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Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial  
Action Program (FUSRAP)

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## **Maywood Chemical Company Superfund Site**

### **ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD**

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**Document Number**

**MISS – 162**

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**US Army Corps  
of Engineers®**

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Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program (FUSRAP)  
Contract No. DACW45-98-D-0028

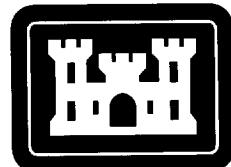
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## **Final Post-Remedial Action Report for 14 Long Valley Road**

**Lodi, New Jersey**

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December 2001



**US Army Corps  
of Engineers**

**FINAL POST-REMEDIAL ACTION REPORT**

**FOR**

**14 LONG VALLEY ROAD**

**IN**

**LODI, NEW JERSEY**

**DECEMBER 2001**

**Prepared for**

**U.S. Army Corps of Engineers**

**Under Contract No. DACW45-98-D-0028**

**By**

**Bechtel National, Inc.**

**Oak Ridge, Tennessee**

**Bechtel Job No. 14501**

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## ACRONYMS

ANL	Argonne National Laboratory
ALARA	as low as reasonably achievable
BEIDMS	Bechtel Environmental Integrated Database Management System
BNI	Bechtel National, Inc.
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act
DCG	derived concentration guide
DOE	U.S. Department of Energy
EE/CA	engineering evaluation/cost analysis
EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
FUSRAP	Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program
IVC	independent verification contractor
MCW	Maywood Chemical Works
MISS	Maywood Interim Storage Site
MVP	Maywood Vicinity Property
ORNL	Oak Ridge National Laboratory
PIC	pressurized ionization chamber
PPE	personal protective equipment
QC	quality control
SEC	Safety and Ecology Corporation
USACE	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

## **UNITS OF MEASURE**

cm	centimeter
dpm	disintegrations per minute
ft	foot
g	gram
h	hour
in.	inch
km	kilometer
L	liter
$\mu$ Ci	microcurie
$\mu$ R	microroentgen
m	meter
mi	mile
mL	milliliter
mrem	millirem
pCi	picocurie
yd	yard
yr	year

## **1.0 INTRODUCTION**

### **1.1 BACKGROUND**

This report documents the remedial action conducted under the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program (FUSRAP) during 1998 at 14 Long Valley Road in Lodi, New Jersey. The purpose of this report is to document the compliance of areas remediated on the property with applicable federal radiological guidelines and to summarize and provide the results of final remediation data. Remedial action at 14 Long Valley Road was conducted under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) in compliance with an engineering evaluation/cost analysis (EE/CA) (BNI 1995a).

The property 14 Long Valley Road is part of the Maywood Interim Storage Site (MISS). The Maywood site is located in Bergen County, New Jersey, approximately 20 km (12 mi) north-northwest of New York City and 21 km (13 mi) northeast of Newark, New Jersey (Figure 1-1). It consists of the MISS; the Stepan Chemical Company site; and 85 Maywood vicinity properties (MVPs) in the boroughs of Maywood and Lodi and the township of Rochelle Park. This property is approximately 1.2 km (0.75 mi) from MISS (Figure 1-2). The MISS and its vicinity properties are also included within FUSRAP.

FUSRAP was established in 1974 to identify and clean up, or otherwise control, sites where residual radioactive contamination remains from the early years of the nation's atomic energy program or where contamination remains from commercial operations that have caused conditions that Congress has authorized FUSRAP to remedy. The Maywood site was assigned to FUSRAP in 1984 after the cleanup was authorized by the US Congress in the Energy and Water Appropriations Act.

The objectives of FUSRAP, as they apply to the Maywood site, are

- to remove or otherwise control contamination on sites identified as contaminated at levels exceeding current guidelines, and
- to achieve and maintain compliance with applicable criteria for the protection of human health and the environment.

The Department of Energy (DOE) administered FUSRAP until October 1997, when management of the program was transferred to USACE. Bechtel National, Inc. (BNI), the project management contractor, assisted USACE in the planning, management, and implementation of the cleanup of 14 Long Valley Road. Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL) was the

independent verification contractor (IVC) assigned by USACE to provide autonomous assurance that site conditions after completion of the remedial action met the radiological cleanup criteria.

## **1.2 HISTORY**

### **1.2.1 Prior Remedial Actions**

From 1916 to 1959, the former Maywood Chemical Works (MCW) extracted radioactive thorium and rare earths from monazite sand for use in manufacturing industrial products such as mantles for gas lanterns. Slurry that contained waste from the thorium-processing operations was pumped to earthen diked areas. Nearby properties became contaminated when some process wastes, along with tea and coca leaves from other MCW operations, were removed from the MCW property and used as mulch and fill. Additional waste apparently migrated from the MCW property through natural drainage associated with the former Lodi Brook. In all, 87 commercial, governmental, and residential vicinity properties became radioactively contaminated by these transport mechanisms. A comprehensive history can be found in the CERCLA EE/CA documentation prepared for this activity (BNI 1995a).

Twenty-five residential properties and the Ballod property were remediated during 1984–85, and a property at 90 Avenue C was partially remediated during that period. Remediation of five residential properties, including 90 Avenue C, was completed during 1995. The MISS pile was removed in 1996, and material was transported to an offsite disposal facility. Additionally, eight other residential properties (7 Branca Court, 11 Redstone Lane, and 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, and 26 Long Valley Road) were remediated during 1996, and three more (5 and 7 Shady Lane, and 34 Long Valley Road) were completed in 1997. USACE remediation of 14 Long Valley Road was part of the remediation of 23 MVPs and 5 additional properties in Lodi and Maywood during 1997 through 1999.

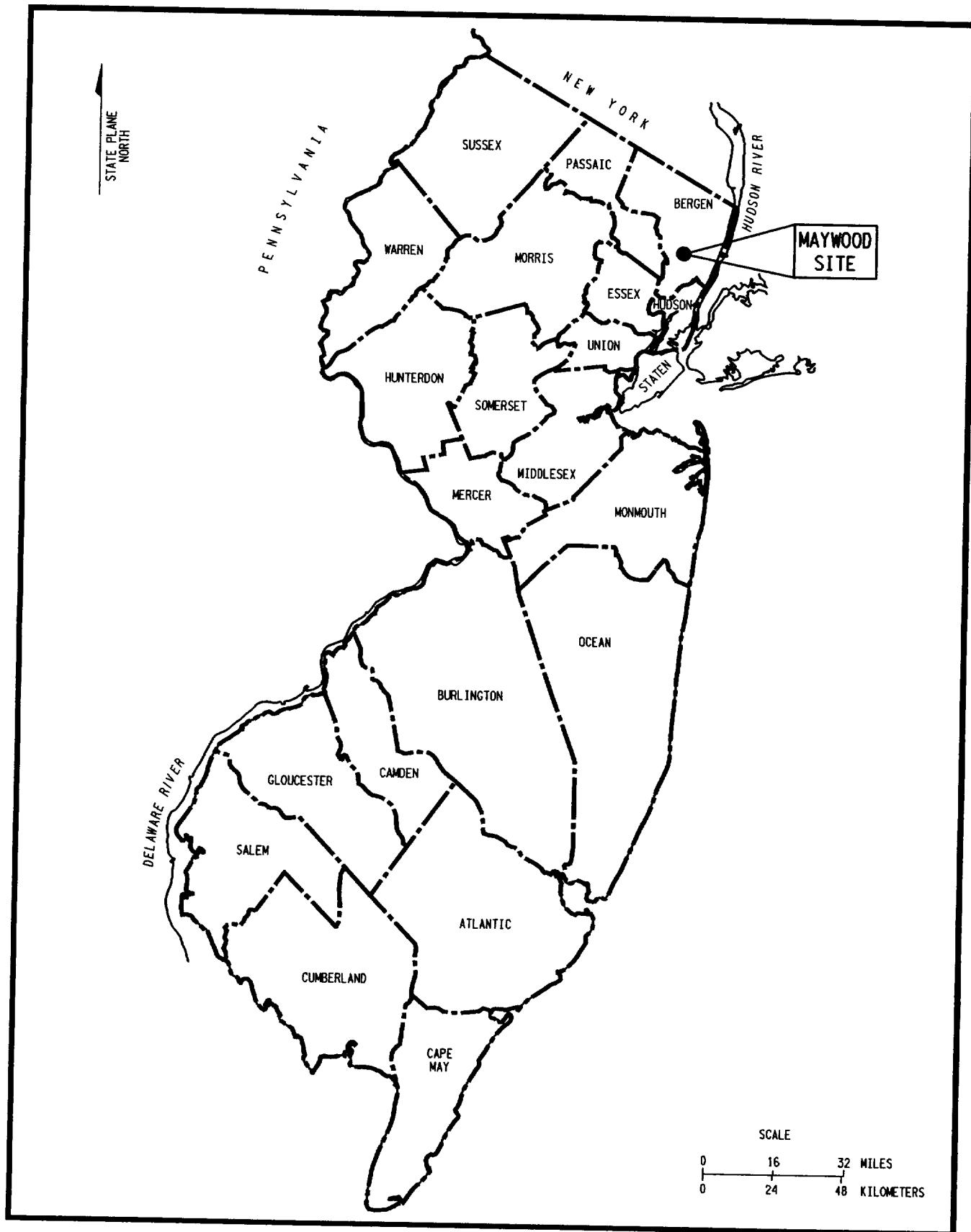
### **1.2.2 Characterization Before Current Remedial Action**

Initial radiological characterization of 14 Long Valley Road to determine if the property should be included in FUSRAP was performed by ORNL in 1987 (ORNL 1989). Because sampling results exceeded applicable federal guidelines, the property was designated for inclusion in the program. Subsequent radiological testing by BNI occurred in 1987.

In 1987, testing was performed to locate the horizontal and vertical boundaries of contamination (BNI 1989). The contamination was surface and subsurface contamination ranging from a depth of 0.0 m (0.0 ft) to 0.6 m (2.0 ft).

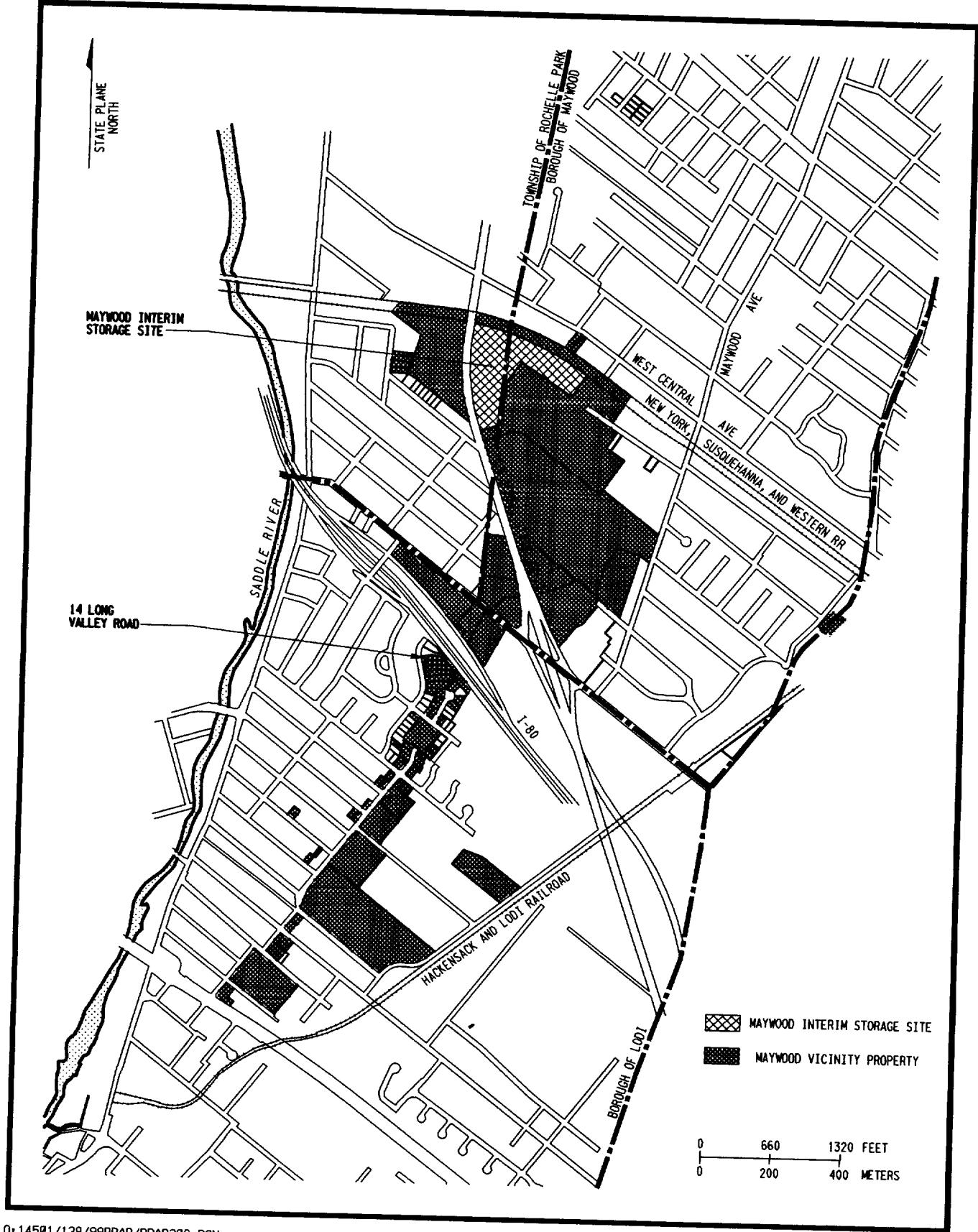
Figure 1-3 shows the approximate area of subsurface contamination estimated by 1987 radiological characterization activities. Characterization results indicated contamination ranging from 0.0 to 0.6 m (0.0 to 2.0 ft) deep, based on the results of borehole logs and sample data. The data was then extrapolated to define the approximate boundaries of contamination. Also shown in Figure 1-3, a small area south of the wood steps was identified to be contaminated based on the results of surface gamma scans and samples taken in 1998 prior to remediation.

Details on post-remedial action surveys and sampling results are provided in Section 4.0.



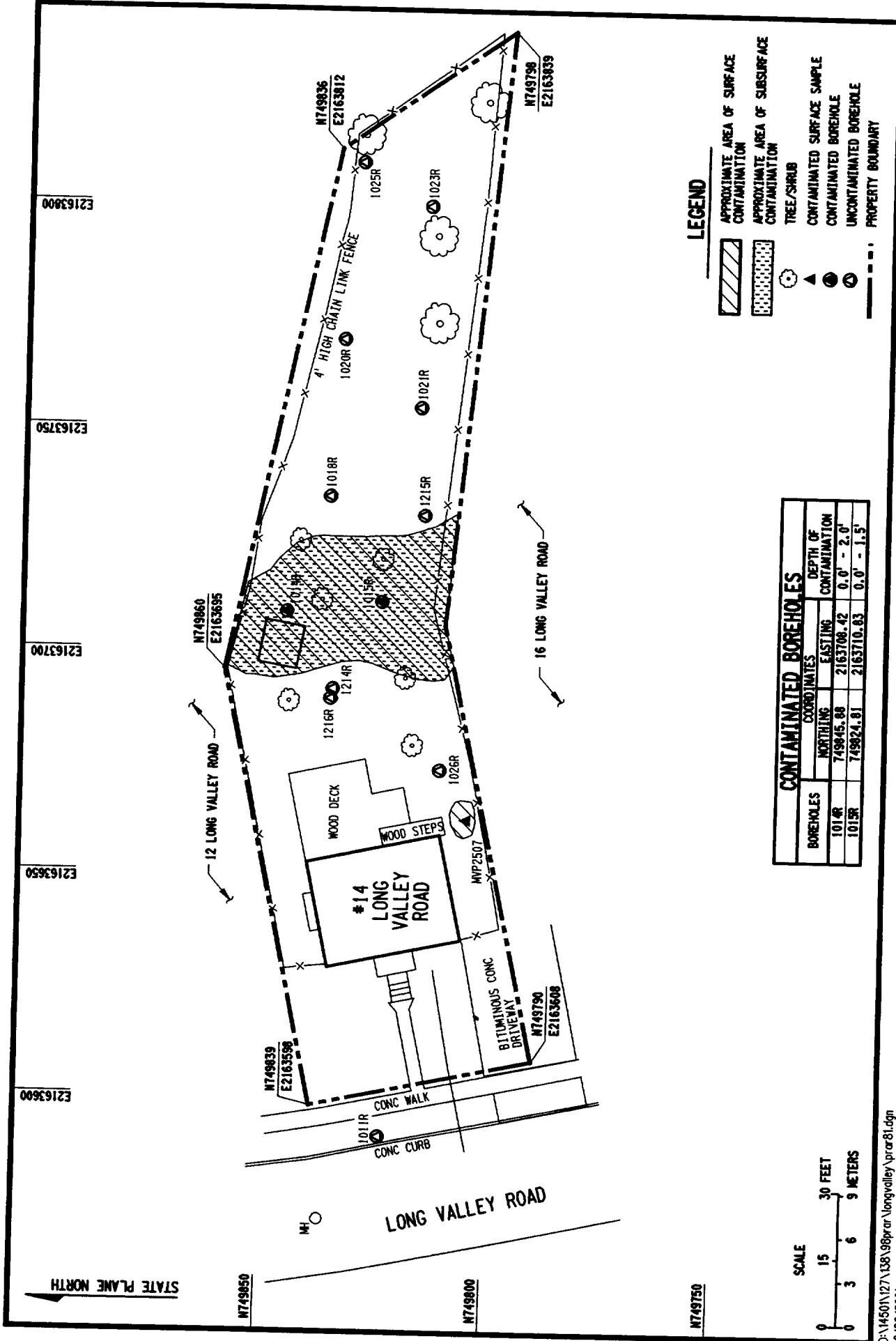
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**Figure 1-1**  
**Location of the Maywood Site**  
**Bergen County, New Jersey**



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**Figure 1-2**  
**Location of 14 Long Valley Road**



**Figure 1-3**  
**Approximate Area of Surface and Subsurface Contamination**  
**14 Long Valley Road**

## **2.0 REMEDIATION CRITERIA**

Remediation activities at 14 Long Valley Road were conducted in accordance with the federal cleanup criteria contained in the 1994 agreement between U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and DOE and in accordance with the remedy provided in the CERCLA EE/CA prepared for properties comprising Phase 1 of MVP cleanup. The cleanup criteria contained in these documents were adopted by USACE to allow for cleanup of the MVPs addressed in the EE/CA to continue under USACE management without disruption.

These documents are contained in the Administrative Record established for the Maywood site and are available for review at the USACE Information Center in the Borough of Maywood.

### **2.1 EPA AGREEMENT WITH DOE**

The agreement between EPA and DOE reached in April 1994 establishes cleanup levels for radionuclide contamination in soil at all properties on the Maywood site (DOE 1994). Soil on Phase 1 properties, regardless of depth, is to be remediated to 5 pCi/g above background for thorium-232 and radium-226.

### **2.2 EE/CA**

In September 1995, DOE made available for public review and comment the EE/CA announcing the preferred remedy for the cleanup of residential and other properties included in Phase 1 of cleanup activities at the Maywood site (BNI 1995a). The final EE/CA adopts the criteria for radionuclides contained in the EPA/DOE agreement and other site-specific, federal criteria developed for radionuclides of concern at the MVPs.

### **2.3 SITE-SPECIFIC TOTAL URANIUM GUIDELINE**

In the absence of promulgated federal criteria for total uranium in soil, a site-specific criterion was developed for the Maywood site by the Argonne National Laboratory (ANL), an agency of the DOE. To develop the guideline for total uranium, site-specific soil data was used to determine the level of uranium that would result in the maximum public exposure limit of 100 mrem/yr for all plausible uses of land. The site-specific guideline for Maywood was developed based on hypothetical but reasonable exposure pathways from the site.

Based on the ANL analysis, the uranium limit is well below the dose guideline of 100 mrem/yr (910 pCi/g), which must be met under all worst case, plausible scenarios, including the assumed residential and agricultural use (BNI 1994). An as low as reasonably achievable (ALARA) analysis was conducted by DOE. The 100 pCi/g total uranium limit is considered

acceptable since no potential benefit is expected from a lower value due to the uranium being co-located with the thorium. Remediation of thorium contaminated soils will result in residual uranium concentrations much lower than 100 pCi/g (BNI 1994). The resulting uranium-238 guideline is 50 pCi/g, assuming that uranium exists in the naturally occurring abundance of 1:1:0.046 for uranium-234, uranium-238, and uranium-235, respectively (Shleien 1992).

## **2.4 APPLICATION OF CRITERIA**

Historical data indicate that radioactive contamination at the MVPs consisted primarily of thorium-232 but also included uranium-238 and radium-226 and their decay products. Table 2-1 lists the residual contamination guidelines for these radionuclides and release of the Phase 1 MVPs without radiological restrictions. The following sections address key principles associated with the application of radiological criteria and assessment of compliance.

Appendix A includes a brief introduction to the nature, sources, and basic units of radiation.

### **2.4.1 Radionuclides of Concern**

Radionuclides of concern at the Maywood site are thorium-232, radium-226, and uranium-238, identified based on the following:

- Reconstruction of the process used by the MCW to extract thorium, and
- Analysis of soil samples collected during the remedial investigation for radionuclides.

The explanation below discusses the thorium-232 and uranium-238 radioactive decay series, and then the results of remedial investigation sampling.

In unprocessed, undisturbed ores, thorium-232 coexists with all of the decay products in the thorium decay series and is often found in secular equilibrium, a state in which each radionuclide in the decay series has the same decay rate (activity) as the parent (thorium-232). Substantial amounts of thorium-232 and thorium-228 would be removed in the extraction process, leaving primarily decay products. The waste component would also contain unextracted thorium-232 and thorium-228. Due to the relatively short half-lives of their decay products, these radionuclides would reestablish equilibrium in 30 to 40 years. One of these decay products is radon-220, a gas that would be released by emission from exposed surfaces and would decay elsewhere.

Uranium-238 is also present in monazite ore (at lower concentrations), and its decay products would also be in secular equilibrium. Due to low natural abundance of these radionuclides and their low concentrations in the waste material, the total activity contributed by their decay series is only a small fraction of the total activity of the waste. Thorium-230 concentrations are expected to be lower than radium-226 based on the fact that the processing would remove most of thorium-230.

To determine whether secular equilibrium existed between thorium-232 and its daughters in contaminated soils at the Maywood site, five percent of all remedial investigation soil samples analyzed for uranium-238, radium-226, and thorium-232 were also randomly selected for isotopic analysis (radium-226, radium-228, uranium-238, uranium-235, uranium-234, thorium-232, thorium-230, and thorium-228). Fifty-four samples, representative of the sampling conducted at the Maywood site, excluding MISS, were selected.

Although a small number of samples were not in equilibrium, all contained progeny of the thorium-232 and uranium-238 decay series. It was therefore concluded that because all samples were analyzed for uranium-238, radium-226, and thorium-232, all radionuclides of interest at the Maywood site were detected. The results are provided in the remedial investigation done for the Maywood FUSRAP site (BNI 1992).

#### **2.4.2 Background Levels**

Because cleanup guidelines are based on radioactivity in addition to background levels, it was important to establish the levels of naturally occurring background radioactivity in soils near the site. Background data serve as a frame of reference for evaluating analytical data from the vicinity properties because they represent conditions typical of the areas unaffected by former MCW activities. During the remedial investigation, soil samples were obtained from three background locations in the general area of the vicinity properties. The locations were selected on the basis of their proximity to the site, relative independence from potential influence of the site, and representativeness of area land uses. The background locations are shown in Figure 2-1. Samples from these background areas were analyzed for radium-226, thorium-232, and uranium-238. Background external gamma radiation exposure rates were also measured at these three background locations using a pressurized ionization chamber (PIC). The average concentration of thorium-232 in background samples was 1.0 pCi/g, with a range of 0.9 to 1.1 pCi/g.

The average background concentration of radium-226 was 0.7 pCi/g with a range of 0.5 to 0.8 pCi/g. The average background concentration of uranium-238 was 2.9 pCi/g with a range of

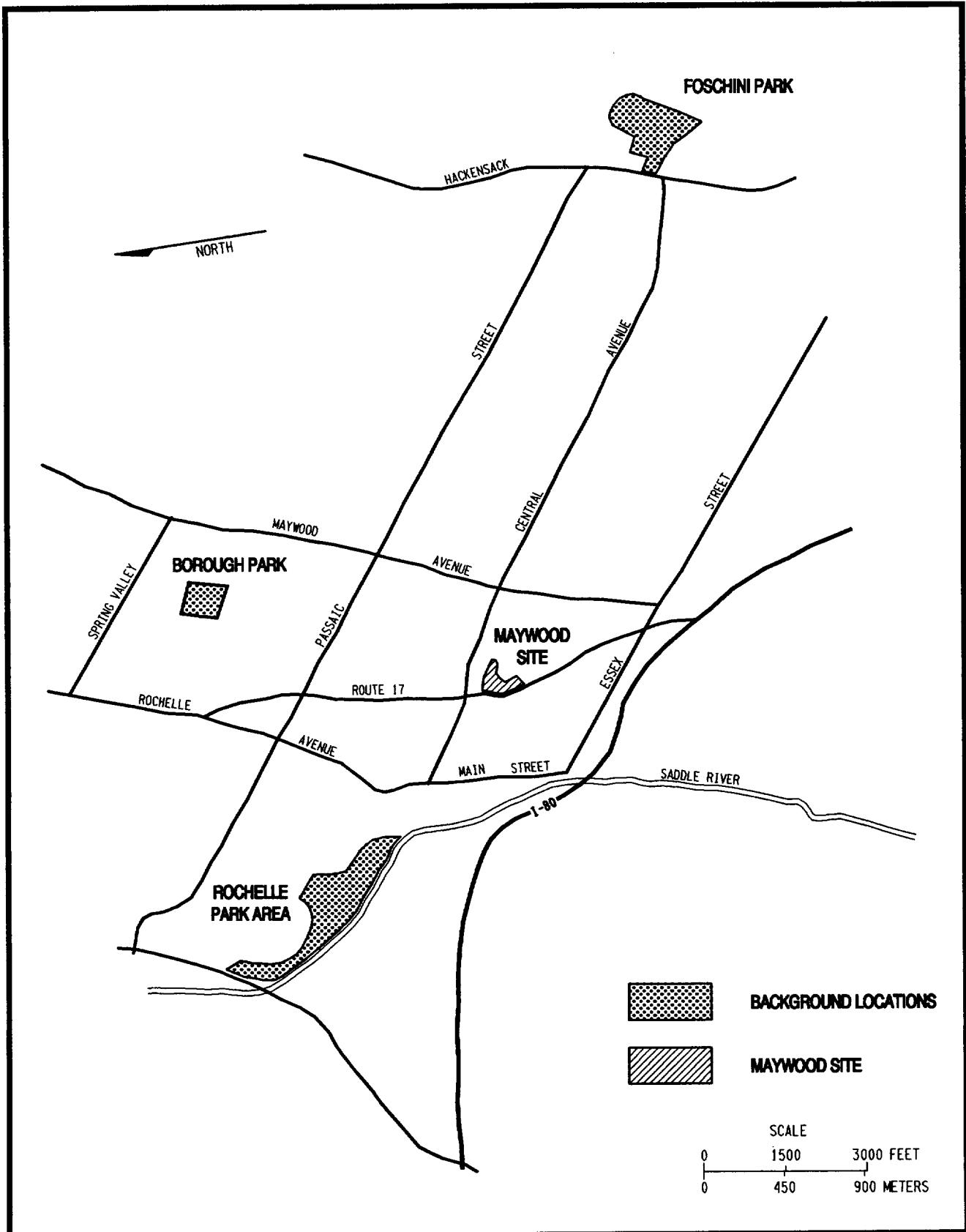
2.4 to 3.5 pCi/g (BNI 1992). The average background external radiation exposure rate was determined to be 9.0  $\mu$ R/h.

#### **2.4.3 Sum-of-Ratios Calculation**

Compliance with radionuclide criteria is determined by performing a sum-of-ratios calculation by first subtracting the background concentration for each isotope from the reported value for that isotope. If the net result of an isotope is negative, then the value for that isotope is reported as zero. The subtraction of background concentrations can cause the values of some isotopes to be reduced to 0, and in some cases this causes the sum of ratios to be 0 as well. Then the values are divided by the appropriate guideline number for thorium-232, uranium-238, and radium-226 (see Table 2-1 for guidelines). Finally, the three calculated values are summed. If the sum of the three calculated values is 1.0 or less, the soil is below the applicable guideline for radioactive contamination at Maywood and is thus considered clean.

#### **2.4.4 Hot Spot Criteria**

Hot spots are small areas that have levels of residual radioactive material that are considerably above the levels in the surrounding area. Residual concentrations of radioactive material in soil are defined as those in excess of background concentrations averaged over an area of  $100\text{ m}^2$ . If the average concentration in any surface or below-surface area less than or equal to  $25\text{ m}^2$  exceeds the limit or guideline by a factor of  $(100/A)^{1/2}$ , where A is the area in square meters of the region in which concentrations are elevated, limits for "hot spots" are applicable. Procedures for calculating these hot spot limits, which depend on the extent of the elevated local concentrations, are given in the supplement—"A Manual for Implementing Residual Radioactive Material Guidelines – A Supplement to U.S. Department of Energy Guidelines for Residual Radioactive Material at Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program and Surplus Facilities Management Program Sites" (ANL 1989). In addition, the standard requires that every reasonable effort be made to remove any source of radionuclide that exceeds 30 times the appropriate limit for soil, irrespective of the average concentration in the soil.



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**Figure 2-1**  
**Background Sampling Locations for**  
**the Maywood Interim Storage Site**

**Table 2-1**  
**Federal Guidelines for Residual Radioactive Contamination**

**Basic Dose Limits**

The basic limit for the annual radiation dose received by an individual member of the general public is 100 mrem/yr <sup>a</sup>. In implementing this limit, as-low-as-reasonably-achievable (ALARA) principles are applied to set site-specific guidelines.

**Soil Guidelines** <sup>b,c,d,e</sup>

Radium-226

Radium-228

Thorium-230

Thorium-232

Uranium <sup>f</sup>

5 pCi/g when averaged over any 15-cm (6-in.)-thick layer of soil regardless of depth.  
 100 pCi/g total uranium, 50 pCi/g uranium-238 (BNI 1994).

Radionuclide <sup>g</sup>	Allowable Surface Residual Contamination <sup>g</sup> (dpm/100 cm <sup>2</sup> )		
	Average <sup>h,i</sup>	Maximum <sup>h,j</sup>	Removable <sup>h,k</sup>
Transuranics, Ra-226, Ra-228, Th-230, Th-228, Pa-231, Ac-227, I-124, I-129	100	300	20
Th-Natural, Th-232, Sr-90, Ra-223, Ra-224, U-232, I-126, I-131, I-133	1,000	3,000	200
U-Natural, U-235, U-238, and associated decay products	5,000 <sup>a</sup>	15,000 <sup>a</sup>	1,000 <sup>a</sup>
Beta-gamma emitters (radionuclides with decay modes other than alpha emission or spontaneous fission except Sr-90 and others noted above)	5,000 <sup>b-y</sup>	15,000 <sup>b-y</sup>	1,000 <sup>b-y</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Department of Energy, 1990, Order 5400.5, "Radiation Protection of the Public and the Environment" (February 8).

<sup>b</sup> Soil guidelines are also used for sediment because there are no sediment guidelines. The soil guideline of 5 pCi/g regardless of depth is from DOE 1994.

<sup>c</sup> These guidelines take into account ingrowth of radium-226 from thorium-230 and of radium-228 from thorium-232, and assume secular equilibrium. If either thorium-230 and radium-226 or thorium-232 and radium-228 are both present, not in secular equilibrium, the guidelines apply to the higher concentration. If other mixtures of radionuclides occur, the concentrations of individual radionuclides must be reduced so that (1) the dose for the mixtures will not exceed the basic dose limit, or (2) the sum of ratios of the soil concentration of each radionuclide to the allowable limit for the radionuclide will not exceed 1 ("unity").

<sup>d</sup> These guidelines represent allowable residual concentration exceeding background levels averaged across any 15-cm (6-in.)-thick layer to any depth and over any contiguous 100-m<sup>2</sup> (1,076-ft<sup>2</sup>) surface area, except as noted.

<sup>e</sup> If the average concentration in any surface or below-surface area less than or equal to 25 m<sup>2</sup> (269 ft<sup>2</sup>) exceeds the authorized limit or guideline by a factor of  $(100/A)^{1/2}$ , where A is the area of the elevated region in square meters, limits for "hot spots" will also be applicable. Procedures for calculating these hot spot limits, which depend on the extent of the elevated local concentrations, are given in the supplement. In addition, every reasonable effort shall be made to remove any source of radionuclide that exceeds 30 times the appropriate limit for soil, irrespective of the average concentration in the soil.

<sup>f</sup> Guidelines are calculated on a site-specific basis using a DOE manual developed for this use.

<sup>g</sup> Where surface contamination by both alpha- and beta-gamma-emitting radionuclides exists, the limits established for alpha- and beta-gamma-emitting radionuclides should apply independently.

<sup>h</sup> Measurements of average contamination should not be averaged over more than 1 m<sup>2</sup> (10.8 ft<sup>2</sup>). For objects of less surface area, the average must be derived for each such object.

<sup>i</sup> The average and maximum radiation levels associated with surface contamination resulting from beta-gamma emitters should not exceed 0.2 mrad/h and 1.0 mrad/h, respectively, at 1 cm (0.4 in.).

<sup>j</sup> The maximum contamination level applies to an area of not more than 100 cm<sup>2</sup> (16 in.<sup>2</sup>).

<sup>k</sup> The amount of removable radioactive material per 100 cm<sup>2</sup> (16 in.<sup>2</sup>) of surface area should be determined by wiping that area with dry filter or soft absorbent paper, applying moderate pressure, and measuring the amount of radioactive material on the wipe with an appropriate instrument of known efficiency. When removable contamination on objects of surface area less than 100 cm<sup>2</sup> (16 in.<sup>2</sup>) is determined, the activity per unit area should be based on the actual area or the entire surface should be wiped. The numbers in this column are maximum amounts.

## **3.0 REMEDIAL ACTION**

### **3.1 CLEANUP ACTIVITIES**

Generally, pre-remediation work activities at 14 Long Valley Road consisted of documentation of existing conditions and preparation of the property for remedial action. This included the performance of inspections, the preparation of videotapes, and evaluation of building material for lead paint or asbestos content.

Prior to remediation, the results of characterization investigations were used to help plan remediation activities. As remediation was completed, soil samples were collected and analyzed to verify that residual radioactive material above the cleanup criteria had been removed. Additionally, exposure rate measurements were taken with a PIC to confirm that residual radiation levels were in compliance with applicable guidelines. Details are provided in Section 4.0.

The primary technique used in the remedial action was excavation of the contaminated materials. A jackhammer was used to break up concrete, asphalt, and debris before removal. Because of the limited working space available, small volumes of soil were removed with picks and shovels, while a backhoe was used to remove larger volumes. After remedial action, areas were restored to the condition agreed upon by the property owners.

After the material was excavated, direct gamma measurements were taken with an Eberline SPA-3 gamma scintillation detector. When survey results indicated that remediation was complete, post-remediation soil samples were collected from the excavated areas in accordance with the *FUSRAP Post-Remedial Action Survey Plan* (BNI 1996). The soil samples were sent to a laboratory at the MISS for gamma spectral analysis to ensure that all soils contaminated above the cleanup criteria had been removed. If the analysis showed that residual radioactive material exceeding criteria remained, then additional excavation was conducted and additional post-remedial action samples were collected and analyzed. The rationale for the sampling program and the analytical results are presented in Section 4.0.

Following verification that cleanup criteria had been met, excavated areas were either backfilled with clean fill purchased from a vendor or with clean soil, i.e., overburden, removed from other properties in the vicinity being remediated. Radiological results were compared to applicable guidelines identified in section 2.0. Chemical results were compared to applicable New Jersey soil cleanup criteria and site background concentrations (NJDEP 1996, BNI 1992). The results compared to applicable guidelines for backfill and clean overburden soil are provided in Section 4.1.

During remediation, approximately 135 m<sup>3</sup> (176 yd<sup>3</sup>) of radioactively contaminated soil was removed from 14 Long Valley Road (BNI 1999a). Excavated material was transported to the MISS, where it was loaded into railcars and shipped to the Envirocare of Utah disposal facility in Clive, Utah.

Details on the results of post-remedial action surveys and sampling are provided in Section 4.0. Information pertaining to contamination control during remedial action is provided in Appendix B.

## **4.0 POST-REMEDIAL ACTION MEASUREMENTS**

After each portion of the property was remediated, each area was surveyed to confirm that all radioactive contamination exceeding cleanup criteria had been removed. Safety and Ecology Corporation (SEC), a subcontractor to BNI, conducted the initial post-remediation surveys. Verification techniques included walkover gamma scans, external gamma radiation exposure rate measurements, and soil sampling. ORNL, as the IVC, performed independent verification surveys of the remediated areas using similar or identical survey techniques. The results of IVC final survey data and conclusions are to be issued as a separate report.

As excavation proceeded, walkover surface scans were conducted with an Eberline SPA-3 gamma scintillation detector to determine whether all soil that was radioactively contaminated in excess of the cleanup criteria had been removed from the remediated areas. The walkover survey provided immediate feedback so that additional excavation could be performed if residual contamination appeared to exceed remedial action guidelines. The area was scanned after each lift of soil was removed to verify that the contamination had been removed. Soil samples also were collected throughout the excavation and analyzed at the MISS laboratory as an additional verification measure on the surface scans.

In addition, external gamma radiation exposure rates were taken and measured with a PIC at 1 m (3 ft) above the ground surface in each open excavation prior to its backfilling with clean fill. PIC readings were compared with the background exposure rate ( $9.0 \mu\text{R}/\text{h}$ ) established for the area.

The procedure followed for performing post-remedial action sampling is provided in the "FUSRAP Post-Remedial Action Survey Plan" (BNI 1996). Upon completion of remediation, a survey grid of  $100 \text{ m}^2$  ( $1,076 \text{ ft}^2$ ) was established over the excavated area to conduct radiological surveys. If there were small irregularities in the excavated area, the total area for each grid did not exceed  $100 \text{ m}^2$  ( $1,076 \text{ ft}^2$ ). Composite post-remediation soil samples were collected (from a depth of 0 to 6 in.) from each remediated grid by taking individual samples [at a frequency of 25 per  $100 \text{ m}^2$  ( $1,076 \text{ ft}^2$ )] from each sample grid and compositing these individual samples into one sample for that grid. A bias sample was also collected from the bottom of the excavation at an area indicating the highest gamma reading for that grid. Soil sampling, using gamma spectroscopy, was the primary method used to confirm that all radioactive contamination exceeding the cleanup criteria had been removed. External gamma exposure rates were measured in excavated areas using a PIC.

Samples for radiological parameters were analyzed at the MISS laboratory. Samples for chemical analysis were sent to Adirondack laboratory in Albany, New York, or the RECRA

laboratory in Lionsville, Pennsylvania. In addition, approximately 10% of all samples collected for radiological analysis were sent to the Thermo NuTech laboratory in Oak Ridge, Tennessee, for independent analysis as a quality control (QC) measure. The samples sent to the independent laboratory primarily consisted of clean overburden, in-progress excavation, and post-remedial action bias and composite samples. The QC results are provided in Appendix C.

Additionally, material purchased from a vendor was used as backfill after remediation. Before the excavated areas were backfilled, samples were tested for radiological and chemical parameters to ensure the backfill material was not contaminated.

The radiological data packages were validated as required by project procedures. The post-remedial action radiological results are reported in Table D-1 (Appendix D).

#### **4.1 14 LONG VALLEY ROAD**

The property at 14 Long Valley Road includes a two-story house with a basement. The approximate areas of subsurface contamination are shown in Figure 1-3.

During remediation, surface scans were performed on each lift of soil removed to determine if the material was below or above the cleanup criteria. All soil exceeding the cleanup criteria was excavated and transported to the MISS for later shipment to Envirocare of Utah.

Clean soil from residential property excavations in addition to material obtained from off-site vendor(s) was used to backfill the site. Soils naturally contain certain metals and organic compounds. All sources of backfill were tested for radiological and chemical parameters. USACE review of this data indicates that the levels of contamination fall within or below the CERCLA (cancer) risk range of  $1 \times 10^{-4}$  to  $1 \times 10^{-6}$ . Radiological and chemical data associated with all backfill sources potentially used on this site are contained in Appendices E, F and G.

Prior to backfilling of excavated areas, EPA Region II did not perform chemical sampling because results for the samples collected earlier from Phase 1 MVPs detected no chemical contamination. The results were considered representative for this property (BNI 1998).

##### **4.1.1 Post-Remedial Action Survey**

Figure 4-1 shows the areas of excavation and property elevation contours. The areas and depths of excavation, grid locations, and locations of post-remedial action soil samples are shown in Figure 4-2. Seven samples were collected from four locations in grids 1 through 3 (see Figure 4-2).

The net result for each radionuclide reported in Table 4-1 is obtained by subtracting the background concentration for each radionuclide from the reported value for that radionuclide. If the net result of a radionuclide is negative, then the value for that radionuclide is reported as zero. As indicated in Table 4-1, the sum-of-ratios for each sample was below 1.

In post-remedial action composite samples, thorium-232, radium-226, and uranium-238 concentrations were not detected above background.

In post-remedial action bias samples, thorium-232 concentrations ranged from 0.0 pCi/g to 1.12 pCi/g; radium-226 and uranium-238 concentrations were not detected above background.

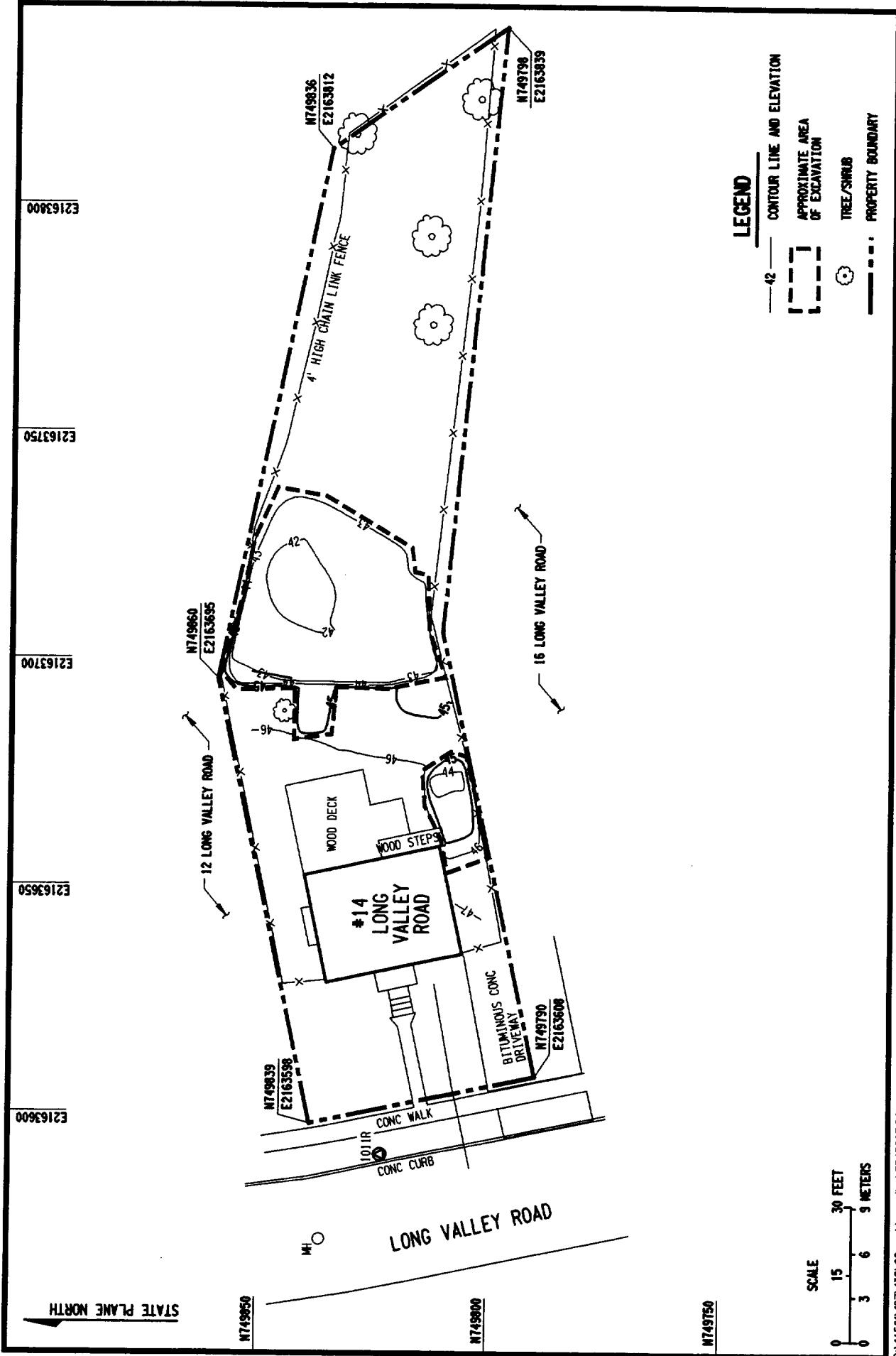
Figure 4-3 shows the locations of the four post-remedial action gamma exposure rate measurements taken with the PIC. The exposure rates ranged from 10.2 to 16.0  $\mu$ R/h; the background value is 9.0  $\mu$ R/h. The PIC readings were taken in excavated areas prior to backfilling as a remedial action evaluation survey. If PIC readings were elevated, the readings would have indicated potential exposure concerns thus indicating missed contamination above the release criteria and triggering additional excavation. Although the reported values are above background, they do not represent the final status of the property. The exposures from external gamma radiation would be further reduced after the excavations were backfilled with clean fill. The clean fill would cause a shielding and covering effect on the remaining soils, reducing gamma ray, dust, and radon exposures. Even without the clean fill and assuming continuous exposure at the point of measurement, the average additional dose calculated from measured gamma radiation exposure rates was below the remedial action level of 100 mrem/yr.

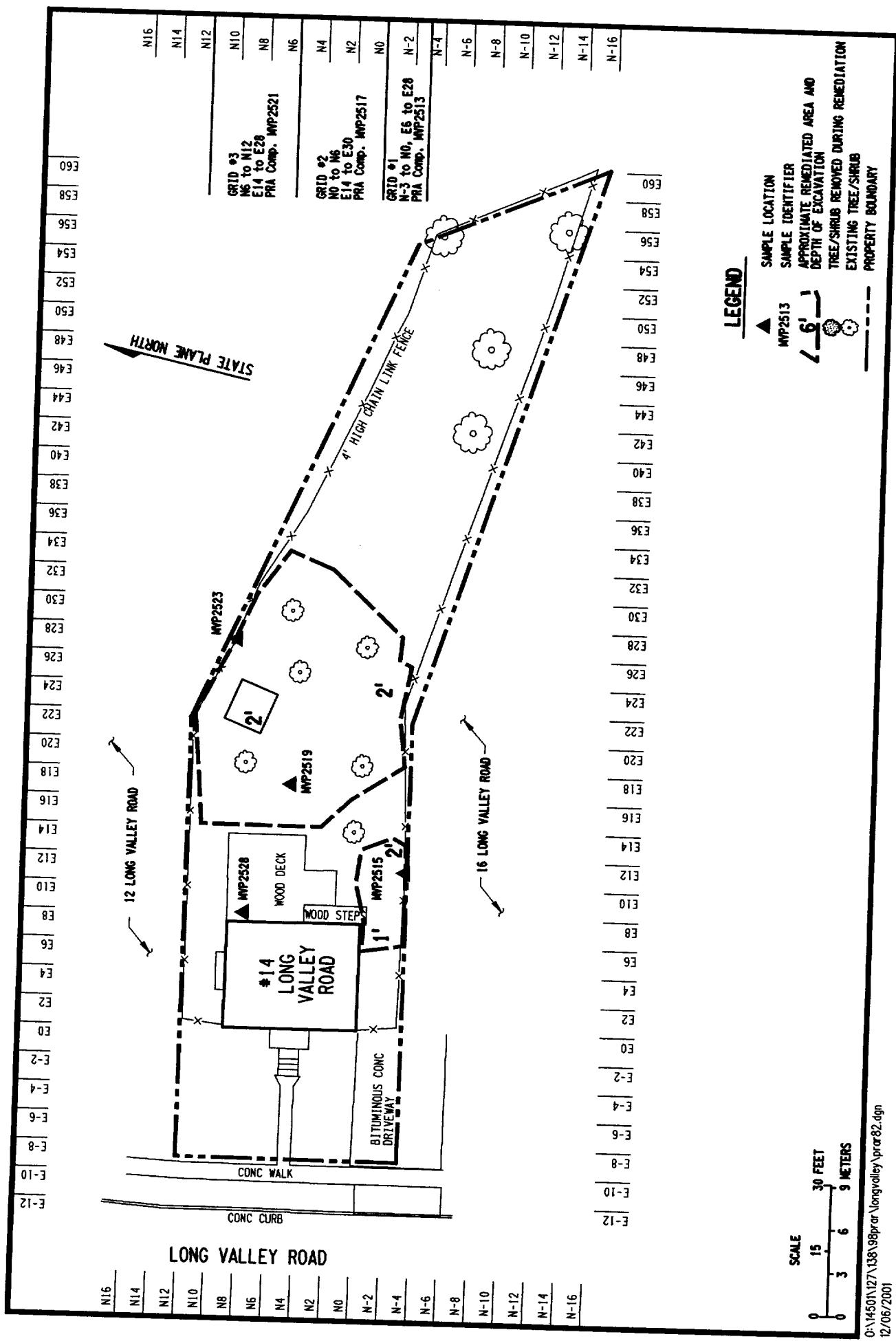
#### **4.1.2 IVC Verification**

After remediation, BNI provided post-remedial action data to the IVC for review. The IVC verified excavated areas to determine if remediated areas were in compliance with the cleanup criteria. Upon completion of verification, the IVC gave verbal approval so that excavated areas could be backfilled. This was followed by e-mail confirming their approval. The final IVC report will be published separately.

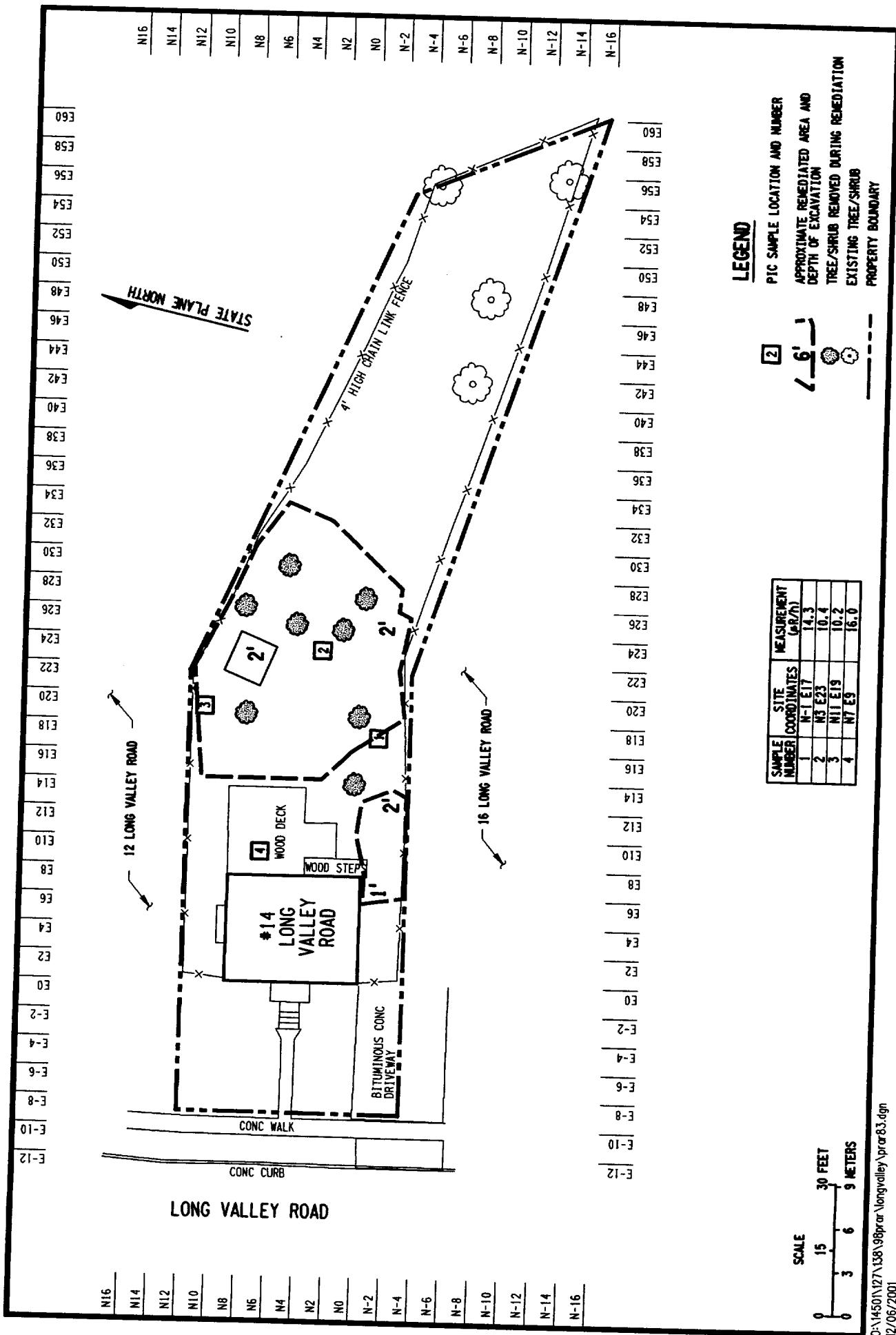
#### **4.1.3 Summary**

The results of data taken at the conclusion of remediation for the open excavations were below the cleanup criteria (see Table 2-1). On verification of results, the remediated areas, primarily the lawn, were restored.





**Figure 4-2**  
**Areas of Excavation and Post-Remedial Action Samples**  
**14 Long Valley Road**



**Figure 4-3**  
**PIC Readings**  
**14 Long Valley Road**

**TABLE 4-1**  
**FINAL STATUS SURVEY RESULTS FOR 14 LONG VALLEY ROAD**

Sample ID	COC #	Collection Date	Comments	Matrix Coordinates	Depth (ft)	Lab	Th-232	Error Ra-226	Error U-238	Error	Sum
					(pCi/g)	(pCi/g)	(pCi/g)	(pCi/g)	(pCi/g)	+/- Ratios	
MVP2513	138980914	9/8/1998	Post-RA composite	sfs	N0~3 E6~28	0.0~0.5	MISS	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.03
MVP2517	138980914	9/8/1998	Post-RA composite	sfs	N0~6 E14~30	0.0~0.5	MISS	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.03
MVP2521	138980914	9/8/1998	Post-RA composite	sfs	N6~12 E14~28	0.0~0.5	MISS	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.03
MVP2515	138980914	9/8/1998	Post-RA bias	sfs	N-3 E11	0.0~0.5	MISS	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.03
MVP2519	138980914	9/8/1998	Post-RA bias	sfs	N5 E17	0.0~0.5	MISS	0.60	0.06	0.00	0.03
MVP2523	138980914	9/8/1998	Post-RA bias	sfs	N9 E27	0.0~0.5	MISS	1.12	0.08	0.00	0.03
MVP2528	138980920	9/14/1998	Post-RA bias	sfs	N8 E8	0.0~0.5	MISS	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.03
					1.05	0.08	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.210

**NOTES:**

COC # - Chain-of-custody number

RA - Remedial action

sfs - Surface soil

Background values for radionuclides are Th-232, 1.00 pCi/g; Ra-226, 0.70 pCi/g; and U-238, 2.90 pCi/g.

Net results are reported. The net result is obtained by subtracting the background concentration for each radionuclide from the gross reported value for that radionuclide. If the net result of a radionuclide is negative, then the value for that radionuclide is reported as zero.

## **5.0 POST-REMEDIAL ACTION STATUS**

Final analytical results for 14 Long Valley Road demonstrate that remediated areas are in compliance with applicable cleanup guidelines for radioactive contamination and that chemicals were not detected in soils exceeding the applicable chemical criteria.

The IVC is responsible for preparing a plan outlining the procedures used in conducting verification activities (ORNL 1998). In accordance with its verification plan, Type A and Type B reviews were conducted by the IVC following the completion of remediation at 14 Long Valley Road.

Type A verification consisted of reviewing the existing post-remedial action survey results. After review of the results, the IVC determined if there was a need to collect additional samples from the location(s) listed in the survey results. In performing Type B verification review, the IVC conducted a survey of the site that included direct radiological measurements, review of the post-remedial action survey methods and results, sampling, and laboratory analysis of separate soil samples. On publication, the IVC's verification report will become part of the CERCLA Administrative Record for the Maywood FUSRAP site.

## **6.0 REFERENCES**

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- Bechtel National, Inc. (BNI) 1989. "Radiological Characterization Report for the Residential Property at 14 Long Valley Road, Lodi, New Jersey," DOE/OR/20722-256, Oak Ridge, Tenn. (September).
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- BNI 1998. "EPA Discontinuance of Chemical Sampling of Phase 1 VPs," CCN 138-IOA-GEV-00226 (July).
- BNI 1999a. "MIS-Delivery Order 0004 Maywood Vicinity Property Cost Summaries," CCN 138-TOA-GAM-00221 (December).
- BNI 1999b. "VP Perimeter Radiological Air Sampling Summary," 138-IOA-GEV-00228 (September).
- New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP) 1996. "Soil Cleanup Criteria (residential direct contact soil cleanup criteria)," last revised July 11.
- Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL) 1989. "Results of the Radiological Survey at 14 Long Valley Road, Lodi, New Jersey", ORNL/RASA-88/19 (December)

**APPENDIX A**

**RADIATION AT A GLANCE**

## RADIATION AT A GLANCE

Of all activities at FUSRAP sites, those associated with radiation receive the most attention. What exactly is radiation and where does it come from? To answer these questions, it is best to start with a few basics.

All matter is made up of extremely small particles called atoms. Atoms contain even smaller particles called protons, neutrons, and electrons. When an atom has a stable mix of protons and neutrons, it is nonradioactive. However, when atoms have too many of either protons or neutrons, these unstable atoms can break apart, or decay, in an attempt to become stable. As atoms decay, energy is released; this released energy is called radiation.

### Sources of Radiation

Radiation originates from natural events that happen all the time, but it can also be made by man. Most of the radiation people are exposed to occurs naturally. Radiation has always been present, and every person who has ever lived has been exposed to it. Although modern technology may seem to have greatly increased the exposure rate, this is not necessarily the case. Exposure to manmade radiation varies greatly based on a given individual's lifestyle choices and medical treatments.

Sources of natural, or background, radiation include internal radiation from food (we all have approximately 500,000 atoms disintegrating in our bodies every minute), cosmic radiation from the sun and from outside the solar system, and terrestrial radiation from rocks, soils, and minerals. People have no control over the amount of natural radiation around them, and the amount of natural radiation stays about the same over time. The natural radiation present in the environment today is not much different than it was hundreds of years ago. In general, over 80 percent of the radiation the average person is exposed to is from natural sources. Manmade radiation accounts for less than 20 percent of the total; most of it is from medical procedures.

Manmade sources of radiation include consumer products, medical procedures, and the nuclear industry. Some consumer products such as smoke detectors and even porcelain dentures contain radioactive elements. Probably the best-known source of manmade radiation is nuclear medicine. For example, to conduct a brain, liver, lung, or bone scan, doctors inject patients with radioactive compounds and then use radiation detectors to make a diagnosis by examining the resulting image of the organ. Manmade radioactive materials also include cesium-137 and strontium-90, present in the environment as a result of previous nuclear weapons testing.

As with background radiation, exposure to other sources of radiation varies greatly depending on individual choices, such as smoking tobacco products (polonium-210) and eating certain foods (bananas contain potassium-40).

## Levels of Radiation

The average dose caused by background radiation varies widely. In the United States, the average is about 300 mrem/yr; some people in other parts of the world receive a dose more than four times this amount. For example, in some areas of Brazil, doses to inhabitants can be more than 2,000 mrem/yr from background radiation. These wide variations are the result of several factors, most notably the types and amounts of radionuclides in the soil.

This diversity in background radiation is responsible for the large differences in doses. Because people live in areas with high levels of background radiation without proven harm, it is assumed by most in the scientific community that small variations in environmental radiation levels have an inconsequential effect, if any, on humans.

## Measuring Radiation

To determine the possible effects of radiation on the health of the environment and people, these effects must be measured. More precisely, the potential for radiation to cause damage must be ascertained. Measurements of these potential effects are derived from the activity of each isotope and are expressed in terms of the absorbed dose to an individual and the effective dose or potential to cause biological damage.

### Activity

When we measure the amount of radiation in the environment, what is actually being measured is the rate of radioactive decay, or radioactivity, of a given element. This radioactivity is expressed in a unit of measure known as a curie (Ci). A curie is a measure of radioactivity, not a set quantity of material. More specifically, one curie equals  $37,000,000,000 (3.7 \times 10^{10})$  radioactive disintegrations per second. One gram of a radioactive substance may contain the same amount of radioactivity as several tons of another radioactive substance. For example, one gram of tritium (a radioactive form of hydrogen) emits about 10,000 Ci, while one gram of uranium emits about  $0.000000333 (333 \times 10^{-9})$  Ci. Because the levels of radioactive contamination at most FUSRAP sites are very low, the picocurie is commonly used in reporting contaminant levels. One picocurie is equal to  $1 \times 10^{-12}$  curies. Contaminants in water are reported in picocuries per liter (pCi/L), and contaminants in soil are reported in picocuries per gram (pCi/g).

## **Absorbed Dose**

The total amount of absorbed energy per unit mass as a result of exposure to radiation is expressed in a unit of measure known as a rad. However, in terms of human health, it is the relative effectiveness of the absorbed energy in causing biological damage that is important, not the actual amount of energy absorbed.

## **Dose Equivalent**

The absorbed dose needed to achieve a given level of biological damage is different for different kinds of radiation. To allow for the different biological effectiveness of different kinds of radiation, the concept of dose equivalent is used. The dose equivalent is the product of the absorbed dose and a dimensionless quality factor. The unit of dose equivalent is called the rem (roentgen-equivalent-man). A rem is a fairly large dose; therefore, the most common unit of dose equivalent is the millirem (mrem), or 1/1,000 of a rem. Table A-1 describes some potential health effects over a wide range of radiation doses.

**Table A-1**  
**Comparison and Description of Various Dose Levels**

Dose	Description
1 mrem	Approximate daily dose from natural background radiation, including that from radon.
2.5 mrem	Cosmic dose to a person on a one-way airplane flight from New York to Los Angeles.
4 mrem	Annual exposure limit set by EPA for manmade radiation in drinking water.
10 mrem	Typical dose from one chest X-ray using modern equipment.
10 mrem	Annual exposure limit, set by EPA, for exposures from airborne emissions (excluding radon) from operations of nuclear fuel cycle facilities, including power plants, uranium mines, and mills.
25 mrem	Annual exposure limit set by EPA for low-level waste-related exposures.
65 mrem	Average yearly dose to people in the United States from manmade sources.
60-80 mrem	Average yearly dose from cosmic radiation to people in the Rocky Mountain States.
83 mrem	Estimate of the largest dose any offsite person could have received from the March 28, 1979, Three Mile Island nuclear accident.
100 mrem	Annual limit of dose from all DOE facilities to a member of the public who is not a radiation worker.
110 mrem	Average occupational dose received by United States commercial radiation workers in 1980.

170 mrem	Average yearly dose to an airline flight crew member from cosmic radiation.
300 mrem	Average yearly dose to people in the United States from all sources of natural background radiation.
900 mrem	Average dose from a lower-intestine diagnostic X-ray series.
1,000–5,000 mrem	EPA's Protective Action Guidelines state that public officials should take emergency action when the dose to a member of the public from a nuclear accident will likely reach this range.
5,000 mrem	Annual limit for occupational exposure of radiation workers set by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission and DOE.
8,000 mrem	Average yearly dose to the lungs from smoking 1½ packs of cigarettes per day.
10,000 mrem	The BEIR V report estimated that an acute dose at this level would result in a lifetime excess risk of death from cancer, caused by the radiation, of 0.8 percent.
25,000 mrem	EPA's guideline for voluntary maximum dose to emergency workers for non-lifesaving work during an emergency.
75,000 mrem	EPA's guideline for maximum dose to emergency workers volunteering for lifesaving work.
50,000–600,000 mrem	Doses in this range received over a short period of time will produce radiation sickness in varying degrees. At the lower end of this range, people are expected to recover completely, given proper medical attention. At the top of this range, most people will die within 60 days.

**APPENDIX B**

**CONTAMINATION CONTROL DURING REMEDIAL ACTION**

## **CONTAMINATION CONTROL DURING REMEDIAL ACTION**

During the removal action, engineering and administrative controls (such as dust control, hazardous work permits, and installation of silt fences) and personal protective equipment (PPE) were used to protect remediation workers and members of the public from exposure to radiation in excess of applicable guidelines. These measures also controlled the migration of radioactive material to uncontaminated areas next to these vicinity properties.

All personnel working in contaminated areas were required to wear protective clothing, safety glasses, rubber boots, hard hat, and gloves.

Workers exiting controlled areas were checked for radioactive contamination (frisked) at the control point with a hand-held radiation detection instrument. Conducted by personnel who have received Radiological Worker II training, the frisk ensured that workers were not contaminated and prevented the potential spread of radioactive material from the work area. A frisk is simply a search for radioactive material that may have been transferred onto the skin or clothing of individuals inside the work area. The AC-3 alpha probe radiation detection instrument is hand-held approximately 0.5 cm (0.2 in.) away from the area to be frisked and moved slowly [about 5 cm (2 in.) per second] across the body or clothing by the worker. Portions of the worn PPE that were suspected or known to be contaminated were packaged and shipped to Envirocare of Utah for disposal.

The primary pathway by which persons onsite and offsite could be exposed to radioactive material during removal activities at the site was inhalation and ingestion of radioactively contaminated airborne dust generated during excavation. The spread of contamination and personnel exposure during remedial action were minimized by the following measures:

- A fine water mist was sprayed as needed to control dust during soil removal and transport.
- Trucks hauling contaminated materials were fitted with liners, and the loads were covered with tarps to prevent spillage.
- Silt fences were placed around excavated areas to prevent runoff of potentially contaminated sediment and were maintained until restoration activities were completed.

Water accumulated in the excavated area was sampled first for shipment to an offsite laboratory for radionuclides analysis. Then the water was pumped into a tanker and transported to the MISS.

Area air particulate sampling was also performed adjacent to areas being remediated to ensure that no member of the general public was exposed at levels exceeding the guidelines (DOE 1990). The limits expressed are derived concentration guides (DCGs); a DCG is the concentration of a particular radionuclide that would provide an effective dose equivalent of 100 mrem/yr to an individual continuously inhaling the radionuclide for an entire year. These guidelines were established by the International Commission on Radiation Protection and the National Commission on Radiation Protection to protect the environment and members of the general public. Eberline RAS-1 high-volume and SKC low-volume samplers were used, and the filters were collected daily and counted after 4 days to allow for radon decay. As an extra precaution, the area monitors were placed well within the site perimeter. The average concentration of thorium-232 measured by area air particulate monitors was  $4.80 \times 10^{-15}$   $\mu\text{Ci/mL}$  ( $4.80 \times 10^{-6}$  pCi/L) (BNI 1999b).

Most results were below the DCG of  $1.0 \times 10^{-5}$  pCi/L for thorium-232. Although the DCG was exceeded for a few 8-h periods, a person would need to be exposed to the thorium-232 DCG continuously for 1 year to receive a dose greater than the 100 mrem/yr guideline.

**APPENDIX C**

**QUALITY CONTROL DATA**

**FOR 14 LONG VALLEY ROAD**

**TABLE C-1**  
**QUALITY CONTROL RESULTS FOR 14 LONG VALLEY ROAD**

Sample ID	COC #	Date	Comments	Matrix	Coordinates	Depth (ft)	Th-232 Review (pCi/g) Qual. <sup>a</sup>	Ra-226 Review (pCi/g) Qual. <sup>a</sup>	U-238 Review (pCi/g) Qual. <sup>a</sup>	Error
<b>Background</b>										
MVP2530	138981003	10/7/1998	Rad. characterization QC sample for MVP2500	sbs	N-4 E30	0.5-1.0	0.94	0.22	0.56	0.08
MVP2531 <sup>b</sup>	138981003	10/7/1998	Remedial action QC sample for MVP2510	sbs	N0 E24	1.5	26.76	0.84	1.70	0.20
MVP2532	138981003	10/7/1998	Post-remedial action composite sfs QC sample for MVP2521	sfs	N6~12 E14~28	0.0-0.5	0.66	0.14	0.46	0.06
										2.69
										U
										1.57

**NOTES:**

COC # - Chain-of-custody number

sfs - Surface soil

sbs - Subsurface soil

QC - Quality control

U - Undetected

UJ - Undetected, but estimated. The result is below the minimum detectable activity level or less than the associated error.

Samples were analyzed at the Thermo NuTech laboratory in Oak Ridge, Tenn.

Gross results are reported. Net results above background are provided in Table 4-1.

<sup>a</sup> Data validation - BNI BEIDMS Document ID # 9810072

<sup>b</sup> Sample was taken during the remedial action to identify areas needing additional soil removal.

**APPENDIX D**

**POST-REMEDIAL ACTION DATA  
FOR 14 LONG VALLEY ROAD**

**TABLE D-1**  
**POST-REMEDIAL ACTION DATA FOR 14 LONG VALLEY ROAD**

Sample ID	COC #	Collection Date	Comments	Matrix	Coordinates (ft)	Depth (ft)	Lab	Th-232 Review	Error	Ra-226 Review	Error	U-238 Review	Error	+		
Background							(pCi/g)	Qual. <sup>a</sup>	+/-	(pCi/g)	Qual. <sup>a</sup>	+/-	(pCi/g)	Qual. <sup>a</sup>	+/-	
MVP2513	138980914	9/8/1998	Post-RA composite	sfs	N0~3 E6-28	0.0-0.5	MISS	0.91	J	0.05	0.51	J	0.03	1.63	U	2.90
MVP2517	138980914	9/8/1998	Post-RA composite	sfs	N0~6 E14~30	0.0-0.5	MISS	0.90	J	0.05	0.53	J	0.03	2.02	U	0.67
MVP2521	138980914	9/8/1998	Post-RA composite	sfs	N6~12 E14~28	0.0-0.5	MISS	0.82	J	0.05	0.45	J	0.03	1.17	U	0.00
MVP2515	138980914	9/8/1998	Post-RA bias	sfs	N-3 E11	0.0-0.5	MISS	1.60	J	0.06	0.53	J	0.03	2.17	U	0.68
MVP2519	138980914	9/8/1998	Post-RA bias	sfs	N5 E17	0.0-0.5	MISS	2.12	J	0.08	0.64	J	0.03	2.71	U	0.00
MVP2523	138980914	9/8/1998	Post-RA bias	sfs	N9 E27	0.0-0.5	MISS	0.92	J	0.06	0.58	J	0.03	2.19	U	0.00
MVP2528	138980920	9/14/1998	Post-RA bias	sfs	N8 E8	0.0-0.5	MISS	2.05	J	0.08	0.61	J	0.03	2.60	U	0.00

**NOTES:**

COC # - Chain-of-custody number

RA - Remedial action

sfs - Surface soil

J - Estimated, qualitatively correct but quantitatively suspect.

U - Undetected, but estimated. The result is below the minimum detectable activity level or less than the associated error.

Gross results are reported. Net results above background are provided in Table 4-1.

<sup>a</sup> Data validation - BNI BEIDMS Document ID #'s 98G1087 and 98G1090

**APPENDIX E**

**RADIOLOGICAL DATA FOR CLEAN OVERBURDEN SOIL**

**TABLE E-1**  
**RADIOLOGICAL DATA FOR MAYWOOD VICINITY PROPERTIES CLEAN OVERBURDEN SAMPLES**

Property	Document ID	COC #	Collection Date	Sample ID	Matrix Coordinates (ft)	Depth (ft)	Th-232 Review (pCi/g) Qual.	Error +/- (pCi/g) Qual.	Ra-226 Review (pCi/g) Qual.	Error +/- (pCi/g) Qual.	U-238 Review (pCi/g) Qual.	Error +/- (pCi/g) Qual.	
Background							1.00	0.70			2.90		
2 BRANCA COURT	98G1037	138980539	5/20/1998	MVP1700	sbs	N14 E11	3.5	0.77	J	0.04	0.54	J	0.03
2 BRANCA COURT	98G1037	138980539	5/20/1998	MVP1701	sbs	N15 E14	2.5-3	0.79	J	0.05	0.51	J	0.03
2 BRANCA COURT	98G1037	138980539	5/20/1998	MVP1702	sbs	N11 E9	3.5	1.09	J	0.05	0.58	J	0.03
2 BRANCA COURT	98G1037	138980539	5/20/1998	MVP1703	sbs	N13 E13	3.5-4	0.78	J	0.05	0.62	J	0.03
2 BRANCA COURT	98G1080	138980843	8/25/1998	MVP1731	sbs	N3 E0	3	0.84	J	0.05	0.60	J	0.03
4 BRANCA COURT	98G1033	138980512	5/6/1998	MVP1300	sbs	N14 E0	2	0.66	J	0.05	0.59	J	0.03
4 BRANCA COURT	98G1033	138980512	5/6/1998	MVP1301	sfs	N5 E3	0.5	0.61	J	0.04	0.55	J	0.03
4 BRANCA COURT	98G1033	138980512	5/6/1998	MVP1302	sbs	N12 E-4	3.5-4	0.89	J	0.04	0.44	J	0.02
4 BRANCA COURT	98G1034	138980514	5/7/1998	MVP1303	sbs	N0 E4	1.5	0.76	J	0.04	0.52	J	0.03
4 BRANCA COURT	98G1034	138980514	5/7/1998	MVP1304	sbs	N2 E2	1.5	0.81	J	0.05	0.64	J	0.03
4 BRANCA COURT	98G1034	138980514	5/7/1998	MVP1305	sbs	N4 E4	4	0.78	J	0.05	0.62	J	0.03
4 BRANCA COURT	98G1090	1389809321	9/14/1998	MVP1395	sbs	N2 E-12	2	0.97	J	0.05	0.57	J	0.03
11 BRANCA COURT	98G1034	138980516	5/7/1998	MVP1400	sbs	N10 E8	0.5-1	3.12	J	0.09	0.67	J	0.03
11 BRANCA COURT	98G1045	138980635	6/9/1998	MVP1407	sbs	N-1 E2	1.5	0.84	J	0.05	0.58	J	0.03
11 BRANCA COURT	98G1045	138980635	6/9/1998	MVP1408	sbs	N2 E6	1.5	1.77	J	0.07	0.48	J	0.03
11 BRANCA COURT	98G1045	138980635	6/9/1998	MVP1409	sbs	N-2 E10	2.5	0.67	J	0.05	0.48	J	0.03
11 BRANCA COURT	98G1045	138980636	6/10/1998	MVP1410	sbs	N-9 E10	2	1.22	J	0.05	0.52	J	0.03
11 BRANCA COURT	98G1073	138980818	8/10/1998	MVP1419	sbs	N1 E2	3	0.96	J	0.05	0.54	J	0.03
11 BRANCA COURT	98G1077	138980840	8/24/1998	MVP1439	sbs	N-2 E-7	3	0.43	J	0.02	0.33	J	0.02
11 BRANCA COURT	98G1081	138980840	8/24/1998	MVP1446	sbs	N-6 E-6	4	0.79	J	0.05	0.70	J	0.03
11 BRANCA COURT	98G1079	138980845	8/26/1998	MVP1461	sbs	N-2 E-6	4	0.79	J	0.05	0.49	J	0.03
11 BRANCA COURT	98G1082	138980848	8/27/1998	MVP1470	sbs	N9 E-7	5	0.69	J	0.05	0.55	J	0.03
11 BRANCA COURT	98G1080	138980848	8/27/1998	MVP1474	sbs	N2 E-8	5	0.73	J	0.05	0.44	J	0.03
17 REDSTONE LANE	98G1062	138980753	7/21/1998	MVP2006	sbs	N2 E14	1	0.69	J	0.04	0.47	J	0.02
17 REDSTONE LANE	98G1062	138980753	7/21/1998	MVP2007	sbs	N-4 E6	1	1.62	J	0.07	0.68	J	0.03
17 REDSTONE LANE	98G1062	138980753	7/21/1998	MVP2011	sbs	N23 E2	1.5	0.63	J	0.04	0.47	J	0.03
17 REDSTONE LANE	98G1062	138980753	7/21/1998	MVP2012	sbs	N16 E2	1.5	0.74	J	0.04	0.54	J	0.03
17 REDSTONE LANE	98G1063	138980753	7/21/1998	MVP2015	sbs	N23 E2	2.5	0.81	J	0.05	0.57	J	0.03
17 REDSTONE LANE	98G1063	138980753	7/21/1998	MVP2016	sbs	N16 E2	3	0.82	J	0.05	0.55	J	0.03
17 REDSTONE LANE	98G1063	138980760	7/22/1998	MVP2017	sbs	N22 E9	3	0.91	J	0.05	0.58	J	0.03
17 REDSTONE LANE	98G1079	138980847	8/26/1998	MVP2018	sbs	N14 E8	3	0.76	J	0.05	0.53	J	0.03
17 REDSTONE LANE	98G1081	138980847	8/26/1998	MVP2044	sfs	N18 E4	0.0-0.5	1.08	J	0.06	0.50	J	0.03
17 REDSTONE LANE	98G1081	138980847	8/26/1998	MVP2045	sfs	N20 E2	0.0-0.5	1.11	J	0.05	0.58	J	0.03

**TABLE E-1**  
**RADIOLOGICAL DATA FOR MAYWOOD VICINITY PROPERTIES CLEAN OVERBURDEN SAMPLES**

Property	Document ID	COC #	Collection Date	Sample ID	Matrix Coordinates	Depth (ft)	Th-232 Review	Error	Ra-226 Review	Error	U-238 Review	Error
Background						(pCi/g)	+/-	(pCi/g)	+/-	(pCi/g)	+/-	(pCi/g)
19 REDSTONE LANE	98G1076	138980839	8/20/1998	MVP2402	sbs	N2 E2	2	0.56	J	0.04	0.34	J
19 REDSTONE LANE	98G1076	138980839	8/20/1998	MVP2403	sbs	N5 E3	2	0.57	J	0.04	0.34	J
19 REDSTONE LANE	98G1076	138980839	8/20/1998	MVP2404	sbs	N8 E5	2	0.44	J	0.04	0.32	J
19 REDSTONE LANE	98G1078	138980842	8/24/1998	MVP2405	sbs	N13 E-1	2.5 - 3	0.73	J	0.05	0.40	J
136 W CENTRAL AVE.	98G1071	138980811	8/5/1998	MVP0970	sbs	N1 E-5	1	0.88	J	0.05	0.61	J
							1.00		0.70		0.02	2.90

**NOTES:**

sfs - Surface soil

sbs - Subsurface soil

J - Estimated, qualitatively correct, but quantitatively suspect.

UJ - Undetected, but estimated. The result is below the minimum detectable activity or less than the associated error.

Gross results are reported. The net result is obtained by subtracting the background concentration for each radionuclide from the reported value for that radionuclide.  
 Samples were analyzed at the Maywood site field laboratory.

**TABLE E-2**  
**SUM-OF-RATIOS FOR RADIOLOGICAL DATA FOR MAYWOOD VICINITY PROPERTIES**  
**CLEAN OVERBURDEN SAMPLES**

Property	COC #	Collection Date	Sample ID	Matrix Coordinates	Depth (ft)	Th-232 (pCi/g)	Error +/- (pCi/g)	Ra-226 Error +/- (pCi/g)	U-238 Error +/- (pCi/g)	Sum Ratios
2 BRANCA COURT	138980539	5/20/1998	MVP1700	sbs	N14 E11	3.5	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00
2 BRANCA COURT	138980539	5/20/1998	MVP1701	sbs	N15 E14	2.5-3	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00
2 BRANCA COURT	138980539	5/20/1998	MVP1702	sbs	N11 E9	3.5	0.09	0.05	0.00	0.00
2 BRANCA COURT	138980539	5/20/1998	MVP1703	sbs	N13 E13	3.5-4	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00
2 BRANCA COURT	138980843	8/25/1998	MVP1731	sbs	N3 E0	3	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00
4 BRANCA COURT	138980512	5/6/1998	MVP1300	sbs	N14 E0	2	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00
4 BRANCA COURT	138980512	5/6/1998	MVP1301	sfs	N5 E3	0.5	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00
4 BRANCA COURT	138980512	5/6/1998	MVP1302	sbs	N12 E-4	3.5-4	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00
4 BRANCA COURT	138980514	5/7/1998	MVF1303	sbs	N0 E4	1.5	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00
4 BRANCA COURT	138980514	5/7/1998	MVP1304	sbs	N2 E2	1.5	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00
4 BRANCA COURT	138980514	5/7/1998	MVP1305	sbs	N4 E4	4	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00
4 BRANCA COURT	138980514	5/14/1998	MVP1395	sds	N2 E-12	2	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00
11 BRANCA COURT	138980516	5/7/1998	MVP1400	sbs	N10 E8	0.5-1	2.12	0.09	0.00	0.00
11 BRANCA COURT	138980635	6/9/1998	MVP1407	sbs	N-1 E2	1.5	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00
11 BRANCA COURT	138980635	6/9/1998	MVP1408	sbs	N-2 E6	1.5	0.77	0.07	0.00	0.00
11 BRANCA COURT	138980635	6/9/1998	MVP1409	sbs	N-2 E10	2.5	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00
11 BRANCA COURT	138980636	6/10/1998	MVP1410	sbs	N-9 E10	2	0.22	0.05	0.00	0.00
11 BRANCA COURT	138980818	8/10/1998	MVP1419	sbs	N1 E2	3	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00
11 BRANCA COURT	138980840	8/24/1998	MVP1439	sbs	N-2 E-7	3	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00
11 BRANCA COURT	138980840	8/24/1998	MVP1446	sbs	N-6 E-6	4	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00
11 BRANCA COURT	138980845	8/26/1998	MVP1461	sbs	N-2 E-6	4	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00
11 BRANCA COURT	138980848	8/27/1998	MVP1470	sbs	N9 E-7	5	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00
11 BRANCA COURT	138980848	8/27/1998	MVP1474	sbs	N2 E-8	5	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00
17 REDSTONE LANE	138980753	7/21/1998	MVP2006	sbs	N2 E14	1	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00
17 REDSTONE LANE	138980753	7/21/1998	MVP2007	sbs	N-4 E6	1	0.62	0.07	0.00	0.00
17 REDSTONE LANE	138980753	7/21/1998	MVP2011	sbs	N23 E2	1.5	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00
17 REDSTONE LANE	138980753	7/21/1998	MVP2012	sbs	N16 E2	1.5	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00
17 REDSTONE LANE	138980753	7/21/1998	MVP2015	sbs	N23 E2	2.5	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00
17 REDSTONE LANE	138980760	7/22/1998	MVP2016	sbs	N16 E2	3	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00
17 REDSTONE LANE	138980760	7/22/1998	MVP2017	sbs	N22 E9	3	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00
17 REDSTONE LANE	138980760	7/22/1998	MVP2018	sbs	N14 E8	3	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00
17 REDSTONE LANE	138980847	8/26/1998	MVP2044	sfs	N18 E4	0.0-0.5	0.08	0.06	0.00	0.00
17 REDSTONE LANE	138980847	8/26/1998	MVP2045	sfs	N20 E2	0.0-0.5	0.11	0.05	0.00	0.00

**TABLE E-2**  
**SUM-OF-RATIOS FOR RADIOLOGICAL DATA FOR MAYWOOD VICINITY PROPERTIES**  
**CLEAN OVERTBURDEN SAMPLES**

Property	COC #	Collection Date	Sample ID	Matrix	Coordinates	Depth (ft)	Th-232	Error	Ra-226	Error	U-238	Error	Sum
19 REDSTONE LANE	138980839	8/20/1998	MVP2402	sbs	N2 E2	2	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
19 REDSTONE LANE	138980839	8/20/1998	MVP2403	sbs	N5 E3	2	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
19 REDSTONE LANE	138980839	8/20/1998	MVP2404	sbs	N8 E5	2	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
19 REDSTONE LANE	138980842	8/24/1998	MVP2405	sbs	N13 E-1	2.5 - 3	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.48	0.000
136 W CENTRAL AVE.	138980811	8/5/1998	MVP0970	sbs	N1 E-5	1	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.000

**NOTES:**

sfs - Surface soil

sbs - Subsurface soil

Samples were analyzed at the Maywood site field laboratory.

Background values: Th-232, 1.00 pCi/g; Ra-226, 0.70 pCi/g; and U-238, 2.90 pCi/g.

Net results are reported. The net result is obtained by subtracting the background concentration for each radionuclide from the gross reported value for that radionuclide. If the net result of a radionuclide is negative, then the value for that radionuclide is reported as zero.

**APPENDIX F**

**CHEMICAL DATA FOR CLEAN OVERBURDEN SOIL**

**TABLE F-1**  
**CHEMICAL DATA FOR CLEAN OVERTBURDEN SAMPLES COLLECTED FROM MAYWOOD VICINITY**  
**PROPERTIES**

Sample ID	Document ID COC #	Collection Date	Analyte	Concentration	Review Qualifier	Unit	
<b>Overburden Soil from Lodi Park Pile Staged at Lodi Park</b>							
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Chloromethane	11	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Bromomethane	11	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Vinyl chloride	11	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Chloroethane	11	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Methylene chloride	15	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Acetone	8	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Carbon disulfide	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	1,1-Dichloroethene	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	1,1-Dichloroethane	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Chloroform	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	1,2-Dichloroethane	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	2-Butanone	11	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Carbon tetrachloride	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Bromodichloromethane	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	1,2-Dichloropropane	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Trichloroethene	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Dibromochloromethane	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Benzene	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Bromoform	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	4-methyl-2-pentanone	11	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	2-Hexanone	11	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Tetrachloroethene	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Toluene	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Chlorobenzene	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Ethylbenzene	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Styrene	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Xylene (total)	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Vinyl acetate	11	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Phenol	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	bis (2-chloroethyl) ether	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	2-Chlorophenol	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	2-Methyl phenol	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	4-Methyl phenol	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Hexachloroethane	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Nitrobenzene	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Isophorone	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	2-Nitrophenol	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	2,4-Dimethyl phenol	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Cabazole	64	J	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	bis (2-Chloroethoxy) methane	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	2,4-Dichlorophenol	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Naphthalene	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	4-Chloroaniline	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Hexachlorobutadiene	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	4-Chloro-3-methyl phenol	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	2-Methylnaphthalene	34	J	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	840	U	UG/KG

**TABLE F-1**  
**CHEMICAL DATA FOR CLEAN OVERTBURDEN SAMPLES COLLECTED FROM MAYWOOD VICINITY**  
**PROPERTIES**

Sample ID	Document ID	COC #	Collection Date	Analyte	Concentration	Review Qualifier	Unit
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	2-Chloronaphthalene	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	2-Nitroaniline	840	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Dimethylphthalate	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Acenaphthylene	32	J	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	3-Nitroaniline	840	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Acenaphthene	66	J	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	2,4-Dinitrophenol	840	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	4-Nitrophenol	840	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Dibenzofuran	43	J	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Diethylphthalate	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Fluorene	100	J	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	4-Nitroaniline	840	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	840	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Hexachlorobenzene	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Pentachlorophenol	840	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Phenanthrene	710		UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Anthracene	200	J	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Di-n-butylphthalate	1700	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Fluoranthene	990		UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	2,2'-oxybis(1-chloropropane)	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Pyrene	960		UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Butylbenzylphthalate	17	J	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Benzo (a) anthracene	440		UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Chrysene	460		UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	58	J	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Di-n-octyl phthalate	330	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Benzo (b) fluoranthene	320	J	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Benzo (k) fluoranthene	360		UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Benzo (a) pyrene	370		UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene	210	J	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Dibenzo (a,h) anthracene	82	J	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Benzo (g,h,i) perylene	230	J	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Aluminum	7720		MG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Antimony	0.42	UJ	MG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Arsenic	5		MG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Barium	77.2		MG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Beryllium	0.48		MG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Cadmium	0.26		MG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Calcium	4980		MG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Chromium	23.8		MG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Cobalt	5.9		MG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Copper	20.9		MG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Iron	15200		MG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Lead	41.2		MG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Magnesium	3790		MG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Manganese	428	J	MG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Mercury	0.11	J	MG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Nickel	11.5		MG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Potassium	726		MG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Selenium	0.73		MG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Silver	0.12	U	MG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Sodium	135		MG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Thallium	1.4		MG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Vanadium	21.9		MG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Zinc	60.8		MG/KG

**TABLE F-1**  
**CHEMICAL DATA FOR CLEAN OVERBURDEN SAMPLES COLLECTED FROM MAYWOOD VICINITY**  
**PROPERTIES**

Sample ID	Document ID COC #	Collection Date	Analyte	Concentration	Review Qualifier	Unit	
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Arochlor-1016	190	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Arochlor-1221	380	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Arochlor-1232	190	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Arochlor-1242	190	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Arochlor-1248	270	J	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Arochlor-1254	190	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Arochlor-1260	190	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Aldrin	1	R	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	alpha-BHC	9.6	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	beta-BHC	9.6	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	delta-BHC	17	NJ	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	gamma-BHC (lindane)	19	NJ	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	alpha-chlordane	20	J	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	gamma-chlordane	27	J	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	4,4'-DDD	19	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	4,4'-DDE	19	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	4,4'-DDT	26	J	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Dieldrin	19	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Endosulfan I	9.6	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Endosulfan II	19	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Endosulfan sulfate	19	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Endrin	19	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Endrin aldehyde	19	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Endrin ketone	19	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Heptachlor	9.6	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Heptachlor epoxide	9.6	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Methoxychlor	96	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	Toxaphene	960	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	2,4-D	38	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	2,4,5-T	19	U	UG/KG
MVP1806	9809L578	138980905	9/2/98	2,4,5-TP (silvex)	19	U	UG/KG

**Overburden Soil from Lodi Park Pile Staged at Lodi Park**

MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Chloromethane	11	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Bromomethane	11	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Vinyl chloride	11	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Chloroethane	11	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Methylene chloride	8	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Acetone	10	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Carbon disulfide	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	1,1-Dichloroethene	6	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	1,1-Dichloroethane	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Chloroform	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	1,2-Dichloroethane	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	2-Butanone	11	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Carbon tetrachloride	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Bromodichloromethane	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	1,2-Dichloropropane	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Trichloroethene	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Dibromochloromethane	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Benzene	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Bromoform	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	4-methyl-2-pentanone	11	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	2-Hexanone	11	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Tetrachloroethene	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	U	UG/KG

**TABLE F-1**  
**CHEMICAL DATA FOR CLEAN OVERBURDEN SAMPLES COLLECTED FROM MAYWOOD VICINITY**  
**PROPERTIES**

Sample ID	Document ID	COC #	Collection Date	Analyte	Concentration	Review Qualifier	Unit
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Toluene	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Chlorobenzene	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Ethylbenzene	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Styrene	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Xylene (total)	6	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Phenol	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	bis (2-chloroethyl) ether	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	2-Chlorophenol	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	2-Methyl phenol	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	4- Methyl phenol	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Hexachloroethane	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Nitrobenzene	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Isophorone	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	2-Nitrophenol	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	2,4-Dimethyl phenol	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	2,2'-oxybis(1-chloropropane)	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	bis (2-Chloroethoxy) methane	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	2,4-Dichlorophenol	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Naphthalene	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	4-Chloroaniline	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Hexachlorobutadiene	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	4-Chloro-3-methyl phenol	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	2-Methylnaphthalene	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	940	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	2-Chloronaphthalene	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	2-Nitroaniline	940	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Dimethylphthalate	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Acenaphthylene	28	J	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	3-Nitroaniline	940	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Acenaphthene	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	2,4-Dinitrophenol	940	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	4-Nitrophenol	940	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Dibenzofuran	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Diethylphthalate	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Fluorene	33	J	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	4-Nitroaniline	940	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	940	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Hexachlorobenzene	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Pentachlorophenol	940	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Phenanthrene	280	J	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Anthracene	45	J	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Di-n-butylphthalate	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Fluoranthene	240	J	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Carbazole	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Pyrene	330	J	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Butylbenzylphthalate	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Benzo (a) anthracene	120	J	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Chrysene	180	J	UG/KG

**TABLE F-1**  
**CHEMICAL DATA FOR CLEAN OVERTBURDEN SAMPLES COLLECTED FROM MAYWOOD VICINITY**  
**PROPERTIES**

Sample ID	Document ID	COC #	Collection Date	Analyte	Concentration	Review Qualifier	Unit
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Di-n-octyl phthalate	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Benzo (b) fluoranthene	82	J	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Benzo (k) fluoranthene	88	J	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Benzo (a) pyrene	110	J	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene	52	J	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Dibenzo (a,h) anthracene	380	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Benzo (g,h,i) perylene	68	J	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Aluminum	8600		MG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Antimony	0.39	UJ	MG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Arsenic	3.3		MG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Barium	48		MG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Beryllium	0.39		MG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Cadmium	0.24		MG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Calcium	4230		MG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Chromium	16.8		MG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Cobalt	6.2		MG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Copper	22.7		MG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Iron	14100		MG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Lead	27.7		MG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Magnesium	3290		MG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Manganese	242		MG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Mercury	0.04		MG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Nickel	12.4		MG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Potassium	501		MG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Selenium	0.4	U	MG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Silver	0.06	U	MG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Sodium	148		MG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Thallium	0.46		MG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Vanadium	31.6		MG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Zinc	48.5		MG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Arochlor-1016	380	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Arochlor-1221	750	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Arochlor-1232	380	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Arochlor-1242	380	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Arochlor-1248	380	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Arochlor-1254	380	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Arochlor-1260	380	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Aldrin	30	J	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	alpha-BHC	19	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	beta-BHC	19	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	delta-BHC	19	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	gamma-BHC (lindane)	19	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	alpha-chlordane	62	J	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	gamma-chlordane	58	J	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	4,4'-DDD	38	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	4,4'-DDE	38	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	4,4'-DDT	38	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Dieldrin	38	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Endosulfan I	19	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Endosulfan II	38	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Endosulfan sulfate	38	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Endrin	38	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Endrin aldehyde	38	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Endrin ketone	38	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Heptachlor	19	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Heptachlor epoxide	19	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Methoxychlor	190	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Toxaphene	1900	UJ	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	2,4-D	38	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	2,4,5-T	19	U	UG/KG

**TABLE F-1**  
**CHEMICAL DATA FOR CLEAN OVERTBURDEN SAMPLES COLLECTED FROM MAYWOOD VICINITY**  
**PROPERTIES**

Sample ID	Document ID COC #	Collection Date	Analyte	Concentration	Review Qualifier	Unit	
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	2,4,5-TP (silvex)	19	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Dalapon	190	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Dicamba	75	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Dichlorprop	190	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	2,4-DB	190	U	UG/KG
MVP1809	9812L717	138981237	12/17/98	Dinoseb	19	UJ	UG/KG

**NOTES:**

U - Analyte was analyzed for, but not detected.

J - Estimated value

UJ - Analyte was analyzed for but not detected, but must be estimated due to quality control considerations.

NJ - This is an estimated value. The analyte is presumed to be present although the peaks in the retention time window showed poor comparison and could not be dismissed.

R - Rejected

I - Interference

## **APPENDIX G**

### **RADIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL DATA FOR BACKFILL RECEIVED FROM VENDORS**

**TABLE G-1**  
**RADIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL DATA FOR BACKFILL MATERIAL RECEIVED FROM VENDORS**

Sample ID	Document ID COC #	Collection Date	Analyte	Concentration	Review Qualifier	Unit	
<b>Fill Material from Parsippany Construction</b>							
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Chloromethane	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Bromomethane	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Vinyl chloride	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Chloroethane	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Methylene chloride	1.2	B	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Acetone	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Carbon disulfide	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	1,2-Dichloroethene (cis)	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	1,2-Dichloroethene (trans)	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Chloroform	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	2-Butanone	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Carbon tetrachloride	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Bromodichloromethane	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Trichloroethene	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Dibromochloromethane	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Benzene	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Bromoform	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	4-methyl-2-pentanone	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	2-Hexanone	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Tetrachloroethene	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Toluene	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Chlorobenzene	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Ethylbenzene	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Styrene	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Xylene (total)	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	N-Nitrosodimethylamine	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Phenol	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	bis (2-chloroethyl) ether	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	2-Chlorophenol	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	bis (2-chloroisopropyl) ether	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Hexachloroethane	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Nitrobenzene	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Isophorone	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	2-Nitrophenol	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	2,4-Dimethyl phenol	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	bis (2-Chloroethoxy) methane	ND	UG/KG	
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	2,4-Dichlorophenol	ND	UG/KG	

**TABLE G-1**  
**RADIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL DATA FOR BACKFILL MATERIAL RECEIVED FROM VENDORS**

Sample ID	Document ID COC #	Collection Date	Analyte	Concentration	Review Qualifier	Unit
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Naphthalene	41	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	4-Chloro-3-methyl phenol	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	2-Chloronaphthalene	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Dimethylphthalate	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Acenaphthylene	120	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Acenaphthene	150	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	4-Nitrophenol	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Diethylphthalate	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Fluorene	160	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Hexachlorobenzene	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Pentachlorophenol	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Phenanthrene	1500	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Anthracene	370	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Di-n-butylphthalate	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Fluoranthene	2600	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Benzidine	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Pyrene	2500	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Butylbenzylphthalate	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Benzo (a) anthracene	1200	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Chrysene	1300	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	140	J
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Di-n-octyl phthalate	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Benzo (b) fluoranthene	1400	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Benzo (k) fluoranthene	560	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Benzo (a) pyrene	1100	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene	680	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Dibenzo (a,h) anthracene	160	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Benzo (g,h,i) perylene	580	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Aluminum	5740	MG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Antimony	ND	MG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Arsenic	2.2	MG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Barium	56.5	MG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Beryllium	0.28	MG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Cadmium	ND	MG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Calcium	3940	MG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Chromium	14.4	MG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Cobalt	5.7	MG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Copper	21.5	MG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Iron	11000	MG/KG

**TABLE G-1**  
**RADIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL DATA FOR BACKFILL MATERIAL RECEIVED FROM VENDORS**

Sample ID	Document ID COC #	Collection Date	Analyte	Concentration	Review Qualifier	Unit
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Lead	76.5	MG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Magnesium	3450	MG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Manganese	220	MG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Mercury	0.18	MG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Nickel	27	MG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Potassium	481	MG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Selenium	ND	MG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Silver	ND	MG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Sodium	254	MG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Thallium	ND	MG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Vanadium	19.9	MG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Zinc	80.1	MG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Arochlor-1016	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Arochlor-1221	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Arochlor-1232	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Arochlor-1242	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Arochlor-1248	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Arochlor-1254	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Arochlor-1260	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Aldrin	5.9	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	alpha-BHC	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	beta-BHC	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	delta-BHC	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	gamma-BHC (lindane)	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	alpha-chlordane	340	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	4,4'-DDD	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	4,4'-DDE	5.9	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	4,4'-DDT	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Dieldrin	17	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Endosulfan I	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Endosulfan II	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Endosulfan sulfate	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Endrin	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Endrin aldehyde	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Heptachlor	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Heptachlor epoxide	ND	UG/KG
44148	a	NA	2/11/98	Toxaphene	ND	UG/KG

**Fill Material from Parsippany Construction**

60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Chloromethane	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Bromomethane	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Vinyl chloride	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Chloroethane	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Methylene chloride	2.6	B
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Acetone	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Carbon disulfide	1	J
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	1,2-Dichloroethene (cis)	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	1,2-Dichloroethene (trans)	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Chloroform	ND	UG/KG

**TABLE G-1**  
**RADIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL DATA FOR BACKFILL MATERIAL RECEIVED FROM VENDORS**

Sample ID	Document ID COC #	Collection Date	Analyte	Concentration	Review Qualifier	Unit	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	2-Butanone	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Carbon tetrachloride	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Bromodichloromethane	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Trichloroethene	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Dibromochloromethane	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Benzene	0.6	J	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Bromoform	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	4-methyl-2-pentanone	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	2-Hexanone	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Tetrachloroethene	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Toluene	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Chlorobenzene	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Ethylbenzene	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Styrene	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Xylene (total)	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	4-Methyl phenol	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Phenol	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	bis (2-chloroethyl) ether	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	2-Chlorophenol	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	2-Methyl phenol	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	bis (2-chloroisopropyl) ether	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Hexachloroethane	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Nitrobenzene	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Isophorone	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	2-Nitrophenol	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	2,4-Dimethyl phenol	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	bis (2-Chloroethoxy) methane	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	2,4-Dichlorophenol	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Naphthalene	28	J	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	4-Chloroaniline	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	4-Chloro-3-methyl phenol	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	2-Methylnaphthalene	14	J	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	2-Chloronaphthalene	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	2-Nitroaniline	ND	UG/KG	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Dimethylphthalate	ND	UG/KG	

**TABLE G-1**  
**RADIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL DATA FOR BACKFILL MATERIAL RECEIVED FROM VENDORS**

Sample ID	Document ID COC #	Collection Date	Analyte	Concentration	Review Qualifier	Unit	
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Acenaphthylene	71	J	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND		UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	3-Nitroaniline	ND		UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Acenaphthene	37	J	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND		UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	4-Nitrophenol	ND		UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Dibenzofuran	22	J	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ND		UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Diethylphthalate	ND		UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	ND		UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Fluorene	51	J	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	4-Nitroaniline	ND		UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	ND		UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	ND		UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	ND		UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Hexachlorobenzene	ND		UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Pentachlorophenol	ND		UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Phenanthrene	420	J	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Anthracene	120	J	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Di-n-butylphthalate	ND		UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Fluoranthene	750	J	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Pyrene	790		UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Butylbenzylphthalate	ND		UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	ND		UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Benzo (a) anthracene	420		UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Chrysene	410	J	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	ND		UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Di-n-octyl phthalate	ND		UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Benzo (b) fluoranthene	580		UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Benzo (k) fluoranthene	250		UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Benzo (a) pyrene	470		UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	INDeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene	280		UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Dibenzo (a,h) anthracene	62		UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Benzo (g,h,i) perylene	310	J	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Carbazole	47	J	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Aluminum	5410		MG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Antimony	ND		MG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Arsenic	1.7		MG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Barium	41		MG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Beryllium	0.28		MG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Cadmium	ND		MG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Calcium	2440		MG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Chromium	9.1		MG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Cobalt	3.7		MG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Copper	14.2		MG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Iron	8400		MG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Lead	32.9		MG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Magnesium	1790		MG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Manganese	197		MG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Mercury	0.05		MG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Nickel	7.6		MG/KG

**TABLE G-1**  
**RADIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL DATA FOR BACKFILL MATERIAL RECEIVED FROM VENDORS**

Sample ID	Document ID COC #	Collection Date	Analyte	Concentration	Review Qualifier	Unit
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Potassium	352	MG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Selenium	ND	MG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Silver	ND	MG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Sodium	263	MG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Thallium	ND	MG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Vanadium	12.5	MG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Zinc	37.6	MG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Arochlor-1016	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Arochlor-1221	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Arochlor-1232	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Arochlor-1242	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Arochlor-1248	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Arochlor-1254	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Arochlor-1260	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Aldrin	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	alpha-BHC	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	beta-BHC	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	delta-BHC	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	gamma-BHC (lindane)	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	alpha-chlordane	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	4,4'-DDD	5.3	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	4,4'-DDE	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	4,4'-DDT	7.3	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Dieldrin	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Endosulfan I	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Endosulfan II	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Endosulfan sulfate	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Endrin	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Endrin aldehyde	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Endrin ketone	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Heptachlor	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Heptachlor epoxide	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Methoxychlor	ND	UG/KG
60339	b	NA	5/12/98	Toxaphene	ND	UG/KG

**Fill Material from RACE Excavation**

MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Chloromethane	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Bromomethane	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Vinyl chloride	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Chloroethane	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Methylene chloride	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Acetone	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Carbon disulfide	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	1,2-Dichloroethene (cis)	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	1,2-Dichloroethene (trans)	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Chloroform	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	2-Butanone	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	UG/KG

**TABLE G-1**  
**RADIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL DATA FOR BACKFILL MATERIAL RECEIVED FROM VENDORS**

Sample ID	Document ID COC #	Collection Date	Analyte	Concentration	Review Qualifier	Unit
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Carbon tetrachloride	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Bromodichloromethane	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Trichloroethene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Dibromochloromethane	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Benzene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Bromoform	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	4-methyl-2-pentanone	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	2-Hexanone	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Tetrachloroethene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Toluene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Chlorobenzene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Ethylbenzene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Styrene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Xylene (total)	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Vinyl acetate	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	2-chloroethylvinylether	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Phenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	bis (2-chloroethyl) ether	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	2-Chlorophenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Benzyl alcohol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	2-Methyl phenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	bis (2-chloroisopropyl) ether	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	4- Methyl phenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Hexachloroethane	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Nitrobenzene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Isophorone	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	2-Nitrophenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	2,4-Dimethyl phenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Benzoic acid	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	bis (2-Chloroethoxy) methane	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	2,4-Dichlorophenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Naphthalene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	4-Chloroaniline	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	4-Chloro-3-methyl phenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	2-Methylnaphthalene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	2-Chloronaphthalene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	2-Nitroaniline	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Dimethylphthalate	ND	UG/KG

**TABLE G-1**  
**RADIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL DATA FOR BACKFILL MATERIAL RECEIVED FROM VENDORS**

Sample ID	Document ID COC #	Collection Date	Analyte	Concentration	Review Qualifier	Unit
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Acenaphthylene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	3-Nitroaniline	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Acenaphthene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	4-Nitrophenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Diethylphthalate	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Fluorene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	4-Nitroaniline	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Hexachlorobenzene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Pentachlorophenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Phenanthrene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Anthracene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Di-n-butylphthalate	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Fluoranthene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Pyrene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Butylbenzylphthalate	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Benzo (a) anthracene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Chrysene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Di-n-octyl phthalate	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Benzo (b) fluoranthene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Benzo (k) fluoranthene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Benzo (a) pyrene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Dibenz(a,h) anthracene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Benzo (g,h,i) perylene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Aluminum	10100	MG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Antimony	ND	MG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Arsenic	ND	MG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Barium	36	MG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Beryllium	0.45	MG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Cadmium	ND	MG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Calcium	1350	MG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Chromium	20	MG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Cobalt	7.7	MG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Copper	25	MG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Iron	11700	MG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Lead	58	MG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Magnesium	3040	MG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Manganese	88	MG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Mercury	ND	MG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Nickel	15	MG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Potassium	259	MG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Selenium	ND	MG/KG

**TABLE G-1**  
**RADIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL DATA FOR BACKFILL MATERIAL RECEIVED FROM VENDORS**

Sample ID	Document ID COC #	Collection Date	Analyte	Concentration	Review Qualifier	Unit
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Silver	ND	MG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Sodium	186	MG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Thallium	ND	MG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Vanadium	42	MG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Zinc	38	MG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Arochlor-1016	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Arochlor-1221	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Arochlor-1232	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Arochlor-1242	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Arochlor-1248	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Arochlor-1254	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Arochlor-1260	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Aldrin	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	alpha-BHC	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	beta-BHC	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	delta-BHC	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	gamma-BHC (lindane)	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	alpha-chlordane	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	4,4'-DDD	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	4,4'-DDE	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	4,4'-DDT	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Dieldrin	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Endosulfan I	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Endosulfan II	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Endosulfan sulfate	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Endrin	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Endrin ketone	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Heptachlor	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Heptachlor epoxide	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Methoxychlor	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	Toxaphene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	2,4-D	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	2,4,5-T	ND	UG/KG
MVP1800	c	NA	6/10/98	2,4,5-TP (silvex)	ND	UG/KG

**Top Soil from RACE Excavation**

MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Chloromethane	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Bromomethane	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Vinyl chloride	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Chloroethane	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Methylene chloride	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Acetone	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Carbon disulfide	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	1,2-Dichloroethene (cis)	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	1,2-Dichloroethene (trans)	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Chloroform	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	2-Butanone	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	UG/KG

**TABLE G-1**  
**RADIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL DATA FOR BACKFILL MATERIAL RECEIVED FROM VENDORS**

Sample ID	Document ID COC #	Collection Date	Analyte	Concentration	Review Qualifier	Unit
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Carbon tetrachloride	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Bromodichloromethane	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Trichloroethene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Dibromochloromethane	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Benzene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Bromoform	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	4-methyl-2-pentanone	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	2-Hexanone	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Tetrachloroethene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Toluene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Chlorobenzene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Ethylbenzene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Styrene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Xylene (total)	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Vinyl acetate	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	2-chloroethylvinylether	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Phenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	bis (2-chloroethyl) ether	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	2-Chlorophenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Benzyl alcohol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	2-Methyl phenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	bis (2-chloroisopropyl) ether	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	4- Methyl phenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Hexachloroethane	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Nitrobenzene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Isophorone	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	2-Nitrophenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	2,4-Dimethyl phenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Benzoic acid	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	bis (2-Chloroethoxy) methane	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	2,4-Dichlorophenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Naphthalene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	4-Chloroaniline	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	4-Chloro-3-methyl phenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	2-Methylnaphthalene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	2-Chloronaphthalene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	2-Nitroaniline	ND	UG/KG

**TABLE G-1**  
**RADIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL DATA FOR BACKFILL MATERIAL RECEIVED FROM VENDORS**

Sample ID	Document ID COC #	Collection Date	Analyte	Concentration	Review Qualifier	Unit
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Dimethylphthalate	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Acenaphthylene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Acenaphthene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	4-Nitrophenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Diethylphthalate	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Fluorene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	4-Nitroaniline	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Hexachlorobenzene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Pentachlorophenol	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Phenanthrene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Anthracene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Di-n-butylphthalate	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Fluoranthene	400	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Pyrene	370	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Butylbenzylphthalate	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Benzo (a) anthracene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Chrysene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Di-n-octyl phthalate	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Benzo (b) fluoranthene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Benzo (k) fluoranthene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Benzo (a) pyrene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Dibenzo (a,h) anthracene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Benzo (g,h,i) perylene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Aluminum	5400	MG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Antimony	ND	MG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Arsenic	ND	MG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Barium	28	MG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Beryllium	ND	MG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Cadmium	ND	MG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Calcium	1100	MG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Chromium	10	MG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Cobalt	ND	MG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Copper	9.4	MG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Iron	3120	MG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Lead	15	MG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Magnesium	700	MG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Manganese	30	MG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Mercury	0.02	MG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Nickel	6.1	MG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Potassium	147	MG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Selenium	ND	MG/KG

**TABLE G-1**  
**RADIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL DATA FOR BACKFILL MATERIAL RECEIVED FROM VENDORS**

Sample ID	Document ID COC #	Collection Date	Analyte	Concentration	Review Qualifier	Unit
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Silver	ND	MG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Sodium	174	MG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Thallium	ND	MG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Vanadium	18	MG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Zinc	18	MG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Arochlor-1016	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Arochlor-1221	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Arochlor-1232	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Arochlor-1242	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Arochlor-1248	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Arochlor-1254	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Arochlor-1260	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Aldrin	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	alpha-BHC	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	beta-BHC	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	delta-BHC	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	gamma-BHC (lindane)	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	alpha-chlordane	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	4,4'-DDD	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	4,4'-DDE	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	4,4'-DDT	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Dieldrin	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Endosulfan I	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Endosulfan II	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Endosulfan sulfate	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Endrin	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Endrin ketone	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Heptachlor	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Heptachlor epoxide	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Methoxychlor	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	Toxaphene	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	2,4-D	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	2,4,5-T	ND	UG/KG
MVP1801	c	NA	6/10/98	2,4,5-TP (silvex)	ND	UG/KG

**Top Soil from RACE Excavation**

MVP1803	98G1045	138980637	6/10/98	Thorium-232	0.43	UJ	PCI/G
MVP1803	98G1045	138980637	6/10/98	Radium-226	0.26	J	PCI/G
MVP1803	98G1045	138980637	6/10/98	Uranium-238	3.1	UJ	PCI/G

**Fill Material from RACE Excavation**

MVP1804	98G1045	138980637	6/10/98	Thorium-232	0.56	J	PCI/G
MVP1804	98G1045	138980637	6/10/98	Radium-226	0.38	J	PCI/G
MVP1804	98G1045	138980637	6/10/98	Uranium-238	1.82	UJ	PCI/G

**NOTES:**

ND - Not detected

NA - Not applicable

J - Estimated value

UJ - Analyte was analyzed for but not detected, but must be estimated for quality control purposes.

B - The analyte was found in the laboratory blank as well as in the sample. This indicates possible laboratory contamination.

<sup>a</sup> BNI 1998. FUSRAP Subcontractor Submittal Status Sheet Analytical Test Results, BPO-5996-1.1-003-1 (March 19).

<sup>b</sup> BNI 1998. FUSRAP Subcontractor Submittal Status Sheet Analytical Test Results, BPO-5996-1.1-004-1 (October 19).

<sup>c</sup> BNI 1998. MIS - Radiological and Chemical Data for Top Soil and Fill Material, CCN # 138-IOA-GEV-00117 (June).

### Parsippany Backfill Sample Radiological Data

Sample	34646 12/5/97	44148 2/11/98	60339 5/12/98
Be-7	0.2	<0.2	NA
K-40	11.5	11.2	NA
Mn-54	<0.03	<0.02	NA
Co-58	<0.03	<0.02	NA
Fe-59	<0.06	<0.04	NA
Co-60	<0.03	<0.02	NA
Zn-65	<0.07	<0.04	NA
Zr-95	<0.03	<0.02	NA
Ru-103	<0.03	<0.2	NA
Ru-106	<0.3	<0.2	NA
I-131	<0.05	<0.03	NA
Cs-134	<0.04	0.09	NA
Cs-137	<0.03	0.09	NA
Ba-140	<0.04	<0.03	NA
Ce-141	<0.04	<0.1	NA
Ce-144	<0.2	<0.1	NA
Ra-226	0.91	0.83	1.2
Ac-228	NA	NA	0.53
Th-228	0.60	0.568	NA
Th-232 <sup>a</sup>	0.60	0.568	0.53
Th-234	NA	NA	1.6
U-238 <sup>b</sup>	0.91	0.83	1.6

Results in pCi/g dry weight.

NA - Not analyzed.

<sup>a</sup>Th-232 concentration inferred from Ac-228 and Th-228 concentrations (assumes equilibrium and natural source).

<sup>b</sup>U-238 concentration inferred from Ra-226 and Th-234 concentration (assumes equilibrium and natural source; uses maximum concentration).