335	10.27	240	10290	15.92	4192	6.80	-75.1	0.23	-5.6
1340	10.28	240	11490	16.16	4174	6.80	-75.4	0.21	-5.6
1345	10.28	240	12690	16.09	4185	6.80	-75.1	0.20	-5.6
1350	10.28	240	13890	15.92	4193	6.80	-75.1	0.18	-2.4
1355	10.28	240	15090	15.88	4190	6.80	-75.1	0.18	-6.0
1400	10.28	240	16290	15.90	4191	6.80	-75.3	0.17	-4.3
1405	10.28	220	17390	16.20	4191	6.80	-75.1	0.16	-0.6
1410	10.28	220	18490	15.90	4189	6.81	-75.2	0.16	0.0
1415	10.28	220	19590	16.04	4186	6.81	-75.3	0.16	-5.1
1420	10.28	220	20690	16.06	4192	6.81	-75.1	0.14	-5.4
1425	10.28	240	21890	16.00	4189	6.81	-75.4	0.13	-6.7
1430	10.29	240	23090	15.77	4157	6.82	-63.3	0.21	-5.0
1435	10.29	240	24290	15.72	4194	6.81	-69.8	0.11	-5.0

APPEARANCE/COLOR Clear except some black sediment ODOR Sit. odor
 SAMPLED BY (PRINT) S. Hull SIGNATURE [Signature] SAMPLED BY L. Kassner SIGNATURE [Signature]
 WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY _____ DATE/TIME 8-5-02

* cleaned flow through cell.



**FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS**

SITE Maywood WBS DATE 8-5-02

Well I.D. MW-200

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

SAMPLE I.D. _____

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: see page 1 of 2

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) 0.0'

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 55'

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (in) 4"

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) not given

SAMPLING METHOD _____

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 50'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond, (mS/cm)	pH	En (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
1440	10.29	240	26690	15.66	4181	6.81	-71.3	0.10	-5.5
1445	10.29	240	27890	15.89	4184	6.81	-72.3	0.11	-5.6
1450	<u>Sample</u>								
1455									
1500									
<u>Collected MS/MSD/Split & Duplicate</u>									

APPEARANCE/COLOR _____

ODOR _____

SAMPLED BY (PRINT) _____

SAMPLED BY _____

SIGNATURE _____

SIGNATURE _____

WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY _____

DATE/TIME _____



**FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS**

SITE Maywood WBS _____ DATE 8-6-02

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: PDO, LEL, O₂, CO,
& H₂S meter; YSI 650 MDS,

Turbidimeter; Grundfos submersible
pump; generator; water level indicator;
control box

SAMPLING METHOD Low flow

Well I.D. BRPZ-4

SAMPLE I.D. 126-021684

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) 0.0'

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 61.3'

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (in) 6"

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) Not given

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 56'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond, (mS/cm)	pH	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
0930	10.80	180	1090	15.93	14192	5.97	-32.1	0.30	11.3
0935	10.85	200	2080	16.34	14256	6.03	-31.1	0.20	10.11
0940	10.85	240	3280	15.39	14259	6.04	-26.6	0.21	10.59
0945	10.90	270	4630	15.66	14432	6.05	-32.6	0.12	10.08
0950	10.91	260	5930	15.57	14503	6.05	-31.2	0.12	11.70
0955	10.92	260	7230	15.67	14350	6.05	-34.0	0.12	9.12
1000	10.91	240	8430	15.57	14517	6.05	-34.2	0.12	9.74
1005	10.93	230	9580	15.71	14520	6.04	-34.0	0.10	11.50
1010	10.94	240	10780	15.21	14607	6.02	-35.0	0.09	9.50
1015	10.94	230	11930	14.92	14992	6.01	-34.7	0.08	9.63
1020	10.94	230	13080	14.92	14770	6.01	-33.7	0.07	8.07
1025	10.94	240	14280	14.94	14537	6.01	-34.1	0.07	10.04
1030	10.94	240	15480	14.76	14885	6.01	-33.5	0.07	9.53
1035	10.94	250	16730	14.78	14900	6.00	-34.4	0.07	10.15
1040	10.94	240	17930	15.46	14798	6.01	-35.6	0.06	10.27
1045	10.94	240	19130	15.71	14837	6.00	-36.4	0.07	11.27
1050	10.94	230	20280	15.80	14647	6.00	-39.6	0.08	9.78
1055	10.94	250	21530	15.64	14536	6.00	-49.2	0.05	8.52
1100	10.94	240	22730	15.48	14400	6.00	-50.9	0.04	8.99
1105	10.94	240	23930	15.64	14309	6.01	-55.4	0.04	8.60
1110									

DO kit is zero.

APPEARANCE/COLOR Clear w/ small black particulates

SAMPLED BY (PRINT) Shawn E. Hall

SIGNATURE _____

WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY S.H.

ODOR Yes

SAMPLED BY S.H./L.K.

SIGNATURE _____

DATE/TIME 8-6-02 12:55



Shaw Stone & Webster, Inc.

FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS

SITE Maywood/WBS DATE 8-7-02

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: PID, LEL, O₂, CO,
+ H₂S meter, PSI 6.50 MDS,

Control box Grundfos

Submersible pump, Water level

SAMPLING METHOD _____

Low flow

Well ID BRPZ-9

SAMPLE ID 126-021672

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) 9.0'

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 56.7

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (In) 6"

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) 32'

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 40'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
0845	11.47	100	800	14.83	9691	6.53	-101.7	0.55	12.4
0850	11.64	205	1825	15.10	9900	6.46	-91.3	0.38	12.2
0855	11.79	190	2775	15.48	9891	6.43	-91.1	0.30	15.0
0900	11.87	240	3975	15.22	9754	6.43	-87.1	0.30	13.8
0905	12.04	200	4975	15.53	9703	6.45	-93.4	0.23	8.54
0910	12.18	240	6175	15.27	9519	6.46	-95.4	0.21	8.05
0915	12.25	200	7175	15.36	9469	6.48	-98.3	0.16	9.47
0920	12.30	190	8125	15.43	9457	6.47	-96.0	0.16	9.77
0925	12.45	260	9425	15.19	9462	6.45	-88.4	0.15	10.01
0930	12.50	240	10625	15.50	9510	6.45	-88.6	0.13	9.42
0935	12.60	240	11825	15.33	9469	6.45	-89.7	0.13	8.64
0940	12.61	200	12825	15.52	9433	6.47	-91.9	0.12	11.50
0945	12.73	260	14125	15.25	9574	6.42	-86.9	0.10	7.30
0950	12.77	240	15325	15.39	9404	6.47	-90.6	0.11	8.63
0955	12.81	200	16325	15.46	9422	6.46	-92.6	0.10	12.00
1000	12.82	200	17325	15.56	9883	6.37	-85.8	0.09	7.35
1005	12.83	200	18325	15.82	10272	6.30	-81.7	0.09	6.50
1010	12.86	240	19525	15.46	10536	6.25	-78.3	0.09	7.67
1015	12.88	200	20575	15.64	10607	6.26	-78.8	0.09	6.69
1020	12.90	200	21575	15.66	10520	6.26	-77.5	0.08	9.06
1025	12.91	210	22625	15.84	10839	6.22	-72.8	0.07	6.08

APPEARANCE/COLOR Small amount black sediment/

SAMPLED BY (PRINT) S. Hall no color

SIGNATURE _____

WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY SH

ODOR None noticed

SAMPLED BY L. Kassaw

SIGNATURE _____

DATE/TIME 8/7/02 / 1243

Sample 1030



**FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS**

SITE Maywood WBS _____ DATE 8-7-02

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: PID, O₂, CO, LEL, H₂S meter, Water level indicator, Ground line submersible pump, Control box, TST-650, generator

SAMPLING METHOD Low flow

Well I.D. BRPZ-5

SAMPLE ID 126-021671

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS of BGS) 0.0

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 62'

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (In) 2"

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) 42'

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 58'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	En (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
1255	12.05	230	1380	15.00	20799	5.63	-54.3	1.21	1736.4
1300	13.50	180	2280	16.77	21485	5.81	-128.7	3.61	1740.5
1305	14.55	160	3080	17.47	22215	5.85	-218.4	6.02	1747.5
1310	15.98	200	4080	15.95	22354	5.90	-253.0	5.90	1737.6
1315	16.39	240	5280	16.58	22396	5.94	-276.7	4.79	344.1
1320	16.70	200	6280	16.52	22360	5.94	-280.4	2.04	1739.3
1325	16.90	200	7280	17.55	22746	5.94	-281.0	8.80	1456.5
1330	17.01	180	12680	18.24	22551	5.96	-282.5	14.51	1717.9
1335	-	-	-	18.53	22820	6.00	-264.0	1.94	203.7
1340	18.10	200	13680	18.15	22567	6.01	-272.2	1.90	410.1
1345	18.18	200	14680	17.75	22411	5.96	-289.7	2.47	195.5
1350	18.25	160	15480	17.10	22308	5.95	-293.8	2.76	120.3
1355	18.42	180	16380	17.54	22424	5.95	-304.0	2.12	105.1
1400	18.70	260	17680	16.74	22126	5.93	-315.0	2.03	73.0
1405	17.90	210	18730	17.12	22070	5.97	-320.6	2.67	891.5
1410	19.00	200	19730	17.62	22440	5.87	-278.2	1.52	1746.1
1415	19.05	200	20730	18.61	22208	5.80	-304.9	1.53	1750.3
1420	19.05	180	21630	18.81	22014	5.79	-329.3	1.73	733.7
1425	19.60	240	22830	16.45	22087	5.75	-338.6	4.10	103.3
1430	19.70	200	23830	18.96	21589	5.73	-347.5	4.17	259.3
1435	19.77	200	24830	19.30	21383	5.71	-347.1	5.17	89.4 *

APPEARANCE/COLOR Clear/Dark gray to black

SAMPLED BY (PRINT) S. Hall

SIGNATURE _____

WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY SH

ODOR Strong odor/sulfur-like

SAMPLED BY _____

SIGNATURE _____

DATE/TIME 8-7-02/1743

* Chained lines of air.
Page 1 of 3

* For turbidity, used Turbidimeter 2020



Shaw Stone & Webster, Inc.
FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS

SITE Maywood WBS DATE 8-7-02

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: _____

See page 1 of 3
page

SAMPLING METHOD _____

low flow

Well I.D. M BRP2-5

SAMPLE ID 126-021671

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or RGS) 0.0

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 62

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (In) 2"

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft. TOC) 42'

WELL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 58'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
1440	19.78	200	25830	18.33	21605	5.71	-348.3	1.56	61.6
1445	19.75	190	26780	18.96	21800	5.70	-353.6	0.39	46.9
1450	19.85	200	27780	19.09	21812	5.70	-355.2	0.99	32.1
1455	19.90	190	28730	18.63	21819	5.72	-356.5	0.65	25.3
1500	19.90	300	30230	17.63	21650	5.73	-270.3	1.80	31.7
1505	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1510	23.07	260	31530	18.27	21138	5.64	-316.8	3.74	96.7
1515	-	-	-	19.39	20990	5.79	-262.9	1.74	-
1520	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1525	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1530	21.70	230	32680	18.28	20383	5.62	-281.0	15.78	41.4
1535	21.64	200	33680	18.99	20363	5.62	-283.7	18.87	294
1540	21.63	200	34680	19.22	20425	5.65	-283.7	5.36	406
1545	21.49	180	35580	19.03	20504	5.68	-285.1	3.79	114
1550	21.35	220	36680	18.91	20629	5.66	-286.5	3.72	96.0
1555	21.56	240	37880	18.99	20769	5.67	-289.8	4.68	71.3
1600	21.70	260	38927	18.53	20802	5.65	-291.3	4.13	66.7
1605	21.68	200	39927	19.08	21200	5.67	-294.2	3.96	46.9
1610	21.59	180	40827	18.92	21437	5.66	-308.0	3.08	45.2
1615	21.51	200	41827	19.42	21492	5.66	-317.2	3.65	36.9
1620	21.41	220	42920	18.61	21658	5.65	-323.8	3.68	29.0

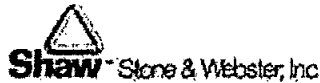
* Turbidity
 17.8
 *
 *
 *
 414

* changed pumps:

APPEARANCE/COLOR _____
 SAMPLED BY (PRINT) _____
 SIGNATURE _____
 WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY _____

ODOR _____
 SAMPLED BY _____
 SIGNATURE _____
 DATE/TIME _____

* Adjusting Grundfos rate (pump). Rate continually dropping. Page 2 of 3



FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS

SITE Maywood WBS DATE 7 Aug 02

Well I.D. BRPZ 5

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

SAMPLE I.D. 126-021671

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: _____

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) 0.0

SEE

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 62

PAGE 1

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (In) 2"

OF

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) 42'

SAMPLING METHOD _____

WLL VOLUME (Gal) 1

Low Flow

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 58'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
1625	21.59	220	44020	18.62	21598	5.65	-331.8	1.78	51.1
1630	21.56	200	45020	18.34	21576	5.65	-334.6	1.63	40.0
1635	21.59	220	46120	17.18	21646	5.65	-334.9	1.65	27.7
1640	21.59	220	47220	17.12	21581	5.64	-331.5	1.31	31.0
1645	21.58	200	48220	16.97	21583	5.65	-330.9	1.26	24.8
1650	21.59	200	49220	16.96	21590	5.65	-331.1	1.27	22.3
1655	21.58	200	50220	16.88	21458	5.66	-329.4	1.33	27.5
1700	21.42	200	51220	16.97	21606	5.66	-328.4	1.26	21.7
1705	21.42	200	52220	17.39	21510	5.66	-329.7	2.64	28.7
1710	21.43	240	53420	18.15	21501	5.68	-334.9	1.89	27.0
1715	21.49	200	54420	17.10	21636	5.68	-334.0	1.86	22.0
1720	21.22	200	55420	17.28	21693	5.68	-331.5	1.59	24.3
1725	21.22	200	56400	18.18	21809	5.68	-331.4	1.66	21.5
1730	21.16	200	57400	19.63	21948	5.69	-332.6	1.58	21.00
<u>Sample 1735</u>									

APPEARANCE/COLOR _____

ODOR _____

SAMPLED BY (PRINT) _____

SAMPLED BY _____

SIGNATURE _____

SIGNATURE _____

WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY _____

DATE/TIME _____

**FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS**

SITE Maywood WBS DATE 8-8-02
 WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____
 FIELD INSTRUMENTS: PID O₂ CO
N₂S, LEL meter; Ground for
submersible pump, water level
indicator, water level meter,
control box; generator
 SAMPLING METHOD low flow

Well I.D. MW-30
 SAMPLE I.D. 12a-021665
 MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS of BGS) 0.0
 WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 55'
 INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (In) 4"
 DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) Not given
 WELL VOLUME (Gal) _____
 PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 50'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
1425	8.71	100	700	16.22	12532	6.53	-18.3	1.10	3.5
1430	8.81	140	1400	15.24	12452	6.35	-16.1	1.28	9.4
1435	8.96	200	2400	15.02	12386	6.35	-17.5	1.07	5.1
1440	9.15	180	3300	15.11	12271	6.38	-19.2	0.91	4.6
1445	10.45	320	4900	15.01	11568	6.38	-21.9	0.65	7.8
1450	9.36	160	5700	14.98	10417	6.37	-24.4	0.62	9.0
1455	9.41	240	6900	14.96	9671	6.38	-26.1	0.63	11.1
1500	9.41	260	8200	14.99	9149	6.37	-26.8	0.62	11.5
1505	9.43	220	9300	14.89	8807	6.37	-28.8	0.57	11.6
1510	9.43	240	10500	14.90	8632	6.37	-29.4	0.55	12.4
1515	9.43	230	11650	14.92	8559	6.37	-30.1	0.53	11.8
1520	9.43	220	12750	14.80	8517	6.37	-30.8	0.52	12.3
1525	9.43	220	13850	14.79	8473	6.37	-31.1	0.52	10.9
1530	9.43	220	14950	14.86	8458	6.37	-31.7	0.52	9.9
1535									
Sample at 1535									

APPEARANCE/COLOR Clear / No color
 SAMPLED BY (PRINT) S. Hazell
 SIGNATURE [Signature]
 WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY _____

ODOR None detected
 SAMPLED BY L. Kassm
 SIGNATURE _____
 DATE/TIME 8-8-02/



Shaw Stone & Webster, Inc

FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS

SITE Maywood WBS _____ DATE 8-13-02

Well I.D. BRPW-10

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

SAMPLE ID 12b-021664

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: PID, LEL, O₂, CO
& H₂S meter; Ground Gas submersible
pump; Water level indicator;
Control box; generator; YSI 650
MD5

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS (R BGS)) 0.0'

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 110'

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (1a) 2"

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft. TOC) 90'

SAMPLING METHOD Low flow

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

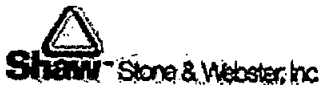
PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 95'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
1350	12.45	180	900	16.87	2823	6.90	63.3	1.42	26.4
1355	12.45	160	1700	16.97	2943	6.87	58.3	1.16	62.3
1400	12.45	160	2500	17.64	2966	6.84	19.2	1.24	519.6
1405	12.45	300	4000	16.21	2983	6.81	-71.2	1.05	33.8
1410	12.45	300	5500	15.91	2984	6.79	-356.2	0.96	19.7
1415	12.44	180	6400	17.61	2979	6.79	-357.0	0.95	24.0
1420	12.45	220	7500	16.39	2981	6.77	-316.2	0.83	23.7
1425	12.45	220	8600	16.27	2983	6.76	-290.9	0.84	18.8
1430	12.45	210	9650	16.25	2977	6.74	-273.5	0.82	23.4
1435	12.45	240	10850	16.33	2987	6.71	-265.7	0.75	22.1
1440	12.45	240	11050	16.44	2991	6.70	-262.1	0.74	23.4
1445	12.45	230	12200	16.33	2997	6.68	-262.0	0.73	24.9
1450	12.45	220	13300	16.15	3000	6.69	-256.3	0.71	21.4
1455	12.45	220	14400	15.82	3012	6.66	-254.6	0.68	21.2
1500	12.45	220	15500	16.10	3019	6.68	-259.6	0.68	25.1
1505	12.45	230	16650	16.16	3027	6.68	-254.7	0.64	25.2
1510									
1515									
1520									
1525									
1530									

Sampled

APPEARANCE/COLOR Clear/No color
SAMPLED BY (PRINT) Laura Kussow
SIGNATURE [Signature]
WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY [Signature]

ODOR None
SAMPLED BY Tom Hirsche
SIGNATURE _____
DATE/TIME 8-13-02 / :



**FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS**

SITE Maywood WBS _____ DATE 8-13-02

Well I.D. BRPZ 3

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

SAMPLE I.D. 26-021670

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: PID, LEL, O₂, CO, & H₂S meter, PSI 650 MPDS, 2020 Turbidimeter, generator, Water level indicator, conductivity box, submersible pump

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) 0.0

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 57'

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (in) 2"

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) Not given

SAMPLING METHOD low flow

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 52'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
0940	12.20	280	4200	16.63	8364	6.07	-1.8	0.68	940
0945	12.19	260	5500	16.63	8011	6.11	-85.0	0.65	17.0
0950	12.19	280	6900	16.88	7602	6.14	-567.9	0.61	439
0955	12.17	250	8150	17.10	7303	6.16	-586.2	0.59	322
1000	12.12	200	9150	17.45	7132	6.17	-585.7	0.58	194
1005	12.13	190	10100	17.55	7056	6.18	-569.7	0.58	145
1010	12.14	220	11200	17.52	6872	6.17	-556.5	0.58	119
1015	12.14	220	12300	17.63	6799	6.17	-567.1	0.54	66.2
1020	12.12	200	13300	17.81	6835	6.17	-573.4	0.54	61.2
1025	12.12	200	14300	17.97	6834	6.17	-565.8	0.55	45.8
1030	12.19	240	15500	17.26	6708	6.16	-567.8	0.54	33.4
1035	12.18	240	16700	17.15	6707	6.05	-581.8	0.53	30.1
1040	12.19	260	18000	17.62	6697	6.16	-582.1	0.53	46.1
1045	12.18	240	19200	17.53	6644	6.14	-575.1	0.52	23.0 ^{46.0}
1050	12.21	240	20400	17.31	6627	6.14	-578.6	0.48	91.7
1055	12.15	200	21400	18.05	6685	6.14	-578.0	0.48	43.2
1100									
1105									
1110									
1115									
1120									

APPEARANCE/COLOR Slight hazy / White (lead) to no color

ODOR Moderate odor

SAMPLED BY (PRINT) L. Kassaw

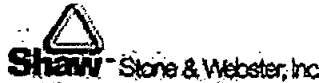
SAMPLED BY T. Hirsche

SIGNATURE _____

SIGNATURE _____

WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY [Signature]

DATE/TIME 8-13-02 / 1120



FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS

SITE Maywood/WBS DATE 8-14-02 Well I.D. MW-6D
 WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____ SAMPLE I.D. 236-021668
 FIELD INSTRUMENTS: PID, LEL, H₂S, O₂, CO meter; Grundfos submersible pump; control box; P5Z650MDS; Water level indicator; generator MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) 0.0'
 WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 34.8'
 INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (In) 4"
 DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft. TOC) Not given
 SAMPLING METHOD Low-flow WELL VOLUME (Gal) _____
 PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) ~30'

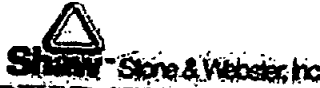
Vol Purged ml
 1400
 2800
 4200
 5500
 6650
 7500
 9650

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft. TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
1225	8.05	280	9200	20.38	853	7.40	37.0	1.33	49.1
1230	8.03	280	8400	20.66	851	7.48	-37.0	0.66	55.9
1235	8.05	280	12800	20.44	852	7.50	-58.8	0.62	61.0
1240	8.02	260	13900	20.26	849	7.50	-49.0	0.55	156.6
1245	7.90	230	15050	20.87	834	7.44	-623.3	0.63	1292.0
1250	8.35	260	16350	17.23	749	7.58	-629.6	0.41	107.7
1255	8.30	340	18050	20.17	799	7.66	-634.0	0.42	180.2
1300	8.21	280	11050	19.95	835	7.64	-624.9	0.51	29.4
1305	8.10	300	12550	20.78	842	7.63	-635.6	0.46	278.4
1310	7.91	220	13650	22.04	834	7.50	-609.6	0.56	257.3
1315	7.91	240	14850	20.94	828	7.42	-607.8	0.53	296.3
1320	7.81	200	15850	22.29	828	7.47	-581.0	0.61	504.1
1325	7.40	220	16950	21.98	821	7.32	-420.3	0.45	756.0
1330	7.80	220	18050	22.01	823	7.32	-320.3	0.58	883.0
1335	8.10	220	19150	18.21	820	7.36	-640.5	0.43	470.6
1340	8.00	300	20650	21.33	814	7.23	-612.3	0.50	1726.7
1345	7.87	200	21650	21.80	810	7.21	-561.9	0.53	1441.8
1350	7.91	280	24050	22.32	816	7.21	-390.6	0.56	1082.8
1355	7.91	280	25450	21.50	828	7.20	-320.0	0.50	1012.9
1400	7.90	280	26850	21.33	824	7.23	-322.0	0.48	957.1
1405	7.91	260	27150	20.78	818	7.22	-302.3	0.54	891.7

- Clean Line.
- adjust

- clean line

APPEARANCE/COLOR Cloudy/Meal brown ODOR None noticed
 SAMPLED BY (PRINT) K. Kussner SAMPLED BY T. Hirsche
 SIGNATURE _____ SIGNATURE _____
 WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY CK DATE/TIME 8-14-02/



**FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS**

SITE _____ WBS _____ DATE _____

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: _____

SAMPLING METHOD _____

Well I.D. MW-6-D

SAMPLE ID 23b-021668

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) 0.0'

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 34.8'

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (In) 4"

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) With silver

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) ~30'

See page 1 of 2

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	En (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
1410	7.89	270	28650	21.15	820	7.23	-282.40	0.55	1021.4
1415	7.91	280	29050	20.87	820	7.22	-246.60	0.44	903.4
1420	7.91	270	30550	20.82	821	7.22	-215.40	0.42	798.0
1425	7.91	270	32050	20.82	820	7.23	-187.00	0.42	752.0
1430	7.91	260	33350	20.59	819	7.21	-164.70	0.56	660.9
1435									
1440									
1445									
1450									
1455									
1500									

Sample 1435

APPEARANCE/COLOR _____

SAMPLED BY (PRINT) _____

SIGNATURE _____

WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY _____

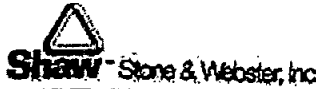
ODOR _____

SAMPLED BY _____

SIGNATURE _____

DATE/TIME _____

Page 2 of 2



**FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS**

SITE Maywood WBS _____ DATE 8-15-02

Well I.D. MD-260

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

SAMPLE I.D. 126-021703/126-021701

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: PID, LEL, O₂, CO₂, H₂S meter, Brnufflo

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) -3'

Sn Immersible pump, Control

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 53.4'

box, YSI 650 MPS, Water

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (In) 4"

level indicator, generator

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) Not given

SAMPLING METHOD Low flow

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) ~48'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
1140	12.82	200	3000	18.03	8785	6.78	-258.4	1.42	6.7
1145	12.99	180	3500	19.08	8763	6.80	-352.1	1.14	10.3
1150	13.12	180	4800	19.05	8772	6.85	-520.9	1.21	13.4
1155	13.32	200	5800	18.95	8748	6.90	-541.3	1.25	7.7
1200	13.36	180	6700	18.88	8724	6.92	-544.2	1.31	8.1
1205	13.47	100	7200	19.73	8737	6.92	-552.4	1.39	7.8
1210	13.55	180	8100	19.51	8748	6.97	-545.8	1.43	9.3
1215	13.65	200	9100	20.08	8733	6.98	-550.1	1.52	11.8
1220	13.71	180	10000	19.74	8737	6.98	-535.9	1.51	9.2
1225	13.77	180	10900	19.90	8704	6.96	-528.3	1.57	9.7
1230	13.98	280	12300	17.82	8775	6.98	-497.8	1.43	5.8
1235	14.06	200	13300	19.12	8780	6.95	-562.1	1.55	4.1
1240	14.12	180	14200	20.77	8838	7.02	-497.2	1.75	3.7
1245	14.30	180	15100	21.19	8851	7.02	-535.4	1.80	6.2
1250	14.31	240	16300	20.58	8839	7.02	-533.1	1.67	6.1
1255	14.32	200	17300	19.43	8733	7.10	-525.9	1.69	7.6
1300	14.42	200	18300	20.42	8705	6.96	-525.8	1.75	3.4
1305	14.51	220	19400	19.62	8731	6.94	-506.1	1.56	7.6
1310	14.65	180	20300	20.45	8749	6.95	-577.6	1.78	2.6
1315	14.71	180	21200	20.01	8753	6.95	-590.6	1.85	4.3
1320	14.78	180	22100	20.26	8772	6.92	-594.5	1.83	8.4

APPEARANCE/COLOR Clear / Lt gray

ODOR Slight

SAMPLED BY (PRINT) L. Kuan

SAMPLED BY _____

SIGNATURE [Signature]

SIGNATURE _____

WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY [Signature]

DATE/TIME 8-15-02/1435

* Air bubble in line. ↑ Rate to rid of bubble. (Reason - DO m/L was increasing)
Page 1 of 2

✓
FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUBSTATION
WELL SAMPLES FOR GROUND WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS

SITE _____ WBS _____ DATE 10/14/02

Well ID MU-27D

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

SAMPLE ID _____

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: _____

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. ACG or BGS) 15

YSI-6920
(YSI 650 MDS / 6920)

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 61.55 / 15.55

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (in) _____

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft. TOC) _____

SAMPLING METHOD _____

WELL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 258.5'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft. TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	En (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
13:35	15.55	220		15.18	3.607	6.76	-57.4	1.31	10.8
13:45	20.55	260		15.44	3.613	6.80	-61.0	1.21	9.3
13:55	21.15	240		15.64	3.640	6.83	-64.5	1.17	8.3
14:15	22.60	Loss Flow -							
14:25	22.91	430		15.63	3.72	6.88	-70.1	1.14	9.5
14:40	23.51	440		15.87	3.77	6.86	-64.5	0.95	8.1
14:55	24.20	290		16.14	3.8	6.87	-63.7	0.93	8.3
15:04	24.35	250		16.15	3.82	6.87	-63.5	0.94	8.0
15:19	24.52	175		16.51	3.83	6.87	-63.1	0.97	8.3
15:23	24.60	150		16.51	3.83	6.87	-62.1	0.94	8.3
15:30	24.60	150		16.19	3.86	6.86	-66.5	0.91	7.3
15:45	24.70	140		16.38	3.88	6.84	-64.7	0.92	7.7
16:00	24.71	130		16.41	3.87	6.84	-64.5	0.92	7.3
16:15	24.70	130		16.38	3.87	6.84	-64.4	0.92	7.3
Collected sample @ 16:15									

APPEARANCE/COLOR Clear

ODOR _____

SAMPLED BY (PRINT) SAL KOKOL

SAMPLED BY [Signature]

SIGNATURE [Signature]

SIGNATURE _____

WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY S.K.

DATE/TIME 10/14/02; 1700

✓

**FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY DATA AND ANALYSIS**

SITE _____ WBS _____ DATE 10/15/02

Well ID MW-28 D

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

SAMPLE ID _____

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: _____

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) _____

YSI 650 MDS / 6920

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 61.20 / 16.15

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (In) _____

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) _____

SAMPLING METHOD _____

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) _____

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
0845	16.15								
0900	17.28	1000		14.39	2.66	6.78	-63.9	1.91	13.7
0915	18.32	780		14.90	2.66	6.56	-57.3	1.12	11.0
0930	19.06	320		15.10	2.68	6.65	-50.8	0.94	9.8
0945	19.54	560		15.29	2.71	6.78	-67.6	0.82	11.6
10:00	20.02	5.60		15.31	2.72	6.78	-69.3	0.74	10.4
10:20	20.55	560		15.48	2.74	6.78	-70.2	0.75	10.0
10:30	21.70	380		15.50	2.85	6.77	-70.7	0.75	9.0
10:35	21.71	300		15.49	2.84	6.77	-70.7	0.72	8.5
10:40	21.71	300		15.50	2.86	6.77	-71.0	0.72	8.3
10:45	21.71	300		15.53	2.88	6.75	-71.0	0.72	7.7
10:50	21.71	300		15.53	2.89	6.75	-71.0	0.73	7.8
10:55	21.71	300		15.7	2.89	6.75	-71.1	0.73	7.7
11:00	→ 115	Collect Samples @ 11: AM.							

APPEARANCE/COLOR Clear

ODOR _____

SAMPLED BY (PRINT) JAL KOKOL

SAMPLED BY _____

SIGNATURE JAL KOKOL

SIGNATURE _____

WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY J-K

DATE/TIME 10/15/02

**FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS**

SITE _____ WBS _____ DATE _____

Well ID MW-34D

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

SAMPLE ID _____

FIELD INSTRUMENTS:
YSI 650 MDS/6920

MEAS. REF. POINT (FL AGS or BGS) _____
WELL DEPTH (FL TOC) 55.5 / 09.98 (15:00)

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (In) _____

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (FL TOC) _____

SAMPLING METHOD _____

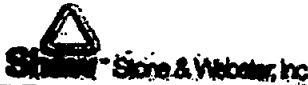
WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (FL TOC) ~45'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
15:20	9.95	2100		14.89	4.11	7.23	-80.4	1.95	1.7
15:25	10.26	680		15.67	4.10	6.87	-78.2	0.81	1.8
15:35	10.70	650		15.98	4.11	6.76	-76.9	0.71	1.7
15:50	11.30	660		16.04	4.11	6.68	-74.6	0.61	1.5
16:10	12.60	660		16.11	4.11	6.67	-72.8	0.57	1.6
16:15	12.60	300		16.15	4.11	6.66	-71.8	0.58	1.7
16:20	12.61	300		16.16	4.11	6.66	-71.4	0.58	1.7
16:25	12.62	300		16.16	4.11	6.66	-71.3	0.58	1.7
16:30	12.61	300		16.20	4.11	6.66	-71.3	0.59	1.7
				Reduced flow to 110 ml/m					
				Collected Sample. 16:40					

APPEARANCE/COLOR Gray/translucent
 SAMPLED BY (PRINT) SAL KAHAL
 SIGNATURE [Signature]
 WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY S. Kahal

ODOR Slight
 SAMPLED BY _____
 SIGNATURE _____
 DATE/TIME 10-15-02



**FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS**

SITE _____ WBS _____ DATE 10/17/02

Well I.D. BR P2-9

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

SAMPLE I.D. _____

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: _____

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) _____

YST 650 MDS /

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 56.5' / 9.15 DTW

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (In) 9.15'

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) _____

SAMPLING METHOD _____

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 50'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond, (mS/cm)	pH	En (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
12:05	9.15	2400		13.49	1.815	6.12	-43.3	1.98	49.0
12:20	11.44	2400		13.52	1.829	6.18	-43.5	1.36	41.0
12:35	13.81	2400		13.51	1.822	6.12	-43.7	1.22	34.0
12:55	15.45	2400		13.50	1.813	6.12	-46.4	1.19	27.0
13:15	16.67	1850		13.98	1.82	6.14	-48.0	1.19	22.6
13:25	16.85	330		14.20	1.66	6.17	-56.1	1.18	18.4
13:40	16.70	1900		13.61	1.85	6.26	-39	1.16	24.2
13:50	18.01	200		13.77	1.63	6.18	-54	1.13	24.0 24.0
13:55	17.90	200		13.62	1.58	6.18	-56	1.11	21.0
14:00	17.85	200		13.70	1.76	6.17	-57.1	1.10	20.6
14:05	17.80	200		13.81	1.85	6.18	-58.-	1.11	21.3
14:10	17.75	200		13.94	1.88	6.16	-58.2	1.12	20.2
14:15	17.75	200		14.22	1.88	6.17	-58.1	1.11	20.1
14:20	17.75	200		14.21	1.87	6.18	-58.2	1.12	20.1
Start Collecting @ 14:25									

APPEARANCE/COLOR Clear

ODOR Slight

SAMPLED BY (PRINT) SAL KOKOL

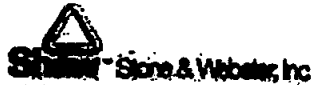
SAMPLED BY _____

SIGNATURE [Signature]

SIGNATURE _____

WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY S.K.

DATE/TIME _____



FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS

SITE _____ WBS _____ DATE 10/17/02

Well I.D. MISS-58

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

SAMPLE ID _____

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: YSI 650 MDS / 6920

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) _____
WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 56.85 / 14.65 @ 15:20

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (In) _____

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) _____

SAMPLING METHOD _____

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) ~50'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
15:40	14.65	1800		12.50	2.69	6.70	-58.6	4.32	16.7
				2.69					
15:50	14.75 15.75	1800		12.56	2.63	6.55	-68.9	2.01	8.3
15:55	15.80	1800		12.55	1.56	6.53	-71.3	1.09	6.3
16:00	15.80	1800		12.62	0.886	6.58	-78.8	0.80	4.4
16:10	15.80	1800		12.64	0.686	6.63	-80.3	0.68	1.6
16:20	15.80	1800		12.64	0.648	6.63	-79.5	0.65	1.2
16:30	15.80	1800		12.64	0.646	6.64	-79.4	0.65	1.2
16:40	15.80	1800		12.64	0.647	6.63	-79.4	0.65	1.2
Collected samples @ 16:45									

APPEARANCE/COLOR Clear
 SAMPLED BY (PRINT) SAL KAKOL
 SIGNATURE [Signature]
 WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY S.K.

ODOR Slight odor
 SAMPLED BY _____
 SIGNATURE _____
 DATE/TIME 10/16/02



Shaw Stone & Webster, Inc.

FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS

SITE _____ WBS _____ DATE 3/13/03

Well I.D. MW-31D

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

SAMPLE I.D. _____

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: Generator

MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) (BGS)

YSI 650

WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 45'

Rediflow Control box

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (In) 6"

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) 20'

SAMPLING METHOD Grundfos Rediflow II

WELL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 40'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Pumped (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	EH (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
10:25	6.02						(ORP)		
10:38	5.99	Pump in well							
10:40	6.98	950	(pH mV)	13.55	3.77	6.87	73.1	0.3	1200
10:45	5.98	600	↓	13.45	4.10	7.21	14.1	0.09	1400
10:50	6.02	370		13.36	4.09	7.27	-25.2	0.04	1049
10:55	6.02	350		13.74	4.09	7.31	-43.9	0.04	763
11:00	6.02	350		13.84	4.09	7.33	-54.7	0.04	420
11:05	6.02	270	-44.7	13.85	4.01	7.34	-59.6	0.03	326
11:10	6.02	270	-46.1	13.75	4.01	7.34	-60.0	0.03	281
11:15	6.02	270	-47.6	13.79	4.01	7.34	-61.3	0.03	192
11:20	6.02	270		13.77	4.01	7.35	-62.4	0.03	104
11:25	6.02	270		13.79	4.00	7.34	-68.6	0.03	148
11:30	6.02	270	-51.1	13.78	4.01	7.34	-68.8	0.03	90
11:35	6.02	270		13.84	4.00	7.35	-66.2	0.02	107
11:40	6.02	270		13.88	3.98	7.35	-66.4	0.02	91
11:45	6.02	270	-52.1	13.93	2.96	7.46	-60.7	0.02	80
11:50	6.02	270	-53.6	13.97	2.96	7.47	-67.5	0.02	62
11:55	6.02	270	-53.7	13.97	2.94	7.46	-68.3	0.03	61.7
12:00	6.02	270	-54.2	13.98	2.95	7.47	-68.6	0.02	54.7
12:15			-56.6	13.97	2.94	7.47	-71.4	0.02	38.4
12:30	6.02	270							34.4

APPEARANCE/COLOR Originally iron scum

ODOR NONE detected

SAMPLED BY (PRINT) S.K. on surface

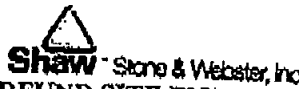
SAMPLED BY S.K.

SIGNATURE S.K.

SIGNATURE S.K.

WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY S.K.

DATE/TIME 3/13/03 j 12:00-12:30



FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS

SITE _____ WBS _____ DATE 3/18/03

Well I.D. B38W-15D

WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____

SAMPLE I.D. _____

FIELD INSTRUMENTS: Grundfos Rediflow II
Control box
Generator
YST 650

MEAS. REF. POINT (Fl. AGS or BGS) _____

WELL DEPTH (Fl. TOC) 47.5

INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (In) 2" Ø

DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Fl. TOC) _____

SAMPLING METHOD Low Flow

WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____

PUMP INTAKE (Fl. TOC) 44'

PH mV

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Fl. TOR)	Discharge (millilitar/minute)	Volume Pumped (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	ORP	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
11:45	3.38								
12:05	3:35		-94.3	12.78	1.227	8.11	248.4	0.17	6.3
12:15	4.38	370	-112.4	13.40	0.974	8.54	237.9	0.28	2.0
12:25	4.45	300	-82.3	13.93	1.32	7.88	237.7	0.13	1.0
12:30	4.05	240	-56.1	14:00	1.85	7.51	236.4	0.04	-1.2
12:35	4.01	240	-53.8	14.02	1.96	7.46	225.5	0.04	-1.2
12:40	4.00	240	-52.9	13.94	1.98	7.45	221.8	0.04	-1.3
12:45	4.00	240	-52.1	13.92	2.05	7.44	219.5	0.04	-1.2
12:50	4:00	240	-51.9	13.94	2.05	7.43	218.9	0.04	-1.2
12:55	4:00	240	-52.1	13.95	2.05	7.43	218.3	0.04	-1.4
Stop pumping @ 12:55 Collected 1 set of VOC samples (3 X 10ml vials)									

APPEARANCE/COLOR Clear

ODOR NONE DETECTED

SAMPLED BY (PRINT) SAL KOKOL

SAMPLED BY SAL KOKOL

SIGNATURE SAL KOKOL

SIGNATURE SAL KOKOL

WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY S.K.

DATE/TIME 3/18/03



FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION
WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS

SITE _____ WBS _____ DATE 5/28/03
 WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____
 FIELD INSTRUMENTS: _____

 SAMPLING METHOD Low Flow

Well I.D. MW-32 D
 SAMPLE I.D. _____
 MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) _____
 WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 57'
 INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (In) 6"
 DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) _____
 WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____
 PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 46'

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Discharge (gallons)	Temp 'C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	ORP (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
11:20	4.31								28.1
11:25	4.62		-48.2	14.26	3.47	7.22	40.3	0.82	28.1
11:30	4.68	300	-47.5	14.41	3.48	7.34	25.4	0.45	28.8
11:35	4.67	280	-46.9	14.42	3.47	7.32	20.2	0.21	20.2
11:40	4.67	280	-46.3	14.41	3.46	7.34	11.4	0.08	21.0
11:45	4.67	280	-46.4	14.42	3.46	7.33	2.9	0.06	19.2
11:50	4.65	260	-46.4	14.41	3.46	7.34	-12.3	0.05	18.0
11:55	4.67	260	-48.4	14.52	3.46	7.37	-58.3	0.05	18.2
12:00	4.67	2.10	-48.8	14.61	3.46	7.37	-61.7	0.05	16.9
12:05	4.68	2.10	-49.2	14.60	3.46	7.37	-64.2	0.05	16.5
12:10	4.68	2.10	-49.4	14.60	3.46	7.37	-68.3	0.05	14.2
	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑
	OK	OK	OK	OK	OK	OK	OK	OK	OK
Final: 12:30	4.68	2.10	-50.7	14.62	3.46	7.37	-70.1	0.06	4.8
Stop purging @ 12:00									
Start Collecting Samples.									

APPEARANCE/COLOR Clear
 SAMPLED BY (PRINT) SAL KOKOL
 SIGNATURE [Signature]
 WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY _____

ODOR NONE
 SAMPLED BY Sal Kokol
 SIGNATURE _____
 DATE/TIME 5/28/03



Shaw Stone & Webster, Inc

FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION WELL SAMPLING RECORD/FIELD WATER QUALITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS

SITE _____ WBS _____ DATE 7-1-03
WORK ORDER # _____ NORFAS _____
FIELD INSTRUMENTS: YSI 650 SONDE 6820

Well ID B38W15D
SAMPLE ID 20a-024737 / Filtered 20a-02478
MEAS. REF. POINT (Ft. AGS or BGS) 0.5 BGS
WELL DEPTH (Ft. TOC) 46.5
INNER CASING/OPEN HOLE DIAM (in) 2"
DEPTH TO TOP OF SCREEN (Ft TOC) 40'
WLL VOLUME (Gal) _____
PUMP INTAKE (Ft. TOC) 42'
3.62

2
20a
7-1-03

SAMPLING METHOD Groundfos
Low Flow

Sample Time (From/To)	Water Level (Ft TOR)	Discharge (milliliter/minute)	Volume Purged (ml)	Temp °C	Specific Cond. (mS/cm)	pH	Eh (mv)	DO (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
	<u>3.59</u>								
1107	4.1	210	210	15.42	1873	7.63	20.0	3.07	3.3
1112	4.1	210	1060	15.36	1945	7.45	-29.7	0.75	4.6
1117	4.1	220	1160	15.49	1948	7.43	-40.4	0.51	5.4
1122	4.1	220	2260	15.50	2165	7.36	-42.0	0.45	2.8
1127	4.1	220	3360	15.60	2260	7.32	-42.7	0.40	1.3
1132	4.1	220	4460	15.71	2271	7.31	-43.8	0.35	0.9
1137	4.1	220	5560	15.59	2277	7.30	-46.4	0.33	0.8
1142	4.1	220		15.65	2282	7.30	-46.4	0.33	0.5
1147	4.1	220		15.74	2278	7.30	-45.2	0.31	0.5
1152	4.1	220		15.71	2276	7.29	-43.7	0.30	0.4
1200	NONFiltered Sample				20a-024737				
1205	Filtered Sample				20a-024737	for Fe+Mn			

APPEARANCE/COLOR clear
SAMPLED BY (PRINT) Shawn Hall
SIGNATURE [Signature]
WELL CAP REPLACED AND LOCKED BY [Signature]

ODOR NONE
SAMPLED BY TODD K LIPPARD
SIGNATURE Todd K Lippard
DATE/TIME 7-1-03 1200 + 1205

APPENDIX J QUALITY CONTROL SUMMARY REPORT (QCSR)

**Appendix J:
Quality Control Summary Report (QCSR)
Groundwater Remedial Investigation
Addendum Report**

**New York District
Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action
Program
Maywood Superfund Site**

Prepared by:


Shaw® Shaw Environmental, Inc.
100 West Hunter Ave.
Maywood, New Jersey 07607

**for:
US Army Corps of Engineers - Kansas City District
Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program
Contract No. DACW41-99-D-9001**



**US Army Corps
of Engineers®**

March 2004, Revision 3

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DRAFT
QUALITY CONTROL SUMMARY REPORT (QCSR) FOR THE
GROUNDWATER REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION ADDENDUM REPORT

FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE
MAYWOOD, NEW JERSEY

SITE-SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION
CONTRACT NO. DACW41-99-D-9001
TASK ORDER 0001
WAD 05, WBS 15

Submitted to:

Department of the Army
U.S. Army Engineer District, New York
Corps of Engineers
FUSRAP Project Office
26 Federal Plaza
New York, New York 10278

Department of the Army
U.S. Army Engineer District, Kansas City
Corps of Engineers
700 Federal Building
Kansas City, Missouri 64106

Submitted by:

Shaw Environmental, Inc.
100 West Hunter Avenue
Maywood, New Jersey 07607

October 2003
Revision 0

Issued to: _____

Date: _____

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DRAFT
QUALITY CONTROL SUMMARY REPORT (QCSR) FOR THE
GROUNDWATER REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION ADDENDUM REPORT

FUSRAP MAYWOOD SUPERFUND SITE
MAYWOOD, NEW JERSEY

SITE-SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION
CONTRACT NO. DACW41-99-D-9001
TASK ORDER 0001
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FUSRAP Project Office
26 Federal Plaza
New York, New York 10278

Department of the Army
U.S. Army Engineer District, Kansas City
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700 Federal Building
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Submitted by:

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100 West Hunter Avenue
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October 2003
Revision 0

Prepared by: _____

Brian Tucker
Project Chemist

Date: _____

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RECORD OF REVISIONS

Revision Number	Description of Revision	Date
Draft Revision 0	Initial electronic submittal to USACE for review and comment.	August 2003
Revision 0	Submittal to the USACE CX for review and comment	October 2003

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Note: * Due to their size, Attachments A and B are presented electronically on CD-ROM.

** Due to regulatory requirements, the HAZSITE Deliverable portion of Attachment C is presented electronically on a CD-ROM

ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

%D	response factor percent difference
%R	percent recovery
%RSD	percent relative standard deviation
BOD	Biological Oxygen Demand
BTEX	benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes
CCB	continuing calibration blank
CCC	continuing calibration compound
COC	Chain of Custody
COD	Chemical Oxygen Demand
CDQMP	Chemical Data Quality Management Plan
FMSS	FUSRAP Maywood Superfund Site
FUSRAP	Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program
GWRI	Groundwater Remedial Investigation
J	Estimated value
Kestrel	Kestrel Environmental Technologies, Inc.
LCS	laboratory control sample
LCSD	laboratory control sample duplicate
µg/L	micrograms per liter
mg/L	milligrams per liter
MS	matrix spike
MSD	matrix spike duplicate
Paragon	Paragon Analytics, Inc.
PDI	Pre-Design Investigation
QA	Quality Assurance
QAPP	Quality Assurance Project Plan
QC	Quality Control
QCSR	Quality Control Summary Report
RPD	Relative Percent Difference
RRF	Relative Response Factor
SDG	Sample Delivery Group
Shaw	Shaw Environmental, Inc. (formerly Stone & Webster, Inc., a Shaw Group Company)
SPCC	system performance check compound
STL-CT	Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. of Shelton, CT
Stone & Webster	Stone & Webster, Inc., a Shaw Group Company (now Shaw Environmental, Inc.)
TCL	Target Compound List
TOC	total organic carbon
U	Undetected
USACE	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Validata	Validata Chemical Services, Inc.
VOC	Volatile Organic Compound

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Shaw Environmental, Inc. (Shaw), formerly Stone & Webster, Inc., a Shaw Group Company, conducted a Groundwater Remedial Investigation Addendum (GWRI Addendum) of commercial and government properties at the Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program (FUSRAP) Maywood Superfund Site (FMSS). The purpose of the investigation is to augment information collected during the Groundwater Remedial Investigation (GWRI). The location of the wells sampled are presented in the *Draft Groundwater Remedial Investigation (GWRI) Addendum Report* (USACE 2003d).

This *GWRI Addendum Quality Control Summary Report* (QCSR) addresses data from analysis of groundwater samples collected from July 2002 to May 2003. The primary objective of the GWRI Addendum Investigation was to further define the extent and limit of benzene in the bedrock aquifer. Other parameters were studied to support evaluation of natural attenuation as a remedial alternative. The results of 11 samples collected as part of the Environmental Monitoring Program 2002 effort were also used for the *Draft GWRI Addendum Report*. Quality control considerations for these results are described within Appendix G of the *Annual Environmental Monitoring Report, 2002* (USACE 2003b). The *GWRI Addendum QCSR* will support the preparation of the project QCSR. GWRI Addendum samples were analyzed for volatile organic compounds, total and dissolved iron and manganese, and wet chemistry parameters. The wet chemistry parameters included methane, nitrate, sulfate, phosphorus, ammonia, sulfide, total organic carbon, biochemical oxygen demand (BOD), and chemical oxygen demand (COD). Additionally, samples from select monitoring wells were analyzed for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (BTEX) Degradable Heterotrophs and Total Heterotroph analysis. As part of Maywood's radiological dose assessment program, work area and personnel air samples were also collected and analyzed for radiological constituents of concern. BTEX Degradable Heterotrophs and Total Heterotroph data, and radiological air sample data were not validated, so that data is not discussed within this report.

The QCSR is organized into seven sections as follows:

- Section 1.0, Introduction
- Section 2.0, Data Collection
- Section 3.0, Data Analysis and Validation
- Section 4.0, Data Summaries
- Section 5.0, System Audits
- Section 6.0, Analytical and Quality Assurance / Quality Control (QA/QC) Problems Encountered
- Section 7.0, References
- Attachment A, Data Validation Reports
- Attachment B, Data Packages
- Attachment C, Site Remediation Program Electronic Data Interchange Manual

2.0 DATA COLLECTION

GWRI Addendum data collection procedures were evaluated for any deviations / modifications that may have occurred in the areas of sample handling and custody, equipment calibration and maintenance, and analytical methods.

2.1 SAMPLE HANDLING AND CUSTODY

There were no sample handling discrepancies noted by the off-site laboratory. All chain of custody forms (COCs) received by the off-site laboratory were properly signed and dated. The sample receipt checklist indicated that custody seals were present and unbroken for each cooler except for the volatile organic compound (VOC) sample cooler for Sample Delivery Group (SDG) 203763. No data qualification was required. Custody seals were not present on individual sample bottles. Internal custodies were submitted for all batches except for the two VOC SDGs submitted by Paragon Analytics, Inc. of Fort Collins, CO (Paragon). Submittal of internal custodies is not a SDG deliverable requirement. The following other exceptions are noted:

- For VOC SDG 201523, the COC lists a sample as 12b-0216663. The sample was reported as 12b-021663. It appears that an extra digit was added to the COC sample identity.
- For wet chemistry parameters SDG 201523, the analyses originally indicated for sample 12b-024721 were crossed out. Sample 12b-024721 was not analyzed for wet chemistry parameters. It appeared that these analyses were also crossed out for rinseate blank sample 12b-021657, however these analytes were reported for sample 12b-021657.
- In SDG 203763, the temperature of sample 23b-021741 was 6.7°C upon arrival at the laboratory, which exceeded the 6°C QC limit. Since the sample was a field rinseate blank, no action was taken.
- In SDG 203763, sample 23b-021743, the trip blank, was reported by the lab as having “headspace”. Since this was the trip blank, no data qualification action was taken.
- In SDG 202237, the laboratory improperly identified sample 12b-021279 as 12b-011729. They were asked to correct this error.
- In data package 0302099 for VOCs, the sample cooler temperature was 9.2°C. The acceptance criteria is 2° to 6°C. All sample results for the one sample in this data package, 23b-021730, were qualified as estimated (J for detects and UJ for non-detects). There is potential for greater loss of VOCs and therefore a low bias.

2.2 EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION AND MAINTENANCE

For the chemical analysis, off-site laboratory calibration QC exceedances are described in Section 6.2.1 of this QCSR. There were no on-site laboratory or field equipment calibration QC concerns.

2.3 ANALYTICAL METHODS

A total of three laboratories were employed for chemical analysis.

Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. in Shelton, CT (STL-CT) and Paragon analyzed groundwater samples. STL-CT and Paragon analyzed for the parameters (except for Total Heterotrophs and BTEX Degrader Heterotrophs) in **Table 2-1** using the indicated methods. New Jersey Analytical analyzed for Total Heterotrophs and BTEX Degrader Heterotrophs.

Table 2-1
GWRI Addendum Analytical Test Parameters and Methods

Parameter	Method
VOCs	SW-846 8260B
Iron and manganese, total and dissolved	SW-846 6010B
Methane	SW-846 8015A modified
Nitrate	MCA 300
Sulfate	MCA 300
Phosphorus	MCA 365.2
Ammonia	MCA 350.1
Sulfide	MCA 376.1
Total organic carbon	MCA 415.1
BOD	MCA 405.1
COD	MCA 410.4
BTEX Degradation Heterotrophs	SM9215M
Total Heterotrophs	SM9215B

Notes:
SW-846: EPA's Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste Physical / Chemical Methods
MCA: EPA's Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes
SM: Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater

There were no deviations / modifications in analytical methods from those specified in the *GWRI Addendum - Proposed Source and Plume Delineation Work Plan* (USACE, 2002).

2.4 MODIFICATIONS TO THE WORK PLAN

There were no modifications to the measurement techniques described in the *GWRI Addendum - Proposed Source and Plume Delineation Work Plan*.

3.0 DATA ANALYSIS AND VALIDATION

Kestrel Environmental Technologies, Inc. (Kestrel) and Validata Chemical Services, Inc. (Validata) performed data evaluation of all data. They evaluated 100% of the off-site GWRI sample results. Data was evaluated using the USACE's CENWK-EC-EF *Data Quality Evaluation Guidance* for chemical results, as presented in the *Chemical Data Quality Management Plan (CDQMP) Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP)*, Appendix F (USACE 1999, USACE 2000). The data validation reports for the off-site laboratory chemical results are provided as Attachment A. The data packages themselves are presented on CD-ROM as Attachment B to this QCSR. Electronic deliverables were submitted in accordance with the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP) required Site Remediation Program Electronic Data Interchange Manual (NJDEP 1999 and Attachment C). Within this manual, Option 2, Database Format, is used. Treatment of outliers was performed as per Section 3.1.3 of the *CDQMP QAPP* (USACE 2000).

4.0 DATA SUMMARIES

Data summaries for the laboratory data can be found on the Attachment B Data Packages CD-ROM.

5.0 SYSTEM AUDITS

The off-site laboratories utilized for testing of GWRI samples, STL-CT, New Jersey Analytical Laboratory, and Paragon have not been audited by Shaw.

6.0 ANALYTICAL AND QUALITY ASSURANCE / QUALITY CONTROL (QA/QC) PROBLEMS ENCOUNTERED AT OFF-SITE LABORATORIES

The off-site laboratories used for testing of GWRI samples for chemical parameters were STL-CT, New Jersey Analytical Laboratory, and Paragon. Twelve (12) GWRI chemical data package results were evaluated for this QCSR. All of the data packages, with the exception of that for SDG 203763, were validated by Kestrel. Validata validated the data package for SDG 203763.

6.1 CALIBRATION

Qualifications based upon calibration criteria exceedances were required only for VOCs. All other calibration results for other parameters were acceptable. For data packages with VOCs, calibration responses for all system performance check compounds (SPCCs) and continuing calibration compounds (CCCs) were within method acceptance criteria.

For VOC initial and continuing calibrations, if a relative response factor (RRF) was < 0.05 , the percent relative standard deviation (%RSD) for initial calibrations exceeded 15%, and/or the percent difference (%D) between the average RRF of the initial calibration and the RRF of the continuing calibration exceeded 20%, results were estimated J for positive results and UJ for non-detects. Note that if the $RRF < 0.05$ for a given compound and the LCS for that compound was outside acceptance criteria, non-detect results for that compound were rejected. The following samples were qualified as noted for the specified parameters. As indicated in **Table 6-1**, benzene data was not affected by calibration issues.

**Table 6-1
 Calibration Qualifiers**

SDG	Parameter	Qualifier	Reason for Qualification	Samples Affected
0302099	Acetone	J	RRF < 0.05, %RSD > 15%, and %D > 20%	23b-021730
0303084	Acetone	UJ	RRF < 0.05, %RSD > 15%, and %D > 20%	20a-021738 and 20a-021739
	2-butanone	UJ	%RSD > 15%	
203211	Bromomethane	UJ	%RSD > 15% and %D > 20%	20a-021731, -021732, and -021733; 23b-021734, -021735, and -021736
	Acetone	J (021733), UJ (021732 and 021736) R (021731 and 021734)	%RSD > 15% and %D > 20%	20a-021731, -021732, and -021733; 23b-021734, -021735, and -021736
	2-butanone	R for 021731, 34, and 35; UJ for 021732, 33, and 36	%RSD > 15% and %D > 20%	20a-021731, -021732, and -021733; 23b-021734, -021735, and -021736
	Methylene chloride	UJ	%RSD > 15%	20a-021731, -021732, and -021733; 23b-021734, -021735, and -021736
	Bromoform	UJ	%RSD > 15%	20a-021731, -021732, and -021733; 23b-021734, -021735, and -021736
	2-Hexanone	UJ	%RSD > 15% and %D > 20%	20a-021731, -021732, and -021733; 23b-021734, -021735, and -021736
	4-methyl-2-pentanone	UJ	%D > 20%	20a-021732 and 021733; 23b-021736
	1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	UJ	%D > 20%	20a-021732 and 021733; 23b-021736
203588	Acetone	R	RRF < 0.05	23b-021740
	2-butanone	UJ	%RSD > 15% and %D > 20%	
	Methylene chloride	UJ	%RSD > 15% and %D > 20%	
	2-hexanone	UJ	%D > 20%	
	1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	UJ	%RSD > 15%	
	Chlorobenzene	UJ	%RSD > 15%	
202204	Acetone	All R except 12b-021721 and -021724 which were J	Contin. Cal RRF < 0.05	All samples
	2-butanone	All UJ except 12b-021720 and -021724 which were J	%RSD > 15% and %D > 20%	
	Methylene chloride	UJ	%RSD > 15% and %D > 20%	
	4-methyl-2-pentanone	All UJ except 12b-021723, which was J	%RSD > 15%	
	Chloromethane	UJ	%RSD > 15%	
	Bromomethane	UJ	%RSD > 15%	
	Chloroethane	UJ	%RSD > 15%	
	Cis-1,3-dichloropropene	UJ	%D > 20%	
201924	Acetone	R for TRIP BLANK, and J for 12b-021715 and -021717	RRF < 0.05	All samples
	2-butanone	R	RRF < 0.05	All samples

SDG	Parameter	Qualifier	Reason for Qualification	Samples Affected
201523	Acetone	All GWRI samps are J except 23b-021661, UJ	RRF < 0.05, %RSD > 15%, and %D > 20%	All samples
	2-butanone	UJ	%RSD > 15% and %D > 20%	All samples
	Methylene chloride	All GWRI samps are UJ except 12b-021663 is J	%RSD > 15%	All samples
	Chloromethane	UJ	%D > 20%	All samples. Except 23b-021661
	Bromomethane	UJ	%RSD > 15% and %D > 20%	All samples
201638	Acetone	J	RRF < 0.05; RSD > 15%	12b-021708, -021710, -021711, 021714, and -021
		UJ		12b-021664, -021670, -021699, -021700, -021701, -021702, and 23b-021668
	2-butanone	UJ	RRF < 0.05; RSD > 15%; %D > 20%	All samples
	Methylene chloride	J 12b-021702 and -021714; UJ 23b-021668, 12b-021699, -021700, 021701, and -021708	%RSD > 15%	23b-021668, 12b-021702, -021714, -021699, 021700, 021701, and -021708
	Bromomethane	UJ	%RSD > 15%	All samples
201507	Acetone	UJ	RRF < 0.05; %D > 20%	All samples
	Bromomethane	UJ	%RSD > 15% and %D > 20%	All samples
	2-butanone	UJ	%D > 20%	12b-021651 and -021652
	Methylene chloride	UJ	%RSD > 15%	All samples
	Chloromethane	UJ for all except J for 12b-021649	%D > 20%	All samples
203763	Bromomethane	UJ	%D > 20%	All samples
	2-butanone	UJ	%RSD > 15% and %D > 20%	All samples
	Methylene chloride	UJ	%RSD > 15% and %D > 20%	All samples
	2-hexanone	UJ	%D > 20%	All samples

6.2 BLANKS

6.2.1 Wet Chemistry Parameters

Several samples were analyzed for the wet chemistry parameters nitrate, sulfate, sulfide, ammonia, BOD, COD, methane, total organic carbon (TOC), and total phosphorus.

SDG 202237

Based upon the method blank results and equipment blank results, the total phosphorus result for 12b-021729 was reported as non-detected (U) at the reported concentration.

SDG 203211

Due to the method blank and continuing calibration blank (CCB) results (highest value was 0.306 milligrams per liter [mg/L]), the sulfate result for sample 23b-021735 (0.33 mg/L) was qualified as non-detected (U) at the reported concentration.

Due to the phosphorus CCB result of 0.0043 mg/L, the phosphorus result for sample 20a-021733 (0.0166 mg/L) was qualified as non-detected (U) at the reported concentration.

The TOC result for sample 20a-021733 (0.55 mg/L), 23b-021734 (0.78 mg/L), and 23b-021735 (0.80 mg/L), were qualified as non-detected (U) at the reported concentration due to method blank and CCB results.

SDG 201523

The BOD result for sample equipment blank 12b-021657 was reported as non-detected at the reported concentration due to a method blank BOD level of 0.40 mg/L.

The TOC results for samples 12b-021657, 20a-021659 and 23b-021661 were reported as non-detected at the reported concentration due to a TOC initial calibration blank result of 0.54 mg/L.

Based upon the nitrate rinseate blank result of 0.031 mg/L, nitrate was reported as non-detected (U) at the reported concentration for sample 23b-021661.

SDG 203763

There was either no blank contamination or sample concentrations were greater than blank action levels so that no qualifications were required based upon blank contamination.

6.2.2 Elements

All initial and continuing calibration blank results for iron and manganese were reported as non-detected for the ICP analyses and all preparation blank results were reported as non-detected (U) for SDGs 202237, 203211, and 203763.

6.2.3 Volatile Organic Compounds

All the field and/or laboratory blanks were non-detect for benzene. The following discussion summarized those compounds present in field and laboratory blanks.

SDG 201507

There was no contamination in the method blanks. Based upon the rinseate and trip blank contamination, the following qualifications were made:

Chloromethane (maximum blank concentration of 0.6 micrograms per liter [$\mu\text{g/L}$] in the rinseate blank) - qualified UJ in 12b-021651 and -021652;

Toluene (maximum blank concentration of 0.2 $\mu\text{g/L}$ in the trip blank) - qualified U in 12b-021652;

Acetone (maximum blank concentration of 19 $\mu\text{g/L}$ in the rinseate blank) - all results qualified UJ;

Methylene chloride (maximum blank concentration of 0.5 $\mu\text{g/L}$ in the trip blank) - all results qualified UJ.

SDG 201638

This SDG contained four method blanks, four trip blanks, and two rinseate blanks. There was methylene chloride detected in the method blanks, trip blanks, and rinseate blanks. Acetone and toluene were detected in the trip blanks and rinseate blanks, and chloroform was detected in one trip blank only. Qualifications made based upon the maximum concentration of each parameter in any of the blanks are given in **Table 6-2**.

Table 6-2
Qualifications Based upon the Maximum Concentration
of Each Parameter in any of the Blanks

Parameter	Maximum Blank Concentration	Action Level	Sample Qualifiers
Methylene chloride	5	50	Non-detect U in 12b-021708DL, -021670, -021711, -021702, -021714, and 23b-021668
Acetone	240	2400	Estimated non-detect, UJ, at the reported concentrations for samples 12b-021670, -021701, and -021699.
Toluene	0.2	1.0	No data validation qualifiers *
Chloroform	0.1	1.0	Non-detect U in sample 12b-021664

Notes: *Data is reported as estimated J for results falling between the MDL and reporting limit.

SDG 201924

There was one trip blank and no equipment rinseate. Only methylene chloride was detected in the method and trip blanks at a maximum concentration of 0.5 $\mu\text{g/L}$. The trip blank result was qualified non-detect due to the method blank result of 0.4 $\mu\text{g/L}$. Methylene chloride was not detected in field samples 12b-021715 and -021717 so qualifications were required.

SDG 202204

The results of two equipment rinseates and two trip blanks were evaluated for this SDG. The trip blank and rinseate blank methylene chloride results were qualified non-detect, U, due to the methylene chloride concentration in the method blank. Based upon the methylene chloride method blank results, methylene chloride results in non-blank field samples 12b-021719, -021720, -021723, and -021724 were qualified non-detect, U. These qualifiers were changed to estimated non-detect (UJ) based upon initial and continuing calibration results.

SDG 203588

There were no equipment blanks or trip blanks reported with this SDG. Therefore, only method blank contamination was evaluated. The methylene chloride result for sample 23b-021740 was qualified as non-detected (U) at the reported concentration due to contamination at 0.48 µg/L in the method blank. This qualifier was changed to estimated non-detect (UJ) based upon initial and continuing calibration results.

SDG 0302099

There were no equipment blanks or trip blanks reported with this SDG. The one reported laboratory method blank showed no contamination. Therefore, no qualifications were required.

SDG 0303084

There were no equipment blanks and one trip blank reported with this SDG. Neither the trip blank nor the one reported laboratory method blank showed any contamination. Therefore, no qualifications were required.

SDG 203211

No equipment rinseate blanks, one trip blank, and one laboratory method blank were reported with this SDG. Methylene chloride results in the trip blanks, as well as in field samples 20a-021733 and 23b-021735 were qualified non-detect U at the reported concentration due to contamination of 0.5 to 0.8 µg/L in the two method blanks. The methylene chloride results for these samples were later qualified as non-detected estimated (UJ) due to initial calibration %RSD results. Acetone reported in one of the method blanks required qualification of the acetone result in sample 23b-021735 as non-detect. This qualifier was changed to rejected (R) due to acetone LCS/LCD results.

SDG 201523

There were two equipment rinseate blanks, two trip blanks, and four laboratory method blanks associated with this SDG. Only toluene was detected in the method blanks at 0.12 µg/L, and that concentration represented the maximum toluene concentration in any of the blanks. All samples associated with that blank were non-detect for toluene so qualifiers were required. Acetone and methylene chloride were detected in both the rinseate and trip blanks at maximum levels of 7 and 0.6 µg/L, respectively. All positive acetone results and the methylene chloride result in sample 23b-021661 were qualified estimated non-detect (UJ) due to rinseate blank contamination and initial and continuing calibration results.

SDG 203763

Methylene chloride was detected in the trip and rinseate blanks, but these results were qualified non-detect due to methylene chloride contamination (maximum level of 0.64 µg/L) in the method blanks. The non-blank field sample result for methylene chloride in this SDG sample was non-detect, so no qualification was required. Acetone was detected in both the trip and rinseate blanks so the acetone result in 23b-021742 was qualified undetected (U) at the reported concentration. Chloroform was detected in the rinseate blank at 0.2 µg/L but was non-detect in the non-blank field sample so no qualification was required.

TOC was reported at 2.1 mg/L in field rinsate blank 23b-021741. The positive result for TOC in the only non-blank SDG sample 23b-021742, which was less than 5X the blank amount, was flagged as undetected (U).

6.3 MATRIX SPIKE (MS) AND MATRIX SPIKE / MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATE (MS/MSD)

In SDGs 201523, 203211, 203763, and 202237, only non-Maywood samples were used as matrix spikes for iron and manganese. Iron and manganese met acceptance criteria of 75 to 125% spike recovery in those SDGs.

For wet chemistry parameters, all spike recoveries were within acceptance limits for SDG 201523, 202237, and 203763. In SDG 203211, all MS results met laboratory acceptance criteria for percent recovery, except one of the four COD MS. The non-compliant MS result was analyzed using a non-Maywood sample that had an inherently high COD result. The Maywood samples were all reported by the laboratory as non-detected (U) for COD. The Maywood sample results for COD were therefore evaluated against the other three COD MS, some of which were analyzed using samples with lower native COD values. No Maywood COD values were qualified due to MS results.

For VOCs, no MS/MSD sample pair was submitted for SDGs 203211, 203588, and 201924. Accuracy could not be evaluated in the sample matrix but was evaluated for the method from the LCS and LCSD. Non-Maywood samples were analyzed as MS/MSD pairs in SDGs 202204, 201638, and 201507. MS/MSD recoveries were within limits for all spike compounds. For SDGs 203763, 0303084, and 201523, Maywood samples were used to generate MS/MSD QC samples. All spike recovery acceptance criteria were met for MS/MSD results in these SDGs. In SDG 0303084, spike compound 1,1-dichloroethene was substituted for cis-1,2-dichloroethene and trans-1,2-dichloroethene. Shaw was notified of this discrepancy at the time of analysis and instructed the laboratory to continue with the analysis. No qualifications were made to cis-1,2-dichloroethene and trans-1,2-dichloroethene results based upon this substitution.

6.4 LABORATORY CONTROL SAMPLE / LABORATORY CONTROL SAMPLE DUPLICATE (LCS/LCSD)

All LCS/LCSD percent recoveries (%Rs) and relative percent differences (RPDs) between %Rs were within acceptance criteria except for the following:

In VOC SDG 203211, the RPDs between LCS and LCSD %Rs were 31, 30, and 63%, for 1,1-dichloroethene, acetone, and 2-butanone, respectively. The maximum acceptable RPD is 20%. USACE guidance states that the sample results associated with these outside of criteria LCSs are to be rejected; so, the 1,1-dichloroethene, acetone, and 2-butanone results were rejected in samples 20a-021731, 23b-021734, and 23b-021735.

In VOC SDG 203588, the acetone LCS and LCSD recoveries were 146 and 182%, respectively, and the RPD between these recoveries was 22%. The acetone result for sample 23b-021740, the lone sample comprising this SDG, was rejected as per USACE guidance.

In SDG 203763, the 2-hexanone LCS %R was 22%, slightly higher than the 20% maximum criterion. The validator did not qualify the 2-hexanone results since 2-hexanone is not a usual spike compound and only the RPD exceeded limits.

The impacts of the rejected data to the investigation is inconsequential since benzene data was not impacted due to poor LCS/LCSD data.

6.5 SURROGATE RECOVERIES

All surrogate recoveries for the VOC analyses were within acceptance criteria with the following exceptions:

In SDG 203763, the %R of toluene-d8 was 214% for sample 23b-021742, which exceeded the 70-127% QC limits. The Case Narrative states that these sample results exhibited “suppression of internal standard areas, a surrogate recovery out of criteria and high TIC peaks.” This sample was reanalyzed at a 2 times dilution with acceptable surrogate recoveries. For SDG 201638, the toluene-d8 recovery in sample 12b-021708 was 50% (acceptance criteria 70-127%). No corrective action was taken; therefore, all VOC results in sample 12b-021708, a rinseate blank, were rejected.

6.6 FIELD AND LABORATORY DUPLICATES

In SDG 201924 for VOCs, samples 12b-021715 and 12b-021717 were a field duplicate pair. All precision criteria were met for the two sample results. No other field duplicate pairs were submitted for VOCs. The project-required field duplicate collection percentage is 5%. One VOC field duplicate was collected for 18 non-blank field samples, a percentage of 5.5%; therefore the duplicate percentage requirement was met.

There were no field duplicates submitted with any of the 11 non-blank field samples for iron and manganese and wet chemistry parameters; therefore the duplicate percentage requirement was not met for these parameters.

Laboratory duplicates were analyzed with every batch for iron and manganese and wet chemistry parameter batches. All precision criteria were met.

6.7 ICP INTERFERENCE CHECK SAMPLE AND SERIAL DILUTION RESULTS (ELEMENTS ONLY)

All ICP interference check sample criteria were met. In SDG 202237 for iron and manganese total and dissolved analyses, sample 12b-021729 was analyzed as the ICP serial dilution sample. The iron and manganese ICP serial dilution results differed by 11.6 and 15.3% from the original analysis for iron and manganese, respectively (acceptance criterion maximum is 10%). The iron and manganese results for sample 12b-021729, total and dissolved, were reported as estimated (J).

6.8 HOLDING TIMES

All sample analyses holding time requirements were met.

7.0 REFERENCES

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ATTACHMENT A*

DATA VALIDATION REPORTS

Note: *Due to its size, Attachment A is presented electronically on a CD-ROM.

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ATTACHMENT B*

DATA PACKAGES

Note: *Due to its size, Attachment B is presented electronically on a CD-ROM

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ATTACHMENT C**
SITE REMEDIATION PROGRAM ELECTRONIC DATA INTERCHANGE
MANUAL AND HAZSITE DELIVERABLE

Note: **Due to regulatory requirements, the HAZSITE Deliverable portion of Attachment C is presented electronically on a CD-ROM

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